

Wisconsin Public Employers
Group Health Insurance Program for
Participating Local Government Employees and Annuitants



It's Your Choice 2014 Reference Guide

A resource to use throughout the year regarding
Group Health Insurance information



Turn The Page
To Find The Information
Most Important To You

The *It's Your Choice Reference Guide* is filled with information to help eligible local employees, annuitants and continuants gain essential knowledge of their benefits.

ANNUITANTS, be sure to read...

- Medicare Information, including Parts A, B and D, and Eligibility on Pages 44 through 51
 - Pharmacy Benefit Manager Information on Pages 43 through 44
 - Uniform Benefits Schedule of Medical Benefits on Pages 62 through 67

ACTIVE EMPLOYEES, be sure to read...

- Dependent Information on Pages 29 through 38
- Pharmacy Benefit Manager Information on Pages 43 through 44
- Uniform Benefits Schedule of Medical Benefits on Pages 62 through 67

RESOURCE with information on commonly requested benefits and services...

- Uniform Medical Benefits Quick Reference following the Certificate of Coverage on Pages 113 through 114

*Cover photo of Swix American Birkebeiner courtesy of Photographer Brett Morgan
Inside photos courtesy of the Wisconsin Department of Tourism.*

Every effort has been made to ensure that the information in this booklet is accurate. In the event of conflicting information, state statute, state health contracts, and/or policies and provisions established by the State of Wisconsin Group Insurance Board shall be followed.

Table of Contents

State and Federal Notifications	3
Notice of Privacy Practices	4
COBRA: Continuation of Coverage for Group Health Insurance	8
HIPAA: Privacy, Standards and Security	9
HIPAA: Special Enrollment Opportunities	9
Independent Review	10
Medicaid and the Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP)	10
National Medical Support Notice	11
PPACA: Marketplace Notice	11
PPACA: Patient Protection Disclosure	15
Women’s Health Cancer Rights Act of 1998	15
Early Retiree Reinsurance Program	16
Patient Rights and Responsibilities	17
Frequently Asked Questions	19
General Information	23
Enrolling for Coverage	24
Changes in Employment Status	26
Dependent Information	29
Benefits and Services	39
Pharmacy Benefit Manager	43
Medicare Information	44
Wellness	51
Changing Health Plans	52
Cancellation or Termination of Health Coverage	54
Continuation of Health Coverage	55
Uniform Medical Benefits (Certificate of Coverage)	58
Table of Contents	59
Schedule of Medical Benefits	62
Definitions	68
Medical Benefits and Services	78
Exclusions and Limitations	95
Coordination of Benefits and Services	104
Miscellaneous Provisions	108
Uniform Medical Benefits Quick Reference	113
Uniform Dental Benefits (Certificate of Coverage)	115
Where to Get More Information	Inside Back Cover

The *It’s Your Choice Decision Guide* and *It’s Your Choice Reference Guide* are available at etf.wi.gov. Any known printing discrepancies will be clarified on this site. Please visit the site for other information about insurance programs.

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State and Federal Notifications

Notice of Privacy Practices

COBRA: Continuation of Coverage for
Group Health Insurance

HIPAA: Privacy, Standards and Security

HIPAA: Special Enrollment Opportunities

Independent Review

Medicaid and the Children's Health
Insurance Program (CHIP)

National Medical Support Notice

PPACA: Marketplace Notice

PPACA: Patient Protection Disclosure

Women's Health Cancer Rights Act of 1998

Early Retiree Reinsurance Program



State and Federal Notifications

Notice of Privacy Practices for the STANDARD PLAN, STATE MAINTENANCE PLAN, MEDICARE PLUS

(Administered by WPS Health Insurance)

PRESCRIPTION DRUG BENEFIT PLAN

(Administered by Navitus Health Solutions)

THIS NOTICE DESCRIBES HOW MEDICAL INFORMATION ABOUT YOU MAY BE USED AND DISCLOSED, AND HOW YOU CAN GET ACCESS TO THIS INFORMATION. THE PRIVACY OF YOUR INFORMATION IS IMPORTANT TO US. PLEASE REVIEW IT CAREFULLY.

You do not need to do anything regarding this notice. It is intended to make you aware of your rights under the privacy rule of the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) and to inform you how the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF) uses and discloses your protected health information. Protected health information is information about you, including demographic data collected from you, that can reasonably be used to identify you and relates to your past, present or future physical or mental health or condition, the provision of health care to you, or the payment for that care.

Please note that while ETF administers many benefit programs for state and local government employees, this notice applies to only the plans listed above. Different policies and regulations apply to records associated with other benefit programs.

OUR RESPONSIBILITIES

ETF receives some protected health information as a necessary part of administering health benefits for members. ETF and its business associates are required by law to maintain the privacy of your protected health information, to provide you with a notice of the above plans' duties and privacy practices, and to notify affected individuals following a breach of unsecured protected health information. The term "we" in this notice means ETF and our business associates. Business associates are companies and individuals with whom ETF contracts for services, including but not limited to: claim processing, utilization review, actuarial services, claim appeals services and participant surveys. In order to perform their respective functions for ETF, ETF's business associates sometimes must receive your protected health information. ETF requires a contractual commitment from all business associates to protect the privacy of any health information received in the course of providing services. The HIPAA Privacy and Security requirements that apply to ETF also apply to our business associates.

WPS Health Insurance (WPS) is the current third-party plan administrator for

PLEASE
REVIEW THIS
DOCUMENTATION
CAREFULLY

State and Federal Notifications

the Standard Plan, State Maintenance Plan and Medicare Plus. Navitus Health Solutions (Navitus) is the pharmacy benefit manager (PBM) for the prescription drug benefit program. WPS and Navitus are business associates and are required to safeguard your health information according to HIPAA's privacy regulations and their respective contracts with the state of Wisconsin.

If you have health insurance with a health maintenance organization (HMO) or a preferred provider plan (PPP), you should receive a notice from your HMO or PPP regarding its privacy practices relating to your health insurance benefit.

We reserve the right to change the terms of this notice and to make the new notice provisions apply to information we already have about you, as well as to any information we may receive in the future. We are required by law to comply with the privacy notice that is currently in effect. We will notify you of any material changes to this notice by distributing a new notice to you and posting the notice on our Internet site: etf.wi.gov.

HOW WE MAY USE OR DISCLOSE YOUR PROTECTED HEALTH INFORMATION

Treatment: We may use or disclose your protected health information for treatment purposes. Treatment includes providing, coordinating or managing health care by one or more health care providers or doctors. Treatment can also include coordination or management of care between a provider and a third party, and consultation and referrals between providers. For example, we may share your health information with a pharmacy in order to verify your eligibility for benefits.

Payment: We may use or disclose your protected health information for the payment of covered services that you receive under your benefit plan, or to otherwise manage your account or benefits. Payment includes activities by ETF or organizations hired by ETF to obtain premiums, to make coverage determinations and to provide reimbursement for health care. This can include eligibility determinations, reviewing services for medical necessity or appropriateness, utilization management activities, claims management and billing. We may also use and disclose your protected health information to determine premium costs, underwriting, rates and cost-sharing amounts. For example, we may share information about your coverage or the expenses you have incurred with another health plan in order to coordinate the payment of your benefits. ETF is prohibited from using or disclosing protected health information that is genetic information of an individual for underwriting purposes. ETF will not disclose any psychotherapy notes regarding an individual without the individual's authorization except to defend itself in a legal action or other proceeding brought by the individual or as authorized or required by law.

Health Care Operations: We may use or disclose your protected health information to administer the plans covered by this notice and to coordinate coverage and services on your behalf. We may also use or disclose your health information during the grievance or claim review process in resolving your insurance complaints. Other examples of health care operations include:

- Quality assessment and improvement activities;
- Activities designed to improve the

State and Federal Notifications

health plan or reduce costs;

- Reviewing and evaluating health plans, including participant satisfaction surveys;
- Training of ETF personnel and contractors;
- Transfer of eligibility and plan information to business associates (for example, to the PBM for the management of pharmacy benefits);
- Reviews and auditing, including compliance reviews, ombudsperson services, legal services and audit services;
- Business management and general administrative activities, including customer service; and
- Fraud and abuse detection, and compliance programs.

As Permitted or Required By Law: We may share your protected health information as permitted or required by state and federal laws, including but not limited to disclosures to comply with workers' compensation laws or similar legal programs; for U.S. Department of Health and Human Services investigations, in judicial and administrative proceedings and as required under Wisconsin law for state auditing purposes.

Organized Health Care Arrangement: We may participate in an Organized Health Care Arrangement (OHCA). An OHCA can take several forms under HIPAA, including offering health benefits under a combination of group health plans and HMOs. We may share your protected health information to coordinate the operations of the plans and to better serve you as a participant in the plans.

For Distribution of Information Related to Health Benefits and Services: We may use and disclose your protected health information to inform you of treatment

alternatives or of other health related services and benefits that may be of interest to you.

Plan Sponsors: Your employer is not permitted to receive your protected health information related to the plans covered by this notice for any purpose other than the administration and coordination of your benefit plan. For example, we may disclose to your employer whether an employee is participating in the plans or has enrolled or disenrolled in any available option offered by the plans. We may disclose summary health information to your employer, or someone acting on your employer's behalf, so that it can monitor, audit or otherwise administer the employee health benefit plan that the employer sponsors and in which you participate. Summary health information is data that combines information from many participants and does not include information on the individual level.

Special Circumstances: If you are unavailable to communicate, such as in a medical emergency or other situation in which you are not able to provide permission, we may release limited information about your general condition or location to someone who can make decisions on your behalf.

Authorization: We will obtain your written permission before we use or disclose your protected health information for any other purpose, unless otherwise stated in this notice. If you grant such permission, you may later withdraw your consent at anytime, in writing, using the contact information listed at the end of this notice. We will then stop using your information for that purpose. However, if we have already used or disclosed your information based on your authorization, we cannot undo any actions we took before you withdrew your permission.

State and Federal Notifications

YOUR HEALTH INFORMATION RIGHTS

You have rights under federal privacy laws relating to your protected health information. If you wish to exercise any of the following rights, please submit your request in writing to the ETF Privacy Officer using the contact information provided at the end of this notice. We are not required to agree to every request. We will notify you if we approve your request or explain the reason for our decision if we deny your request. We may charge you a fee to cover the costs of processing your request. If so, we will inform you of the fee before proceeding.

Restrictions/Confidential Communications:

You may request that we not use your protected health information for certain treatment, payment or health care operations, or that we communicate with you using reasonable alternative means or locations.

View or Receive a Copy of Your Health Information:

You have the right to review or obtain a copy of the protected health information that is used to make decisions about you. We are not required to give you certain information, including information prepared for use in legal

actions or proceedings.

Amendment of Your Records: If you believe that your protected health information is incorrect or incomplete, you may request that your information be changed. Your request must include the reason why you believe the change should be made. In certain situations we will not amend records, such as when we did not create the records that you want amended.

Request a Listing of Who Was Given Your Information and Why:

Upon request we will provide you with a list of certain disclosures that we have made within six years of your request. The list will not include disclosures you authorized or disclosures we made for treatment, payment or health care operations, or disclosures for which a listing is otherwise restricted by law.

Copy of the Privacy Notice: You have a right to obtain a paper copy of this notice at anytime.

Complaints: If you feel that your privacy rights have been violated, you may file a complaint by contacting ETF's Privacy Officer using the information provided below. Federal law prohibits any retaliation against you for filing a complaint. You may also file a complaint with the federal Office for Civil Rights.

Privacy Rights Contact Information

Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF)

Phone toll free: 1-877-533-5020

Local: 1-608-266-3285

Fax: 1-608-267-0633

Mailing Address for Written Correspondence:

ETF c/o Privacy Officer

P.O. Box 7931

Madison, WI 53707-7931

Secure e-mail correspondence available by accessing our Internet site at: etf.wi.gov/contact.htm, click on the "EMAIL US" link.

Office for Civil Rights

Chicago Contact Information:

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

233 N. Michigan Ave., Suite 240

Chicago, IL 60601

Phone: 1-312-886-2359

Fax: 1-312-886-1807

TDD: 1-312-353-5693

Effective date: October 9, 2006

State and Federal Notifications

COBRA: CONTINUATION OF COVERAGE PROVISIONS FOR THE GROUP HEALTH INSURANCE PROGRAM

This notice is provided to meet federally required notification for continuing your health insurance in the event that you or a covered dependent lose eligibility for coverage. Both you and your spouse should take the time to read this information carefully.

If active coverage is lost, the Wisconsin Public Employers (local government) Group Health Insurance Programs has routinely permitted continuation of coverage for a:

- Retired employee
- Surviving spouse of an active or retired employee
- Surviving dependent child of an active or retired employee

The coverage for a retired employee and surviving spouse may be continued for life. The children may continue coverage for only as long as they meet the definition of a dependent child. This is not considered to be continuation of coverage as discussed below.

Current federal law, known as COBRA, is somewhat more broad and requires that this notification, regarding additional continuation rights, be given to you and your spouse at the time group health insurance coverage begins. Your employer will provide you with the necessary forms. If you choose COBRA, complete and return the forms to ETF. Do not send a check. Your health plan will bill you.

If you are the actively employed subscriber, you have the right to apply for continuation of coverage for up to 18 months if you lose coverage because of a reduction in hours of employment or termination of employment (for reasons

other than gross misconduct).

If you are the spouse of the subscriber (active or retired), you have the right to apply for continuation if you lose coverage for any of the following reasons:

1. The death of your spouse*
2. A termination of your spouse's employment (for reasons other than gross misconduct) or reduction in your spouse's hours of employment
3. Divorce from your spouse*

Dependent children have the right to continuation if coverage is lost for any of the following reasons:

1. The death of a parent*
2. A termination of a parent's employment (for reasons other than gross misconduct) or reduction in a parent's hours of employment
3. Parents' divorce*; or
4. The dependent child loses dependent status*.

* These qualifying events entitle the dependent to up to 36 months of continuation coverage.

The employee or a family member has the responsibility to inform the employer of a divorce or a child losing dependent status.

Under the law, ETF must receive your application to continue coverage, postmarked within 60 days from the termination of your current coverage or within 60 days of the date you were notified by your employer of the right to choose continuation coverage, whichever is later. If ETF is not notified within 60 days of the date of these two events, the right to continuation coverage is lost.

Continuation coverage is identical to the former coverage, and you have the right

State and Federal Notifications

to continue this coverage from the date of the qualifying event (for example, divorce or a dependent reaching the limiting age) that caused the loss of eligibility. However, your continuation coverage may be cut short for any of the following reasons:

1. The premium for your continuation coverage is not paid
2. You or a covered family member become covered under another group health plan that does not have a preexisting conditions clause which applies to you or your covered family member or
3. You were divorced from a covered employee, subsequently remarry, and are covered under your new spouse's group health plan.
4. A covered member becomes entitled to Medicare benefits.

If you do not choose continuation coverage, your group health insurance coverage will end. You do not have to

show that you are insurable to choose continuation coverage. However, you will be required to pay all of the premium (both your share and any portion previously paid by your employer). At the end of the continuation coverage period, you will be allowed to enroll in an individual conversion health plan. Contact your health plan directly to make application for conversion coverage.

If you are an active employee, you or your dependents should contact your employer regarding continuation (including any changes to your marital status or addresses). If you are a retired employee, you or your dependents should contact our office regarding continuation, at toll free 1-877-533-5020 or (608) 266-3285 (local Madison).

Additional information may be found under the *Frequently Asked Questions* section of this guide.

HIPAA: PRIVACY, ELECTRONIC TRANSACTIONS STANDARDS, AND SECURITY

HIPAA administrative simplification rules are intended to simplify and streamline the health care claims and payment process through the implementation of national standards. The rules also require that your health information be protected from unauthorized use or disclosure. The three components of the rules are privacy, electronic data transaction standards and security. The privacy rule came into effect on April 14, 2003, and establishes limits on how your health information can be used

and disclosed. The transaction standards rule, which sets out uniform methods for conducting electronic transactions, was effective on October 16, 2003. The security rule requires safeguards for health information maintained in electronic form, and was effective on April 21, 2005.

If you have any questions about HIPAA and need further information, please contact the ETF's Privacy Officer at 1-877-533-5020.

HIPAA: SPECIAL ENROLLMENT OPPORTUNITIES

There are certain situations where the employee may enroll as a late enrollee without preexisting condition restrictions,

such as loss of other coverage, marriage and birth or adoption of a child. (See *Frequently Asked Question* section.)

State and Federal Notifications

INDEPENDENT REVIEW

In addition to the internal grievance process that all health plans are required to provide, federal law and Wis. Adm. Code § INS. 18.11 requires all health plans to have an independent review procedure for review of certain decisions. These include denial of, or refusal to pay for, treatment that the insurer considers to be experimental/investigational, not medically necessary,

inappropriate such as for health care setting or level of care, due to a preexisting condition exclusion denial or rescission of coverage.

The Wisconsin Office of the Commissioner of Insurance (OCI) oversees this process, which has been in place since 2002. Contact OCI at (800) 236-8517 or your plan if you have questions about the independent review law.

MEDICAID AND THE CHILDREN'S HEALTH INSURANCE PROGRAM (CHIP) OFFER FREE OR LOW-COST HEALTH COVERAGE TO CHILDREN AND FAMILIES

If you are eligible for health coverage from your employer but are unable to afford the premiums, some states, including Wisconsin, have premium assistance programs that can help pay for coverage using funds from the Medicaid or CHIP programs. In Wisconsin, these health care programs are known as BadgerCare Plus. The premium assistance program is known in Wisconsin as Health Insurance Premium Payment (HIPP).

In order to enroll in HIPP, you first have to enroll in the BadgerCare Plus program. If you or your dependents are already enrolled in BadgerCare Plus, the state will automatically determine your eligibility for HIPP and contact you if HIPP is available for your family.

If you or your dependents are NOT currently enrolled in BadgerCare Plus and you think you or any of your dependents might be eligible for this program, you can contact your local county or tribal human services or social services office. You may also check Wisconsin's ACCESS Web site to find out if you may qualify and to apply for the program online. The link to

ACCESS is <https://access.wisconsin.gov/>, or you may call 1-800-362-3002 to request that an application form be mailed to you. Please note that if the state pays at least 80% of the cost of the premiums for employees and their dependents, they may not qualify for BadgerCare Plus. If you reside outside Wisconsin, you can dial 1-877-KIDS NOW or visit their website at www.insurekidsnow.gov to find out how to apply in your state.

If it is determined that you or your dependents are eligible for HIPP under BadgerCare Plus, your employer's health plan is required to permit you and your dependents to enroll in the plan—as long as you and your dependents are eligible, but not already enrolled in the employer's plan. This is called a "special enrollment" opportunity, and **you must request coverage within 60 days of being determined eligible for premium assistance.**

For more information on special enrollment rights, you can contact either of the following departments:

State and Federal Notifications

U.S. Department of Labor
Employee Benefits Security
Administration
www.dol.gov/ebsa
1-866-444-EBSA (3272)

**U.S. Department of Health and Human
Services**
Centers for Medicare and Medicaid
Services
www.cms.gov
1-877-267-2323, ext. 61565

NATIONAL MEDICAL SUPPORT NOTICE

State and federal laws provide for a special enrollment opportunity for children in certain cases when ordered by a court. The enrollment opportunity is for eligible children who are not currently covered, and it may provide an enrollment opportunity not otherwise available. When the court orders such coverage for a child or children, a copy of the National Medical Support Notice

should be attached to the application. If the parent named in the notice is currently enrolled, the child(ren) will be added to his or her current plan. If the parent is not enrolled, in most circumstances the issuing agency will select the plan for family coverage. If the issuing agency does not, the employee will be enrolled in our program's default plan, the Standard Plan.

Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA)

PPACA: MARKETPLACE NOTICE

PART A: General Information

When key parts of the health care law take effect in 2014, there will be a new way to buy health insurance: the Health Insurance Marketplace. To assist you as you evaluate options for you and your family, this notice provides some basic information about the new Marketplace and employment-based health coverage offered by your employer.

What is the Health Insurance Marketplace?

The Marketplace is designed to help you find health insurance that meets your needs and fits your budget. The Marketplace offers "one-stop shopping" to find and compare private health insurance options. You may also be eligible for a new kind of tax credit that lowers your monthly premium right away. Open enrollment for health insurance coverage through the Marketplace begins

in October 2013 for coverage starting as early as January 1, 2014.

Can I Save Money on my Health Insurance Premiums in the Marketplace?

You may qualify to save money and lower your monthly premium, but only if your employer does not offer coverage, or offers coverage that doesn't meet certain standards. The savings on your premium that you're eligible for depends on your household income.

Does Employer Health Coverage Affect Eligibility for Premium Savings through the Marketplace?

Yes. If you have an offer of health coverage from your employer that meets certain standards, you will not be eligible for a tax credit through the Marketplace and may wish to enroll in your employer's health plan. However, you may be eligible for a tax credit that lowers your monthly

State and Federal Notifications

premium, or a reduction in certain cost-sharing if your employer does not offer coverage to you at all or does not offer coverage that meets certain standards. If the cost of a plan from your employer that would cover you (and not any other members of your family) is more than 9.5% of your household income for the year, or if the coverage your employer provides does not meet the “minimum value” standard set by the Affordable Care Act, you may be eligible for a tax credit.¹

Note: If you purchase a health plan through the Marketplace instead of accepting health coverage offered by your employer, then you may lose the employer contribution (if any) to the employer-offered coverage. Also, this employer contribution—as well as your employee contribution to employer-offered coverage—is often excluded from income for Federal and State income tax purposes. Your payments for coverage

through the Marketplace are made on an after-tax basis.

How Can I Get More Information?

For more information about your coverage offered by your employer, please check your *It's Your Choice Decision Guide*, this *Reference Guide* that includes the Uniform Benefits summary plan description, contact your health plan (contact information appears in the inside back cover of the *It's Your Choice Decision Guide*) or your benefits/payroll/personnel office.

The Marketplace can help you evaluate your coverage options, including your eligibility for coverage through the Marketplace and its cost. Please visit HealthCare.gov for more information, including an online application for health insurance coverage and contact information for a Health Insurance Marketplace in your area.

¹ An employer-sponsored health plan meets the “minimum value standard” if the plan’s share of the total allowed benefit costs covered by the plan is no less than 60 percent of such costs.

State and Federal Notifications

PART B: Information About Health Coverage Offered by Your Employer

Note, you will need to take this document to your benefits/payroll/personnel office for completion if you choose to apply for coverage through the Marketplace.

This section contains information about any health coverage offered by your employer. If you decide to complete an application for coverage in the Marketplace, you will be asked to provide this information. This information is numbered to correspond to the Marketplace application.

3. Employer name		4. Employer ID number (EIN)	
5. Employer address		6. Employer phone number	
7. City	8. State	9. Zip code	
10. Who can we contact about employee health coverage at this time?			
11. Phone number (if different from above)		12. E-mail address	

Here is some basic information about health coverage offered by this employer:

- As your employer, we offer a health plan to:
 - All employees.
 - Some employees. Eligible employees are:
- With respect to dependents:
 - We do offer coverage. Eligible dependents are spouses, domestic partners and children as defined in the Uniform Benefits Certificate of Coverage in this *It's Your Choice Reference Guide*.
 - We do not offer coverage.
- If checked, this coverage meets the minimum value standard, and the cost of this coverage to you is intended to be affordable, based on employee wages.
- ** Even if your employer intends your coverage to be affordable, you may still be eligible for a premium discount through the Marketplace. The Marketplace will use your household income, along with other factors, to determine whether you may be eligible for a premium discount. If, for example, your wages vary from week to week (perhaps you are an hourly employee or you work on a commission basis), if you are newly employed mid-year, or if you have other income losses, you may still qualify for a premium discount.

If you decide to shop for coverage in the Marketplace, [HealthCare.gov](https://www.healthcare.gov) will guide you through the process. Here's the employer information you'll enter when you visit [HealthCare.gov](https://www.healthcare.gov) to find out if you can get a tax credit to lower your monthly premiums.

State and Federal Notifications

The information below corresponds to the Marketplace Employer Coverage Tool. Completing this section is optional for employers, but will help ensure employees understand their coverage choices.

13. Is the employee currently eligible for coverage offered by this employer, or will the employee be eligible in the next 3 months?

Yes (Continue)

13a. If the employee is not eligible today, including as a result of a waiting or probationary period, when is the employee eligible for coverage? (mm/dd/yyyy) (Continue)

No (STOP and return this form to employee)

14. Does the employer offer a health plan that meets the minimum value standard*?

Yes (Go to question 15) No (STOP and return form to employee)

15. For the lowest-cost plan that meets the minimum value standard* offered **only to the employee** (don't include family plans): If the employer has wellness programs, provide the premium that the employee would pay if he/ she received the maximum discount for any tobacco cessation programs, and didn't receive any other discounts based on wellness programs.

a. How much would the employee have to pay in premiums for this plan? \$_____

b. How often? Weekly Every 2 weeks Twice a month Monthly Quarterly Yearly

If the plan year will end soon and you know that the health plans offered will change, go to question 16. If you don't know, STOP and return form to employee.

16. What change will the employer make for the new plan year?

Employer won't offer health coverage

Employer will start offering health coverage to employees or change the premium for the lowest-cost plan available only to the employee that meets the minimum value standard.* (Premium should reflect the discount for wellness programs. See question 15.)

a. How much will the employee have to pay in premiums for that plan? \$_____

b. How often? Weekly Every 2 weeks Twice a month Monthly Quarterly Yearly

Date of change (mm/dd/yyyy):

*An employer-sponsored health plan meets the "minimum value standard" if the plan's share of the total allowed benefit costs covered by the plan is no less than 60 percent of such costs.

PPACA: PATIENT PROTECTION DISCLOSURE

The Uniform Benefits Program offered by the HMOs generally requires the designation of a primary care provider. You have the right to designate any primary care provider (PCP) who participates in the health plan's network and who is available to accept you or your family members. If you do not choose a PCP or primary care clinic (PCC), some health plans will designate a PCP or PCC for you automatically. For information on how to select a primary care provider and for a list of the participating primary care providers, contact the health plan. Plan contact information is available on the inside back cover of the *It's Your Choice Decision Guide*.

For children, you may designate a pediatrician as your PCP.

For women, you do not need prior authorization from the health plan or from any other person (including a PCP) in order to obtain access to obstetrical or gynecological care from a health care professional in-network who specializes in obstetrics or gynecology. The health care professional, however, may be required to comply with certain procedures, including obtaining prior authorization for certain services, following a pre-approved treatment plan, or procedures for making referrals. For a list of participating health care professionals who specialize in obstetrics or gynecology, contact the health plan. Plan contact information is available on the inside back cover of the *It's Your Choice Decision Guide*.

WOMEN'S HEALTH CANCER RIGHTS ACT OF 1998

This Act requires annual notification of coverage under this program for the following treatments in connection with a mastectomy: all stages of reconstruction of the breast on which the mastectomy was performed; surgery and reconstruction of the other breast to produce a symmetrical

appearance; and prosthesis and treatment of physical complications at all stages of the mastectomy, including lymphedemas. For more information, contact the health plan. Plan contact information is available on the inside back cover of the *It's Your Choice Decision Guide*.

State and Federal Notifications

EARLY RETIREE REINSURANCE PROGRAM

You are a plan participant, or are being offered the opportunity to enroll as a plan participant, in an employment-based health plan that is certified for participation in the Early Retiree Reinsurance Program. The Early Retiree Reinsurance Program is a federal program that was established under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act. Under the Early Retiree Reinsurance Program, the federal government reimburses a plan sponsor of an employment-based health plan for some of the costs of health care benefits paid on behalf of, or by, early retirees and certain family members of early retirees participating in the employment-based plan. By law, the program expires on January 1, 2014.

Under the Early Retiree Reinsurance Program, your plan sponsor may choose to use any reimbursements it receives from this program to reduce or offset increases in plan participants' premium

contributions, co-payments, deductibles, co-insurance, or other out-of-pocket costs. If the plan sponsor chooses to use the Early Retiree Reinsurance Program reimbursements in this way, you, as a plan participant, may experience changes that may be advantageous to you, in your health plan coverage terms and conditions, for so long as the reimbursements under this program are available and this plan sponsor chooses to use the reimbursements for this purpose. A plan sponsor may also use the Early Retiree Reinsurance Program reimbursements to reduce or offset increases in its own costs for maintaining your health benefits coverage, which may increase the likelihood that it will continue to offer health benefits coverage to its retirees and employees and their families.

You are responsible for providing a copy of this notice to your family members who are participants in this plan.

PATIENT RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

As a participant in this health insurance program, you have certain rights and responsibilities. By becoming familiar with them, you will be able to make the most of your health care. Our goals are: to strengthen your confidence in a fair, responsive and high-quality, health care system; to provide effective mechanisms to address your concerns; and to encourage you to take an active role in improving your health and health care.

YOU HAVE THE FOLLOWING RIGHTS:

- Considerate, respectful care from all members of the health care system.
- Non-discrimination consistent with state and federal law.
- To change plans annually.
- To a description of benefits presented in an understandable manner. Uniform Benefits are described in this guide. Outlines of coverage for the Standard plans are found in the *It's Your Choice Decision Guide*. If you select one of the Standard plans, you will receive a certificate of coverage that describes your benefits. Your plan may also provide additional information regarding pre-certification requirements, etc.
- To select a primary care physician and to have access to appropriate specialty care. You have the right to a referral to a non-plan specialist for covered services if there is not a plan specialist who is reasonably available to treat your condition.
- A woman has the right to have access to an OB/GYN provider.
- A woman has the right to a minimum hospital stay of 48 hours following a normal delivery of a child or 96 hours following a cesarean delivery. The physician, in consultation with the mother, may discharge the mother and baby prior to the expiration of the minimum stay.
- To have continuous and appropriate access to a provider for the remainder of that calendar year if the provider leaves the plan (other than for misconduct, retirement or a move from the service area). A woman in her second or third trimester of pregnancy has access to that provider until the completion of postpartum care. This right only applies to providers that are listed in the available plan's provider directory available during the It's Your Choice Open Enrollment period.
- To have access to emergency care without prior-authorization from the plan. If it is not reasonably possible to use a plan hospital or facility, you have the right to obtain treatment at the nearest facility and have those charges covered by the plan as if you did use the plan hospital or facility (however, be aware of your responsibilities when emergency care is received).
- To participate with your provider in treatment decisions.
- To confidentiality of medical information and your Social Security number.
- To execute a living will or durable power of attorney for health care if you are age 18 or older. These documents tell others what your wishes are in the event that you are physically or mentally unable to make medical decisions or choices yourself.
- To appeal any referral or claim denial through the plan's grievance process. This review will be conducted in a timely manner. Grievances related to care which is urgently needed must be reviewed by the plan within four working

Patient Rights and Responsibilities

days. If you have exhausted all levels of appeal available through the plan you may submit a complaint to ETF, in care of the Office of Legal Services.

You will need to submit an *Employee Trust Funds Complaint form (ET-2405)*. You also have the right to request a departmental determination if you believe that a plan did not comply with its contractual obligations.

In a health care system that protects patients' rights, it is reasonable to expect and encourage patients to assume certain basic responsibilities. Greater personal involvement in your care increases the likelihood of achieving the best outcomes and helps support quality improvement and a cost-conscious environment.

YOU HAVE THE FOLLOWING RESPONSIBILITIES

- To review the *It's Your Choice Decision Guide* and information provided by your plan during the It's Your Choice Open Enrollment period. This information is important to determine if your plan and/or your providers will continue to be available and whether your current plan continues to best meet your needs for the following calendar year.
- To submit your application for coverage prior to the end of the enrollment period, if you select a different plan during the It's Your Choice Open Enrollment period.
- To select a primary care physician who will oversee your total health care and to make a reasonable effort to establish a satisfactory patient/physician relationship.
- To become involved in your treatment options and/or treatment plan.
- To become knowledgeable about your health insurance coverage and your health plan, including covered benefits, limitations and exclusions, and the process to appeal coverage decisions. If you are covered under an HMO or preferred provider plan, to also become knowledgeable about the plan's rules regarding use of network providers, prior authorizations and referrals.
- To authorize the release of relevant personal or medical information necessary to determine appropriate medical care, to process a claim or to resolve a dispute.
- To notify your plan by the next business day, or as soon as reasonably possible, if you receive emergency or urgent care from a non-plan provider.
- To promptly report any family status changes to your payroll representative (or ETF if you are an annuitant or continuant). These changes include marriage, divorce, death, a birth or adoption, or a dependent child losing eligibility. You should also report address or name changes, a change in your primary care provider and Medicare eligibility.
- To respond to the plan's annual questionnaire on eligibility for any adult dependent who may be disabled. Coverage for dependents could be lost if the questionnaire is not returned to the plan or the review is not completed.
- To notify your plan if you obtain or lose other health insurance – **including Medicare**.
- To submit claims to the plan in a timely manner, if applicable.
- To use the plan's internal grievance process to address concerns that may arise.



Frequently Asked Questions

Included is detailed information regarding enrollment and plan change opportunities beyond the annual It's Your Choice Open Enrollment period, dependent eligibility, benefits and services, Medicare, and termination of coverage.

Frequently Asked Questions about the annual It's Your Choice Open Enrollment period, changing from single to family coverage, submitting your changes electronically using the myETFbenefits Internet site at <http://myETF.wi.gov/ONM.html> unless otherwise instructed by your employer, selecting a health plan, and new topics for the year appear in the *It's Your Choice Decision Guide*.

The information contained in the Frequently Asked Questions section is intended to provide understandable explanations of technical provisions of the Uniform Benefits Certificate of Coverage. In the event of any conflict between the terms of the Uniform Benefits Certificate of Coverage and the information contained in the Frequently Asked Questions section, the terms of the Certificate of Coverage shall control.

Table of Contents

For information regarding the annual enrollment period and what's new, see the Frequently Asked Question section in the *"It's Your Choice Decision Guide."*

GENERAL INFORMATION	23
1. Who is eligible for Wisconsin Public Employers Group Health Insurance Program?.....	23
Insurance Complaint Process	
2. What if I have a complaint about my health plan or Pharmacy Benefit Manager?	23
3. What if my health Plan upholds a denial that is based on medical reasons, such as "medical necessity"?	23
4. What if my health Plan upholds a denial that is not eligible for IRO, such as a denial based on contract interpretation?.....	23
ENROLLING FOR COVERAGE	24
5. What steps should I follow to enroll in the health insurance program?	24
6. When does my coverage go into effect as a new employee?	24
Other Enrollment Opportunities	
7. Are there other enrollment opportunities available to me after my initial one expires?	25
CHANGES IN EMPLOYMENT STATUS	26
Employees	
8. How are my health benefits affected by changes in employment status?	26
Re-employed Annuitants	
9. How are my health benefits affected if I return to work for an employer not under the WRS?.....	28
10. How are my health benefits and premiums affected if I return to work for an employer who is under the WRS?	28
DEPENDENT INFORMATION	29
Dependent Eligibility	
11. Who is eligible as a dependent if I select family coverage?.....	29
12. What if my spouse/domestic partner and I work for the same employer?.....	30
13. What are my coverage options if my spouse/domestic partner is a State of Wisconsin employee or State annuitant?	30
14. What if I have a child who is, or who becomes, physically or mentally disabled?	32
15. What if I don't have custody of my children?	32
16. When does health coverage terminate for my dependents?.....	33
Family Status Changes	
17. Which changes need to be reported?	33
18. Who do I notify when a dependent loses eligibility for coverage?	33
19. What action do I need to take for the following personal events (marriage, domestic partnership, birth, etc.)? What restrictions apply?	34

Frequently Asked Questions: Local Participants 2014

20. When can I change from family to single coverage or single to family coverage?	38
BENEFITS and SERVICES	39
Health Plan Information	
21. When and how must I notify my health plan of various changes?	39
22. How do I receive health care benefits and services?	39
23. Will an HMO cover dependent children who are living away from home?	39
24. How do I file claims?	39
25. How are my benefits coordinated with other health insurance coverage?	40
Provider Information	
26. Does an HMO cover care from physicians who are not affiliated with the plan?	40
27. How do I choose a primary physician or pharmacy who is right for me?	40
28. How do I know which providers are in-network providers?	40
29. Can I change primary physicians within my alternate health plan?	40
30. If my physician or other health care professional is listed with an alternate health plan, can I continue seeing him or her if I enroll in that alternate health plan?	40
31. What happens if my provider leaves the plan mid-year?	41
32. What if I need medical care that my primary physician cannot provide?	41
Premium Contribution Tiering	
33. How are health premium contributions determined?	41
34. Does a health plan with a higher premium or a higher tier offer more benefits?	42
35. How often will premium rates change?	42
36. How do I pay my portion of the premium?	42
PHARMACY BENEFIT MANAGER (PBM)	43
37. What is a Pharmacy Benefit Manager (PBM)?	43
38. What is a formulary? How is it developed? How will I know if my prescription drug is on it?	43
39. How does a four-level drug copayment system work?	43
40. How does the prescription drug benefit work for the Level 4 copay for specialty and certain other medications?	44
41. Will I have to use a different ID card when I go to the pharmacy?	44
MEDICARE INFORMATION	44
42. What do I need to do when my spouse/domestic partner or I become eligible for Medicare?	45
43. When must I apply for Medicare?	45
44. If Medicare coverage is in effect, how do I file Medical, Part B and Pharmacy claims?	47
45. If I have Medicare as my primary coverage, how are my benefits coordinated?	48
46. What is the Social Security Income-Related Monthly Adjusted Amount (IRMAA) and does it affect me?	49

Frequently Asked Questions: Local Participants 2014

Medicare Part D Information

47. Which Medicare Part D prescription drug coverage is provided under the Wisconsin Public Employers (WPE) Group Health Insurance Program?	49
48. Does Medicare Part D affect my prescription drug coverage? Should I enroll?	50
49. Will my health insurance premium go down if I enroll in a Medicare Part D prescription drug plan?	51
WELLNESS	51
50. What is a biometric screening and Health Risk Assessment (HRA)?	51
51. How do I complete a biometric screening and HRA?	51
52. How do I become eligible to receive an incentive for completing a biometric screening and HRA?	51
53. When do I receive my incentive payment for completing a biometric screening and HRA?	51
54. Does a biometric screening and HRA have out-of-pocket costs?	52
55. Are the results from a biometric screening and HRA confidential?	52
56. Does my health plan offer other wellness benefits in addition to the incentive for completing a biometric screening and HRA?	52
57. Where can I find more information about my wellness benefits?	52
CHANGING HEALTH PLANS	52
58. Can I change from one plan to another during the year?	52
59. If I change plans, what happens to any benefit maximums that may apply to services I've received?	53
60. What if I have a temporary or permanent move from the service area?	53
61. What if I change plans but am hospitalized before the date the new coverage becomes effective and am confined as an inpatient on the date the change occurs (such as January 1)?	53
CANCELLATION OR TERMINATION OF COVERAGE	54
62. How do I cancel coverage? How might this impact me if I later want to re-enroll?	54
63. When can an employee's health insurance coverage be terminated?	55
64. What if my employer's participation ends under the Wisconsin Public Employers Group Health Insurance Program?	55
CONTINUATION OF HEALTH COVERAGE	55
65. Who is eligible for continuation?	55
66. When my dependent loses eligibility, is he/she eligible for COBRA? What do I need to do to ensure COBRA coverage is offered?	56
67. Does my coverage change under continuation?	56
68. Will my premium change under continuation?	56
69. How do I cancel continuation coverage?	57
70. How is my continuation coverage affected if I move from the service area?	57
71. When is conversion coverage available?	57

GENERAL INFORMATION

1. Who is eligible for Wisconsin Public Employers Group Health Insurance Program?

Information about the Wisconsin Public Employers Group Health Insurance Program in this guide applies to the following individuals whose employer has elected this coverage:

- Active employees participating in the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS).
- Retired employees who receive an annuity from the WRS (including a lump sum or disability annuity) and who were participants in the employer's previous group health plan.
- Insured employees who terminate employment after age 55 (age 50 for protectives) and who have 20 years of creditable service.
- The surviving insured spouse of an insured employee or an insured retiree.
- Employees of a Wisconsin Public Employer who do not participate in the Wisconsin Retirement System and who is a separate Social Security entity.

INSURANCE COMPLAINT PROCESS

2. What if I have a complaint about my health plan or Pharmacy Benefit Manager?

Each of the plans participating in the Wisconsin Public Employers Group Health Insurance Program is required to have a complaint and grievance resolution procedure in place to help resolve participants' problems. Your plan has information on how to initiate

this process. You must exhaust all of your appeal rights through the plan first in order to pursue review through an Independent Review Organization (IRO) or through ETF and the Group Insurance Board. If the plan upholds its denial, it will state in its final decision letter your options if you wish to proceed further.

3. What if my health Plan upholds a denial that is based on medical reasons, such as "medical necessity?"

Depending on the nature of your complaint, you may be given rights to request an independent review through an outside organization approved by the Office of the Commissioner of Insurance. This option becomes available when a plan has denied services as either not medically necessary or experimental, or due to a preexisting condition exclusion denial or rescission of coverage. **Note:** If you choose to have an independent review organization (IRO) review the plan's decision, that decision is binding on both you and your plan except for any decision regarding a preexisting condition exclusion denial or the rescission of coverage. Apart from these two exceptions, you have no further rights to a review through the ETF or the courts once the IRO decision is rendered.

4. What if my health plan upholds a denial that is not eligible for IRO, such as a denial based on contract interpretation?

As a member of the Wisconsin Public Employers Group Health Insurance Program, you have the right to request an administrative review through ETF if your health plan has rendered a

Frequently Asked Questions: Local Participants 2014

decision on your grievance and it is not for reasons eligible for IRO review as described above. To initiate an ETF review, you may call or send a letter to ETF and request an *Employee Trust Funds Complaint form (ET-2405)*. Complete the ETF Complaint form and attach all pertinent documentation, including the plan's response to your grievance.

Please note that ETF's review will not be initiated until you have completed the grievance process available to you through the plan. After your complaint is received, it is acknowledged and information is obtained from the plan. An ETF ombudsperson will review and investigate your complaint and attempt to resolve your dispute with your plan. If the ombudsperson is unable to resolve your complaint to your satisfaction, you will be notified of additional administrative review rights available through ETF.

ENROLLING FOR COVERAGE

5. What steps should I follow to enroll in the health insurance program?

- Determine which plans have providers in your area.
- Contact the health plans directly for information regarding available physicians, medical facilities and services.
- Review the health plan Rates, Report Card Information and the Plan Descriptions located in the *It's Your Choice Decision Guide*.
- File an application online at <http://myETF.wi.gov/ONM.html> by selecting "myETF Benefits" and following the quick and easy instructions unless otherwise instructed by your

employer, or by submitting a paper *Health Insurance Application/Change Form (ET-2301)*. Employees should file with their benefits/payroll/personnel office within the required enrollment period. Annuitants and continuants should file their application with ETF.

6. When does my coverage go into effect as a new employee?

If eligible, you may enroll for single or family coverage in any of the available health plans without restriction or waiting periods for preexisting medical conditions, provided you file an electronic or paper health application with your benefits/payroll/personnel office within the required enrollment period stated below:

1. Within 30 days of your date of hire in an eligible position. Coverage will be effective the first day of the month on or following receipt of the application by your employer either electronically or via paper, or
2. Within 30 days prior to the date, the employer contributes to the premium, with coverage becoming effective when you become eligible for employer contribution.

There are no interim effective dates except as required by law. However, you may enroll for single coverage within 30 days of your date of hire and change to family coverage if your electronic or paper application is received prior to the date the employer contributions begin.

If you cancel your policy prior to the date that the employer contribution starts, you may re-enroll in health insurance with the new coverage

Frequently Asked Questions: Local Participants 2014

becoming effective on the first day of the month that employer contribution begins.

You cannot assume that the month when your first payroll deduction occurs is the month when your coverage begins. Health premiums are deducted in advance of coverage. For further information on deductions, coverage and effective dates contact your benefits/payroll/personnel office.

Important Information for Less Than Half-Time Employees:

The initial enrollment opportunity for most employees begins with their participation under the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS). However, if you are a less than half-time employee, you have another enrollment period if:

1. There has been a **30-day** termination of employment break; or
2. Your hours of employment increase due to a change in your appointment and you qualify for a higher share of employer contribution toward health insurance premiums; or
3. You are appointed to a permanent position and now qualify for the full share of employer contribution.

If you apply for coverage within **30 days** of one of these events, coverage will be effective on the later of the first of the month following the employer's receipt of the application, either electronically or via paper, or the effective date of the increase in the employer contribution. Retroactive effective dates are not allowed. This does not provide an opportunity to change

from single to family coverage.

You may also enroll during the annual It's Your Choice Open Enrollment period for coverage to be effective January 1 of the following year.

OTHER ENROLLMENT OPPORTUNITIES

7. Are there other enrollment opportunities available to me after my initial one expires?

You may be able to get health insurance coverage if you are otherwise eligible under specific circumstances as described below:

- If you are an active employee and you and/or your dependent(s) are not insured under the Wisconsin Public Employers Group Health Insurance Program because of being insured under a group health insurance plan elsewhere, you may take advantage of a special **30-day** enrollment period to become insured in this program without waiting periods for preexisting conditions if:
 1. Your eligibility for that other coverage is lost or the employer's premium contribution for the other plan ends, or
 2. You and/or your dependents lose medical coverage:
 - Under medical assistance (Medicaid); or
 - Upon return from active military service with the armed forces. Employees must return to employment within **180 days** of release from active duty. You are entitled to enroll regardless of the coverage in effect. Coverage is effective on the date of your re-employment, or

Frequently Asked Questions: Local Participants 2014

- As a citizen of a country with national health care coverage comparable to the Standard Plan.

The enrollment period begins on the date the other group health insurance coverage terminates because of loss of eligibility (for example, termination of employment, divorce, etc., but not voluntary cancellation of coverage) or the employer's premium contribution ends.

- If you are currently enrolled in the Wisconsin Public Employers Group Health Insurance Program with single coverage, because your dependents are insured under a group health insurance plan elsewhere, and eligibility for that coverage is lost or the employer's premium contribution for the other plan ends, you may take advantage of a special **30-day** enrollment period to change from single to family coverage without waiting periods for preexisting conditions. Coverage will be effective on the date the other coverage or the employer's premium contribution ends.
- If you are currently enrolled in the Wisconsin Public Employers Group Health Insurance Program with family coverage, you may request to provide coverage for your eligible adult child who is not currently insured. You do this during the It's Your Choice Open Enrollment period. Coverage for your child will be effective the following January 1.
- If you are not insured under the Wisconsin Public Employers Group Health Insurance Program and have a new dependent as a result of marriage, domestic partnership, birth, adoption or placement for adoption, you may enroll if coverage is elected within 30 days of marriage or effective date of the domestic partnership, or 60 days of the other events. Coverage is effective on the date of marriage, birth, adoption or placement for adoption. Domestic partnership coverage is effective the date ETF receives the completed *Affidavit of Domestic Partnership (ET-2371)*.
- If you and/or your dependents lose medical coverage under the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) or become eligible to participate in a premium assistance program, you will have an opportunity to enroll in the Wisconsin Public Employers Group Health Insurance Program without waiting periods for preexisting conditions by filing an application either electronically or via paper within 60 days of the loss of eligibility or the date you become eligible for premium assistance and by providing evidence satisfactory to ETF.
- If you do not enroll during a designated enrollment period, you may enroll for health insurance coverage, if you are otherwise eligible, during the annual It's Your Choice Open Enrollment period.

CHANGES IN EMPLOYMENT STATUS

EMPLOYEES

8. How are my health benefits affected by changes in employment status?

Layoff/Leave of Absence

Continuation of Coverage. Coverage

Frequently Asked Questions: Local Participants 2014

may be continued for up to three years while you remain in employee status but receive no salary (limited to layoff or approved leave of absence). Arrangements for premium payment must be made with your personnel or payroll office prior to the time the layoff/leave of absence begins. A leave of absence is not considered ended until you have terminated employment or have resumed employment for at least 50% of what is considered your normal work time for that employer for **30 consecutive calendar days**. If coverage is not continued during layoff/leave of absence, there are no continuation rights if employment terminates.

Reinstatement of Coverage. If your health coverage lapses during your leave or layoff due to non-payment of premiums, you must submit a new application either electronically or via paper within **30 days** of returning to payroll to reinstate the lapsed coverage. Coverage will be effective the first of the month after the application is received by your payroll office. If an It's Your Choice Open Enrollment period has occurred while you were on leave, you will be offered an enrollment opportunity upon your return. *(See Question 6: Are there other enrollment opportunities available to me after my initial one expires?)*

Lapsed coverage can also be reinstated for an employee who has been on a leave of absence, who is entitled to and applies for an immediate annuity. Coverage shall be effective the first day of the calendar month which occurs on or after the date the annuity application is approved by ETF, provided an application for health insurance has

been received by that date either electronically or via paper.

If you occupy a seasonal or teaching position and do not receive pay between the end of one term of service and the beginning of another, your coverage may continue if you authorize a payroll deduction before your earnings are interrupted or make other provisions to pay premiums in advance.

Termination of Employment

Coverage will end on the last day for which premiums are paid. *(See CONTINUATION OF HEALTH COVERAGE.)*

Appealing a Discharge

Coverage may be continued if you have been terminated from employment and are appealing discharge. The first premium payment and the appeal must both be filed within **30 days** of discharge. Premium payments must be made through your employer and be received at least **30 days** prior to the end of the period for which premiums were previously paid. You must pay the gross amount of premium due until the appeal is resolved. If the appeal is resolved in your favor, the amount normally considered employer contribution will be refunded to you.

Retirement

If your employer offers post-retirement health insurance payments and you are an employee who deferred coverage, you may enroll for coverage in the Standard Plan immediately prior to retirement in order to use post-retirement employer premium contribution.

If you are covered when you retire, the health benefit plan will automatically

Frequently Asked Questions: Local Participants 2014

continue if your retirement annuity from the WRS begins within **30 days** after employment ends. If you are eligible for Medicare, effective dates must be provided before coverage continues. (Those eligible for Medicare and enrolled in the Standard Plan or SMP will be switched to Medicare Plus.) You must fill out the employer verification form and return it with your retirement application.

NOTE: If you are eligible for Medicare, you must be enrolled in the hospital (Part A) and medical (Part B) portions of Medicare at the time of your retirement. Enrollment in the prescription drug portion (Part D) is voluntary. Medicare enrolled retirees will be enrolled in the **Navitus MedicareRx (PDP) plan, which is underwritten by Sterling Life Insurance Company, A Federally-Qualified Medicare Contracting Prescription Drug Plan.** This is Medicare Part D coverage through an Employer Group Waiver Plan (EGWP) administered by Navitus™ Health Solutions, the Wisconsin Public Employers group health insurance program's pharmacy benefit manager. This replaces the current Medicare Part D prescription drug plan provided by DeanCare Rx. Supplemental wrap coverage is also included to ensure your prescription drugs are covered when you reach the Medicare Part D coverage gap, commonly referred to as the "donut hole." Please see the MEDICARE INFORMATION section in the Frequently Asked Questions for additional information. Also see the Navitus plan description pages in the *It's Your Choice Decision Guide* for more detailed information.

If you do not enroll for all available

portions of Medicare (A, B, and D) upon retirement, you may be liable for the portion of your claims that Medicare would have paid on the date Medicare coverage would have become effective. (See the *MEDICARE INFORMATION* provided later in this section.)

Premium rates for retired employees are the same as for the active employees (except that your premium will decrease when you or a dependent becomes covered by Medicare). The employer may, at its option, pay all or a portion of the premium. If any portion of the premium is employer-paid, you must remit your portion of the premium directly to the former employer. If/when your employer does not pay any portion of the premium, the premium will be deducted from your monthly annuity. If the annuity is not sufficient to allow a premium deduction, you will be billed directly.

RE-EMPLOYED ANNUITANTS

9. How are my health benefits affected if I return to work for an employer not under the WRS?

If you return to work for a non-WRS participating employer after retirement, your WRS annuity and health benefits will not be affected.

10. How are my health benefits and premiums affected if I return to work for an employer who is under the WRS?

If you return to work for a WRS participating employer, you may be eligible to once again become an active WRS employee. If you make this election and become an active WRS employee, your annuity will be

cancelled and you will no longer be eligible for health insurance as a retiree/annuitant. You will be eligible for health insurance as an active WRS employee through your WRS participating employer if the employer is participating in an ETF health plan. Check with your employer to make sure you have other health insurance coverage available before you elect WRS participation.

You may also waive or terminate enrollment under Medicare until the first Medicare enrollment period after active WRS employment ceases. Your premium rates while covered through active employment will be the active employee rates shown in the *It's Your Choice Decision Guide*, not the Medicare rates.

When you subsequently terminate employment and resume your annuity, your eligibility for Wisconsin Public Employers Group Health Insurance Program coverage is once again dependent on your meeting the requirements for newly retired employees (that is, you must be insured under the Wisconsin Public Employers Group Health Insurance Program, and you must apply for an immediate annuity from the WRS).

DEPENDENT INFORMATION

Single coverage covers only you. Family coverage covers those described below. All eligible, listed dependents are covered under a family contract. A subscriber cannot choose to exclude any other eligible dependent from family coverage except as described in *Question 15 When does health coverage terminate for my dependents?*

DEPENDENT ELIGIBILITY

11. Who is eligible as a dependent if I select family coverage?

- Your spouse.
- Your domestic partner if elected.
- Your children who include:
 1. Your natural children.
 2. Stepchildren or children of your domestic partner insured on the policy.
 3. Adopted children and pre-adoption placements. Coverage will be effective on the date that a court makes a final order granting adoption by the subscriber or on the date the child is placed in the custody of the subscriber, whichever occurs first. These dates are defined by Wis. Stat. § 632.896. If the adoption of a child is not finalized, the insurer may terminate coverage of the child when the adoptive placement ends.
 4. Legal wards that become your permanent ward before age 19. Coverage will be effective on the date that a court awards permanent guardianship to you (the subscriber or your spouse or domestic partner).

Note: Children may be covered until the end of the month in which they turn 26. His/her spouse and dependents are not eligible. Upon losing eligibility, they may be eligible for COBRA continuation. (*See Question 53, Who is eligible for continuation?*) Coverage may continue beyond that when children:

1. Have a disability of long standing

duration, are unmarried, dependent on you or the other parent for at least 50% of support and maintenance, and are incapable of self-support; or

2. Are full-time students and were called to federal active duty when they were under the age of 27 years and while they were attending, on a full-time basis, an institution of higher education.

Note: The adult child must apply to an institution of higher education as a full-time student within 12 months from the date the adult child fulfilled his or her active duty obligation.

- Your grandchildren born to your insured dependent children may be covered until the end of the month in which your insured dependent (your grandchild's parent) turns age 18. Your child's eligibility as a dependent is unaffected by the birth of the grandchild.

IMPORTANT NOTE: There are state and/or federal tax consequences to you when you provide coverage for dependents that do not meet the support test for federal income tax purposes. An example of such a dependent is a domestic partner who is not dependent on you for at least 50% of their support and maintenance.

12. What if my spouse/domestic partner and I work for the same employer?

Your employer may determine whether married employees or domestic partners may each elect single or family coverage or if they are eligible only for family coverage through one of the spouses or domestic partners.

13. What are my coverage options if my spouse/domestic partner is a state of Wisconsin employee or state annuitant?

Note: If you are an annuitant and cancel your health insurance coverage, you will not be able to reenroll in this program.

- If your spouse/domestic partner is an eligible state employee or annuitant, you may each elect single coverage with your current plan(s) if you have no other eligible dependents; or one or both of you may select family coverage that will cover all of your eligible dependents.
- If both spouses or domestic partners are each enrolled for single coverage and premiums are being deducted on a pre-tax basis, family coverage may only be elected effective at the beginning of the calendar year or when the employees have gained a dependent that necessitates family coverage.
- If premiums are being deducted on a post-tax basis, one of the single contracts may be changed to a family plan at anytime without restriction and the other single contract will be cancelled (see Note above). Family coverage will be effective on the beginning of the month following receipt of an electronic or paper application, or a later date specified on the application.
- If premiums for family coverage are being deducted on a pre-tax basis, coverage may only be changed to single coverage effective at the

Frequently Asked Questions: Local Participants 2014

beginning of the calendar year or when the last dependent becomes ineligible for coverage or becomes eligible for and enrolled in other group coverage.

- If premiums are being deducted post-tax, one family policy can be split into two single plans with the same carrier effective on the beginning of the month following receipt of an electronic or paper application, or a later date specified on the application from both spouses or domestic partners.

Note: A subscriber who has family coverage that covers only a domestic partner and/or other non-tax dependents such as a domestic partner's children can change to single coverage at anytime. This is because the non-tax dependent's coverage is taxed as imputed income and not subject to the federal regulations governing pre-tax deductions.

Some things to note:

1. If you and your spouse/domestic partner each have single coverage, no dependents are covered and if he or she should die, that individual's sick leave credits are not available for your use. Under a state of Wisconsin family plan, sick leave credits are preserved for the surviving dependents regardless of who should die first. If your employer offers post-retirement benefits, discuss the program's options with your payroll/benefits/personnel office.
2. If you or your spouse/domestic partner have family coverage and want to change the named subscriber for the family coverage to the other spouse/domestic partner and the coverage is being deducted on a pre-tax basis,

coverage may only be changed to the other spouse/domestic partner:

- effective at the beginning of the calendar year;
- when the subscriber carrying the coverage terminates employment or goes on an unpaid leave of absence; or
- the premium contribution increases because of reduced work hours.

For subscribers whose premiums are being deducted on a post-tax basis, coverage can be changed at anytime.

Coverage will be effective on the beginning of the month following receipt of an electronic or paper application, or a later date specified on the application. (Note: WPE annuitants who terminate their coverage may not reenroll).

3. If at the time of marriage, the employees and/or annuitants each have family coverage or one has family coverage and the other has single coverage, **coverage must be changed to one of the options listed above within 30 days of marriage to be effective as of the date of marriage (unless you both work for the same WPE that allows double coverage)**. Failure to comply with this requirement may result in denial of claims for eligible dependents. **Note:** Change from single to family coverage due to marriage is effective the date of marriage if an electronic or paper application is received by your employer (or for annuitants/continuant by ETF) within **30 days** of the marriage.
4. If at the time a domestic partnership is formed (effective on the date that

Frequently Asked Questions: Local Participants 2014

ETF receives a completed Affidavit of Domestic Partnership (ET-2371)), and the employees and/or annuitants each have family coverage, or one has family coverage and the other has single coverage, **coverage must be changed to one of the options listed above within 30 days of the effective date (unless you both work for the same WPE that allows double coverage)**. Failure to comply with this requirement may result in denial of claims for eligible dependents. **Note:** A copy of the Affidavit of Domestic Partnership (ET-2371) and an electronic or paper application must be received by your employer (or for annuitants/continuant by ETF) within **30 days** of the beginning of the domestic partnership. Further information is available on our Internet site, etf.wi.gov.

14. What if I have a child who is, or who becomes, physically or mentally disabled?

If your unmarried child has a physical or mental disability that is expected to be of long-continued or indefinite duration and is incapable of self-support, he or she may be eligible to be covered under your health insurance through our program.

You must work with your health plan to determine if your child meets the disabled dependent eligibility criteria. If disabled dependent status is approved by the plan, you will be contacted annually to verify the adult dependent's continued eligibility.

If your child loses eligibility for coverage due to age or loss of student status, but you are now indicating that the child meets the disabled dependent definition, eligibility as a disabled dependent must be established before coverage can be continued. If you are providing

at least 50% support you must file an electronic or paper application with your employer to initiate the disability review process by the health plan. Your dependent will be offered COBRA continuation*.

If your disabled dependent child, who has been covered due to disability, is determined by the health plan to no longer meet their disability criteria, the plan will notify you in writing of their decision. They will inform you of the effective date of cancellation, usually the first of the month following notification, and your dependent will be offered COBRA continuation*. If you would like to appeal the plan's decision, you must first complete the plan's grievance procedure. If the plan continues to deny disabled dependent status for your child, you may appeal the plan's grievance decision to ETF by filing an *Employee Trust Funds Complaint form (ET-2405)*.

***Electing COBRA continuation**

coverage should be considered while his or her eligibility is being verified. If it is determined that the individual is not eligible as a disabled dependent, there will not be another opportunity to elect COBRA. If it is later determined that the child was eligible for coverage as a disabled dependent, coverage will be retroactive to the date they were last covered, and premiums paid for COBRA continuation coverage will be refunded.

15. What if I don't have custody of my children?

Even though custody of your children may have been transferred to the other parent, you may still insure the children if the other dependency requirements are met.

16. When does health coverage terminate for my dependents?

Coverage for dependent children who are not physically or mentally disabled terminates on the earliest of the following dates:

- The date eligibility for coverage ends for the subscriber.
- The end of the month in which:
 1. The child turns age 26.
 2. Coverage for the grandchild ends when your child (parent of grandchild) ceases to be an eligible dependent or becomes age 18, whichever occurs first. The grandchild is then eligible for continuation coverage.
 3. Coverage for a spouse and stepchildren under your plan terminates when there is an entry of judgment of divorce.
 4. Coverage for a domestic partner and children of your domestic partner terminates when the *ETF Affidavit of Termination of Domestic Partnership (ET-2372)* is filed.
 5. The child was covered per Wis. Stats. 632.885 (2) (b) and ceases to be a full-time student.
 6. The child becomes insured as an employee of a state agency, or an employer who participates in the State of Wisconsin Group Health Insurance Program.

You may terminate coverage for your adult dependent within 30 days of their eligibility for and enrollment in another group health insurance program. Termination will be effective the first of the month following receipt of an electronic or paper application. You may

also terminate coverage for your adult dependent during the annual It's Your Choice enrollment period to be effective January 1 of the following year.

See *CONTINUATION OF HEALTH COVERAGE* for information on continuing coverage after eligibility terminates.

FAMILY STATUS CHANGES

17. Which changes need to be reported?

You need to file an electronic or paper application as notification for the following changes to your benefits/payroll/personnel office within 30 days of the change. Annuitants and Continuant will need to contact ETF. Additional information may be required. Failure to report changes on time may result in loss of benefits or delay payment of claims.

- Change of name, address, telephone number and Social Security number, etc.
- Obtaining or losing other health insurance coverage
- Addition of a dependent (within 60 days of birth or adoption)
- Loss of dependent's eligibility
- Marriage/domestic partnership
- Divorce/termination of a domestic partnership
- Death (Contact ETF if dependent is your named survivor.)
- Eligibility/Enrollment for Medicare.

18. Who do I notify when a dependent loses eligibility for coverage?

You have the responsibility to inform your employer (ETF for annuitants and continuants) of any dependents losing eligibility for coverage under

Frequently Asked Questions: Local Participants 2014

the Wisconsin Public Employers Group Health Insurance Program. Under federal law, if notification is not made within 60 days of the later of (1) the event that caused the loss of coverage, or (2) the end of the period of coverage, the right to continuation coverage is lost. A voluntary change in coverage from a family plan to a single plan does not create a continuation opportunity.

If your last dependent is losing eligibility, you must file an application to change to single coverage.

19. What action do I need to take for the following personal events (marriage, domestic partnership, birth, etc.)? What restrictions apply?

Marriage

You can change from single to family coverage to include your spouse (and stepchildren if applicable) without restriction, provided your electronic or paper application is received within **30 days** after your marriage, with family coverage being effective on the date of your marriage.

If you were enrolled in family coverage before your marriage, you need to complete an electronic or paper application as soon as possible to report your change in marital status, add your new spouse (and stepchildren) to the coverage, and if applicable, change your name. In most cases, coverage for the newly added dependent(s) will be effective as of the date of marriage. (See *Question 11: What if my spouse/domestic partner and I work for the same employer?*)

Note: You may also change health plans when adding a dependent due to marriage. The subscriber will need

to file an application within 30 days of the marriage with coverage effective on the first day of the month on or following receipt of the application.

Domestic Partnership

You can change from single to family coverage to include your eligible domestic partner (and his/her eligible children if applicable) when you submit an *Affidavit of Domestic Partnership (ET-2371)* to ETF with a copy of it and an application, either electronically or via paper. Active employees should submit the application to your employer, and annuitants should submit it to ETF, within **30 days** of the date ETF receives a completed *Affidavit of Domestic Partnership (ET-2371)*. Coverage will be effective on the day ETF receives the completed *Affidavit of Domestic Partnership (ET-2371)*.

If you were enrolled in family coverage before your domestic partnership, you need to complete an ETF *Affidavit of Domestic Partnership (ET-2371)* and an electronic or paper application as soon as possible to report your change in status and add your new domestic partner (and his/her eligible children) to the coverage. (See *Question 11: What if my spouse/domestic partner and I work for the same employer?*)

Birth/Adoption/Legal Guardianship/ Dependent Becoming Eligible

If you already have family coverage, you need to submit a timely electronic or paper application to add the new dependent. Coverage is effective from the date of birth, adoption, or the first of the month following the granting of legal guardianship, or when a dependent becomes eligible and otherwise satisfies the dependency

Frequently Asked Questions: Local Participants 2014

requirements. Be prepared to submit documentation of guardianship, paternity or other information as requested by your employer.

If you have single coverage, you can change to family coverage with your **current health plan** by submitting an application within **30 days** of the date a dependent becomes eligible or legal guardianship is granted, or within **60 days** of birth or adoption.

Note: You may also change health plans if you, the subscriber, file an application within 30 days of a birth or adoption with coverage effective on the first day of the month on or following receipt of the application.

Single Mother or Father Establishing Paternity

A subscriber may cover his or her dependent child, effective with the child's birth or adoption, by submitting a timely application, either electronically or via paper, changing from single to family coverage.

Children born outside of marriage become dependents of the father on the date of the court order declaring paternity or on the date the "Voluntary Paternity Acknowledgment" (form HCF 5024) is filed with the Department of Health Services (or equivalent if the birth was outside the state of Wisconsin) or the date of birth with a birth certificate listing the father's name. The effective date of coverage will be the date of birth if a statement of paternity is filed within **60 days** of the birth. If more than **60 days** after the birth, coverage is effective on the first of the month following receipt of the application.

A single mother may cover the child

under her health plan effective with the birth by submitting an application changing from single to family coverage.

Upon Order of a Federal Court Under a National Medical Support Notice

This can occur when a parent has been ordered to insure his/her eligible child(ren) who are not currently covered. You will need to submit an electronic or paper application to your benefits/payroll/personnel office with coverage becoming effective on either:

- The first of the month following receipt of application by the employer; or
- The date specified on the Medical Support Notice.

Divorce

Your ex-spouse (and stepchildren) can remain covered under your family plan only until the end of the month in which the marriage is terminated by divorce or annulment, or to the end of the month in which the *Continuation-Conversion Notice (ET-2311)* is provided to the divorced spouse, if family premium continued to be paid, whichever is later. (In Wisconsin, a legal separation is unlike divorce in that it does not affect coverage under the Wisconsin Public Employers Group Health Insurance Program.) The entry of judgement of divorce is usually when the judge signs the divorce papers and the clerk of courts date stamps them. You should notify your payroll office prior to the divorce hearing date and once the entry of judgment of divorce has occurred. You will need to contact the clerk of courts to learn the date of entry of judgment of divorce. If you

Frequently Asked Questions: Local Participants 2014

fail to provide timely notice of divorce, you may be responsible for premiums paid in error which covered your ineligible ex-spouse and stepchildren. Your ex-spouse and stepchildren are then eligible to continue coverage under a separate contract with the group plan for up to **36 additional months**. Conversion coverage would then be available. You can keep your dependent children and adopted stepchildren on your family plan for as long as they are eligible (age, student status, etc.). (See *CONTINUATION OF HEALTH COVERAGE*.)

You must file an electronic or paper health application with your employer to change from family to single coverage or to remove ineligible dependents from a family contract.

When both parties in the divorce are employees or annuitants, and each party is eligible for this health insurance in his or her own right and is insured under this program at the time of the divorce, each retains the right to continue this health insurance coverage, regardless of the divorce (unless the employer withdraws from this program).

The participant who is the subscriber of the insurance coverage at the time of the divorce must submit an electronic or paper health application to remove the ex-spouse from his or her coverage and may also elect to change to single coverage.

The participant insured as a dependent under his or her ex-spouse's insurance must submit a health application to establish coverage in his or her own name. The ex-spouse must continue coverage with the same plan unless he or she

moves out of the service area (e.g., county). The electronic or paper application must be received by the employee's benefits/payroll/personnel office (or ETF for annuitants) within **30 days** of the date of the divorce.

Each participant may cover any eligible dependent children (not former stepchildren) under a family contract. Coverage of the same dependents by both parents would be subject to Coordination of Benefits provisions. Refer to Uniform Benefits in this Guide (your plan benefit certificate) or contact your health plan directly for information on Coordination of Benefits policies and procedures.

Note for active employees: Failure to apply in a timely manner will limit enrollment to the annual It's Your Choice Open Enrollment period for January 1, coverage.

Note for annuitants: If you fail to enroll within 30 days of the date of divorce, you have no enrollment or continuation rights. (See *Question 6: Are there other enrollment opportunities available to me after my initial one expires?*)

Termination of a Domestic Partnership

Your former domestic partner (and eligible children of a domestic partnership) can remain covered under your family plan only until the end of the month in which ETF receives your *Affidavit of Termination of Domestic Partnership (ET-2372)*. If you fail to provide timely notice of termination of the domestic partnership, you may be responsible for premiums paid in error which covered your former domestic partner and children of a domestic

Frequently Asked Questions: Local Participants 2014

partnership. After termination, your ex-domestic partner and ineligible children of the domestic partnership are then eligible to continue coverage under a separate contract with the group plan for up to **36 additional months**. Conversion coverage would then be available. You can keep your dependent children and adopted children/stepchildren on your family plan for as long as they are eligible (age, student status, etc.). (See the *CONTINUATION OF HEALTH COVERAGE Section for further information.*)

When both parties in the domestic partnership are employees or annuitants, and each party is eligible for this health insurance in his or her own right and is insured under this program at the time of the termination, each retains the right to continue this health insurance coverage (unless the employer withdraws from this program). Upon termination of a domestic partnership, an affidavit must also be filed, in addition to an electronic or paper application.

The participant insured as a dependent under his or her former domestic partner's insurance must submit an electronic or paper application to establish coverage in his or her own name. The former domestic partner must continue coverage with the same plan unless he or she moves out of the service area (e.g., county). The application must be received by his or her benefits/payroll/personnel office within **30 days** of ETF receiving the *Affidavit of Termination of the Domestic Partnership (ET-2372)*.

Each participant may cover any eligible dependent children (not

former dependents who lost coverage due to a terminated domestic partnership) under a family contract. Coverage of the same dependents by both parents would be subject to Coordination of Benefits provisions. Refer to the Uniform Benefits (your plan's benefit certificate) in this guide or contact your health plan directly for information on Coordination of Benefits policies and procedures.

Note for active employees: Failure to apply in a timely manner will limit enrollment to the annual It's Your Choice Open Enrollment period for January 1, coverage.

Note for annuitants: If you fail to enroll within 30 days of the date of divorce, you have no enrollment or continuation rights. (See *Question 6: Are there other enrollment opportunities available to me after my initial one expires?*)

Medicare Eligibility

Please refer to the Medicare information in this reference guide for details regarding Medicare eligibility and enrollment requirements.

Death

Surviving Dependents. If an active or retired employee with family coverage dies, the surviving insured dependents shall have the right to continue coverage for life under the Wisconsin Public Employers Group Health Insurance Program at group rates as long as the former employer continues to participate in the program. The dependent children may continue coverage until eligibility ceases if they:

Frequently Asked Questions: Local Participants 2014

- Were enrolled at the time of death; or
- Were previously insured and regain eligibility; or
- Are a child of the employee and born after the death of the employee.

Health insurance coverage will automatically continue for your covered surviving dependents. Continued coverage will be effective on the first of the month after your date of death or final deduction of your active employee premium. Surviving dependents may voluntarily terminate coverage by providing written notification to ETF and coverage will terminate on the last day of the month in which their written request is received by ETF.

If the surviving dependent(s) terminates coverage for any reason he or she may not re-enroll later.

Note: The survivors may not add persons to the policy who were not insured at the time of death.

If single coverage was in force at the time of death, the full monthly premiums collected for coverage months following the date of death will be refunded. No partial month's premium is refunded for the month of coverage in which the death occurred. Surviving dependents are not eligible for coverage.

20. When can I change from family to single coverage or single to family coverage?

If your employee premiums are deducted on a pre-tax basis under Internal Revenue Code Section 125, switching from family to single

coverage is not allowable unless there is an IRS qualified family status change such as divorce, marriage, birth or adoption. For example, all covered family members lose eligibility for health coverage or become eligible for and enroll in another group plan. However, you must check this with your employer or your Section 125 plan administrator. If any covered dependents remain eligible for coverage, a change from family to single coverage is allowed only during the It's Your Choice Open Enrollment period.

If your premiums are deducted on a post-tax basis, you may change from family to single coverage at anytime. The change will be effective on the first day of the month on or following receipt of your electronic or paper application by your benefits/payroll/personnel office (ETF for annuitants and continuants). Switching from family to single coverage when you still have eligible dependents is deemed a voluntary cancellation of coverage for all covered dependents and is not considered a "qualifying event" for continuation coverage.

Changing from single to family coverage, regardless of whether your premiums are deducted on a pre- or post-tax basis, is only allowed during the It's Your Choice enrollment period, or when you or an eligible dependent has a qualifying event that allows for family coverage. See the Frequently Asked Question, "If I do not change from single to family coverage during the It's Your Choice Open Enrollment period, will I have other opportunities to do so?" in the *It's Your Choice Decision Guide*.

BENEFITS AND SERVICES

HEALTH PLAN INFORMATION

21. When and how must I notify my health plan of various changes?

All changes in coverage are accomplished by completing an approved electronic or paper application within 30 days after the change occurs. Always file an application through your benefits/payroll/personnel office to notify your plan of changes. Failure to report changes on time may result in loss of benefits or delay payment of claims. *(See Question 15: Which family changes need to be reported?):*

- Change in plan (for example, from HMO to Standard Plan)
- Change in plan coverage (for example, from single to family)
- Name change
- Change of address or telephone number
- Addition/deletion of a dependent to an existing family plan

Exception: Some HMOs require you to notify them if you change your primary care physician. Contact your HMO for details.

22. How do I receive health care benefits and services?

You will receive identification cards from the plan you select. If you lose these cards or need additional cards for other family members, you may request them directly from the plan. Alternate Plans are not required to provide you with a certificate describing your benefits. The Uniform Benefits section in this Guide provides this information and

will serve as your certificate.

Present your identification card to the hospital or physician who is providing the service. Identification numbers are necessary for any claim to be processed or service provided.

Most of the alternate plans also require that non-emergency hospitalizations be prior authorized and contact be made if there is an emergency admission. **In addition, beginning 2013, prior authorization is required for high-tech radiology (for example, MRI, PET, CT scans) and for low back surgeries.** Check with your plan, and make sure you understand any requirements.

For the Standard Plan and SMP, it is recommended or required that you or your physician contact the health plan before you are admitted to a hospital unless it is an emergency. In an emergency, you must notify the plan within two business days of the admission or as soon as reasonably possible.

23. Will an HMO cover dependent children who are living away from home?

Only if the HMO has providers in the community in which the child resides. Emergency or urgent care services are covered wherever they occur. However, non-emergency treatment must be received at a facility approved by the HMO. Outpatient mental health services and treatment of alcohol or drug abuse may be covered. Refer to the Uniform Benefits in this Guide. Contact your HMO for more information.

24. How do I file claims?

Most of the services provided by an HMO do not require filing of claim forms. However, you may be required

to file claims for some items or services. The Standard Plan, Medicare Plus and SMP require claims incurred in any calendar year to be received by the administrator no later than the end of the next calendar year. Alternate Plans (HMOs) require claims be filed within 12 months of the date of service or, if later, as soon as reasonably possible.

25. How are my benefits coordinated with other health insurance coverage?

When you are covered under two or more group health insurance policies at the same time and both contain coordination of benefit provisions, insurance regulations require the primary carrier be determined by an established sequence. This means that the primary carrier will pay its full benefits first; then the secondary carrier would consider the remaining expenses. *(See the Coordination of Benefits Provision found in the Uniform Benefits Section of this Guide.)* Note that with coordination of benefits, the secondary carrier may not always cover all of your expenses that were not covered by the primary carrier.

PROVIDER INFORMATION

26. Does an HMO cover care from physicians who are not affiliated with the plan?

Most HMO plans will pay nothing when non-emergency treatment is provided by physicians outside of the plan unless there is an authorized referral. Contact the plans directly regarding their policies on referrals.

For emergency or urgent care, plans are required to pay for care received outside of the network, but it may be subject to usual and customary

charges. This means the plan may not pay the entire bill and try to negotiate lower fees. However, ultimately the plan must hold you harmless from collection efforts by the provider. *(See the Uniform Benefits definition of Emergency Care.)*

27. How do I choose a primary physician or pharmacy that is right for me?

If you're not sure a provider holds the same beliefs as you do, call the clinic or pharmacy and ask about your concerns. For example, you may want to ask about the provider's opinion about dispensing a prescription for oral contraceptives.

28. How do I know which providers are in-network providers?

See the plan description page in the *It's Your Choice Decision Guide* for more information on how to access or receive a provider directory. You may also contact the health plan administrator to receive a printed copy. Neither ETF nor your employer maintain a current list of this information.

29. Can I change primary physicians within my alternate health plan?

Alternate plans (HMOs and PPOs—such as WEA Trust PPOs and WPS Metro Choice) differ in their policies. Contact your health plan to find out their requirements to make this change and when your change will become effective.

30. If my physician or other health care professional is listed with an alternate health plan, can I continue seeing him or her if I enroll in that alternate health plan?

If you want to continue seeing a particular physician (or psychologist,

dentist, optometrist, etc.), contact that physician to see which HMO, if any, he or she is affiliated with and if he or she will be available to you under that HMO. Confirm this with the HMO. Even though your current physician may join an HMO, he or she may not be available as your primary physician just because you join that HMO.

31. What happens if my provider leaves the plan midyear?

Health care providers appearing in any published health plan provider listing or directory remain available for the entire calendar year except in cases of normal attrition (that is, death, retirement or relocation) or termination due to formal disciplinary action. A participant who is in her second or third trimester of pregnancy may continue to have access to her provider until the completion of postpartum care for herself and the infant.

If a provider contract terminates during the year (excluding normal attrition or formal disciplinary action), the plan is required to pay charges for covered services from these providers on a fee-for-service basis. Fee-for-service means the usual and customary charges the plan is able to negotiate with the provider while the member is held harmless. Health plans will individually notify members of terminating providers (prior to the It's Your Choice Open Enrollment period) and will allow them an opportunity to select another provider within the plan's network.

Your provider leaving the plan does not give you an opportunity to change plans midyear.

32. What if I need medical care that my primary physician cannot provide?

As an HMO or SMP participant, you are strongly recommended to designate a primary physician or clinic. Your primary physician is responsible for managing your health care. Under most circumstances, he or she may refer you to other medical specialists within the HMO's or SMP's provider network as he or she feels is appropriate. However, referrals outside of the network are strictly regulated. Check with your plan for their referral requirements and procedures.

In case of an injury that may fall under workers' compensation, you should utilize only providers in your health plan, in case workers' compensation denies your claim.

PREMIUM CONTRIBUTION TIERING

33. How are health premium contributions determined?

Employers determine the amount they will contribute toward the premium under one of the two methods described here.

1. Your employer pays between 50% and 88% of the premium rate of the average cost qualified plan in the employer's service area for either single or family coverage for employees who are participants under the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS).

Your employer may pay as little as 25% of the premium for either single or family coverage for an employee appointed to a position working less than 1,044 hours per year and who is a participating employee under the WRS.

2. A three-tier health insurance premium option is available. Each health plan is assigned to one of three tiers based on the quality of care and relative efficiency with which it provides benefits. Health plans providing the most cost-effective, high-quality care (as determined by ETF) are assigned to Tier 1, moderately cost-effective plans to Tier 2, and the least cost-effective to Tier 3.

The employee's required contribution to the health insurance premium for coverage is the same dollar amount for all health plans in the same tier, regardless of the total premium.

NOTE: Your employer may contribute any amount toward the premium for retired employees who continue group coverage.

34. Does a health plan with a higher premium or a higher tier offer more benefits?

No, all alternate plans (HMOs, WEA Trust PPOs and WPS Metro Choice PPO) are required to offer the Uniform Benefits. Premium rates and tier placement may vary because of many factors: how efficiently the plan is able to provide services and process benefit payments; the fees charged in the area in which service is being rendered; the manner in which the health care providers deliver care and are compensated within the service area; and how frequently individuals covered by the plan use the health plan. Also, plans offering optional dental coverage may have slightly higher premiums. The Standard Plan and Medicare Plus will continue to offer benefits that differ from Uniform Benefits.

35. How often will premium rates change?

All group premium rates change at the same time — January 1 of each year. The monthly cost of all plans will be announced during the It's Your Choice Open Enrollment period.

36. How do I pay my portion of the premium?

Active Employees. Premiums are paid in advance. Therefore, initial deductions from your salary probably will occur about one month or more before coverage begins. If the initial deduction cannot occur that far in advance, then double deductions may be required initially so as to make premium payments current.

Retired Employees. Premium rates for retired employees are the same as for active employees (except that your premium will decrease when you or a dependent becomes covered by Medicare). The employer may, at its option, pay a portion or all of the premium. If you are paying your entire premium, it will be deducted from your monthly annuity. If the annuity is not sufficient to allow a premium deduction, you will be billed directly from your health plan. **WARNING:** Your coverage will be cancelled if you fail to pay your premium in a timely manner.

If you are retired and have life insurance coverage through the Wisconsin Public Employers Group Life Insurance Program, you may be eligible to convert the present value of your life insurance to pay health insurance premiums. You must be at least age 67, or age 66 if your employer provides post-retirement life insurance coverage at the 50% level. If you make this election, your life insurance coverage will cease and

you will receive credits in a conversion account equal to the present value of your life insurance. The present value ranges from about 44% to 80% of the amount, depending on your age. The life insurance company, Minnesota Life, will pay health insurance premiums on your behalf from your conversion account until the account is exhausted. You will NOT receive any direct cash payment. You may file the election at anytime, and it will be effective no earlier than 61 days after ETF receives it. For more information and an election form, contact ETF.

PHARMACY BENEFIT MANAGER (PBM)

37. What is a Pharmacy Benefit Manager (PBM)?

A PBM is a third-party administrator of a prescription drug program that is primarily responsible for processing and paying prescription drug claims. In addition, it typically negotiates discounts and rebates with drug manufacturers, contracts with pharmacies, and develops and maintains the drug formulary. The Wisconsin Public Employers Group Health Insurance Program's PBM uses a fully transparent business model which means they negotiate rebates and discounts on behalf of the Wisconsin Public Employers Group Health Insurance Program and pass the savings directly back to the program.

38. What is a formulary? How is it developed? How will I know if my prescription drug is on it?

A formulary, which is established by a committee of physicians and

pharmacists, is a list of prescription drugs that are determined to be both medically effective and cost-effective. The formulary is developed by the PBM's Pharmacy and Therapeutics Committee, which includes a statewide group of physicians and pharmacists. Drugs are evaluated on the basis of effectiveness, side-effects, drug interactions and then cost. New drugs are reviewed on a continuous basis to make sure the formulary is kept up-to-date and that patient needs are being met.

The complete formulary can be found on Navitus' Web site, www.navitus.com through Navi-Gate for Members. Just click on Members - Your Formulary under the "Quick Links" section to login, and then select the formulary named "State of WI and WI Public Employers (administered through ETF) Formulary." You may also call Navitus Customer Care toll free at 1-866-333-2757 with questions about the formulary.

39. How does a four-level drug copayment system work?

Under a four-level prescription drug benefit, you have four different copayment amounts for covered prescription drugs. By having to pay a lower copayment for Level 1 and Level 2 drugs, you are encouraged to use the preferred formulary drugs. Drugs that are listed on the formulary at the Level 3 copayment are considered non-formulary drugs but are still covered if you wish to use them and pay the higher copayment. This gives you more freedom of choice with the drugs that you are prescribed. Level 4 drugs are Specialty Medications that have the highest copayment and

Frequently Asked Questions: Local Participants 2014

are also classified as either formulary or non-formulary drugs. Formulary Specialty Medications may have a reduced copayment if the prescription is filled at the preferred participating pharmacy for Specialty Medications (Diplomat Specialty Pharmacy). The copayments for Level 1 and Level 2 (formulary) drugs are applied to your annual Level 1/Level 2 out-of-pocket limit (OOPL). The copayments for formulary Specialty Medications are applied to your Level 4 OOPL, which is separate from the Level 1/Level 2 OOPL. The copayment for Level 3 drugs and non-formulary Specialty Medications do not count towards any OOPL.

Under the four-level prescription drug benefit, it may still be necessary to get a prior authorization before some formulary and non-formulary drugs will be covered.

40. How does the prescription drug benefit work for the Level 4 copay for specialty and certain other medications?

Formulary and non-formulary prescription drugs that are classified by Navitus as specialty medications have a Level 4 copayment of \$50 when they are filled at a participating network pharmacy. The \$50 copayment for formulary specialty drugs counts toward your \$1,000/\$2,000 Level 4 out-of-pocket limit (OOPL). Copayments for non-formulary specialty drugs do not count toward the Level 4 OOPL.

We strongly encourage you to participate in the Navitus SpecialtyRx, specialty pharmacy program. If you have your prescriptions for specialty drugs filled at the preferred participating pharmacy for specialty

medications, which is currently Diplomat Specialty Pharmacy, you will have a reduced copayment of \$15 for formulary specialty drugs (which also counts toward the Level 4 OOPL). These drugs will be marked with "ESP" on the formulary. This also allows you to take advantage of the additional, personalized services available with the Navitus SpecialtyRx, specialty pharmacy program. Non-formulary specialty and certain other drugs are not eligible for the reduced copayment, and the copayments do not count toward the Level 4 OOPL.

To enroll in the Navitus SpecialtyRx, specialty pharmacy program or to obtain additional information, call 1-877-651-4943 or visit diplomatpharmacy.com.

41. Will I have to use a different ID card when I go to the pharmacy?

Yes, you will have two identification cards, one from your health plan and one from either (a) Navitus Health Solutions or (b) the Navitus MedicareRx (PDP) plan (for eligible retirees enrolled in Medicare) for pharmacy benefits. Your member identification number will be different on each card, so it is important that you show the correct card when getting services. When filling prescriptions, you **must** present your pharmacy benefits ID card to the pharmacist.

MEDICARE INFORMATION

For information about Medicare benefits, eligibility and how to enroll, contact your local Social Security Administration office or call 1-800-772-1213. In addition, the State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) has counselors in every state and several territories who are available to

provide free one-on-one help with your Medicare questions or problems. The Wisconsin SHIP can be reached at 1-800-242-1060. Additional information and assistance can be found at <http://dhs.wisconsin.gov/aging/ebs/ship.htm>. A list of SHIP programs outside of Wisconsin can be found at <http://www.medicare.gov/contacts/staticpages/ships.aspx>.

Because all plans that participate in the Wisconsin Public Employers Group Health Insurance Program have coverage options that are coordinated with Medicare, you will remain covered by the plan you have selected even after you enroll in Medicare. Premium rates will decrease if Medicare covers you or a dependent, and you are retired. Medical and prescription drug coverage under the Alternate Plans (like HMOs) does not change. The plan will simply not duplicate benefits paid by Medicare. However, if enrolled in the Standard Plan or SMP, your coverage will change to Medicare Plus when you enroll in Medicare Parts A and B.

If you are not enrolled for all available portions of Medicare (A, B and D) upon retirement, you may be liable for the portion of your claims that Medicare would have paid beginning on the date Medicare coverage would have become effective.

The following questions and answers provide additional information about Medicare as it applies to the Wisconsin Public Employers Group Health Insurance Program.

42. What do I need to do when my spouse/domestic partner or I become eligible for Medicare?

IMPORTANT!! When you receive your Medicare card, please send a photocopy to ETF immediately or your Medicare coordinated coverage may be delayed.

You and your dependents are not required to enroll in Medicare until you, as the subscriber, terminate employment or health insurance coverage as an active employee ceases. At the time of your retirement, you and your dependents who are eligible for Medicare must enroll for the Part A (hospital) portion and Part B (medical) portion of Medicare. When you and/or your dependents enroll in Medicare Parts A and B, your group health insurance coverage will be integrated with Medicare and the monthly premium will be reduced.

In general, enrollment in Medicare Part D (prescription drug coverage) is voluntary; however, you may pay a penalty if you do not enroll when you are first eligible or are not covered by what Medicare considers creditable coverage. **Regardless, Medicare Part D coverage is provided by the Wisconsin Public Employers (WPE) group health insurance program.** Additional information about all parts of Medicare can be found in the following questions and answers.

If you become eligible for Medicare, your eligibility for COBRA coverage ends. Contact ETF for more information.

43. When must I apply for Medicare?

MEDICARE PART A

Most people become eligible for Medicare upon reaching age 65. Individuals who have been determined to be disabled by the Social Security Administration (SSA), become eligible after a 24-month waiting period.

- If you or your spouse/domestic partner are actively working when

Frequently Asked Questions: Local Participants 2014

you become eligible, you may want to consider enrolling in Medicare Part A, as it may cover hospital services if your health plan denies them. There is no premium for Medicare Part A.

MEDICARE PART B

The requirement to enroll in Medicare Part B coverage is deferred for active employees and their dependents until the subscriber's termination of their WRS-covered employment, through which active employee health insurance coverage is provided.

If you have terminated employment, or are a surviving dependent, or a continuant and are eligible for coverage under the federal Medicare program, you must immediately enroll in both Part A and Part B of Medicare unless you are otherwise employed and have health insurance coverage through that employment. **If you do not enroll for all available portions of Medicare upon retirement, you may be liable for the portions of your claims that Medicare would have paid beginning on the date Medicare coverage would have become effective.**

If you or your insured spouse/domestic partner is employed by an employer that does not participate in the WPE group health insurance program, and has coverage as an active employee under that employer's group plan, enrollment in Medicare may be deferred until retirement from that job.

For subscribers and their dependents with End Stage Renal Disease (ESRD). You will want to contact your local Social Security office, health plan, provider and Medicare to make

sure you enroll in Medicare Part A and Part B at the appropriate time. The Wisconsin Public Employers Group Health Insurance Program will provide primary coverage during the 30-month coordination period for members with ESRD. You will want to decide if it would be beneficial to enroll in Part B during your initial or general enrollment opportunities to avoid later delayed Medicare enrollment and potential premium penalties after your 30-month coordination period ends.

MEDICARE PART D

U.S. resident retired members and their spouses, domestic partners and/or dependents who are Medicare enrolled and who participate in the Wisconsin Public Employers Group Health Insurance Program will automatically be enrolled in the **Navitus MedicareRx (PDP) plan, which is underwritten by Sterling Life Insurance Company, A Federally-Qualified Medicare Contracting Prescription Drug Plan.** The prescription drug coverage under this program is Medicare Part D coverage. Your monthly health insurance premium includes a portion that applies to this program's coverage.

Before Navitus can report your enrollment in Part D to Medicare, they need to have your Medicare Health Insurance Claim (HIC) number and Parts A and B effective dates. In most cases, ETF will request this information from you two to three months in advance of your 65th birthday by sending you a *Medicare Eligibility Statement (ET-4307)*. ETF will then provide the information to Navitus. Please complete and return

Frequently Asked Questions: Local Participants 2014

the ET-4307 as soon as possible to ensure you receive the benefits you are eligible for and your claims are paid properly.

If you do not receive the ET-4307 at least one month before your 65th birthday please contact ETF. The form is also available at ETF's Internet site: <http://etf.wi.gov/publications/et4307.pdf>. If you are retired and cover a Medicare-eligible spouse or disabled dependent on your plan, please notify ETF and provide your dependent's Medicare information.

Individuals may choose to enroll in another Medicare Part D prescription drug plan; however, it is not recommended or required for your continued coverage under the Wisconsin Public Employers (WPE) group health insurance program. If you choose to enroll in a different Medicare Part D plan, your health insurance premium for the WPE plan does not change, but your ETF pharmacy coverage will be secondary to the other Medicare Part D plan. (See *Question 48: Does Medicare Part D affect my prescription drug coverage? Should I enroll?* and *Question 49: Will my health insurance premium go down if I enroll in a Medicare Part D prescription drug plan?*)

44. If Medicare coverage is in effect, how do I file Medical, Part B and Pharmacy claims?

If Medicare is the primary insurance, your provider must submit claims to Medicare first. Once Medicare processes the claim(s), Medicare will send you a quarterly Medicare Summary Notice (MSN).

Alternate Plans (HMOs and PPOs—WEA Trust PPOs and WPS Metro Choice):

Many of the health plans have an automated procedure after Medicare processes the claim, where the provider then submits it to the health plan for processing. However, some health plans require members to submit a copy of the MSN and, in certain circumstances, a copy of the provider's bill. You should discuss with your provider if they will bill Medicare and your health plan on your behalf. *Contact your health plan for additional information.*

Alternate Medicare Advantage Preferred Provider Organization (MA-PPO):

An alternate health plan may offer Medicare Coordinated Coverage through a MA-PPO. When you visit your provider, you must show your health plan's MA-PPO card. Your provider will submit your claims directly to the MA-PPO. To request reimbursement for a covered service charge that you paid, send your receipt (noting on it your name and your MA-PPO member ID) and a copy of your MA-PPO card to the address on the back of that card. You must be enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B to be eligible for a health plan's MA-PPO. You should keep your Medicare card in a safe place, but you should not show it when you receive health care services, as the MA-PPO will be primary for your service. (See *Question 45: If I have Medicare as my primary coverage, how are my benefits coordinated?*) Humana currently offers this type of MA-PPO.

Frequently Asked Questions: Local Participants 2014

Pharmacy Benefit Manager:

As long as you maintain the **Navitus MedicareRx (PDP)** plan as your Medicare Part D PDP, Navitus will process your claims for both Part D and the supplemental wrap coverage that is included.

However, if you choose to enroll in a Medicare Part D plan other than the **Navitus MedicareRx (PDP)** plan, your supplemental wrap coverage, which is part of the WPE group health insurance program pharmacy benefits, will be considered secondary. Some, but not all, network pharmacies may be able to process the secondary claims electronically. However, you should be prepared to file the secondary claims manually through Navitus. Contact Navitus or visit their website for more information on filing manual claims. Refer to the Medicare Part D Information section of the FAQs for more details.

Medicare Part B pharmacy claims are covered under the supplemental wrap benefit. For specific information on Medicare Part B pharmacy coverage and Part B claims processing, see *the Plan Description Page for Navitus™ Health Solutions in the It's Your Choice Decision Guide*.

45. If I have Medicare as my primary coverage, how are my benefits coordinated?

Since all health plans have coverage options that are coordinated with Medicare, you will remain covered by the plan you selected after you are enrolled in Medicare, even though Medicare is the primary payor of your claims.

Exception: If you are enrolled in the Standard Plan or SMP, your coverage

will be changed to Medicare Plus. There are some differences in benefits between these plans. Medicare Plus is designed to supplement the benefits you receive under Medicare. For purposes of paying benefits, Medicare is the primary plan and Medicare Plus is the secondary plan. This means Medicare reviews claims first and determines what, if anything, should be paid and then the Medicare Plus plan reviews the claims to determine if there is anything else that is payable.

If you are enrolled in an alternate plan (HMO or PPO that offers Uniform Benefits), your health coverage will remain substantially the same as before Medicare coverage became effective. For purposes of paying benefits, Medicare is the primary plan and the state health plans are the secondary plan. This means Medicare reviews claims first and determines what, if anything, should be paid and then the state health plans review the claims to determine if there is anything else that is payable. Because of this coordination with Medicare, your monthly premiums for your Wisconsin Public Employers Group Health Insurance Program will be less. **Note:** For some benefits under Uniform Benefits, such as durable medical equipment, Medicare Part B and the health plan both have a 20% coinsurance that you are responsible to pay.

Humana offers Medicare Coordination Coverage through a Medicare Advantage Preferred Provider Organization (MA-PPO). As Medicare has contracted financial responsibility for medical benefit administration to this MA-PPO plan, all claims should be submitted to the MA-PPO. You

must keep Medicare Part A and B coverage, but you will not need to show your Medicare card to your providers, instead show your MA-PPO card. Members who are direct billed by Humana will receive two bills that will add up to the total amount due. Both bills must be paid monthly for coverage to continue.

This MA-PPO plan offers greater flexibility in provider selection than a traditional HMO for retirees over age 65 and on Medicare. For members under age 65 who are not on Medicare, you must comply with the health plan's network requirements.

If you are enrolled in MA-PPO, have Medicare Part A and B, and are no longer an active employee, your benefits will be modeled on Uniform Benefits and include those of traditional Medicare. You have the freedom to choose providers. However, you will have greater out-of-pocket costs if you use out-of-network providers. Contact the MA-PPO for provider information.

46. What is the Social Security Income-Related Monthly Adjusted Amount (IRMAA) and does it affect me?

If you are enrolled in Medicare and your modified adjusted gross income exceeds certain limits established by federal law, you may be required to pay an adjustment to your monthly Medicare Part B (medical) and Medicare Part D (prescription drug) coverage premiums. The additional premium amount you will pay for Medicare Part B and Medicare prescription drug coverage is called the income-related monthly adjustment amount or IRMAA. Since

Medicare beneficiaries enrolled in the Wisconsin Public Employers Group Health Insurance Program are required to have Medicare Parts A, B and D, the IRMAA may impact you if you have higher income.

To determine if you will pay the additional premiums, Social Security uses the most recent federal tax return that the IRS provides and reviews your modified adjusted gross income. Your modified adjusted gross income is the total of your adjusted gross income and tax-exempt interest income.

Social Security notifies you in November about any additional premium amounts that will be due for coverage in the next year because of the IRMAA. You must pay the additional premium amount, which will be deducted from your Social Security check if it's large enough. Failure to pay may result in Medicare terminating your coverage. The IRMAA is paid to Social Security — not the Wisconsin Public Employers Group Health Insurance Program. It is not included in your Wisconsin Public Employers Group Health Insurance Program premium.

Additional information can be found in SSA Publication No. 05-10536 (<http://www.socialsecurity.gov/pubs/10536.html>) or by calling the SSA toll-free at 1-800-772-1213.

MEDICARE PART D INFORMATION

47. Which Medicare Part D prescription drug coverage is provided under the Wisconsin Public Employers (WPE) Group Health Insurance Program?

Medicare related prescription drug coverage will be provided by Navitus Health Solutions (Navitus) through

Frequently Asked Questions: Local Participants 2014

a self-funded, Medicare Part D Employer Group Waiver Plan (EGWP) called the **Navitus MedicareRx (PDP)** plan underwritten by Sterling Life Insurance Company. This affects Medicare-eligible participants covered under an annuitant contract enrolled in the WPE Group Health Insurance Program. As required by Uniform Benefits, a supplemental wrap benefit is also included to mainly provide full coverage to WPE members when they reach the Medicare coverage gap, also known as the “donut hole.” But the supplemental wrap benefit will also provide coverage at other times when the EGWP does not, such as during the Medicare Part D deductible and the initial coverage phases. Sterling has been contracted with the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services since 2006, when Medicare Part D was first implemented to offer Medicare Part D prescription drug plans to employer groups.

Your group health insurance premium already includes the cost of this benefit. There is no separate premium that needs to be paid for this Medicare Part D coverage. It is important that you read and understand the information presented on the Navitus MedicareRx plan description page in the *It's Your Choice Decision Guide*.

48. Does Medicare Part D affect my prescription drug coverage? Should I enroll?

A Medicare Part D prescription drug plan (PDP) provides primary coverage of prescription benefits through Medicare. While enrollment in a PDP

is voluntary, if you do not enroll when you are first eligible and do not have what Medicare considers creditable coverage, you may have to pay a penalty in the form of a higher PDP premium once you do enroll.

Under the Wisconsin Public Employers Group Health Insurance Program, after you become eligible for Medicare Part D, the following will happen:

- You will be automatically enrolled in the **Navitus MedicareRx (PDP)** plan. Medicare eligible spouses, domestic partners and/or dependents will also be enrolled. This is Medicare Part D coverage. **Your group health insurance premium already includes the costs of this Medicare Part D coverage.**
- You will also be automatically enrolled for supplemental wrap coverage to ensure your prescription drugs are covered when you reach the Medicare Part D coverage gap, commonly referred to as the “donut hole.” This provides you with additional benefits that “wrap around” the benefits available from your Medicare Part D coverage. **Your health insurance premium already includes the cost of this supplemental wrap coverage.**

WHEN YOU ARE ENROLLED IN THE Navitus MedicareRx (PDP), plan YOU WILL BE ISSUED A NEW ID CARD THAT YOU WILL BE REQUIRED TO USE.

If you would like to maintain your current level of prescription drug benefits under our program, it is not necessary to enroll in another Medicare Part D plan. Nevertheless, participation in a Medicare Part D prescription drug plan is voluntary

and you should carefully consider all options before making any kind of decision to enroll in a different Medicare Part D plan.

49. Will my health insurance premium go down if I enroll in a different Medicare Part D prescription drug plan?

No. Your health insurance premium includes both medical and prescription drug coverage. If you choose to enroll in a different Medicare Part D plan, you will be dropped from the **Navitus MedicareRx (PDP)** plan and you will have to pay an additional premium to the other plan you enroll in. However, you will still have secondary coverage with the supplemental wrap benefits under the WPE group health insurance program. **There is no partial refund of the WPE group health insurance premium if you choose to enroll in a different PDP.** Navitus will coordinate coverage with Medicare and pay secondary claims after Medicare processes your prescription claims from the other Medicare Part D plan, minus the applicable copayments and coinsurance that are your responsibility. **If you enroll in another Medicare Part D plan before January 1, 2014, for coverage in 2014, and you intend to stay in that program, notify ETF immediately. If ETF enrolls you in Navitus MedicareRx, you will be automatically disenrolled from your other plan by CMS.**

WELLNESS

50. What is a biometric screening and Health Risk Assessment (HRA)?

A biometric screening is a test that measures your blood pressure, body mass index, cholesterol and glucose

levels. A HRA is a questionnaire that asks about your health history and lifestyle choices. These tools help you and your doctor identify potential health risks for certain diseases and chronic conditions. The information can also help you make well-informed decisions concerning your lifestyle and healthcare options.

51. How do I complete a biometric screening and HRA?

A biometric screening can be done either at your annual physical with your Primary Care Provider (PCP) or at an onsite wellness event offered by your employer.

A HRA is available online through your health plan's website. Contact your health plan if you need help locating the webpage that contains an online HRA and biometric form. If you are unable to complete an online HRA, you may request that your health plan provide you with a paper version or that a representative from your health plan contact you to administer a HRA over the telephone.

52. How do I become eligible to receive an incentive for completing a biometric screening and HRA?

You are eligible to receive an incentive paid to you by your health plan when you complete a biometric screening and HRA.

53. When do I receive my incentive payment for completing a biometric screening and HRA?

Health plans will usually pay incentives by the end of the quarter in which you complete a biometric screening or

Frequently Asked Questions: Local Participants 2014

HRA or within 4 weeks of the quarter ending. Contact your health plan if you have questions about the timing of incentive payments.

54. Does a biometric screening and HRA have out-of-pocket costs?

No. HRAs and biometric screenings have no out-of-pocket costs when performed as preventive screenings under federal law.

55. Are the results from a biometric screening and HRA confidential?

Yes. All of the results from your biometric screening and HRA will be kept strictly confidential. Results will not be shared with your employer. Some health plans automatically send results to your PCP as part of your electronic health record; other health plans require you to request that your results be sent to your PCP. Contact your health plan for more information on how your results are sent to your PCP.

56. Does my health plan offer other wellness benefits in addition to the incentive for completing a biometric screening and HRA?

Depending on your health plan, many plans will continue to offer discounts or reimbursement for fitness club memberships, community supported agriculture, and health education courses for tobacco cessation, weight loss, and nutrition.

57. Where can I find more information about my wellness benefits?

Go to www.wellwisconsin.wi.gov to find more information on your health plan's wellness offerings, to get biometric screening and HRA forms, and to find a calendar of onsite wellness events

offered by your employer.

For more information on disease management and wellness programs, see the Health Plan Features At-a-Glance section of It's Your Choice 2014 Decision Guide, FAQ section of It's Your Choice 2014 Reference Guide, or contact your health plan.

CHANGING HEALTH PLANS

58. Can I change from one plan to another during the year?

Yes, but only if you, the subscriber, file an electronic or paper application within **30 days** for the following events with coverage effective on the first day of the month on or following receipt of the application:

- Move from your plan's service area (for example, out of the county) for a period of at least **3 months**. Your new coverage will be effective subsequent to your move. You may again change plans when you return for **3 months** by submitting another application within **30 days** after your return. (See *Question 47: What if I have a temporary or permanent move from the service area?*)
- You involuntarily lose eligibility for other coverage or lose the employer contribution for it.
- You add one or more dependents due to marriage, domestic partnership, birth, adoption or placement for adoption.

Note: If your premiums are being deducted post-tax, you may cancel coverage at anytime. If your premiums are being deducted on

Frequently Asked Questions: Local Participants 2014

a pre-tax basis, you may cancel coverage midyear only if you become eligible for and enroll in other group coverage.

Otherwise, you can only change health plans without restriction during each It's Your Choice Open Enrollment period and coverage will be effective the following January 1.

59. If I change plans, what happens to any benefit maximums that may apply to services I've received?

When you change plans for any reason (for example, during an It's Your Choice Open Enrollment period or for a move from a plan's service area), any annual health insurance benefit maximums under Uniform Benefits (such as durable medical equipment) will start over at \$0 with your new plan, even if you change plans mid-year with the exception of the prescription annual out-of-pocket maximum. Orthodontia is optional and not part of the Uniform Benefits medical plan. Orthodontia benefit maximums typically carry over from one plan to the next.

60. What if I have a temporary or permanent move from the service area?

A subscriber who moves out of a service area (for example, out of the county), either permanently or temporarily for **3 months** or more, will be permitted to enroll in the Standard Plan or an available alternate plan that offers in-network providers near you, provided an electronic or paper application for such plan is submitted within **30 days** after relocation. You will be required to document the fact that your application is being submitted

due to a change of residence out of a service area.

It is important that you submit your application to change coverage as soon as possible and no later than **30 days** after the change of residence to maintain coverage for non-emergency services. The change in plans will be effective on the first day of the month on or after your application is received by your employer but not prior to the date of your move. If your application is received after the **30-day** deadline, you will not be allowed to change plans until the following It's Your Choice Open Enrollment period or in certain situations. *See Frequently Asked Question 7. Are there other enrollment opportunities available to me after my initial one expires?*

If your relocation is temporary, you may again change plans by submitting an application within **30 days** after your return. The change will be effective on the first of the month on or after your application is received by your employer or by ETF, but not prior to your return.

61. What if I change plans but am hospitalized before the date the new coverage becomes effective and am confined as an inpatient on the date the change occurs (such as January 1)?

If you are confined as an inpatient (in a hospital, a skilled nursing facility or, in some cases, an Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse (AODA) residential center) or require 24-hour home care on the effective date of coverage with the new plan, you will begin to receive benefits from your new plan unless the facility you are confined in is not

in your new plan's network. If you are confined in such a facility, your claims will continue to be processed by your prior plan as provided by contract until that confinement ends and you are discharged from the non-network hospital or other facility, 12 months have passed or the contract maximum is reached. If you are transferred or discharged to another facility for continued treatment of the same or related condition, it is considered one confinement.

In all other instances, the new plan assumes liability immediately on the effective date of your coverage, such as January 1.

CANCELLATION OR TERMINATION OF HEALTH COVERAGE

62. How do I cancel coverage? How might this impact me if I later want to re-enroll?

Voluntary cancellation (or switching from family to single coverage which is deemed voluntary cancellation for all insured dependents) requires written notification to the employer (annuitants contact ETF) and the completion of an electronic or paper application denoting a cancellation of coverage.

If your premiums are being deducted on a pre-tax basis under Internal Revenue Code Section 125, you may cancel coverage only if you are cancelling because you become eligible for and enroll in another group plan or during the annual It's Your Choice period. However, you must check this with your employer or your Section 125 plan administrator.

If your adult dependent child becomes eligible for and enrolled in other group health insurance coverage, and you want to drop coverage for him/her, you must submit an application electronically or via paper to your employer (to ETF for annuitants) within 30 days of the effective date of other coverage. In addition, you must submit proof of enrollment such as an ID card from that coverage. If this is your last dependent and you want to change to single coverage, you must note that on your application.

If your spouse/domestic partner becomes eligible for and enrolled in other group health insurance coverage and you want to change to single coverage or cancel your family coverage, you must submit an application electronically or via paper to your employer (to ETF for annuitants) within 30 days of the effective date of other coverage. In addition, you must submit proof of enrollment such as an ID card that lists all individuals covered under that plan.

If your premiums are being deducted post-tax, you may cancel at anytime. Be aware that voluntary cancellation of coverage does not provide an opportunity to continue coverage for previously covered dependents as described in the *CONTINUATION OF HEALTH COVERAGE* section. Cancellation affects both medical and prescription drug coverage.

No REFUNDS are made for premiums paid in advance unless your employer (or ETF if you are no longer an employee of a participating local employer) receives your written request on or before the last day of the month preceding the month for

which you request the refund. Under no circumstances are partial month's premiums refunded. Once coverage terminates, you will be responsible for any claims inadvertently paid beyond your coverage effective dates.

Once an annuitant's coverage is cancelled, neither you nor your surviving dependents may re-enroll in this program. Another insurance opportunity may exist under the Local Annuitant Health Program (LAHP). Contact ETF for more information.

63. When can my health insurance coverage be terminated?

Your coverage can only be terminated because:

- Premiums are not paid by the due date. Coverage is also waived (known as "constructive waiver") when the employee portion of the premium is not deducted for 12 consecutive months.
- Coverage is voluntarily cancelled.
- Eligibility for coverage ceases (for example, termination of employment).
- Death of the subscriber.
- Fraud is committed in obtaining benefits or there is an inability to establish a physician/patient relationship. Termination of coverage for this reason requires Group Insurance Board approval.
- Employer withdraws from the Wisconsin Public Employers Group Health Insurance Program.

Contact your benefits/payroll/personnel office or ETF for the date coverage will end.

64. What if my employer's participation ends under the Wisconsin Public Employers Group Health Insurance Program?

When your employer's participation ends in this program, coverage will cease for all participants. This includes retirees, survivors and those who have continuation coverage. If the employer obtains group health insurance from another carrier, ask the employer if the new carrier will provide coverage for retirees, survivors and continuants.

When the employer terminates participation, you will not be eligible for continuation or conversion of health coverage.

CONTINUATION OF HEALTH COVERAGE

65. Who is eligible for continuation?

Your COBRA continuation rights are described in the State and Federal Notification Section of this guide. **Both you and your dependents should take the time to read that section carefully.** This section provides additional information about continuation coverage.

You do not have to provide evidence of insurability to enroll in continuation coverage. However, coverage is limited to the plan you had as an active employee or covered dependent. (For example, if you change plans January 1 and your dependent loses eligibility December 31, that dependent would be eligible for COBRA from the plan you were enrolled in on December 31. An exception is made when the participant resides in

Frequently Asked Questions: Local Participants 2014

a county that does not include a primary physician for the subscriber's plan at the time continuation is elected. In that case, the participant may elect a different plan that is offered in the county where the participant resides.) You may select another plan during the It's Your Choice Open Enrollment period or if you move from the service area. If family coverage is in effect when continuation is first offered, each dependent may independently elect single continuation coverage. A family of two may select two single contracts at a lower cost than the premium for a family contract. The health plan will bill you directly.

There can be no lapse in coverage, so multiple premiums may be required.

A second qualifying event while on continuation will not serve to extend your period of continuation. Coverage will be limited to the original time period.

At the end of the continuation period you will be allowed to enroll in an individual conversion through the health plan.

66. When my dependent loses eligibility is he/she eligible for COBRA? What do I need to do to ensure COBRA coverage is offered?

Employees need to report this change to the benefits/payroll/personnel office within 60 days of the dependent losing his/her eligibility to ensure COBRA coverage is offered. Annuitants and continuants must contact ETF. Your dependent will be entitled to 36 months of continuation coverage.

67. Does my coverage change under continuation?

No, continuation coverage is identical to the active employee

coverage. In most cases, you are eligible to maintain continuation coverage for **18 months** from the month of the qualifying event. These events are termination of employment or reduction in work hours. Events such as death of employee, divorce or the loss of eligibility for a dependent child entitles the dependent to **36 months** of coverage. You are allowed to change plans during the annual It's Your Choice Open Enrollment period or if the subscriber moves from the service area. However, your continuation coverage may be cut short for any of the following reasons:

- The premium for your continuation coverage is not paid when due.
- You or a covered family member become covered under another group health plan that does not have a preexisting conditions clause that applies to you or your covered family member.
- You were divorced or your domestic partnership terminated from an insured employee, and you subsequently remarry or establish a new domestic partnership and are insured through your new spouse's group health plan.
- You or a covered family member become entitled to Medicare benefits.

68. Will my premium change under continuation?

It may change as you will pay the total premium amount which includes both the employee and employer share. Contact your benefits/payroll/personnel office to obtain the total amount.

69. How do I cancel continuation coverage?

To cancel continuation coverage, notify ETF in writing. Include your name, Social Security number, date of birth and address. ETF will forward your request to the health plan. Your coverage will be cancelled at the end of the month in which ETF receives the request to cancel coverage.

70. How is my continuation coverage affected if I move from the service area?

If you move out of the service area (either permanently or temporarily for 3 months or more), you are eligible to change plans. (See Question 48: *What if I have a temporary or permanent move from the service area?*).

Your electronic or paper application to change plans must be postmarked within 30 days after your move. Because you are on continuation coverage, call the ETF Employer Communication Center at (608) 264-7900 to obtain a *Health Insurance Application/Change Form (ET-2301)*. Complete and submit the application to: Department of Employee Trust Funds, P. O. Box 7931, Madison, WI 53707-7931.

71. When is conversion coverage available?

As required by law, you are eligible to apply for conversion coverage when group continuation coverage terminates. Contact the plan directly to make application for conversion

coverage. Conversion coverage is available without providing evidence of insurability and with no waiting period for preexisting conditions, provided Wisconsin Public Employers Group Health Insurance Program coverage has been in effect for at least **3 months** prior to termination.

If the health plan automatically bills you for conversion coverage that you do not want, simply do not pay the premium for the coverage. The coverage offered will be the conversion contract (not the Wisconsin Public Employers plan) available at the time, subject to the rates and regulations then in effect. The coverage and premium amount may vary greatly from plan to plan.

If you reside outside of the HMO service area at the time you apply for conversion coverage, you may only be eligible for an out-of-area conversion policy through another insurance carrier. The benefits and rates of the out-of-area conversion plan are subject to the regulations in effect in the state in which you reside.

The conversion privilege is also available to dependents when they cease to be eligible under the subscriber's family contract. The request for conversion must be received by the plan within **30 days** after termination of group coverage. If you have questions regarding conversion, write or call the plan in which you are enrolled.

CERTIFICATE OF COVERAGE

This is your description of benefits that are administered by the Alternate Plans. Keep this for your reference.

Uniform Medical Benefits do not apply to the Standard Plan or the State Maintenance Plan except for the prescription drug coverage that is administered through the Pharmacy Benefit Manager (PBM).

The Group Insurance Board adopted a uniform medical insurance benefits package for alternate plans. It is called "Uniform Medical Benefits." The purpose of Uniform Medical Benefits is to help contain the rising cost of health insurance and simplify your selection of a health plan. You can decide which plan to select on the basis of:

- Cost
- Quality
- Access to physicians or other health care providers
- Referral policies

Uniform Medical Benefits does not mean that all plans will treat all illnesses in an identical manner. Treatment will vary depending on the needs of the patient, the physicians involved and the managed care policies and procedures of each health plan.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

I. SCHEDULE OF MEDICAL BENEFITS.	62
II. DEFINITIONS.	68
III. MEDICAL BENEFITS AND SERVICES.	78
A. Medical/Surgical Services.	78
1. Emergency Care	78
2. Urgent Care	79
3. Surgical Services	79
4. Reproductive Services and Contraceptives.	80
5. Medical Services	81
6. Anesthesia Services	81
7. Radiation Therapy and Chemotherapy	81
8. Detoxification Services	81
9. Ambulance Service	81
10. Diagnostic Services	82
11. Outpatient Physical, Speech and Occupation Therapy	82
12. Home Care Benefits.	82
13. Hospice Care	83
14. Phase II Cardiac Rehabilitation	84
15. Extraction of Natural Teeth and/or Replacement with Artificial Teeth Because of Accidental Injury	84
16. Oral Surgery	84
17. Treatment of Temporomandibular Disorders	85
18. Transplants	85
19. Kidney Disease Treatment.	87
20. Chiropractic Services	87
21. Women’s Health and Cancer Act of 1998	87
22. Smoking Cessation	87
B. Institutional Services	87
1. Inpatient Care	88
2. Outpatient Care	88
C. Other Medical Services	88
1. Mental Health Services/Alcohol and Drug Abuse.	88
2. Durable Diabetic Equipment and Related Supplies	89

Uniform Medical Benefits: Local Participants 2014

3. <u>Medical Supplies and Durable Medical Equipment</u>	<u>89</u>
4. <u>Out-of-Plan Coverage For Full-Time Students</u>	<u>89</u>
5. <u>Coverage of Newborn Infants with Congenital Defects and Birth Abnormalities</u>	<u>91</u>
6. <u>Coverage of Treatment for Autism Spectrum Disorders</u>	<u>91</u>
D. <u>Prescription Drugs and Other Benefits Administered by the Pharmacy Benefit Manager (PBM)</u>	<u>91</u>
1. <u>Prescription Drugs</u>	<u>92</u>
2. <u>Insulin, Disposable Diabetic Supplies, Glucometers</u>	<u>94</u>
3. <u>Other Devices and Supplies</u>	<u>94</u>
IV. <u>EXCLUSIONS AND LIMITATIONS</u>	<u>95</u>
<i>A. <u>Exclusions</u></i>	<u>95</u>
1. <u>Surgical Services</u>	<u>95</u>
2. <u>Medical Services</u>	<u>95</u>
3. <u>Ambulance Services</u>	<u>96</u>
4. <u>Therapies</u>	<u>96</u>
5. <u>Oral Surgery/Dental Services/Extraction and Replacement Because of Accidental Injury</u>	<u>96</u>
6. <u>Transplants</u>	<u>97</u>
7. <u>Reproductive Services</u>	<u>97</u>
8. <u>Hospital Inpatient Services</u>	<u>97</u>
9. <u>Mental Health Services/Alcohol and Drug Abuse</u>	<u>98</u>
10. <u>Durable Medical or Diabetic Equipment and Supplies</u>	<u>98</u>
11. <u>Outpatient Prescription Drugs – Administered by the PBM</u>	<u>98</u>
12. <u>General</u>	<u>99</u>
<i>B. <u>Limitations</u></i>	<u>103</u>
V. <u>COORDINATION OF BENEFITS AND SERVICES</u>	<u>104</u>
<i>A. <u>Applicability</u></i>	<u>104</u>
<i>B. <u>Definitions</u></i>	<u>104</u>
<i>C. <u>Order Of Benefit Determination Rules</u></i>	<u>105</u>
1. <u>General</u>	<u>105</u>
2. <u>Rules</u>	<u>105</u>
3. <u>Coordination of Dental Benefits</u>	<u>106</u>
<i>D. <u>Effect On The Benefits Of The Plan</u></i>	<u>107</u>
1. <u>When This Section Applies</u>	<u>107</u>
2. <u>Reduction in This Plan’s Benefits</u>	<u>107</u>
<i>E. <u>Right To Receive And Release Needed Information</u></i>	<u>107</u>

<i>F. Facility Of Payment</i>	107
<i>G. Right Of Recovery</i>	107
VI. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS	108
<i>A. Right To Obtain and Provide Information</i>	108
<i>B. Physical Examination</i>	108
<i>C. Case Management/Alternate Treatment</i>	108
<i>D. Disenrollment</i>	109
<i>E. Recovery Of Excess Payments</i>	109
<i>F. Limit On Assignability Of Benefits</i>	109
<i>G. Severability</i>	110
<i>H. Subrogation</i>	110
<i>I. Proof Of Claim</i>	111
<i>J. Grievance Process</i>	111
<i>K. Appeals To The Group Insurance Board</i>	112
Uniform Medical Benefits Quick Reference	113
Uniform Dental Benefits	115

I. SCHEDULE OF MEDICAL BENEFITS

All benefits are paid according to the terms of the Master Contract between the Health Plan and PBM and Group Insurance Board. Uniform Benefits and this Schedule of Medical Benefits are wholly incorporated in the Master Contract. The Schedule of Medical Benefits describes certain essential dollar or visit limits of Your coverage and certain rules, if any, You must follow to obtain covered services. In some situations (for example, Emergency services received from a Non-Plan Provider), benefits will be determined according to the Usual and Customary Charge. A change to another Health Plan will result in all benefit maximums restarting at \$0 with the exception of the prescription annual out-of-pocket limit. This does not include dental and orthodontia benefits that Health Plans may offer that are not a part of Uniform Medical Benefits.

The Group Insurance Board has decided to utilize a PBM to provide prescription drug benefits formerly provided directly by the Health Plans and Standard Plans. The PBM will be responsible for the prescription drug benefit as provided for under the terms and conditions of the Uniform Medical Benefits. The prescription drug benefits are dependent on being insured under the State of Wisconsin Group Health Insurance Program.

NOTE: *Employees and retirees of participating local governments that have selected the deductible option have an up-front deductible of \$500 per individual / \$1,000 per family, per calendar year for all medical services except for preventive services required under Section III., A., 5., i.. Benefits administered by the PBM do not apply toward the deductible. After the deductible is met, Uniform Benefits are administered as outlined below.*

NOTE: *For Participants enrolled in a Preferred Provider Plan (WEA Trust PPPs and WPS Metro Choice), this Schedule of Benefits applies to services received from Plan Providers. Your Health Plan will provide You with a supplemental Schedule of Benefits that will show the level of benefits for services provided by Non-Plan Providers. Out-of-network deductible amounts do not accumulate to the in-network out-of-pocket limit.*

Except as specifically stated for Emergency and Urgent Care (see sections III., A., 1. and 2.), You do not have coverage for services from Non-Plan Providers unless you get a Prior Authorization from your Health Plan. Prior Authorization

Schedule of Medical Benefits: Local Participants 2014

requirements are described in the Health Plan Descriptions section of the *“It’s Your Choice Decision Guide.”*

The covered benefits that are administered by the Health Plan are subject to the following:

- Policy Coinsurance and medical Copayments: as described below.

Benefit	Participating Wisconsin Public Employer’s eligible Participants
Routine, preventive services	100%
Illness/injury related services	100%
Emergency Room Copay (Waived if admitted as an inpatient directly from the emergency room or for observation for 24 hours or longer.)	\$60
Medical Supplies, Durable Medical Equipment and Durable Diabetic Equipment and Related Supplies	80% to an annual OOPL of \$500 per Participant ; no aggregate family limit (20% member cost to OOPL)
Cochlear Implants for Participants age 18 and older	100% hospital charges. 80% device, surgery for implantation, follow-up sessions to train on use (20% member cost does not apply to OOPL).
Cochlear Implants Participants under age 18	100% hospital, device, surgery for implantation and follow-up sessions to train on use.
Hearing Aids for Participants age 18 and older	80% (20% member cost does not apply to OOPL) Maximum health plan payment of \$1,000 per hearing aid
Hearing Aids for Participants under age 18	As required by Wis. Stat. §632.895 (16), 100%

- Policy Deductible: NONE.
- Lifetime Maximum Benefit on All Medical and Pharmacy Benefits: NONE.
- Ambulance: Covered as Medically Necessary for Emergency or urgent transfers.
- Diagnostic Services Limitations: NONE.
- Outpatient Physical, Speech and Occupational Therapy Maximum: Covered up to 50 visits per Participant for all therapies combined per calendar year. This limit combines therapy in all settings (for example, home care, etc.). Additional Medically Necessary visits may be available when Prior Authorized by the Health Plan, up to a maximum of 50 additional visits per therapy per

Schedule of Medical Benefits: Local Participants 2014

Participant per calendar year.

- Cochlear Implants: Device, surgery for implantation of the device, follow-up sessions to train on use of the device when Medically Necessary and Prior Authorized by the Health Plan and hospital charges. The Participant's out-of-pocket costs are not applied to the annual out-of-pocket limit. As required by Wis. Stat. §632.895 (16), cochlear implants and related services for Participants under 18 years of age are payable as described in the preceding grid.
- Hearing Aids: One hearing aid per ear no more than once every three years payable as described in the preceding grid, up to a maximum payment of \$1,000 per hearing aid. The Participant's out-of-pocket costs are not applied to the annual out-of-pocket limit. As required by Wis. Stat. §632.895 (16), hearing aids for Participants under 18 years of age are payable as described in the preceding grid and the \$1,000 limit does not apply.
- Home Care Benefits Maximum: 50 visits per Participant per calendar year. 50 additional Medically Necessary visits per Participant per calendar year may be available when authorized by the Health Plan.
- Hospice Care Benefits: Covered when the Participant's life expectancy is six months or less, as authorized by the Health Plan.
- Transplants: Limited to transplants listed in Benefits and Services section.
- Licensed Skilled Nursing Home Maximum: 120 days per Benefit Period payable for Skilled Care.
- Mental Health/Alcohol/Drug Abuse Services: Annual dollar and day limit maximums for mental health/alcohol/drug abuse services are suspended as required by the Federal Mental Health Parity Act.
- Vision Services: One routine exam per Participant per calendar year. Non-routine eye exams are covered as Medically Necessary. (Contact lens fittings are not part of the routine exam and are not covered.)
- Oral Surgery: Limited to procedures listed in Benefits and Services section.

Schedule of Medical Benefits: Local Participants 2014

- Temporomandibular Disorders: The maximum benefit for diagnostic procedures and non-surgical treatment is \$1,250 per Participant per calendar year. Intraoral splints are subject to the Durable Medical Equipment Coinsurance (that is, payable at 80%) and apply to the non-surgical treatment maximum benefit.
- Dental Implants: Following accident or injury, up to a maximum payment of \$1,000 per tooth.
- Dental Services: No coverage provided under Uniform Benefits except as specifically listed in Benefits and Services section. However, each Health Plan may choose to provide a dental plan to all of its members.

The benefits that are administered by the Pharmacy Benefit Manager (PBM) are subject to the following:

- Prescription Drugs and Insulin: (Except Specialty Medications)

Copayments:

Level 1 Copayment for Formulary Prescription Drugs: \$ 5.00

The Level 1 Copayment applies to Formulary Generic Drugs and certain lower-cost Formulary Brand Name Drugs. Level 1 Copayments accumulate toward the Level 1/Level 2 annual Out-of-Pocket Limit (OOPL) until the Level 1/Level 2 OOPL is met after which, You pay no more out-of-pocket expenses for Level 1 Formulary Drugs for that benefit year.

Level 2 Copayment for Formulary Prescription Drugs: \$15.00

The Level 2 Copayment applies to Formulary Brand Name Drugs, and certain higher-cost Formulary Generic Drugs. Level 2 Copayments accumulate toward the Level 1/Level 2 annual OOPL until the Level 1/Level 2 OOPL is met after which You pay no more out-of-pocket expenses for Level 2 Formulary Drugs for that benefit year.

Level 3 Copayment for Covered Non-Formulary Prescription Drugs: \$35.00

The Level 3 copayment applies to certain high-cost, non-Formulary Prescription Drugs for which alternative and/or equivalent Formulary drugs are available and covered. Level 3 Copayments do not accumulate toward an annual OOPL. You must continue to pay Level 3 copayments even after other annual OOPLs have been met.

Schedule of Medical Benefits: Local Participants 2014

Level 1/Level 2 Annual OOPL (The amount You pay for Your Level 1 and Level 2 prescription drugs and insulin):

- \$410 per individual or \$820 per family for all Participants, except:
- \$1,000 per individual or \$2,000 per family for state and Wisconsin Public Employer Participants enrolled in the Standard Plan.

Specialty Medications

NOTE: The specialty prescription drug pharmacy with which the PBM is contracted shall be considered the preferred Participating Pharmacy for Specialty Medications.

Copayments:

Level 4 Copayment for Formulary and Covered, Non-Formulary Specialty Medications \$50.00

Formulary Specialty Medications: the Level 4 Copayment applies when medications are obtained from a Participating Pharmacy other than the preferred Participating Pharmacy. Level 4 copayments for Formulary Specialty Medications accumulate toward the Level 4 annual OOPL until the Level 4 annual OOPL is met after which You pay no more out-of-pocket expenses for Formulary Specialty Medications for that benefit year.

Non-Formulary Specialty Medications: the Level 4 Copayment applies whether medications are obtained at the preferred Participating Pharmacy or another Participating Pharmacy. Level 4 copayments for non-Formulary Specialty medications do not accumulate toward any annual OOPL. You must continue to pay copayments for Level 4 Non-Formulary Specialty Medications even after other annual OOPLs have been met.

Reduced Level 4 Copayment for Formulary Specialty Medications obtained from the preferred Participating Pharmacy: \$15.00

The reduced Level 4 Formulary Specialty Medications copayment applies when Formulary Specialty Medications are obtained from the preferred Participating Pharmacy. Reduced Level 4 Copayments accumulate toward the Level 4 annual OOPL until the Level 4 OOPL is met after which You pay no more out-of-pocket expenses for Formulary Specialty Medications for

Schedule of Medical Benefits: Local Participants 2014

that benefit year. This reduced Copayment does **not** apply to non-Formulary Specialty Medications.

Level 4 Annual Out-of-Pocket Limit (OOPL) (The amount You pay for Your Level 4 Specialty Medications)

\$1,000 per individual or \$2,000 per family for all participants.

- Certain grandfathered erectile dysfunction medication as defined by the PBM (Viagra and Caverject Injection): the \$50 Level 4 Copayment applies to these prescription medications. However, the copayments do **not** accumulate toward any OOPL. You must continue to pay Level 4 copayments for these drugs even after other annual OOPLs have been met.
- Disposable Diabetic Supplies and Glucometers Coinsurance: Payable at 80%, which will be applied to the prescription drug Level 1/Level 2 annual OOPL.
- Smoking Cessation: One consecutive three-month course of pharmacotherapy covered per calendar year. Prior authorization is required if the first quit attempt is extended by the prescriber.

II. DEFINITIONS

The terms below have special meanings in this plan. Defined terms are capitalized when used in the text of this plan.

- **BED AND BOARD:** Means all Usual and Customary Hospital charges for: (a) Room and meals; and (b) all general care needed by registered bed patients.
- **BENEFIT PERIOD:** Means the total duration of Confinements that are separated from each other by less than 60 days.
- **BRAND NAME DRUGS:** Are defined by MediSpan (or similar organization). MediSpan is a national organization that determines brand and Generic Drug classifications.
- **COMORBIDITY:** Means accompanying but unrelated pathologic or disease process; usually used in epidemiology to indicate the coexistence of two or more disease processes.
- **CONFINEMENT/CONFINED:** Means (a) the period of time between admission as an inpatient or outpatient to a Hospital, AODA residential center, Skilled Nursing Facility or licensed ambulatory surgical center on the advice of Your physician; and discharge therefrom, or (b) the time spent receiving Emergency Care for Illness or Injury in a Hospital. Hospital swing bed Confinement is considered the same as Confinement in a Skilled Nursing Facility. If the Participant is transferred or discharged to another facility for continued treatment of the same or related condition, it is one Confinement. Charges for Hospital or other institutional Confinements are incurred on the date of admission. The benefit levels that apply on the Hospital admission date apply to the charges for the covered expenses incurred for the entire Confinement regardless of changes in benefit levels during the Confinement.
- **CONGENITAL:** Means a condition which exists at birth.
- **COINSURANCE:** A specified percentage of the charges that the Participant or family must pay each time those covered services are provided, subject to any limits specified in the Schedule of Benefits.
- **COPAYMENT:** A specified dollar amount that the Participant or family must pay each time those covered services are provided, subject to any limits specified in the Schedule of Benefits.
- **CUSTODIAL CARE:** Provision of room and board, nursing care, personal care or other care designed to assist an individual who, in the opinion of a Plan Provider, has reached the maximum level of recovery. Custodial Care is provided to Participants who need a protected, monitored and/or controlled environment or who need help to support the essentials of daily living. It shall not be considered Custodial Care if the Participant is under active medical, surgical or psychiatric treatment to reduce the disability to the extent necessary for the Participant to function outside of a protected, monitored and/or controlled environment or if it can reasonably be expected, in the opinion of the Plan Provider, that the medical or surgical treatment will enable that person to live outside an

institution. Custodial Care also includes rest cures, respite care, and home care provided by family members.

- **DEPARTMENT:** Means Department of Employee Trust Funds.
- **DEPENDENT:** Means, as provided herein, the Subscriber's:
 - Spouse.
 - Domestic Partner, if elected.
 - Child.
 - Legal ward who becomes a legal ward of the Subscriber, Subscriber's spouse or insured Domestic Partner prior to age 19, but not a temporary ward.
 - Adopted child when placed in the custody of the parent as provided by Wis. Stat. § 632.896.
 - Stepchild.
 - Child of the Domestic Partner insured on the policy.
 - Grandchild if the parent is a Dependent child.
- 1. A grandchild ceases to be a Dependent at the end of the month in which the Dependent child (parent) turns age 18.
- 2. A spouse and a stepchild cease to be Dependents at the end of the month in which a marriage is terminated by divorce or annulment. A Domestic Partner and his or her children cease to be Dependents at the end of the month in which the domestic partnership is no longer in effect.
- 3. All other children cease to be Dependents at the end of the month in which they turn 26 years of age, except that:
 - a. An unmarried dependent child who is incapable of self-support because of a physical or mental disability that can be expected to be of long-continued or indefinite duration of at least one year is an eligible Dependent, regardless of age, as long as the child remains so disabled and he or she is dependent on the Subscriber (or the other parent) for at least 50% of the child's support and maintenance as demonstrated by the support test for federal income tax purposes, whether or not the child is claimed. The Health Plan will monitor eligibility annually, notifying the employer and Department when terminating coverage prospectively upon determining the Dependent is no longer so disabled and/or meets the support requirement. The Health Plan will assist the Department in making a final determination if the Subscriber disagrees with the Health Plan determination.
 - b. After attaining age 26, as required by Wis.Stat. § 632.885, a Dependent includes a child that is a full-time student, regardless of age, who was called to federal active duty when the child was under the age of 27 years and while the child was attending, on a full-time basis, an institution of higher education.
- 4. A child born outside of marriage becomes a Dependent of the father on the date of the court order declaring paternity or on the date the acknowledgment of paternity is filed with the Department of Health Services (or equivalent if the birth

Definitions: Local Participants 2014

was outside of Wisconsin) or the date of birth with a birth certificate listing the father's name. The Effective Date of coverage will be the date of birth if a statement or court order of paternity is filed within 60 days of the birth.

5. A child who is considered a Dependent ceases to be a Dependent on the date the child becomes insured as an Eligible Employee.
 6. Any Dependent eligible for benefits who is not listed on an application for coverage will be provided benefits based on the date of notification with coverage effective the first of the month following receipt of the subsequent application by the employer, except as required under Wis. Stat. § 632.895 (5) and 632.896 and as specified in Article 3.3 (11).
- **DOMESTIC PARTNER:** Means an individual that certifies in an affidavit along with his or her partner that they are in a domestic partnership as provided under Wis. Stat. § 40.02 (21d), which is a relationship between two individuals that meets all of the following conditions:
 - Each individual is at least 18 years old and otherwise competent to enter into a contract.
 - Neither individual is married to, or in a domestic partnership with, another individual.
 - The two individuals are not related by blood in any way that would prohibit marriage under Wisconsin law.
 - The two individuals consider themselves to be members of each other's immediate family.
 - The two individuals agree to be responsible for each other's basic living expenses.
 - The two individuals share a common residence. Two individuals may share a common residence even if any of the following applies:
 - Only one of the individuals has legal ownership of the residence.
 - One or both of the individuals have one or more additional residences not shared with the other individual.
 - One of the individuals leaves the common residence with the intent to return.
 - **EFFECTIVE DATE:** The date, as certified by the Department and shown on the records of the Health Plan and/or PBM, on which the Participant becomes enrolled and entitled to the benefits specified in the contract.
 - **ELIGIBLE EMPLOYEE:** As defined under Wis. Stat. § 40.02 (25) or 40.02 (46) or Wis. Stat. § 40.19 (4) (a), of an employer as defined under Wis. Stat. § 40.02 (28). Employers, other than the State, must also have acted under Wis. Stat. § 40.51 (7), to make health care coverage available to its employees.
 - **EMERGENCY:** Means a medical condition that manifests itself by acute symptoms of sufficient severity, including severe pain, to lead a prudent layperson who possesses an average knowledge of health and medicine to reasonably conclude that a lack of medical attention will likely result in any of the following:
 1. Serious jeopardy to the Participant's health. With respect to a pregnant

woman, it includes serious jeopardy to the unborn child.

2. Serious impairment to the Participant's bodily functions.
3. Serious dysfunction of one or more of the Participant's body organs or parts.

Examples of Emergencies are listed in section III., A., 1., e. Emergency services from a Non-Plan Provider may be subject to Usual and Customary Charges. However, the Health Plan must hold the member harmless from any effort(s) by third parties to collect from the member the amount above the Usual and Customary Charges for medical/hospital services.

- **EXPENSE INCURRED:** Means an expense at or after the time the service or supply is actually provided - not before.
- **EXPERIMENTAL:** The use of any service, treatment, procedure, facility, equipment, drug, device or supply for a Participant's Illness or Injury that, as determined by the Health Plan and/or PBM: (a) requires the approval by the appropriate federal or other governmental agency that has not been granted at the time it is used; or (b) isn't yet recognized as acceptable medical practice to treat that Illness or Injury for a Participant's Illness or Injury. The criteria that the Health Plan and/or PBM uses for determining whether or not a service, treatment, procedure, facility, equipment, drug, device or supply is considered to be Experimental or investigative include, but are not limited to: (a) whether the service, treatment, procedure, facility, equipment, drug, device or supply is commonly performed or used on a widespread

geographic basis; (b) whether the service, treatment, procedure, facility, equipment, drug, device or supply is generally accepted to treat that Illness or Injury by the medical profession in the United States; (c) the failure rate and side effects of the service, treatment, procedure, facility, equipment, drug, device or supply; (d) whether other, more conventional methods of treating the Illness or Injury have been exhausted by the Participant; (e) whether the service, treatment, procedure, facility, equipment, drug, device or supply is medically indicated; (f) whether the service, treatment, procedure, facility, equipment, drug, device or supply is recognized for reimbursement by Medicare, Medicaid and other insurers and self-funded plans.

- **FORMULARY:** A list of prescription drugs, established by a committee of physicians and pharmacists, which are determined to be medically- and cost-effective. The PBM may require Prior Authorization for certain Formulary and non-Formulary drugs before coverage applies.
- **GENERIC DRUGS:** Are defined by MediSpan (or similar organization). MediSpan is a national organization that determines brand and generic classifications.
- **GENERIC EQUIVALENT:** Means a prescription drug that contains the same active ingredients, same dosage form, and strength as its Brand Name Drug counterpart.
- **GRIEVANCE:** Means a written complaint filed with the Health Plan and/or PBM concerning some aspect of the Health Plan and/or PBM. Some examples would be a rejection of a

Definitions: Local Participants 2014

claim, denial of a formal Referral, etc.

- **HABILITATION SERVICES:** Means excluded health care services that help a person keep, learn or improve skills and functioning for daily living. Examples include therapy for a child who isn't walking or talking at the expected age. These services may include physical and occupational therapy, speech-language pathology and other services for people with disabilities in a variety of inpatient and/or outpatient settings.
- **HEALTH PLAN:** The Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) or Preferred Provider Plan (PPP) providing health insurance benefits under the Group Insurance Board's program and which is selected by the Subscriber to provide the uniform benefits during the calendar year.
- **HOSPICE CARE:** Means services provided to a Participant whose life expectancy is six months or less. The care is available on an intermittent basis with on-call services available on a 24-hour basis. It includes services provided in order to ease pain and make the Participant as comfortable as possible. Hospice Care must be provided through a licensed Hospice Care Provider approved by the Health Plan.
- **HOSPITAL:** Means an institution that:
 1. (a) Is licensed and run according to Wisconsin laws, or other applicable jurisdictions, that apply to Hospitals; (b) maintains at its location all the facilities needed to provide diagnosis of, and medical and surgical care for, Injury and Illness; (c) provides this care for fees; (d) provides such care on an inpatient basis; (e) provides continuous 24-hour nursing services by registered graduate nurses; or
 2. (a) Qualifies as a psychiatric or tuberculosis Hospital; (b) is a Medicare Provider; and (c) is accredited as a Hospital by the Joint Commission of Accreditation of Hospitals.The term Hospital does not mean an institution that is chiefly: (a) a place for treatment of chemical dependency; (b) a nursing home; or (c) a federal Hospital.
- **HOSPITAL CONFINEMENT or CONFINED IN A HOSPITAL:** Means (a) being registered as a bed patient in a Hospital on the advice of a Plan Provider; or (b) receiving Emergency care for Illness or Injury in a Hospital. Hospital swing bed Confinement is considered the same as Confinement in a Skilled Nursing Facility.
- **ILLNESS:** Means a bodily disorder, bodily Injury, disease, mental disorder, or pregnancy. It includes Illnesses which exist at the same time, or which occur one after the other but are due to the same or related causes.
- **IMMEDIATE FAMILY:** Means the Dependents, parents, brothers and sisters of the Participant and their spouses or Domestic Partners.
- **INJURY:** Means bodily damage that results directly and independently of all other causes from an accident.
- **LEVEL "M" DRUG:** Means a prescription medication designated by the PBM and covered by Medicare Parts B and D when the MEDICARE PRESCRIPTION DRUG PLAN is the primary payer. LEVEL M DRUGS are required to be listed on the

MEDICARE PRESCRIPTION DRUG PLAN's Medicare Part D formulary but are not included on the commercial coverage formulary. Claims associated with LEVEL M DRUGS, along with the costs to administer the injection, are adjudicated by the PBM, not the HEALTH PLAN.

- **MAINTENANCE CARE:** Means ongoing care delivered after an acute episode of an Illness or Injury has passed. It begins when a patient's recovery has reached a plateau or improvement in his/her condition has slowed or ceased entirely and only minimal rehabilitative gains can be demonstrated. The determination of what constitutes "Maintenance Care" is made by the Health Plan after reviewing an individual's case history or treatment plan submitted by a Provider.
- **MEDICAL SUPPLIES AND DURABLE MEDICAL EQUIPMENT:**
Means items which are, as determined by the Health Plan:
 1. Used primarily to treat an illness or injury; and
 2. Generally not useful to a person in the absence of an illness or injury; and
 3. The most appropriate item that can be safely provided to a Participant and accomplish the desired end result in the most economical manner; and
 4. Prescribed by a Provider.
- **MEDICALLY NECESSARY:** A service, treatment, procedure, equipment, drug, device or supply provided by a Hospital, physician or other health care Provider that is required to identify or treat a Participant's Illness or Injury and which is, as determined by the Health Plan and/or PBM:
 1. consistent with the symptom(s) or diagnosis and treatment of the Participant's Illness or Injury; and
 2. appropriate under the standards of acceptable medical practice to treat that Illness or Injury; and
 3. not solely for the convenience of the Participant, physician, Hospital or other health care Provider; and
 4. the most appropriate service, treatment, procedure, equipment, drug, device or supply which can be safely provided to the Participant and accomplishes the desired end result in the most economical manner.
- **MEDICARE:** Title XVIII (Health Insurance Act for the Aged) of the United States Social Security Act, as added by the Social Security Amendments of 1965 as now or hereafter amended.
- **MEDICARE PRESCRIPTION DRUG PLAN:** means the prescription drug coverage provided by the PBM to COVERED INDIVIDUALS who are enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B, and eligible for Medicare Part D; and who are covered under a Medicare coordinated contract in the State of Wisconsin or Wisconsin Public Employers group health insurance programs.
- **MEDICAID:** Means a program instituted as required by Title XIX (Grants to States for Medical Assistance Program) of the United States Social Security Act, as added by the Social Security Amendments of 1965 as now or hereafter amended.
- **MISCELLANEOUS HOSPITAL EXPENSE:** Means Usual and Customary Hospital ancillary charges, other than Bed

Definitions: Local Participants 2014

and Board, made on account of the care necessary for an illness or other condition requiring inpatient or outpatient hospitalization for which Plan Benefits are available under this Health Plan.

- **NATURAL TOOTH:** Means a tooth that would not have required restoration in the absence of a Participant's trauma or Injury, or a tooth with restoration limited to composite or amalgam filling, but not a tooth with crowns or root canal therapy.
- **NON-PARTICIPATING PHARMACY:** Means a pharmacy who does not have a signed agreement and is not listed on the most current listing of the PBM's provider directory of Participating Pharmacies.
- **NON-PLAN PROVIDER:** Means a Provider who does not have a signed participating Provider agreement and is not listed on the most current edition of the Health Plan's professional directory of Plan Providers. Care from a Non-Plan Provider requires prior-authorization from the Health Plan unless it is an Emergency or Urgent Care.
- **NUTRITIONAL COUNSELING:** This counseling consists of the following services:
 1. Consult evaluation and management or preventive medicine service codes for medical nutrition therapy assessment and/or intervention performed by physician
 2. Re-assessment and intervention (individual and group)
 3. Diabetes outpatient self-management training services (individual and group sessions)
 4. Dietitian visit
- **OUT-OF-AREA SERVICE:** Means any services provided to Participants outside the Plan Service Area.
- **PARTICIPANT:** The Subscriber or any of his/her Dependents who have been specified for enrollment and are entitled to benefits.
- **PARTICIPATING PHARMACY:** A pharmacy who has agreed in writing to provide the services that are administered by the PBM and covered under the policy to Participants. The pharmacy's written participation agreement must be in force at the time such services, or other items covered under the policy are provided to a Participant. The PBM agrees to give You lists of Participating Pharmacies.
- **PBM:** The Pharmacy Benefit Manager (PBM) is a third party administrator that is contracted with the Group Insurance Board to administer the prescription drug benefits under this health insurance program. It is primarily responsible for processing and paying prescription drug claims, developing and maintaining the Formulary, contracting with pharmacies, and negotiating discounts and rebates with drug manufacturers.
- **PLAN BENEFITS:** Comprehensive prepaid health care services and benefits provided by the Health Plan to Participants in accordance with its contract with the Group Insurance Board. In addition, prescription drugs covered by the PBM under the terms and conditions as outlined in Uniform Benefits are Plan Benefits.
- **PLAN DEPENDENT:** Means a Dependent who becomes a Participant of the Health Plan and/or PBM.

- **PLAN PROVIDER:** A Provider who has agreed in writing by executing a participation agreement to provide, prescribe or direct health care services, supplies or other items covered under the policy to Participants. The Provider's written participation agreement must be in force at the time such services, supplies or other items covered under the policy are provided to a Participant. The Health Plan agrees to give You lists of affiliated Providers. Some Providers require Prior Authorization by the Health Plan in advance of the services being provided.
- **PLAN SERVICE AREA:** Specific zip codes in those counties in which the affiliated physicians are approved by the Health Plan to provide professional services to Participants covered by the Health Plan.
- **POSTOPERATIVE CARE:** Means the medical observation and care of a Participant necessary for recovery from a covered surgical procedure.
- **PREOPERATIVE CARE:** Means the medical evaluation of a Participant prior to a covered surgical procedure. It is the immediate preoperative visit in the Hospital, or elsewhere, necessary for the physical examination of the Participant, the review of the Participant's medical history and assessment of the laboratory, x-ray and other diagnostic studies. It does not include other procedures done prior to the covered surgical procedure.
- **PRIMARY CARE PROVIDER:** Means a Plan Provider who is a physician named as a Participant's primary health care contact. He/She provides entry into the Health Plan's health care system. He/She also (a) evaluates the Participant's total health needs; and (b) provides personal medical care in one or more medical fields. When medically needed, he/she then preserves continuity of care. He/She is also in charge of coordinating other Provider health services and refers the Participant to other Providers.

You should name Your Primary Care Provider or clinic on Your enrollment application or in a later written notice of change. Each family member may have a different primary physician.
- **PRIOR AUTHORIZATION:** Means obtaining approval from Your Health Plan before obtaining the services. Unless otherwise indicated by Your Health Plan, Prior Authorization is required for care from any Non-Plan Providers unless it is an Emergency or Urgent Care. The Prior Authorization must be in writing. Prior Authorizations are at the discretion of the Health Plan and are described in the Health Plan Descriptions section, of the *"It's Your Choice Decision Guide."* Some prescriptions may also require Prior Authorization, which must be obtained from the PBM and are at its discretion.
- **PROVIDER:** Means (a) a doctor, Hospital, and clinic; and (b) any other person or entity licensed by the State of Wisconsin, or other applicable jurisdiction, to provide one or more Plan Benefits.
- **REFERRAL:** When a Participant's Primary Care Provider sends him/her to another Provider for covered services. In many cases, the Referral must be

Definitions: Local Participants 2014

in writing and on the Health Plan Prior Authorization form and approved by the Health Plan in advance of a Participant's treatment or service. Referral requirements are determined by each Health Plan and are described in the Health Plan Descriptions section, of the *"It's Your Choice Decision Guide."* The authorization from the Health Plan will state: a) the type or extent of treatment authorized; and b) the number of Prior Authorized visits and the period of time during which the authorization is valid. In most cases, it is the Participant's responsibility to ensure a Referral, when required, is approved by the Health Plan before services are rendered.

- **REHABILITATION SERVICES:** Means health care services that help a person keep, get back or improve skills and functioning for daily living that have been lost or impaired because a person was sick, hurt, or disabled. These services may include physical and occupational therapy, speech-language pathology and psychiatric rehabilitation services in a variety of inpatient and/or outpatient settings.
- **SCHEDULE OF BENEFITS:** The document that is issued to accompany this document which details specific benefits for covered services provided to Participants by the Health Plan You elected.
- **SELF-ADMINISTERED INJECTABLE:** Means an injectable that is administered subcutaneously and can be safely self-administered by the Participant and is obtained by prescription. This does not include those drugs delivered via IM (intramuscular), IV (intravenous) or IA (intra-arterial) injections or any drug administered through infusion.
- **SHARED DECISION MAKING (SDM):** Means a program offered by a Health Plan or health care provider that Participants must complete when considering whether to undergo certain medical or surgical interventions. SDM programs are designed to inform Participants about the range of options, outcomes, probabilities, and scientific uncertainties of available treatment options so that Participants can decide the best possible course of treatment. The Health Plan or health care provider will provide the Participant with written Patient Decisions Aids (PDAs) as part of the SDM program.
- **SKILLED CARE:** Means medical services rendered by registered or licensed practical nurses; physical, occupational, and speech therapists. Patients receiving Skilled Care are usually quite ill and often have been recently hospitalized. Examples are patients with complicated diabetes, recent stroke resulting in speech or ambulatory difficulties, fractures of the hip and patients requiring complicated wound care. In the majority of cases, "Skilled Care" is necessary for only a limited period of time. After that, most patients have recuperated enough to be cared for by "nonskilled" persons such as spouses, Domestic Partners, children or other family or relatives. Examples of care provided by "nonskilled" persons include: range of motion exercises; strengthening exercises; wound care; ostomy care; tube and gastrostomy feedings; administration of medications; and maintenance of urinary catheters. Daily care such as assistance with getting out of bed, bathing, dressing, eating, maintenance of bowel and bladder function, preparing special diets or assisting patients with taking

their medicines; or 24-hour supervision for potentially unsafe behavior, do not require "Skilled Care" and are considered Custodial.

- **SKILLED NURSING FACILITY:** Means an institution which is licensed by the State of Wisconsin, or other applicable jurisdiction, as a Skilled Nursing Facility.
- **SPECIALTY MEDICATIONS:** Means medications that require special storage and handling and, as a result, are more costly and usually not available from all Participating Pharmacies.
- **STATE:** Means the State of Wisconsin as the policyholder.
- **SUBSCRIBER:** An Eligible Employee who is enrolled for (a) single coverage; or (b) family coverage and whose Dependents are thus eligible for benefits.
- **URGENT CARE:** Means care for an accident or illness which is needed sooner than a routine doctor's visit. If the accident or injury occurs when the Participant is out of the Plan Service Area, this does not include follow-up care unless such care is necessary to prevent his/her health from getting seriously worse before he/she can reach his/her Primary Care Provider. It also does not include care that can be safely postponed until the Participant returns to the Plan Service Area to receive such care from a Plan Provider. Urgent services from a Non-Plan Provider may be subject to Usual and Customary Charges. However, the Health Plan must hold the member harmless from any effort(s) by third parties to collect from the member the amount above

the Usual and Customary Charges for medical/hospital services.

- **USUAL AND CUSTOMARY CHARGE:** An amount for a treatment, service or supply provided by a Non-Plan Provider that is reasonable, as determined by the Health Plan, when taking into consideration, among other factors determined by the Health Plan, amounts charged by health care Providers for similar treatment, services and supplies when provided in the same general area under similar or comparable circumstances and amounts accepted by the health care Provider as full payment for similar treatment, services and supplies. In some cases the amount the Health Plan determines as reasonable may be less than the amount billed. In these situations the Participant is held harmless for the difference between the billed and paid charge(s), other than the Copayments or Coinsurance specified on the Schedule of Benefits, unless he/she accepted financial responsibility, in writing, for specific treatment or services (that is, diagnosis and/or procedure code(s) and related charges) prior to receiving services. Health Plan approved Referrals to Non-Plan Providers are not subject to Usual and Customary Charges. However, Emergency or urgent services from a Non-Plan Provider may be subject to Usual and Customary Charges. However, the Health Plan must hold the member harmless from any effort(s) by third parties to collect from the member the amount above the Usual and Customary Charges for medical/hospital services.
- **YOU/YOUR:** The Subscriber and his or her covered Dependents.

III. MEDICAL BENEFITS AND SERVICES

The benefits and services which the Health Plan and PBM agrees to provide to Participants, or make arrangements for, are those set forth below. These services and benefits are available only if, and to the extent that, they are provided, prescribed or directed by the Participant's Primary Care Provider (except in the case of plan chiropractic services, Emergency or Urgent Care), and are received after the Participant's Effective Date.

Hospital services must be provided by a plan Hospital. In the case of non-Emergency care, the Health Plan reserves the right to determine in a reasonable manner the Provider to be used. In cases of Emergency or Urgent Care services, Plan Providers and Hospitals must be used whenever possible and reasonable (See items A., 1. and 2. below).

The Health Plan reserves the right to modify the list of Plan Providers at any time, but will honor the selection of any Provider listed in the current provider directory for the duration of that calendar year unless that Provider left the Health Plan due to normal attrition (limited to, retirement, death or a move from the Plan Service Area or as a result of a formal disciplinary action for quality of care).

Except as specifically stated for Emergency and Urgent Care, You must receive the Health Plan's written Prior Authorization for covered services from a Non-Plan Provider or You will be financially responsible for the services.

The Health Plan may also require Prior Authorization for other services or they will not be covered.

Subject to the terms and conditions

outlined in this plan and the attached Schedule of Benefits, a Participant, in consideration of the employer's payment of the applicable Health Plan and PBM premium, shall be entitled to the benefits and services described below.

Benefits are subject to: (a) Any Copayment, Coinsurance and other limitations shown in the Schedule of Benefits; and (b) all other terms and conditions outlined in this plan. All services must be Medically Necessary, as determined by the Health Plan and/or PBM.

A. MEDICAL/SURGICAL SERVICES

1. Emergency Care

- a. Medical care for an Emergency, as defined in section II. Refer to the Schedule of Benefits for information on the emergency room Copayment.
- b. You should use Plan Hospital emergency rooms whenever possible. If You are not able to reach Your Plan Provider, go to the nearest appropriate medical facility. If You must go to a Non-Plan Provider for care, call the Health Plan by the next business day or as soon as possible and tell the Health Plan where You received Emergency care. Non-urgent follow-up care must be received from a Plan Provider unless it is Prior Authorized by the Health Plan or it will not be covered. Prior Authorizations for the follow-up care are at the sole discretion of the Health Plan. In addition to cost sharing described in the Schedule of Benefits, Emergency care from Non-Plan

Medical Benefits and Services: Local Participants 2014

Providers may be subject to Usual and Customary Charges.

- c. It is the Member's (or another individual on behalf of the member) responsibility to notify the Health Plan of Emergency or Urgent Out-of-Area Hospital admissions or facility Confinements by the next business day after admission or as soon as reasonably possible. Out-of-Area Service means medical care received outside the defined Plan Service Area.
- d. Emergency services include reasonable accommodations for repair of Durable Medical Equipment as Medically Necessary.
- e. Some examples of Emergencies are:
 - o Acute allergic reactions
 - o Acute asthmatic attacks
 - o Convulsions
 - o Epileptic seizures
 - o Acute hemorrhage
 - o Acute appendicitis
 - o Coma
 - o Heart attack
 - o Attempted suicide
 - o Suffocation
 - o Stroke
 - o Drug overdoses
 - o Loss of consciousness
 - o Any condition for which You are admitted to the Hospital as an inpatient from the emergency room

2. Urgent Care

- a. Medical care received in an Urgent

Care situation as defined in section II. URGENT CARE IS NOT EMERGENCY CARE. It does not include care that can be safely postponed until the Participant returns to the Plan Service Area to receive such care from a Plan Provider.

- b. You must receive Urgent Care from a Plan Provider if You are in the Plan Service Area, unless it is not reasonably possible. If You are out of the Plan Service Area, go to the nearest appropriate medical facility unless You can safely return to the Plan Service Area to receive care from a Plan Provider. If You must go to a Non-Plan Provider for care, call the Health Plan by the next business day or as soon as possible and tell the Health Plan where You received Urgent Care. Urgent Care from Non-Plan Providers may be subject to Usual and Customary Charges. Non-urgent follow-up care must be received from a Plan Provider unless it is Prior Authorized by the Health Plan or it will not be covered. Prior Authorizations for the follow-up care are at the sole discretion of the Health Plan.
- c. Some examples of Urgent Care cases are:
 - o Most Broken Bones
 - o Minor Cuts
 - o Sprains
 - o Most Drug Reactions
 - o Non-Severe Bleeding
 - o Minor Burns

3. Surgical Services

Surgical procedures, wherever performed, when needed to care for

an Illness or Injury. These include: (a) Preoperative and Postoperative Care; and (b) needed services of assistants and consultants. This does not include oral surgery procedures, which are covered as described under 16. of this section.

Prior Authorization is required for referrals to Orthopedists and Neurosurgeons associated directly or indirectly with the health plan for any participant who has not completed an optimal regimen of conservative care for Low Back Pain (LBP). Prior Authorization is not required for a Participant who presents clinical diagnoses that require immediate or expedited orthopedic, neurosurgical or other specialty referral.

Participants seeking surgical treatment of LBP must participate in a credible Shared Decision Making (SDM) program provided by the Health Plan or its contracted providers consistent with the Prior Authorization requirement.

4. Reproductive Services and Contraceptives

The following services do not require a Referral to a Plan Provider who specializes in obstetrics and gynecology, however, the Health Plan may require that the Participant obtain Prior Authorization for some services or they may not be covered.

- a. Maternity Services for prenatal and postnatal care, including services such as normal deliveries, ectopic pregnancies, cesarean sections, therapeutic abortions, and miscarriages. Maternity benefits are also available for

a Dependent daughter who is covered under this plan as a Participant. However, this does not extend coverage to the newborn if the Dependent daughter is age 18 or older at the time of the birth. In accordance with the federal Newborns' and Mother' Health Protection Act, the inpatient stay will be covered for 48 hours following a normal delivery and 96 hours following a cesarean delivery, unless a longer inpatient stay is Medically Necessary. A shorter hospitalization related to maternity and newborn care may be provided if the shorter stay is deemed appropriate by the attending physician in consultation with the mother.

- b. Elective sterilization.
- c. Contraceptives as required by Wis. Stat. § 632.895 (17), including, but not limited to:
 - o Oral contraceptives, or cost effective Formulary equivalents as determined by the PBM, and diaphragms, as described under the Prescription Drug benefit.
 - o IUDs and diaphragms, as described under the Durable Medical Equipment provision.
 - o Medroxyprogesterone acetate injections for contraceptive purposes (for example, Depo Provera).

If the Participant is in her second or third trimester of pregnancy when the Provider's participation in the Health Plan terminates, the Participant will continue to have access to the Provider until completion of

postpartum care for the woman and infant. A Prior Authorization is not required for the delivery, but the Health Plan may request that it be notified of the inpatient stay prior to the delivery or shortly thereafter.

5. Medical Services

Medically Necessary professional services and office visits provided to inpatients, outpatients, and to those receiving home care services by an approved Provider.

- a. Routine physical examinations consistent with accepted preventive care guidelines and immunizations as medically appropriate.
- b. Well-baby care, including lead screening as required by Wis. Stat. § 632.895 (10), and childhood immunizations.
- c. Routine patient care administered in a cancer clinical trial as required by Wis. Stat. § 632.87 (6).
- d. Colorectal cancer examinations and laboratory tests as required by Wis. Stat. § 632.895 (16m).
- e. Medically Necessary travel-related preventive treatment. Preventive travel-related care such as typhoid, diphtheria, tetanus, yellow fever and Hepatitis A vaccinations if determined to be medically appropriate for the Participant by the Health Plan. It does not apply to travel required for work. (See Exclusion A., 2., e.)
- f. Injectable and infusible medications, except for Self-Administered Injectable medications.

- g. Nutritional Counseling provided by a participating registered dietician or Plan Provider.
- h. A second opinion from a Plan Provider or when Prior Authorized by the Health Plan.
- i. Preventive services as required by the federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act.

6. Anesthesia Services

Covered when provided in connection with other medical and surgical services covered under this plan. It will also include anesthesia services for dental care as provided under item B., 1., c. of this section.

7. Radiation Therapy and Chemotherapy

Covered when accepted therapeutic methods, such as x-rays, radium, radioactive isotopes and chemotherapy drugs, are administered and billed by an approved Provider.

8. Detoxification Services

Covers Medically Necessary detoxification services provided by an approved Provider. Methadone Treatment shall be covered only when Medically Necessary and provided by an approved provider.

9. Ambulance Service

Covers licensed professional ambulance service (or comparable Emergency transportation if authorized by the Health Plan) when medically necessary to transport to the nearest Hospital where appropriate medical care is available when the conveyance is an Emergency or Urgent in nature and medical attention is required en

route. This includes licensed professional air ambulance when another mode of ambulance service would endanger Your health. Ambulance services include Medically Necessary transportation and all associated supplies and services provided therein. If the Participant is not in the Plan's Service Area, the Health Plan or Plan Provider should be contacted, if possible, before Emergency or Urgent transportation is obtained.

10. Diagnostic Services

Medically Necessary testing and evaluations, including, but not limited to, radiology and lab tests given with general physical examinations; vision and hearing tests to determine if correction is needed; annual routine mammography screening when ordered and performed by a Plan Provider, including nurse practitioners; and other covered services. Services of a nurse practitioner will be covered in connection with mammography screening, Papanicolaou tests and pelvic examinations.

Prior authorization is required for referrals to Orthopedists and Neurosurgeons associated directly or indirectly with the plan for members with a history of low back pain and who have not completed an optimal regimen of conservative care. Such prior authorizations are not required for Participants who present clinical diagnoses that require immediate or expedited orthopedic, neurosurgical or other specialty referral.

Prior authorizations are required for high-tech radiology tests, including MRI, CT scan, PET scans and Nuclear Stress tests.

11. Outpatient Rehabilitation Physical, Speech and Occupation Therapy

Medically Necessary Rehabilitation services and treatment as a result of Illness or Injury, provided by a Plan Provider. Therapists must be registered and must not live in the patient's home or be a family member. Limited to the benefit limit described in the Schedule of Benefits, although up to 50 additional visits per therapy per calendar year may be Prior Authorized by the Health Plan if the therapy continues to be Medically Necessary and is not otherwise excluded.

12. Home Care Benefits

Care and treatment of a Participant under a plan of care. The Plan Provider must establish this plan; approve it in writing; and review it at least every two months unless the physician determines that less frequent reviews are sufficient.

All home care must be Medically Necessary as part of the home care plan. Home care means one or more of the following:

- a. Home nursing care that is given part-time or from time to time. It must be given or supervised by a registered nurse.
- b. Home health aide services that are given part-time or from time to time and are skilled in nature. They must consist solely of caring for the patient. A registered nurse or medical social worker must supervise them.
- c. Physical, occupational and speech therapy. (These apply to the therapy maximum.)

- d. Medical Supplies, drugs and medicines prescribed by a Health Plan physician; and lab services by or for a Hospital. They are covered to the same extent as if the Participant was Confined in a Hospital.
- e. Nutritional Counseling. A registered dietician must give or supervise these services.
- f. The assessment of the need for a home care plan, and its development. A registered nurse, physician extender or medical social worker must do this. The attending physician must ask for or approve this service.

Home care will not be covered unless the attending physician certifies that:

- 1) Hospital Confinement or Confinement in a Skilled Nursing Facility would be needed if home care were not provided.
- 2) The Participant's Immediate Family, or others living with the Participant, cannot provide the needed care and treatment without undue hardship.
- 3) A state licensed or Medicare certified home health agency or certified rehabilitation agency will provide or coordinate the home care.

A Participant may have been Confined in a Hospital just before home care started. If so, the home care plan must be approved, at its start, by the physician who was the primary Provider of care during the Hospital Confinement.

Home care benefits are limited to the maximum number of visits specified in the Schedule of Benefits, although up to 50 additional home care visits per calendar year may be Prior Authorized by the Health Plan if the visits continue to be Medically Necessary and are not otherwise excluded. Each visit by a person providing services under a home care plan, evaluating Your needs or developing a plan counts as one visit. Each period of four straight hours in a 24 hour period of home health aide services counts as one home care visit.

13. Hospice Care

Covers Hospice Care if the Primary Care Provider certifies that the Participant's life expectancy is six months or less, the care is palliative in nature, and is authorized by the Health Plan. Hospice Care is provided by an inter-disciplinary team, consisting of but not limited to, registered nurses, home health or hospice aides, LPNs, and counselors. Hospice Care is available to a Participant who is Confined. Hospice Care includes, but is not limited to, Medical Supplies and services, counseling, bereavement counseling for one year after the Participant's death, Durable Medical Equipment rental, home visits, and Emergency transportation. Coverage may be continued beyond a six-month period if authorized by the Health Plan.

Covers a one-time in-home palliative consult after the Participant receives a terminal diagnosis regardless of whether his or her life expectancy is six months or less.

Inpatient charges are payable for up to a total lifetime maximum of 30 days of confinement in a Health

Plan-approved or Medicare-certified Hospice Care facility.

When benefits are payable under both this Hospice Care benefit and the Home Care benefit, benefits payable under this subsection shall not reduce any benefits payable under the home care subsection.

14. Phase II Cardiac Rehabilitation

Services must be approved by the Health Plan and provided in an outpatient department of a Hospital, in a medical center or clinic program. This benefit may be appropriate only for Participants with a recent history of: (a) a heart attack (myocardial infarction); (b) coronary bypass surgery; (c) onset of angina pectoris; (d) heart valve surgery; (e) onset of decubital angina; (f) onset of unstable angina; (g) percutaneous transluminal angioplasty; or (h) heart transplant. Benefits are not payable for behavioral or vocational counseling. No other benefits for outpatient cardiac rehabilitation services are available under this contract.

15. Extraction of Natural Teeth and/ or Replacement with Artificial Teeth Because of Accidental Injury

Total extraction and/or total replacement (limited to, bridge, denture or implant) of Natural Teeth by an approved Plan Provider when necessitated by an Injury. The treatment must commence within 18 months of the accident. As an alternative, crowns or caps for broken teeth, in lieu of extraction and replacement, may be considered if approved by the Health Plan before the service is performed. Coverage of one retainer or mouth guard shall be

provided when medically necessary as part of prep work provided prior to accidental injury tooth repair. Injuries caused by chewing or biting are not considered to be accidental Injuries for the purpose of this provision. Dental implants and associated supplies and services are limited to \$1,000 per tooth.

16. Oral Surgery

Participants should contact the Health Plan prior to any oral surgery to determine if Prior Authorization by the Health Plan is required. When performed by Plan Providers, approved surgical procedures are as follows:

- a. Surgical removal of impacted or infected teeth and surgical or non-surgical removal of third molars.
- b. Excision of tumors and cysts of the jaws, cheeks, lips, tongue, roof and floor of the mouth, when such conditions require a pathological examination.
- c. Frenotomy. (Incision of the membrane connecting tongue to floor of mouth.)
- d. Surgical procedures required to correct accidental Injuries to the jaws, cheeks, lips, tongue, roof and floor of the mouth, when such Injuries are incurred while the Participant is continuously covered under this contract or a preceding contract provided through the Board.
- e. Apicoectomy. (Excision of apex of tooth root.)
- f. Excision of exostoses of the jaws and hard palate.

- g. Intraoral and extraoral incision and drainage of cellulitis.
- h. Incision of accessory sinuses, salivary glands or ducts.
- i. Reduction of dislocations of, and excision of, the temporomandibular joints.
- j. Gingivectomy for the excision of loose gum tissue to eliminate infection; or osseous surgery and related Medically Necessary guided tissue regeneration and bone-graft replacement, when performed in place of a covered gingivectomy.
- k. Alveolectomy or alveoplasty (if performed for reasons other than preparation for dentures, dental implants, or other procedures not covered under Uniform Benefits) and associated osseous (removal of bony tissue) surgery.

Retrograde fillings are covered when Medically Necessary following covered oral surgery procedures.

Oral surgery benefits shall not include benefits for procedures not listed above; for example, root canal procedures, filling, capping or recapping.

17. Treatment of Temporomandibular Disorders

As required by Wis. Stat. § 632.895 (11), coverage is provided for diagnostic procedures and Prior Authorized Medically Necessary surgical or non-surgical treatment for the correction of temporomandibular disorders, if all of the following apply:

- a. A Congenital, developmental or acquired deformity, disease or injury caused the condition.
- b. The procedure or device is reasonable and appropriate for the diagnosis or treatment of the condition under the accepted standards of the profession of the health care Provider rendering the service.
- c. The purpose of the procedure or device is to control or eliminate infection, pain, disease or dysfunction.

This includes coverage of non-surgical treatment, but does not include coverage for cosmetic or elective orthodontic, periodontics or general dental care. Intraoral splints are covered under this provision but are subject to the Durable Medical Equipment Coinsurance as outlined in the Schedule of Benefits. Benefits for diagnostic procedures and non-surgical treatment, including intraoral splints, will be payable up to \$1,250 per calendar year.

18. Transplants

The following transplantations are covered, however, all services, including transplant work-ups, must be Prior Authorized by the Health Plan in order to be a covered transplant. Donor expenses are covered when included as part of the Participant's (as the transplant recipient) bill.

Limited to one transplant per organ (which applies to items b., e., f., and g. as listed below) per Participant per Health Plan during the lifetime of the policy, except as required for

Medical Benefits and Services: Local Participants 2014

treatment of kidney disease.

a. Autologous (self to self) and allogeneic (donor to self) bone marrow transplantations, including peripheral stem cell rescue, used only in the treatment of:

- o Aplastic anemia
- o Acute leukemia
- o Severe combined immunodeficiency, for example, adenosine deaminase deficiency and idiopathic deficiencies
- o Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome
- o Infantile malignant osteopetrosis (Albers-Schoenberg disease or marble bone disease)
- o Hodgkins and non-Hodgkins lymphoma
- o Combined immunodeficiency
- o Chronic myelogenous leukemia
- o Pediatric tumors based upon individual consideration
- o Neuroblastoma
- o Myelodysplastic syndrome
- o Homozygous Beta-Thalassemia
- o Mucopolysaccharidoses (e.g. Gaucher's disease, Metachromatic Leukodystrophy, Adrenoleukodystrophy)
- o Multiple Myeloma, Stage II or Stage III
- o Germ Cell Tumors (e.g. testicular, mediastinal, retroperitoneal or ovarian) refractory to standard dose chemotherapy with FDA approved platinum compound

b. Parathyroid transplantation.

c. Musculoskeletal transplantations intended to improve the function and appearance of any body area, which has been altered by disease, trauma, Congenital anomalies or previous therapeutic processes.

d. Corneal transplantation (keratoplasty) limited to:

- o Corneal opacity
- o Keratoconus or any abnormality resulting in an irregular refractive surface not correctable with a contact lens or in a Participant who cannot wear a contact lens;
- o Corneal ulcer
- o Repair of severe lacerations

e. Heart transplants will be limited to the treatment of:

- o Congestive Cardiomyopathy
- o End-Stage Ischemic Heart Disease
- o Hypertrophic Cardiomyopathy
- o Terminal Valvular Disease
- o Congenital Heart Disease, based upon individual consideration
- o Cardiac Tumors, based upon individual consideration
- o Myocarditis
- o Coronary Embolization
- o Post-traumatic Aneurysm

f. Liver transplants will be limited to the treatment of:

- o Extrahepatic Biliary Atresia
- o Inborn Error of Metabolism
Alpha -1- Antitrypsin Deficiency
Wilson's Disease
Glycogen Storage Disease
Tyrosinemia

- o Hemochromatosis
 - o Primary Biliary Cirrhosis
 - o Hepatic Vein Thrombosis
 - o Sclerosing Cholangitis
 - o Post-necrotic Cirrhosis, Hbe Ag Negative
 - o Chronic Active Hepatitis, Hbe Ag Negative
 - o Alcoholic Cirrhosis, abstinence for six or more months
 - o Epithelioid Hemangioepithelioma
 - o Poisoning
 - o Polycystic Disease
- g. Kidney/pancreas, heart/lung, and lung transplants as determined to be Medically Necessary by the Health Plan.
- h. In addition to the above-listed diagnoses for covered transplants, the Health Plan may Prior Authorize a transplant for a non-listed diagnosis if the Health Plan determines that the transplant is a Medically Necessary and a cost effective alternate treatment.
- i. Kidney Transplants. See item 19 below.

19. Kidney Disease Treatment

Coverage for inpatient and outpatient kidney disease treatment will be provided. This benefit is limited to all services and supplies directly related to kidney disease, including but not limited to, dialysis, transplantation (applies to transplant maximum-Transplants section A., 18), donor-related services, and related physician charges.

20. Chiropractic Services

When performed by a Plan Provider.

Benefits are not available for Maintenance Care.

21. Women's Health and Cancer Act of 1998

Under the Women's Health and Cancer Act of 1998, coverage for medical and surgical benefits with respect to mastectomies includes:

- o Reconstruction of the breast on which a mastectomy was performed;
- o Surgery and reconstruction of the other breast to produce a symmetrical appearance;
- o Prosthesis (See DME in Section C., 3.) and physical complications of all stages of mastectomy, including lymphedemas;
- o Breast implants.

22. Smoking Cessation

Coverage includes pharmacological products that by law require a written prescription and are described under the Prescription Drug benefits in section D., 1. Coverage also includes one office visit for counseling and to obtain the prescription and four telephonic counseling sessions per calendar year. Additional counseling and/or limited extension of pharmacological products require prior authorization by the Health Plan.

B. INSTITUTIONAL SERVICES

Covers inpatient and outpatient Hospital services and Skilled Nursing Facility services that are necessary for the admission, diagnosis and treatment of a patient when provided by a Plan Provider. Each Participant in a health care facility agrees to

conform to the rules and regulations of the institution. The Health Plan may require that the hospitalization be Prior Authorized.

1. Inpatient Care

- a. Hospitals and Specialty Hospitals: Covered for semi-private room, ward or intensive care unit and Medically Necessary Miscellaneous Hospital Expenses, including prescription drugs administered during the Confinement. A private room is payable only if Medically Necessary for isolation purposes as determined by the Health Plan.
- b. Licensed Skilled Nursing Facility: Must be admitted within 24 hours of discharge from a general Hospital for continued treatment of the same condition. Care must be Skilled. Custodial Care is excluded. Benefits limited to the number of days specified in the Schedule of Benefits. Benefits include prescription drugs administered during the Confinement. Confinement in a swing bed in a Hospital is considered the same as a Skilled Nursing Facility Confinement.
- c. Hospital and Ambulatory Surgery Center Charges and related Anesthetics for Dental Care: Covered if services are provided to a Participant who is under five years of age; has a medical condition that requires hospitalization or general anesthesia for dental care; or has a chronic disability that meets all of the conditions under Wis. Stat. § 230.04 (9r) (a) 2. a., b., and c.

2. Outpatient Care

Emergency Care: First aid, accident or sudden illness requiring immediate Hospital services. Subject to the cost sharing described in the Schedule of Benefits. Follow-up care received in an emergency room to treat the same Injury is also subject to the cost sharing provisions.

Mental Health/Alcohol and Drug Abuse Services: See below for benefit details.

Diagnostic Testing: Includes chemotherapy, laboratory, x-ray, and other diagnostic tests.

Surgical Care: Covered.

C. OTHER MEDICAL SERVICES

1. Mental Health Services/Alcohol and Drug Abuse

Participants should contact the Health Plan prior to any services to determine if Prior Authorization or a Referral is required from the Health Plan.

a. Outpatient Services

Covers Medically Necessary services provided by a Plan Provider as described in the Schedule of Benefits. The outpatient services means non-residential services by Providers as defined and set forth under Wis. Stat. § 632.89 (1) (e) and as required by Wis. Adm. Code § INS 3.37.

This benefit also includes services for a full-time student attending school in Wisconsin but out of the Plan Service Area as required by Wis. Stat. § 609.655.

b. Transitional Services

Covers Medically Necessary services provided by a Plan Provider as described in the Schedule of Benefits. Transitional Care is provided in a less restrictive manner than inpatient services but in a more intensive manner than outpatient services as required by Wis. Stat. § 632.89 and Wis. Adm. Code § INS 3.37.

c. Inpatient Services

Covers Medically Necessary services provided by a Plan Provider as described in the Schedule of Benefits and as required by Wis. Stat. § 632.89 and Wis. Adm. Code § INS 3.37. Covers court-ordered services for the mentally ill as required by Wis. Stat. § 609.65. Such services are covered if performed by a Non-Plan Provider, if provided as required by an Emergency detention or on an Emergency basis and the Provider notifies the Health Plan within 72 hours after the initial provision of service.

d. Other

Prescription drugs used for the treatment of mental health, alcohol and drug abuse will be subject to the prescription drug benefit as described in section D., 1.

2. Durable Diabetic Equipment and Related Supplies

When prescribed by a Plan Provider for treatment of diabetes and purchased from a Plan Provider, durable diabetic equipment and durable and disposable supplies that are required for use with the durable diabetic

equipment, will be covered **subject to cost sharing as outlined in the Schedule of Benefits**. The Participant's Coinsurance will be applied to the annual out-of-pocket limit. Durable diabetic equipment includes:

- Automated injection devices.
- Continuing glucose monitoring devices.
- Insulin infusion pumps, limited to one pump in a calendar year and You must use the pump for 30 days before purchase.

All Durable Medical Equipment purchases or monthly rentals must be Prior Authorized as determined by the Health Plan.

(Glucometers are available through the PBM. Refer to section D. for benefit information.)

3. Medical Supplies and Durable Medical Equipment

When prescribed by a Plan Provider for treatment of a diagnosed Illness or Injury and purchased from a Plan Provider, Medical Supplies and Durable Medical Equipment will be covered **subject to cost sharing as outlined in the Schedule of Benefits**.

The following supplies and equipment will be covered only when Prior Authorized as determined by the Health Plan:

- Initial acquisition of artificial limbs and eyes including replacements due to significant physiological changes, such as physical maturation, when Medically Necessary, and refitting of any existing prosthesis is not possible.

Medical Benefits and Services: Local Participants 2014

- Casts, splints, trusses, crutches, prostheses, orthopedic braces and appliances and custom-made orthotics.
- Rental or, at the option of the Health Plan, purchase of equipment including, but not limited to, wheelchairs and hospital-type beds.
- An initial lens per surgical eye directly related to cataract surgery (contact lens or framed lens).
- IUDs and diaphragms.
- Elastic support hose, for example, JOBST, which are prescribed by a Plan Provider. Limited to two pairs per calendar year.
- Cochlear implants, as described in the Schedule of Benefits.
- One hearing aid, as described in the Schedule of Benefits. The maximum payment applies to all services directly related to the hearing aid, for example, an ear mold.
- Ostomy and catheter supplies.
- Oxygen and respiratory equipment for home use when authorized by the Health Plan.
- Other medical equipment and supplies as approved by the Health Plan. Rental or purchase of equipment/supplies is at the option of the Health Plan.
- When Prior Authorized as determined by the Health Plan, repairs, maintenance and replacement of covered Durable Medical Equipment/supplies,

including replacement of batteries. When determining whether to repair or replace the Durable Medical Equipment/supplies, the Health Plan will consider whether: i) the equipment/supply is still useful or has exceeded its lifetime under normal use; or ii) the Participant's condition has significantly changed so as to make the original equipment inappropriate (for example, due to growth or development). Services will be covered subject to cost sharing as outlined in the Schedule of Benefits. Except for services related to cochlear implants and hearing aids as noted above, the out-of-pocket costs will apply to the annual out-of-pocket limit.

4. Out-of-Plan Coverage For Full-Time Students

If a Dependent is a full-time student attending school outside of the HMO Service Area, the following services will be covered:

- a. Emergency or Urgent Care. Non-urgent follow-up care out of the Service Area must be Prior Authorized or it will not be covered; and
- b. Outpatient mental health services and treatment of alcohol or drug abuse if the Dependent is a full-time student attending school in Wisconsin, but outside of the Plan Service Area, as required by Wis. Stat. 609.655. In that case, the Dependent may have a clinical assessment by a Non-Plan Provider when Prior Authorized by the Health Plan. If outpatient services are recommended, coverage will

be provided for five visits outside of the Plan's Service Area when Prior Authorized by the Health Plan. Additional visits may be approved by the Health Plan. If the student is unable to maintain full-time student status, he/she must return to the Plan's Service Area for the treatment to be covered. This benefit is subject to the limitations shown in the Schedule of Benefits for mental health/alcohol/drug abuse services and will not serve to provide additional benefits to the Participant.

5. Coverage of Newborn Infants with Congenital Defects and Birth Abnormalities

As required by Wis. Stat. §632.895 (5) and Wis. Adm. Code § INS 3.38 (2) (d), if a Dependent is continuously covered under any plan under this health insurance program from birth, coverage includes treatment for the functional repair or restoration of any body part when necessary to achieve normal functioning. If required by Wis. Statute, this provision includes orthodontia and dental procedures if necessary as a secondary aspect of restoration of normal functioning or in preparation for surgery to restore function for treatment of cleft palate.

6. Coverage of Treatment for Autism Spectrum Disorders

Treatment of autism spectrum disorders is covered as required by Wis. Stat. §632.895 (12m). Autism spectrum disorder means any of the following: autism disorder, Asperger's syndrome or pervasive developmental disorder not otherwise specified. Treatment of autism spectrum disorders is covered

when the treatment is prescribed by a physician and provided by any of the following Plan Providers: psychiatrist, psychologist, social worker, behavior analyst, paraprofessional working under the supervision of any of those four types of providers, professional working under the supervision of an outpatient mental health clinic, speech-language pathologist, or occupational therapist. Care up to \$50,000 per year for intensive-level and up to \$25,000 per calendar year for nonintensive-level services is not subject to policy exclusions and limitations. The therapy limit does not apply to this benefit.

D. PRESCRIPTION DRUGS AND OTHER BENEFITS ADMINISTERED BY THE PHARMACY BENEFIT MANAGER (PBM)

You must obtain benefits at a PBM Participating Pharmacy except when not reasonably possible because of Emergency or Urgent Care. In these circumstances, You may need to make a claim as described in the paragraph below.

If You do not show Your PBM identification card at the pharmacy at the time You are obtaining benefits, You may need to pay the full amount and submit to the PBM for reimbursement an itemized bill, statement, and receipt that includes the pharmacy name, pharmacy address, patient's name, patient's identification number, NDC (national drug classification) code, prescription name, and retail price (in U.S. currency). In these situations, You may be responsible for more than the Copayment amount. The PBM will determine the benefit amount based on the network price.

Except as specifically provided, all provisions of Uniform Benefits including, but not limited to, exclusions and limitations, coordination of benefits and services, and miscellaneous provisions, apply to the benefits administered by the PBM. The PBM may offer cost savings initiatives as approved by the Department. Contact the PBM if you have questions about these benefits.

Any benefits that are not listed in this section and are covered under this program are administered by the Health Plan.

1. Prescription Drugs

Coverage includes legend drugs and biologicals that are FDA approved which by law require a written prescription; are prescribed for treatment of a diagnosed illness or injury; and are purchased from a PBM Network Pharmacy after a Copayment or Coinsurance amount, as described in the Schedule of Benefits. A Copayment will be applied to each prescription dispensed. The PBM may lower the Copayment amount in certain situations. The PBM may classify a prescription drug as not covered if it determines that prescription drug does not add clinical or economic value over currently available therapies.

An annual out-of-pocket limit applies to Participants' Copayments for Level 1 and Level 2 Formulary prescription drugs as described on the Schedule of Benefits. When any Participant meets the annual out-of-pocket limit, when applicable, as described on the Schedule of Benefits, that Participant's Level 1 and Level 2

Formulary prescription drugs will be paid in full for the rest of the calendar year. Further, if participating family members combined have paid in a year the family annual out-of-pocket limit as described in the Schedule of Benefits, even if no one Participant has met his or her individual annual out-of-pocket limit, all family members will have satisfied the annual out-of-pocket limit for that calendar year. The Participant's cost for Level 3 drugs will not be applied to the annual out-of-pocket limit. If the cost of a prescription drug is less than the applicable Copayment, the Participant will pay only the actual cost and that amount will be applied to the annual out-of-pocket limit for Level 1 and Level 2 Formulary prescription drugs.

The Health Plan, not the PBM, will be responsible for covering prescription drugs administered during home care, office setting, Confinement, emergency room visit or Urgent Care setting, if otherwise covered under Uniform Benefits. However, prescriptions for covered drugs written during home care, office setting, Confinement, emergency room visit or Urgent Care setting will be the responsibility of the PBM and payable as provided under the terms and conditions of Uniform Benefits, unless otherwise specified in Uniform Benefits (for example, Self-Administered Injectable).

Medicare eligible Participants will be covered by a Medicare Part D prescription drug plan (PDP) provided by the PBM. Participants who choose to be enrolled in another Medicare Part D PDP other than this PDP will not have benefits duplicated.

Where a Medicare prescription drug plan is the primary payor, the Participant is responsible for the Copayment plus any charges in excess of the PBM allowed amount. The allowed amount is based on the pricing methodology used by the preferred prescription drug plan administered by the PBM.

In most instances, claims for Medicare Part D immunizations, vaccinations and other prescription drugs, including costs to administer injections for Participants with Medicare Part D coverage, will be submitted to the PBM for adjudication even when the HEALTH PLAN or a contracted provider administers the injection. If the HEALTH PLAN or a contracted provider is unable to submit such a claim to the PBM, the PARTICIPANT is responsible for submitting the claim to the PBM.

Prescription drugs will be dispensed as follows:

- a. In maximum quantities not to exceed a 30 consecutive day supply per Copayment.
- b. The PBM may apply quantity limits to medications in certain situations (for example, due to safety concerns or cost).
- c. Single packaged items are limited to two items per Copayment or up to a 30-day supply, whichever is more appropriate, as determined by the PBM.
- d. Oral contraceptives are not subject to the 30-day supply and will be dispensed at one Copayment per package or a 28-day supply, whichever is less.
- e. Smoking cessation coverage

includes pharmacological products that by law require a written prescription and are prescribed for the purpose of achieving smoking cessation and are on the Formulary. These require a prescription from a physician and must be filled at a Participating Pharmacy. Only one 30-day supply of medication may be obtained at a time and is subject to the prescription drug Copayment and annual out-of-pocket limit. Coverage is limited to a maximum of 180 consecutive days of pharmacotherapy per calendar year, unless the Participant obtains prior authorization for a limited extension.

- f. Prior Authorization from the PBM may be required for certain prescription drugs. A list of prescription drugs requiring Prior Authorization is available from the PBM.
- g. Cost-effective Generic Equivalents will be dispensed unless the Plan Provider specifies the Brand Name Drug and indicates that no substitutions may be made, in which case the Brand Name Drug will be covered at the Copayment specified in the Formulary.
- h. Mail order is available for many prescription drugs. For certain Level 1 and Level 2 Formulary prescription drugs determined by the PBM that are obtained from a designated mail order vendor, two Copayments will be applied to a 90-day supply of drugs if at least a 90-day supply is prescribed. Self-Administered

Injectables and narcotics are among those for which a 90-day supply is not available.

- i. Tablet splitting is a voluntary program in which the PBM may designate certain Level 1 and Level 2 Formulary drugs that the member can split the tablet of a higher strength dosage at home. Under this program, the member gets half the usual quantity for a 30-day supply, for example, 15 tablets for a 30-day supply. Participants who use tablet splitting will pay half the normal Copayment amount.
- j. Generic sampling is available to encourage the use of Level 1 Formulary medications, whereby the PBM may waive the Copayment of a Level 1 Formulary prescription drug on the initial prescription fill for certain medications for up to three months, if that medication has not been tried previously.
- k. The PBM reserves the right to designate certain over-the-counter drugs on the Formulary.
- l. Specialty Medications and Self-Administered Injectables when obtained by prescription and which can safely be administered by the Participant, must be obtained from a PBM Participating Pharmacy or in some cases, the PBM may need to limit availability to specific pharmacies.

This coverage includes investigational drugs for the treatment of HIV, as required by Wis. Stat. § 632.895 (9).

2. Insulin, Disposable Diabetic Supplies, Glucometers

The PBM will list approved products on the Formulary. Prior Authorization is required for anything not listed on the Formulary.

- a. Insulin is covered as a prescription drug. Insulin will be dispensed in a maximum quantity of a 30-consecutive-day supply for one prescription drug. Copayment, as described on the Schedule of Benefits.
- b. Disposable Diabetic Supplies and Glucometers will be covered after a 20% Coinsurance as outlined in the Schedule of Benefits when prescribed for treatment of diabetes and purchased from a PBM Network Pharmacy. Disposable diabetic supplies including needles, syringes, alcohol swabs, lancets, lancing devices, blood or urine test strips. The Participant's Coinsurance will be applied to the annual out-of-pocket limit for prescription drugs.

3. Other Devices and Supplies

Other devices and supplies administered by the PBM that are subject to a 20% Coinsurance and applied to the annual out-of-pocket limit for prescription drugs are as follows:

- Diaphragms
- Syringes/Needles
- Spacers/Peak Flow Meters

IV. EXCLUSIONS AND LIMITATIONS

A. EXCLUSIONS

The following is a list of services, treatments, equipment or supplies that are excluded (meaning no benefits are payable under the Plan Benefits); or have some limitations on the benefit provided. All exclusions listed below apply to benefits offered by Health Plans and the PBM. To make the comprehensive list of exclusions easier to reference, exclusions are listed by the category in which they would typically be applied. The exclusions do not apply solely to the category in which they are listed except that subsection 11 applies only to the pharmacy benefit administered by the PBM. Some of the listed exclusions may be Medically Necessary, but still are not covered under this plan, while others may be examples of services which are not Medically Necessary or not medical in nature, as determined by the Health Plan and/or PBM.

1. Surgical Services

- a. Procedures, services, and supplies related to sex transformation surgery and sex hormones related to such treatments.
- b. Any surgical treatment or hospitalization for the treatment of obesity, including morbid obesity or as treatment for the Comorbidities of obesity, for example, gastroesophageal reflux disease. This includes, but is not limited to, stomach-limiting and bypass procedures.
- c. Keratorefractive eye surgery, including but not limited to,

tangential or radial keratotomy, or laser surgeries for the correction of vision.

2. Medical Services

- a. Examination and any other services (for example, blood tests) for informational purposes requested by third parties. Examples are physical exams for employment, licensing, insurance, marriage, adoption, participation in athletics, functional capacity examinations or evaluations, or examinations or treatment ordered by a court, unless otherwise covered as stated in the Benefits and Services section.
- b. Expenses for medical reports, including preparation and presentation.
- c. Services rendered (a) in the examination, treatment or removal of all or part of corns, calluses, hypertrophy or hyperplasia of the skin or subcutaneous tissues of the feet; (b) in the cutting, trimming or other nonoperative partial removal of toenails; or (c) treatment of flexible flat feet. This exclusion does not apply when services are performed by a Plan Provider to treat a metabolic or peripheral disease or a skin or tissue infection.
- d. Weight loss programs including dietary and nutritional treatment in connection with obesity. This does not include Nutritional Counseling as provided in the Benefits and Services section.
- e. Work-related preventive

Exclusions and Limitations: Local Participants 2014

treatment (for example, Hepatitis vaccinations, Rabies vaccinations, small pox vaccinations, etc.).

- f. Services of a blood donor. Medically Necessary autologous blood donations are not considered to be Services of a blood donor.
- g. Genetic testing and/or genetic counseling services, unless Medically Necessary to diagnose or treat an existing illness.

3. Ambulance Services

- a. Ambulance service, except as outlined in the Benefits and Services section, unless authorized by the Health Plan.
- b. Charges for, or in connection with, travel, except for ambulance transportation as outlined in the Benefits and Services section.

4. Therapies

- a. Vocational rehabilitation including work hardening programs.
- b. Therapies, as determined by the Health Plan, for the evaluation, diagnosis or treatment of educational problems. Some examples of the type of assessments and therapies that are not covered are: educational programs, developmental and neuro-educational testing and treatment, second opinions on school or educational assessments of any kind, including physical therapy, speech therapy, occupational therapy and all hearing treatments for the conditions listed herein.

These therapies that are excluded

may be used to treat conditions such as learning/developmental disabilities, communication delays, perceptual disorders, mental retardation, behavioral disorders, hyperactivity, attention deficit disorders, minimal brain dysfunction, sensory deficits, multiple handicaps, and motor dysfunction. (Note: Mandated benefits for autism spectrum disorders under Wis. Stat. §632.895 (12m) limit this exclusion.)

- c. Physical fitness or exercise programs.
- d. Biofeedback, except that provided by a physical therapist for treatment of headaches and spastic torticollis.
- e. Massage therapy.

5. Oral Surgery/Dental Services/Extraction and Replacement Because of Accidental Injury

- a. All services performed by dentists and other dental services, including all orthodontic services, except those specifically listed in the Benefits and Services section or which would be covered if it was performed by a physician and is within the scope of the dentist's license. This includes, but is not limited to, dental implants; shortening or lengthening of the mandible or maxillae; correction of malocclusion; and hospitalization costs for services not specifically listed in the Benefits and Services section. (Note: Mandated TMJ benefits under Wis. Stat. § 632.895 (11) may limit this exclusion.)
- b. All periodontic procedures,

except gingivectomy surgery as listed in the Benefits and Services section.

- c. All oral surgical procedures not specifically listed in the Benefits and Services section.

6. Transplants

- a. Transplants and all related services, except those listed as covered procedures.
- b. Services in connection with covered transplants unless Prior Authorized by the Health Plan.
- c. Retransplantation or any other costs related to a failed transplant that is otherwise covered under the global fee. Only one transplant per organ per Participant per Health Plan is covered during the lifetime of the policy, except as required for treatment of kidney disease.
- d. Purchase price of bone marrow, organ or tissue that is sold rather than donated.
- e. All separately billed donor-related services, except for kidney transplants.
- f. Non-human organ transplants or artificial organs.

7. Reproductive Services

- a. Infertility services which are not for treatment of Illness or Injury (i.e., that are for the purpose of achieving pregnancy). The diagnosis of infertility alone does not constitute an Illness.
- b. Reversal of voluntary sterilization procedures and related procedures when performed for

the purpose of restoring fertility.

- c. Services for storage or processing of semen (sperm); donor sperm.
- d. Harvesting of eggs and their cryopreservation.
- e. Artificial insemination or fertilization methods including, but not limited to, in vivo fertilization, in vitro fertilization, embryo transfer, gamete intra fallopian transfer (GIFT) and similar procedures, and related Hospital, professional and diagnostic services and medications that are incidental to such insemination or fertilization methods.
- f. Surrogate mother services.
- g. Maternity services received out of the Plan Service Area one month prior to the estimated due date, unless Prior Authorized (Prior Authorization will be granted only if the situation is out of the Participant's control, for example, family emergency).
- h. Amniocentesis or chorionic villi sampling (CVS) solely for sex determination.

8. Hospital Inpatient Services

- a. Take home drugs and supplies dispensed at the time of discharge, which can reasonably be purchased on an outpatient basis.
- b. Hospital stays, which are extended for reasons other than Medical Necessity, limited to lack of transportation, lack of caregiver, inclement weather and other, like reasons.

Exclusions and Limitations: Local Participants 2014

- c. A continued Hospital stay, if the attending physician has documented that care could effectively be provided in a less acute care setting, for example, Skilled Nursing Facility.

9. Mental Health Services/Alcohol and Drug Abuse

- a. Hypnotherapy.
- b. Marriage counseling.
- c. Residential care except residential care for Alcohol and Drug Abuse and transitional care as required by Wis. Stat. § 632.89 and Wis. Admin Code § INS 3.37.
- d. Biofeedback.

10. Durable Medical or Diabetic Equipment and Supplies

- a. All Durable Medical Equipment purchases or rentals unless Prior Authorized as required by the Health Plan.
- b. Repairs and replacement of Durable Medical Equipment/supplies unless authorized by the Health Plan.
- c. Medical Supplies and Durable Medical Equipment for comfort, personal hygiene and convenience items such as, but not limited to, wigs, hair prostheses, air conditioners, air cleaners, humidifiers; or physical fitness equipment, physician's equipment; disposable supplies; alternative communication devices (for example, electronic keyboard for a hearing impairment); and self-help devices intended to support the

essentials of daily living, including, but not limited to, shower chairs and reaches, and other equipment designed to position or transfer patients for convenience and/or safety reasons..

- d. Home testing and monitoring supplies and related equipment except those used in connection with the treatment of diabetes or infant apnea or as Prior Authorized by the Health Plan.
- e. Equipment, models or devices that have features over and above that which are Medically Necessary for the Participant will be limited to the standard model as determined by the Health Plan. This includes the upgrade of equipment, models or devices to better or newer technology when the existing equipment, models or devices are sufficient and there is no change in the Participant's condition nor is the existing equipment, models or devices in need of repair or replacement.
- f. Motor vehicles (for example, cars, vans) or customization of vehicles, lifts for wheel chairs and scooters, and stair lifts.
- g. Customization of buildings for accommodation (for example, wheelchair ramps).
- h. Replacement or repair of Durable Medical Equipment/supplies damaged or destroyed by the Participant, lost or stolen.

11. Outpatient Prescription Drugs – Administered by the PBM

- a. Charges for supplies and

medicines with or without a doctor's prescription, unless otherwise specifically covered.

- b. Charges for prescription drugs which require Prior Authorization unless approved by the PBM.
- c. Charges for cosmetic drug treatments such as Retin-A, Rogaine, or their medical equivalent.
- d. Any FDA medications approved for weight loss (for example, appetite suppressants, Xenical).
- e. Anorexic agents.
- f. Non-FDA approved prescriptions, including compounded estrogen, progesterone or testosterone products, except as authorized by the PBM.
- g. All over-the-counter drug items, except those designated as covered by the PBM.
- h. Unit dose medication, including bubble pack or pre-packaged medications, except for medications that are unavailable in any other dose or packaging.
- i. Charges for injectable medications, except for Self-Administered Injectable medications.
- j. Charges for supplies and medicines purchased from a Non-Participating Pharmacy, except when Emergency or Urgent Care is required.
- k. Drugs recently approved by the FDA may be excluded until reviewed and approved by the PBM's Pharmacy and Therapeutics Committee, which determines

the therapeutic advantage of the drug and the medically appropriate application.

- l. Infertility and fertility medications.
- m. Charges for medications obtained through a discount program or over the Internet, unless Prior Authorized by the PBM.
- n. Charges for spilled, stolen or lost prescription drugs.

12. General

- a. Any additional exclusion as described in the Schedule of Benefits.
- b. Except for benefits payable under Medicare Part D, services to the extent the Participant is eligible for all other Medicare benefits, regardless of whether or not the Participant is actually enrolled in Medicare. This exclusion only applies if the Participant enrolled in Medicare coordinated coverage does not enroll in Medicare Part B when it is first available as the primary payor or who subsequently cancels Medicare coverage.
- c. Treatment, services and supplies for which the Participant: (a) has no obligation to pay or which would be furnished to a Participant without charge; (b) would be entitled to have furnished or paid for, fully or partially, under any law, regulation or agency of any government; or (c) would be entitled, or would be entitled if enrolled, to have furnished or paid for under any

Exclusions and Limitations: Local Participants 2014

voluntary medical benefit or insurance plan established by any government; if this contract was not in effect.

- d. Injury or Illness caused by:
 - (a) Atomic or thermonuclear explosion or resulting radiation;
 - or (b) any type of military action, friendly or hostile. Acts of domestic terrorism do not constitute military action.
- e. Treatment, services and supplies for any Injury or Illness as the result of war, declared or undeclared, enemy action or action of Armed Forces of the United States, or any state of the United States, or its Allies, or while serving in the Armed Forces of any country.
- f. Treatment, services and supplies furnished by the U.S. Veterans Administration (VA), except for such treatment, services and supplies for which under the policy the Health Plan and/or PBM is the primary payor and the VA is the secondary payor under applicable federal law. Benefits are not coordinated with the VA unless specific federal law requires such coordination.
- g. Services for holistic medicine, including homeopathic medicine, or other programs with an objective to provide complete personal fulfillment.
- h. Treatment, services or supplies used in educational or vocational training.
- i. Treatment or service in connection with any Illness or Injury caused by a Participant (a) engaging in an illegal occupation or (b) commission of, or attempt to commit, a felony.
- j. Maintenance Care.
- k. Habilitation services and treatment, except as required by state law, including Wis. Stat. §§ 632.895 (5), (12m), and (16).
- l. Care, including treatment, services, and supplies, provided to assist with activities of daily living (ADL).
- m. Personal comfort or convenience items or services such as in-Hospital television, telephone, private room, housekeeping, shopping, homemaker services, and meal preparation services as part of home health care.
- n. Charges for injectable medications administered in a nursing home when the nursing home stay is not covered by the plan.
- o. Custodial, nursing facility (except skilled), or domiciliary care. This includes community reentry programs.
- p. Expenses incurred prior to the coverage Effective Date in the Health Plan and/or PBM, or services received after the Health Plan and/or PBM coverage or eligibility terminates. Except when a Participant's coverage terminates because of Subscriber cancellation or nonpayment of premium, benefits shall continue to the Participant if he or she is Confined as an inpatient on the coverage termination date but only until the attending physician

Exclusions and Limitations: Local Participants 2014

determines that Confinement is no longer Medically Necessary; the contract maximum is reached; the end of 12 months after the date of termination; or Confinement ceases, whichever occurs first. If the termination is a result of a Subscriber changing Health Plans during a prescribed enrollment period as determined by the Board, benefits after the effective date with the succeeding Health Plan will be the responsibility of the succeeding Health Plan unless the facility in which the Participant is Confined is not part of the succeeding Health Plan's network. In this instance, the liability will remain with the previous insurer.

- q. Eyeglasses or corrective contact lenses, fitting of contact lenses, except for the initial lens per surgical eye directly related to cataract surgery.
- r. Any service, treatment, procedure, equipment, drug, device or supply which is not reasonably and Medically Necessary or not required in accordance with accepted standards of medical, surgical or psychiatric practice.
- s. Charges for any missed appointment.
- t. Experimental services, treatments, procedures, equipment, drugs, devices or supplies, including, but not limited to: Treatment or procedures not generally proven to be effective as determined by the Health Plan and/or PBM following review of research

protocol and individual treatment plans; orthomolecular medicine, acupuncture, cytotoxin testing in conjunction with allergy testing, hair analysis except in conjunction with lead and arsenic poisoning. Phase I, II and III protocols for cancer treatments and certain organ transplants. In general, any service considered to be Experimental, except drugs for treatment of an HIV infection, as required by Wis. Stat. § 632.895 (9) and routine care administered in a cancer clinical trial as required by Wis. Stat. § 632.87 (6).

- u. Services provided by members of the Subscriber's Immediate Family or any person residing with the Subscriber.
- v. Services, including non-physician services, provided by Non-Plan Providers. Exceptions to this exclusion:
 - 1) On written Referral by Plan Provider with the prior written authorization of the Health Plan.
 - 2) Emergencies in the Service Area when the Primary Care Provider or another Plan Provider cannot be reached.
 - 3) Emergency or Urgent Care services outside the Service Area. Non-urgent follow-up care requires Prior Authorization from the Health Plan.
- w. Services of a specialist without a Plan Provider's written Referral, except in an Emergency or by written Prior Authorization of the Health Plan. Any Hospital or medical

Exclusions and Limitations: Local Participants 2014

care or service not provided for in this document unless authorized by the Health Plan.

- x. Coma stimulation programs.
- y. Orthoptics (Eye exercise training) except for two sessions as Medically Necessary per lifetime. The first session for training, the second for follow-up.
- z. Any diet control program, treatment, or supply for weight reduction.
- aa. Food or food supplements except when provided during a covered outpatient or inpatient Confinement.
- ab. Services to the extent a Participant receives or is entitled to receive, any benefits, settlement, award or damages for any reason of, or following any claim under, any Worker's Compensation Act, employer's liability insurance plan or similar law or act. Entitled means You are actually insured under Worker's Compensation.
- ac. Services related to an Injury that was self-inflicted for the purpose of receiving Health Plan and/or PBM Benefits.
- ad. Charges directly related to a non-covered service, such as hospitalization charges, except when a complication results from the non-covered service that could not be reasonably expected and the complication requires Medically Necessary treatment that is performed by a Plan Provider or Prior Authorized by the Health Plan. The treatment of the complication must be a covered benefit of the Health Plan and PBM. Non-covered services do not include any treatment or service that was covered and paid for under any plan in our program.
- ae. Treatment, services and supplies for cosmetic or beautifying purposes, except when associated with a covered service to correct a functional impairment related to Congenital bodily disorders or conditions or when associated with covered reconstructive surgery due to an Illness or accidental Injury (including subsequent removal of a prosthetic device that was related to such reconstructive surgery). Psychological reasons do not represent a medical/surgical necessity.
- af. Any smoking cessation program, treatment, or supply that is not specifically covered in the Benefits and Services section.
- ag. Any charges for, or in connection with, travel. This includes but is not limited to meals, lodging and transportation. An exception is Emergency ambulance transportation.
- ah. Sexual counseling services related to infertility and sexual transformation.
- ai. Services that a child's school is legally obligated to provide, whether or not the school actually provides the services and whether or not You choose to use those services.

Exclusions and Limitations: Local Participants 2014

B. LIMITATIONS

1. Copayments or Coinsurance are required for:
 - a. State of Wisconsin program Participants, except for retirees for whom Medicare is the primary payor, for all services unless otherwise required under federal and state law.
 - b. State of Wisconsin Participants for whom Medicare is the primary payor, and for all Participants of the Wisconsin Public Employers program and/or limitations apply to, the following services: Durable Medical Equipment, Prescription Drugs, Smoking Cessation, Cochlear Implants, treatment of Temporomandibular Disorders and care received in an emergency room.
2. Benefits are limited for the following services: Replacement of Natural Teeth because of accidental Injury, Oral Surgery, Hospital Inpatient, licensed Skilled Nursing Facility, Physical, Speech and Occupational Therapy, Home Care Benefits, Transplants, Hearing Aids, and Orthoptics.
3. Use of Non-Plan Providers and Hospitals requires prior written approval by the Participant's Primary Care Provider and the Health Plan to determine medical appropriateness and whether services can be provided by Plan Providers.
4. Major Disaster or Epidemic: If a major disaster or epidemic occurs, Plan Providers and Hospitals render medical services (and arrange extended care services and home health service) insofar as practical according to their best medical judgment, within the limitation of available facilities and personnel. This extends to the PBM and its Participating Pharmacies. In this case, Participants may receive covered services from Non-Plan Providers and/or Non-Participating Pharmacies.
5. Circumstances Beyond the Health Plan's and/or PBM's Control: If, due to circumstances not reasonably within the control of the Health Plan and/or PBM, such as a complete or partial insurrection, labor disputes not within the control of the Health Plan and/or PBM, disability of a significant part of Hospital or medical group personnel or similar causes, the rendition or provision of services and other benefits covered hereunder is delayed or rendered impractical, the Health Plan, Plan Providers and/or PBM will use their best efforts to provide services and other benefits covered hereunder. In this case, Participants may receive covered services from Non-Plan Providers and/or Non-Participating Pharmacies.
6. Speech and Hearing Screening Examinations: Limited to the routine screening tests performed by a Plan Provider for determining the need for correction.
7. Outpatient Physical, Occupational, Speech and Rehabilitation Therapy: These therapies are benefits only for treatment of those conditions which, in the judgment of the attending physicians, are expected to yield significant patient improvement within two months after the beginning of treatment.
8. Only one transplant per organ per Participant per Health Plan is covered during the lifetime of the policy, except as required for treatment of kidney disease.

V. COORDINATION OF BENEFITS AND SERVICES

A. APPLICABILITY

1. This Coordination of Benefits ("COB") provision applies to This Plan when a Participant has health care coverage under more than one Plan at the same time. "Plan" and "This Plan" are defined below.
2. If this COB provision applies, the order of benefit determination rules shall be looked at first. The rules determine whether the benefits of This Plan are determined before or after those of another plan. The benefits of This Plan:
 - a. shall not be reduced when, under the order of benefit determination rules, This Plan determines its benefits before another Plan; but
 - b. may be reduced when, under the order of benefit determination rules, another Plan determines its benefits first. This reduction is described in section D below, Effect on the Benefits of This Plan.

B. DEFINITIONS

In this section, the following words are defined as follows:

1. "Allowable Expense" means a necessary, reasonable, and customary item of expense for health care, when the item of expense is covered at least in part by one or more Plans covering the person for whom the claim is made. The difference between the cost of a private hospital room and the cost of a semi-private hospital room is not considered an Allowable Expense unless the patient's stay in a private hospital room is medically necessary either in terms of generally accepted medical practice or as specifically defined by the Plan. When a Plan provides benefits

in the form of services, the reasonable cash value of each service rendered shall be considered both an Allowable Expense and a benefit paid.

However, notwithstanding the above, when there is a maximum benefit limitation for a specific service or treatment, the secondary plan will also be responsible for paying up to the maximum benefit allowed for its plan. This will not duplicate benefits paid by the primary plan.

2. "Claim Determination Period" means a calendar year. However, it does not include any part of a year during which a person has no coverage under This Plan or any part of a year before the date this COB provision or a similar provision takes effect.
3. "Plan" means any of the following which provides benefits or services for, or because of, medical, pharmacological or dental care or treatment:
 - a. Group insurance or group-type coverage, whether insured or uninsured, that includes continuous 24-hour coverage. This includes prepayment, group practice or individual practice coverage. It also includes coverage other than school accident-type coverage.
 - b. Coverage under a governmental plan or coverage that is required or provided by law. This does not include a state plan under Medicaid (Title XIX, Grants to States for Medical Assistance Programs, of the United States Social Security Act as amended from time to time). It also does not include any plan whose benefits, by law, are excess to those of any private insurance program or other non-governmental program. Each contract or other

arrangement for coverage under a. or b. is a separate Plan. Also, if an arrangement has two parts and COB rules apply only to one of the two, each of the parts is a separate Plan.

4. "Primary Plan"/"Secondary Plan": The order of benefit determination rules state whether This Plan is a Primary Plan or Secondary Plan as to another Plan covering the person.

When This Plan is a Secondary Plan, its benefits are determined after those of the other Plan and may be reduced because of the other Plan's benefits.

When This Plan is a Primary Plan, its benefits are determined before those of the other Plan and without considering the other Plan's benefits.

When there are more than two Plans covering the person, This Plan may be a Primary Plan as to one or more other Plans and may be a Secondary Plan as to a different Plan or Plans.

5. "This Plan" means the part of your group contract that provides benefits for health care and pharmaceutical expenses.

C. ORDER OF BENEFIT DETERMINATION RULES

1. General

When there is a basis for a claim under This Plan and another Plan, This Plan is a Secondary Plan that has its benefits determined after those of the other Plan, unless:

- a. the other Plan has rules coordinating its benefits with those of This Plan; and
- b. both those rules and This Plan's rules described in subparagraph 2 require that This Plan's benefits be determined before those of the other Plan.

2. Rules

This Plan determines its order of benefits using the first of the following rules which applies:

- a. Non-Dependent/Dependent

The benefits of the Plan which covers the person as an employee or Participant are determined before those of the Plan which covers the person as a Dependent of an employee or Participant.

- b. Dependent Child/Parents Not Separated or Divorced

Except as stated in subparagraph 2., c. below, when This Plan and another Plan cover the same child as a Dependent of different persons, called "parents":

- 1) the benefits of the Plan of the parent whose birthday falls earlier in the calendar year are determined before those of the Plan of the parent whose birthday falls later in that calendar year; but
- 2) if both parents have the same birthday, the benefits of the Plan which covered the parent longer are determined before those of the Plan which covered the other parent for a shorter period of time.

However, if the other Plan does not have the rule described in 1. above but instead has a rule based upon the gender of the parent, and if, as a result, the Plans do not agree on the order of benefits, the rule in the other Plan shall determine the order of benefits.

- c. Dependent Child/Separated or Divorced Parents

If two or more Plans cover a person as a Dependent child of divorced or separated parents, benefits for the child are determined in this order:

- 1) first, the Plan of the parent with custody of the child;
- 2) then, the Plan of the spouse of the parent with the custody of the child; and
- 3) finally, the Plan of the parent not having custody of the child.

Also, if the specific terms of a court decree state that the parents have joint custody of the child and do not specify that one parent has responsibility for the child's health care expenses or if the court decree states that both parents shall be responsible for the health care needs of the child but gives physical custody of the child to one parent, and the entities obligated to pay or provide the benefits of the respective parents' Plans have actual knowledge of those terms, benefits for the dependent child shall be determined according to C., 2., b.

However, if the specific terms of a court decree state that one of the parents is responsible for the health care expenses of the child, and the entity obligated to pay or provide the benefits of the Plan of that parent has actual knowledge of those terms, the benefits of that Plan are determined first. This paragraph does not apply with respect to any Claim Determination Period or plan year during which any benefits are actually paid or provided before the entity has that actual knowledge.

d. Active/Inactive Employee

The benefits of a Plan which covers a person as an employee who is neither laid off nor retired or as that employee's dependent are determined before those of a Plan which covers that person as a laid off or retired employee or as that employee's dependent. If the other Plan does not have this rule and if, as a result, the Plans do not agree on the order of benefits, this rule d. is ignored.

e. Continuation Coverage

1) If a person has continuation coverage under federal or state law and is also covered under another plan, the following shall Determine the order of benefits:

- i. First, the benefits of a plan covering the person as an employee, member, or subscriber or as a dependent of an employee, member, or subscriber.
- ii. Second, the benefits under the continuation coverage.

2) If the other plan does not have the rule described in subparagraph 1), and if, as a result, the plans do not agree on the order of benefits, this Paragraph e. is ignored.

f. Longer/Shorter Length of Coverage

If none of the above rules determines the order of benefits, the benefits of the Plan which covered an employee, member or subscriber longer are determined before those of the Plan which covered that person for the shorter time.

3. Coordination of Dental Benefits

The dental benefits under Uniform

Benefits provided by a Health Plan are considered to be primary with regards to stand-alone or wrap-around dental plans that are approved by the Group Insurance Board and held by employees, annuitants, and continuants pursuant to Wis. Adm. Code Ins. 3.40 (9) (d).

D. EFFECT ON THE BENEFITS OF THE PLAN

1. When This Section Applies

This section D. applies when, in accordance with section C., Order of Benefit Determination Rules, This Plan is a Secondary Plan as to one or more other Plans. In that event, the benefits of This Plan may be reduced under this section. Such other Plan or Plans are referred to as “the other Plans” in subparagraph 2. below.

2. Reduction in This Plan’s Benefits

The benefits of This Plan will be reduced when the sum of the following exceeds the Allowable Expenses in a Claim Determination Period:

- a. the benefits that would be payable for the Allowable Expenses under This Plan in the absence of this COB provision; and
- b. the benefits that would be payable for the Allowable Expenses under the other Plans, in the absence of provisions with a purpose like that of this COB provision, whether or not claim is made. Under this provision, the benefits of This Plan will be reduced so that they and the benefits payable under the other Plans do not total more than those Allowable Expenses.

When the benefits of This Plan are

reduced as described above, each benefit is reduced in proportion. It is then charged against any applicable benefit limit of This Plan.

E. RIGHT TO RECEIVE AND RELEASE NEEDED INFORMATION

The Health Plan has the right to decide the facts it needs to apply these COB rules. It may get needed facts from or give them to any other organization or person without the consent of the insured but only as needed to apply these COB rules. Medical records remain confidential as provided by state and federal law. Each person claiming benefits under This Plan must give the Health Plan any facts it needs to pay the claim.

F. FACILITY OF PAYMENT

A payment made under another Plan may include an amount which should have been paid under This Plan. If it does, the Health Plan may pay that amount to the organization which made that payment. That amount will then be treated as though it was a benefit paid under This Plan. The Health Plan will not have to pay that amount again. The term “payment made” means reasonable cash value of the benefits provided in the form of services.

G. RIGHT OF RECOVERY

If the amount of the payments made by the Health Plan is more than it should have paid under this COB provision, it may recover the excess from one or more of:

1. the persons it has paid or for whom it has paid;
2. insurance companies; or
3. other organizations.

The “amount of payments made” includes the reasonable cash value of any benefits provided in the form of services.

VI. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

A. RIGHT TO OBTAIN AND PROVIDE INFORMATION

Each Participant agrees that the Health Plan and/or PBM may obtain from the Participant's health care Providers the information (including medical records) that is reasonably necessary, relevant and appropriate for the Health Plan and/or PBM to evaluate in connection with its treatment, payment, or health care operations.

Each Participant agrees that information (including medical records) will, as reasonably necessary, relevant and appropriate, be disclosed as part of treatment, payment, or health care operations, including not only disclosures for such matters within the Health Plan and/or PBM but also disclosures to:

1. Health care Providers as necessary and appropriate for treatment;
2. Appropriate Department employees as part of conducting quality assessment and improvement activities, or reviewing the Health Plan's/ PBM's claims determinations for compliance with contract requirements, or other necessary health care operations;
3. The tribunal, including an independent review organization, and parties to any appeal concerning a claim denial.

B. PHYSICAL EXAMINATION

The Health Plan, at its own expense, shall have the right and opportunity to examine the person of any Participant when and so often as may be reasonably necessary to determine his/her eligibility for claimed services or benefits under this plan (including, without limitation, issues relating to subrogation and coordination of benefits). By execution of an application for coverage under the Health Plan, each Participant shall be deemed to have waived any legal rights he/she may have to refuse to consent to such examination when performed or conducted for the purposes set forth above.

C. CASE MANAGEMENT/ALTERNATE TREATMENT

The Health Plan may employ a professional staff to provide case management services. As part of this case management, the Health Plan or the Participant's attending physician may recommend that a Participant consider receiving treatment for an Illness or Injury which differs from the current treatment if it appears that:

- a. the recommended treatment offers at least equal medical therapeutic value; and
- b. the current treatment program may be changed without jeopardizing the Participant's health; and
- c. the charges (including pharmacy) incurred for services provided under the recommended treatment will probably be less.

If the Health Plan agrees to the attending physician's recommendation or if

the Participant or his/her authorized representative and the attending physician agree to the Health Plan's recommendation, the recommended treatment will be provided as soon as it is available. If the recommended treatment includes services for which benefits are not otherwise payable (for example, biofeedback, acupuncture), payment of benefits will be as determined by the Health Plan. The PBM may establish similar case management services.

D. DISENROLLMENT

No person other than a Participant is eligible for health insurance benefits. The Subscriber's rights to group health insurance coverage is forfeited if a Participant assigns or transfers such rights, or aids any other person in obtaining benefits to which they are not entitled, or otherwise fraudulently attempts to obtain benefits. Coverage terminates the beginning of the month following action of the Board. Re-enrollment is possible only if the person is employed by an employer where the coverage is available and is limited to occur during the annual It's Your Choice Open Enrollment period.

Change to an alternate Health Plan via It's Your Choice enrollment is available during a regular It's Your Choice Open Enrollment period, which begins a minimum of 12 months after the disenrollment date.

The Department may at any time request such documentation as it deems necessary to substantiate Subscriber or Dependent eligibility. Failure to provide such documentation upon request shall result in the suspension of benefits.

In situations where a Participant has committed acts of physical or verbal

abuse, or is unable to establish/maintain a satisfactory physician-patient relationship with the current or alternate Primary Care Provider, disenrollment efforts may be initiated by the Health Plan or the Board. The Subscriber's disenrollment is effective the first of the month following completion of the Grievance process and approval of the Board. Coverage may be transferred to the Standard Plan only, with options to enroll in alternate Health Plans during subsequent It's Your Choice Open Enrollment periods. Reenrollment in the Health Plan is available during a regular It's Your Choice Open Enrollment period that begins a minimum of 12 months after the disenrollment date.

E. RECOVERY OF EXCESS PAYMENTS

The Health Plan and/or PBM might pay more than the Health Plan and/or PBM owes under the policy. If so, the Health Plan and/or PBM can recover the excess from You. The Health Plan and/or PBM can also recover from another insurance company or service plan, or from any other person or entity that has received any excess payment from the Health Plan and/or PBM.

Each Participant agrees to reimburse the Health Plan and/or PBM for all payments made for benefits to which the Participant was not entitled. Reimbursement must be made immediately upon notification to the Subscriber by the Health Plan and/or PBM. At the option of the Health Plan and/or PBM, benefits for future charges may be reduced by the Health Plan and/or PBM as a set-off toward reimbursement.

F. LIMIT ON ASSIGNABILITY OF BENEFITS

This is Your personal policy. You cannot assign any benefit to other than a physician, Hospital or other Provider entitled to receive a specific benefit for You.

Miscellaneous Provisions: Local Participants 2014

G. SEVERABILITY

If any part of the policy is ever prohibited by law, it will not apply any more. The rest of the policy will continue in full force.

H. SUBROGATION

Each Participant agrees that the insurer under these Uniform Benefits, whether that is a Health Plan or Department, shall be subrogated to a Participant's rights to damages, to the extent of the benefits the insurer provides under the policy, for Illness or Injury a third party caused or is liable for. It is only necessary that the Illness or Injury occur through the act of a third party. The insurer's rights of full recovery may be from any source, including but not limited to:

- The third party or any liability or other insurance covering the third party
- The Participant's own uninsured motorist insurance coverage
- Under-insured motorist insurance coverage
- Any medical payments, no-fault or school insurance coverages which are paid or payable.

Participant's rights to damages shall be, and they are hereby, assigned to the insurer to such extent.

The insurer subrogation rights shall not be prejudiced by any Participant. Entering into a settlement or compromise arrangement with a third party without the insurer's prior written consent shall be deemed to prejudice the insurer's rights. Each Participant shall promptly advise the insurer in writing whenever a claim

against another party is made on behalf of a Participant and shall further provide to the insurer such additional information as is reasonably requested by the insurer. The Participant agrees to fully cooperate in protecting the insurer's rights against a third party. The insurer has no right to recover from a Participant or insured who has not been "made whole" (as this term has been used in reported Wisconsin court decisions), after taking into consideration the Participant's or insured's comparative negligence. If a dispute arises between the insurer and the Participant over the question of whether or not the Participant has been "made whole", the insurer reserves the right to a judicial determination whether the insured has been "made whole."

In the event the Participant can recover any amounts, for an Injury or Illness for which the insurer provides benefits, by initiating and processing a claim as required by a workmen's or worker's compensation act, disability benefit act, or other employee benefit act, the Participant shall either assert and process such claim and immediately turn over to the insurer the net recovery after actual and reasonable attorney fees and expenses, if any, incurred in effecting the recovery, or, authorize the insurer in writing to prosecute such claim on behalf of the and in the name of the Participant, in which case the insurer shall be responsible for all actual attorney's fees and expenses incurred in making or attempting to make recovery. If a Participant fails to comply with the subrogation provisions of this contract, particularly, but without limitation, by releasing the Participant's right to secure reimbursement for or coverage of any amounts under any workmen's or worker's

Miscellaneous Provisions: Local Participants 2014

compensation act, disability benefit act, or other employee benefit act, as part of settlement or otherwise, the Participant shall reimburse the insurer for all amounts theretofore or thereafter paid by the insurer which would have otherwise been recoverable under such acts and the insurer shall not be required to provide any future benefits for which recovery could have been made under such acts but for the Participant's failure to meet the obligations of the subrogation provisions of this contract. The Participant shall advise the insurer immediately, in writing, if and when the Participant files or otherwise asserts a claim for benefits under any workmen's or worker's compensation act, disability benefit act, or other employee benefit act.

I. PROOF OF CLAIM

As a Participant, it is Your responsibility to notify Your Provider of Your participation in the Health Plan and PBM.

Failure to notify a Plan Provider of Your membership in the Health Plan may result in claims not being filed on a timely basis. This could result in a delay in the claim being paid.

If You receive services from a Non-Plan Provider outside the Plan Service Area, obtain and submit an itemized bill and submit to the Health Plan, clearly indicating the Health Plan's name and address. If the services were received outside the United States, indicate the appropriate exchange rate at the time the services were received and provide an English language itemized billing to facilitate processing of Your claim.

Claims for services must be submitted as soon as reasonably possible after the

services are received. If the Health Plan and/or PBM does not receive the claim within 12 months, or if later, as soon as reasonably possible, after the date the service was received, the Health Plan and/or PBM may deny coverage of the claim.

J. GRIEVANCE PROCESS

All participating Health Plans and the PBM are required to make a reasonable effort to resolve members' problems and complaints. If You have a complaint regarding the Health Plan's and/or PBM's administration of these benefits (for example, denial of claim or Referral), You should contact the Health Plan and/or PBM and try to resolve the problem informally. If the problem cannot be resolved in this manner, You may file a written Grievance with the Health Plan and/or PBM. Contact the Health Plan and/or PBM for specific information on its Grievance procedures.

If You exhaust the Health Plan's and/or PBM's Grievance process and remain dissatisfied with the outcome, You may appeal to the Department by completing a Department complaint form. You should also submit copies of all pertinent documentation including the written determinations issued by the Health Plan and/or PBM. The Health Plan and/or PBM will advise You of Your right to appeal to the Department within 60 days of the date of the final grievance decision letter from the Health Plan and/or PBM.

However, you may not appeal to the Department issues which do not arise under the terms and conditions of Uniform Benefits, for example, determination of medical necessity, appropriateness,

Miscellaneous Provisions: Local Participants 2014

health care setting, level of care, effectiveness of a covered benefit, experimental treatment, pre-existing condition, or the rescission of a policy or certificate that can be resolved through the Independent Review Organization process under Wis. Stat. § 632.835 and Wis. Adm. Code INS § 18.11.

You may request an independent review pursuant to Wis. Stat. § 632.835 and Wis. Adm. Code § INS 18.11. In this event, You must notify the Health Plan and/or PBM of Your request. In accordance with Wis. Stat. § 632.835 and Wis. Adm. Code § INS 18.11, any decision by an Independent Review Organization is final and binding except for any decision regarding a preexisting condition exclusion denial or the rescission of a policy or certificate. Apart from these two exceptions, you have no further right to administrative review once the Independent Review Organization decision is rendered.

K. APPEALS TO THE GROUP INSURANCE BOARD

After exhausting the Health Plan's or PBM's Grievance process and review by

the Department, the Participant may appeal the Department's determination to the Group Insurance Board, unless an Independent Review Organization decision that is final and binding has been rendered in accordance with Wis. Stat. § 632.835 and Wis. Adm. Code § INS 18.11. The Group Insurance Board does not have the authority to hear appeals relating to issues which do not arise under the terms and conditions of Uniform Benefits, for example, determination of medical necessity, appropriateness, health care setting, level of care, effectiveness of a covered benefit, experimental treatment, pre-existing condition, or the rescission of a policy or certificate that can be resolved through the Independent Review Organization process under Wis. Stat. § 632.835 and Wis. Adm. Code INS § 18.11. These appeals are reviewed only to determine whether the Health Plan and/or PBM breached its contract with the Group Insurance Board.

Uniform Medical Benefits Quick Reference: Local Participants 2014

Note: The Quick Reference Guide is intended only to help locate the most commonly used benefits and services listed in the Uniform Benefits section of the 2014 *It's Your Choice Reference Guide*. It is not part of your insurance contract or a comprehensive listing of benefits, services, exclusions or limitations in your health plan. As such, it should not be relied on as a comprehensive listing of items contained within your insurance contract or the 2014 *It's Your Choice Reference Guide*.

Alcohol and Drug Abuse Treatment.....	88
Alcohol and Drug Abuse Treatment Exclusions.....	98
Ambulance Service.....	81
Ambulance Services Exclusions.....	96
Anesthesia Services.....	81
Autism Spectrum Disorders Treatment.....	91
Chemotherapy.....	81
Chiropractic Services.....	87
Congenital/Birth Abnormalities.....	91
Coordination of Benefits (Other Insurance).....	104
Detoxification Services.....	81
Diagnostic Services (ex. Lab, radiology, screenings).....	82
Diabetic Supplies-Durable.....	89
Diabetic Supplies-Durable Exclusions.....	96
Diabetic Supplies-Disposable/Glucometers.....	92
Diabetic Supplies-Disposable Exclusions.....	98
Emergency Care Services.....	78
Exclusions and Limitations.....	95
Full-Time Student Coverage-Out of Plan Service Area.....	90
Home Care Benefits.....	82
Hospice/End of Life Care.....	83
Hospital/Inpatient Services.....	88
Hospital/Inpatient Services Exclusions.....	97
Kidney Disease Treatment.....	87
Maintenance Care (Definition).....	73
Maintenance Care Exclusion.....	100
Medical Services(ex. Physical exams/Well-Child).....	81
Medical Services Exclusions.....	95
Medical Equipment/Supplies-Durable (Hearing aid, crutches).....	89
Medical Equipment/Supplies Exclusions.....	98
Medically Necessary.....	73
Mental Health Services.....	88
Mental Health Services Exclusions.....	98
Miscellaneous Provisions.....	108
Oral Surgery.....	84

Uniform Medical Benefits Quick Reference: Local Participants 2014

Oral Surgery Exclusions	96
Prescription Drugs-Outpatient	92
Prescription Drugs-Outpatient Exclusions.....	98
Phase II Cardiac Rehabilitation.....	84
Radiation Therapy.....	81
Reproductive Services and Contraceptives	80
Reproductive Services Exclusions.....	97
Schedule of Benefits (Costsharing, Coverage Information)	62
Skilled Nursing/Inpatient Care.....	88
Smoking Cessation	87
Surgical Services.....	79
Surgical Services Exclusions	95
Therapies-Outpatient Physical, Speech, Occupational	82
Therapies-Outpatient Exclusions	96
Transplants	85
Transplants Exclusions	97
Treatment of Temporomandibular(TMJ)Disorders	85
Uniform Dental Benefits	115
Urgent Care	79
Women's Health and Cancer Act of 1998	87

Uniform Dental Benefits (Certificate of Coverage)

Please read the following information carefully for your procedure frequencies and provisions.

All dental benefits are paid according to the terms of the Master Contract between the Health Plan and PBM and Group Insurance Board. The Uniform dental Benefits are wholly incorporated in the Master Contract.

This is a list of Uniform Dental Benefits and is based upon the Current Dental Terminology © American Dental Association. Codes are provided as a reference and may be subject to change; plans may substitute alternative codes to provide essentially equivalent coverage.

No payment will be made for a benefit that is not listed.

- Your benefits are based on a Calendar Year. A Calendar Year runs from January 1 through December 31.
- During the first year a person is insured, benefits begin on the effective date and continue through December 31 of that year.
- Covered Procedures are subject to all plan provisions, procedure and frequency limitations, and/or consultant review.
- X-ray films, periodontal charting and supporting diagnostic data may be requested for Plan review.
- We recommend that a pre-treatment estimate be submitted for all anticipated work that is considered to be expensive.
- A pre-treatment estimate is not a pre-authorization or guarantee of payment or eligibility; rather it is an indication of the estimated benefits available if the described procedures are performed.
- Note that uniform medical benefit may provide coverage for oral surgery.

Limitations

The following services **are limited** under this Plan:

- Oral Exams limited to two per year.
- Full Mouth or Panoramic x-rays limited to once every 60 months.
- Bite wing x-rays limited to two sets per year.
- Cleaning of teeth limited to two times per year.
- Fluoride treatment allowed only for a child under age 19, limited to two times per year.
- Sealants allowed only for a child under age 16, and must be applied to non-restored, non-decayed first and second permanent molars, limited to once per tooth per lifetime.
- Routine pediatric dental services as required under federal law.

Special note on fillings: On anterior (front) teeth you will have 100% coverage subject to your benefit maximum for both amalgam (silver) and composite/resin (tooth colored) fillings. On posterior (back) teeth, you have 100% coverage subject to your benefit

Uniform Dental Benefits: Local Participants 2014

maximum for amalgam (silver) fillings only. If you have a composite/resin (tooth colored) filling on a posterior tooth, you will be responsible for the difference between the amount your provider charges for an amalgam and a composite/resin filling.

Exclusions

The following are **not Covered Services** under this **Plan**:

1. Services for injuries or conditions that can be compensated under Workers' Compensation or Employer Liability laws.
2. Services or appliances, including prosthetics (crowns, bridges or dentures), started prior to the date the patient became eligible under this **Dental Plan**.
3. Prescription drugs, pre-medications or relative analgesia charges for anesthesia connection with covered oral surgery procedures.
4. Preventive control programs; charges for failure to keep a scheduled visit with a dentist; charges for completion of forms; charges for consultation.
5. Charges by any hospital or other surgical or treatment facility, or any additional fees charged by a dentist for treatment in any such facility.
6. Charges for treatment of, or services related to, temporomandibular joint dysfunction.
7. Services that are determined to be partially or wholly cosmetic in nature.
8. Appliances, restorations or procedures for increasing vertical dimension; for restoring occlusion; for correcting harmful habits; for replacing tooth structure lost by attrition; for correcting congenital or developmental malformations, including replacement of congenitally missing teeth, unless restoration is needed to restore normal bodily function; for temporary dental procedures; for implantology techniques or for splints, unless necessary as a result of accidental injury.
9. Replacement of lost or broken retainer.
10. Treatment by other than a **Dental Provider**, his or her employees, or his or her agents. A Plan may designate and authorize out-of-network providers in the absence of an existing in-network provider or provider network.
11. Dental care injuries or diseases caused by war or act of war, riots or any form of civil disobedience; injuries sustained while committing a felony; injuries intentionally inflicted; injuries or diseases caused by atomic or thermonuclear explosion or by the resulting radiation.
12. Claims not submitted to **Dental Plan** within 90 days from the date the procedure was provided.
13. Dental procedures in cases where, in the professional judgment of the attending dentist, a satisfactory result cannot be obtained.
14. Procedures and services not specifically provided under this **Certificate of Coverage** and procedures and services excluded by **Dental Plan**.
15. Any oral surgical procedures not specifically listed as a covered benefit or for which coverage exists under the medical policy.

Uniform Dental Benefits: Local Participants 2014

Types of Dental Providers:

- **In-Network Dental Provider** – Services as provided in the grid below.
- ***Designated Out-of-Network Dental Provider** – A health plan may designate and authorize out-of-network providers so that at least one dentist is available in each county or major city, if applicable. Services as provided in the grid below.
- **Other Out-of-Network Dental Provider** – When a health plan has an existing network of providers in a particular county or major city, if applicable, and the dental provider that you want to see is neither an In-Network Dental Provider nor a Designated Out-of-Network Dental Provider as described above, services for other Out-of-Network Dental Providers will be paid at 0%. If you are uncertain about whether your preferred dental provider is an in-network provider, designated out-of-network provider, or other out-of-network provider, contact your health plan.

	Key Plan Provisions		Covered Services (Examples)
	In-Network Provider	Designated Out-of-Network Provider*	
Deductible:	\$0	\$0	
Annual Benefit Max:	\$1,000	\$1,000	
Diagnostic / Preventive:	100%	75%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Routine Evaluations • X-rays • Fluoride
Restorative:	100%	50%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fillings
Periodontic:	80%	50%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Limited to Periodontal Maintenance
Adjunctive Services:	80%	50%	Local Anesthesia
Ortho:	50% (children only)	50% (children only)	
Ortho Lifetime Max:	\$1,500	\$1,500	

Diagnostic/Preventative:

Routine Oral Evaluation - exams are limited to two per year. Note that comprehensive exams are not done multiple times in a year.

- D0120 Periodic oral evaluation.
- D0145 Oral evaluation for patient under three years of age.
- D0150 Comprehensive oral evaluation – new/established patient or a patient who has been absent from dental care for more than three years; included as one of the two exams per year.
- D0160 Detailed & extensive oral evaluation.
- D0180 Comprehensive perio evaluation – new/established patient; included as one of the two exams per year.

Uniform Dental Benefits: Local Participants 2014

Limited Oral Evaluation

- D0140 Limited oral evaluation - problem focused.

Complete Series or Panoramic Film: limited to one (either D0210 or D0330) once every 60 months.

- D0210 Intraoral - Complete including bitewings.
- D0330 Panoramic radiographic image.

Other X-rays

- D0220 Intraoral periapical first radiographic image.
- D0230 Intraoral periapical additional radiographic image.
- D0240 Intraoral occlusal radiographic image.
- D0250 Extraoral first radiographic image.
- D0260 Extraoral each additional radiographic image.

Bitewing Films - limited to two sets per year.

- D0270 Bitewing single radiographic image.
- D0272 Bitewings two radiographic images.
- D0273 Bitewings three radiographic images.
- D0274 Bitewings four radiographic images.
- D0277 Vertical bitewings 7 to 8 radiographic images.

Prophylaxis: D1110, D1120

- D1110 Prophylaxis (cleaning) – Adult; limited to twice per year.
- D1120 Prophylaxis (cleaning) – Child; limited to twice per year.

Flouride - limited to twice per year up to age 19.

- D1206 Topical application of fluoride varnish.
- D1208 Topical application of fluoride.

Sealant

- D1351 Sealant - per tooth; limited to once per lifetime up to age 16, first and second molars only.

Space Maintainers - limited to primary teeth lost prematurely

- D1510 Space maintainer fixed unilateral.
- D1515 Space maintainer fixed bilateral.
- D1520 Space maintainer removable unilateral.
- D1525 Space maintainer removable bilateral.
- D1550 Recementation space maintainer.
- D1555 Removal of fixed space maintainer.

Restorative:

Amalgam Restoration

- D2140 Amalgam filling - one surface.
- D2150 Amalgam filling - two surfaces.
- D2160 Amalgam filling - three surfaces.
- D2161 Amalgam filling - four/more surfaces.

Resin Restorations

- D2330 Resin filling - one surface anterior.
- D2331 Resin filling - two surfaces anterior.
- D2332 Resin filling - three surfaces anterior.
- D2335 Resin filling - four/more surfaces anterior.
- D2390 Resin Crown anterior.
- D2391 Resin filling - one surface posterior; benefits limited.
- D2392 Resin filling - two surfaces posterior; benefits limited.
- D2393 Resin filling - three surfaces posterior; benefits limited.
- D2394 Resin filling - four/more surfaces posterior; benefits limited.

Miscellaneous Restorative

- D2940 Sedative filling; limited to once per lifetime per tooth.
- D2951 Pin retention per tooth; limited to once per tooth.
- D2999 Unspecified restorative procedure by report.

Periodontic:

- D4910 Periodontal maintenance. Coverage is limited to two procedures per one benefit period.

Oral Surgery:

Please note that eligible oral surgical procedures are covered under the medical plan when furnished by a **Plan Provider**.

Adjunctive Services:

- D9110 Emergency treatment/palliative.
- D9210 Local anesthesia not in conjunction with operative or surgical procedures.
- D9215 Local anesthesia used in conjunction with operative or surgical procedures.
- D9610 Therapeutic parenteral drug, single administration
- D9612 Therapeutic parenteral drugs.
- D9910 Application of Desensitizing.
- D9911 Apply desensitizing resin.

Uniform Dental Benefits: Local Participants 2014

- D9930 Treatment of complications.
- D9999 Unspecified adjunctive procedure.
- D9220 General anesthesia – 30 minutes.
- D9221 General anesthesia – 15 minutes.
- D9230 Nitrous oxide sedation.
- D9241 Intravenous sedation analgesia – 30 minutes.
- D9242 Intravenous sedation analgesia – 15 minutes.

Orthodontic Services - limited to age 19, 50% coverage.

- D8010 Limited orthodontic treatment of primary dentition.
- D8020 Limited orthodontic treatment of transitional dentition.
- D8030 Limited orthodontic treatment of adolescent dentition.
- D8040 Limited orthodontic treatment of adult dentition.
- D8050 Interceptive orthodontic treatment of primary dentition.
- D8060 Interceptive orthodontic treatment of transitional dentition.
- D8070 Comprehensive orthodontic treatment of transitional dentition.
- D8080 Comprehensive orthodontic treatment of adolescent dentition.
- D8090 Comprehensive orthodontic treatment of adult dentition.
- D8660 Pre-orthodontic treatment visit; may also be billed out as any combination of D0330, D0340, D0350, and D0470.
- D8680 Orthodontic retention (removal of appliances, construction/placement).
- D8690 Orthodontic treatment (alternative billing to a contract fee).
- D8999 Unspecified orthodontic procedure, by report.
- D9310 Consultation – diagnostic services other than requesting provider.

WHERE TO GET MORE INFORMATION

If you need additional information regarding:

- **Benefits**
- **Participating Providers**
- **Exclusions**
- **Limitations**

Contact the health plan or Pharmacy Benefit Manager (PBM) directly. Addresses, Web sites*, and telephone numbers are listed on the Inside Back Cover of the *It's Your Choice: Decision Guide*.

* When using health plan Web sites for benefit and provider data, ensure that you are accessing State of Wisconsin program specific information. If you are not sure, call the plan.

If you need additional information regarding:

- **Applications**
- **Enrollment**
- **Eligibility**
- **General Information**

Contact your benefits/payroll/personnel office. If you are an annuitant or are on continuation coverage, contact:

Employee Trust Funds (ETF)
PO Box 7931
Madison, WI 53707-7931
1-877-533-5020 (toll free)
(608) 266-3285 (local Madison)
Fax: (608) 267-4549

- All changes in your subscriber information, family status or providers must be made through your benefits/payroll/personnel office, and may be submitted electronically or via paper on approved forms. Annuitants and Continuants should submit to ETF.
- Additional information is available on ETF's Internet site at etf.wi.gov.
- Comments and suggestions regarding the *It's Your Choice* booklets should be directed to the Program Manager—Health Plans, Division of Insurance Services.

Stay Informed

Get free ETF E-mail Updates



Look for the red envelope at etf.wi.gov

Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds

801 W. Badger Road (visitor address)

PO Box 7931 (mailing address)
Madison, WI 53707-7931

1-877-533-5020 (toll free)
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