Wisconsin ETF Medical Claims Functional Specification

29 March 2017



EVISION HISTORY		
DATE	AUTHOR	DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITY
2/20/2017	Adrienne A. Ray	Initial Creation
4/4/2017	Adrienne A. Ray	Added a new claim ID field to start position 1317. The new field extends the length of the claim identifier from 15 to 35 characters. Please use this field for the claim ID. Field 8 converted to a filler field.
4/7/2017	Adrienne A. Ray	Changed field 12 to a filler field as it was a duplicate of Third Party (field 118). Provided guidance for completing field 52 (should only include the amount paid by Medicare), field 58 (should include the third party but exclude Medicare), field 118 (third party sum required to balance claim). Updated guidance for the provider address fields and provider name.
4/19/2017	Adrienne A. Ray	Added three internal provider file identifiers that will allow us to associate the claim to the correct iteration of the provider, taxonomy, office location combination. The new fields are 155, 156, and 157.
6/30/2017	Adrienne A. Ray	Added clarificaton to Payment Arrangement Type
9/29/2017	Adrienne A. Ray	Added a new field, Medicare Allowed Amount to capture the allowed amount when Medicare is the primary payer.
10/6/2017	Adrienne A. Ray	Added field 159, Extended Units of Service. When this new field is used, field 119 must be blank-filled.
3/8/2018	Adrienne A. Ray	Please consult the Codes and Descriptions document as the final authority on our code set. Occasionally, some of our codes are dropped when this function specification is converted to PDF. Thanks!
3/24/2019	Adrienne A. Ray	Added field 160, Sequestration Withhold Amount.
1/3/2020	LeConia Robin	Added field 161, Paid/Denied Indicator Flag. Codes and Descriptions for this fie have been added. Added additional instructions regarding payment arrangement.
1/21/2021	LeConia Robin	2021 File Spec Changes for the following fields: Allowed Amount, Date of Servi Facility Detail, PCP Responsibility Indicator, Servicing Provider TIN, Third Party Amount, and Claim Type Code
2/18/2021	LeConia Robin	Removed the 2021 File Spec Changes for Allowed Amount and Third Party Amount fields. Based on feedback from DSEs, ETF has decided not to ask for changes for these 2 data elements at this time.
11/19/2021	LeConia Robin	Added new 3 extended internal provider id fields to be used for DSEs that have internal provider ids over 13 bytes
12/15/2021	Rachel Carabell	Clarified that some fields are situational or not required, that NDCs are require for drugs and DME, updated instructions regarding network provider and network paid indicators, and allocation of financial fields.
12/10/2023	Adrienne A. Ray	Rebranded for Merative

DESCRIPTION/GENERAL INFORMATION

This interface is designed to produce a medical claims file for plan participants administered through each of our WI ETF Medical Data Submitting Entities (DSEs).

FILE/DATA FORMATTING AND SUBMISSION

	Merative supports a number of file submission options including: FTP, Web Submission, as well as physical media.								
DATA SUBMISSION	The data will be submitted to Merative on a monthly basis. Monthly files should be submitted on or before the 15th of the month following the close of each month.								
FILE FORMAT	Fixed-Record Length, ASCII File Contains Detail (Data) Layout and Trailer Layout for each layout group								
CHARACTER FIELDS	 Includes A - Z (lower or upper case), 0 – 9, and spaces Left justified, right blank/space filled Unrecorded or missing values in character fields are blank/spaces 								
DATE FIELDS	Format of all dates should be CCYYMMDD								
NUMERIC FIELDS	All numeric fields should be right-justified and left zero-filled Unrecorded or missing values in numeric fields should be set to zero								
FINANCIAL FIELDS	 All financial fields should be right-justified and left zero-filled Merative prefers to receive both dollars and cents, with an implied decimal point before the last two digits in the data. For example: "1234567" would represent \$12,345.67 Please do not include an actual decimal point in the data. Negative signs should be the leading value in the first position. For example: "-1234567" would represent -\$12,345.67 Unrecorded or missing values in numeric fields should be zero (000 to accommodate the 2-digit implied decimal) 								
INVALID CHARACTERS	Please note that the following characters should not be included in the data or the descriptions in the data dictionary.								
	* ! ? % _ (under score) , (comma)								

DEFINITIONS

Fully denied claims should be removed from the extract of claims prior to submission, while partially denied claims should be included. Merative defines denied claims as follows:

Fully denied claim: The entire claim has been denied (typical reasons include an ineligible member, an ineligible provider, or a duplicate claims).

Partially denied claim: The claim contains one or more service lines that are denied, but some that are paid. All service lines should be included on the file.

Fee-for-service claims: Claims records for services that result in direct payment to providers on a service-specific basis.

Encounter records: Utilization records for services provided under capitation arrangements (i.e., plans in which a provider is paid based on the number of enrollees rather than the services rendered.) These records enable documentation of all services provided regardless of whether or not direct payment was made to the provider.

Facility Data: Facility data includes all services rendered by an inpatient or outpatient facility. The basis for the requirements of facility data is the information found on the standard UB-04 claim form.

Professional Data: Professional data includes all services rendered by a physician or other professional provider, including dental, vision and hearing. The basis for the requirements of professional data is the information found on the standard CMS-1500 claim form.

Fee-for-Service Equivalents: Financial amounts for services rendered under a capitated arrangement found within encounter records.

DISCUSSION ITEMS

If both fee-for-service claims and encounter records are included on the data file, Merative will rely on the data supplier to explain how to differentiate them, preferably using the field Capitated Service Indicator.

If encounter records contain fee-for-service equivalents, it is essential for Merative to understand which fields contain these amounts.

Financial fields should be populated at the service line level, not at the claim level.

Merative will need to understand the circumstances under which claims are not paid on a line item basis. For example, situations where claims are paid on a per diem basis or paid based on a DRG. It is our preference if the supplier can apply a factor so that the financials are spread across the lines based on the service rendered.

Claim is paid based on the DRG and Net Payment for the entire claim is \$3,632.00; financials are applied across lines

I	CLAIM LEVEL INFORMATION				SE	RVICE LEV	EL DETAIL	
Claim Id	Provider Id	DRG	Provider Type	Line Number	Revenue Code	Service Count	Allowed Amount	Net Payment
11111	121212121	177	25	1	120	2	\$ 2,500.00	\$ 2,000.00
11111	121212121	177	25	2	250	1	\$ 115.00	\$ 100.00
11111	121212121	177	25	3	720	10	\$ 1,800.00	\$ 1,532.00
		•	-			•		

If the managed care program includes a risk-sharing arrangement with providers such that a portion of the approved payment amount is withheld from the provider payment and placed in a risk-sharing pool for later distribution, then the withhold amount should be recorded as a separate field and also included in the Charge Submitted, Allowed Amount and Net Payment fields.

DISCUSSION ITEMS - PROVIDER

Merative requires unique provider identifiers and associated names. Merative would like both the identifier and the name to be specific to each provider, rather than group level information. TAXID is preferred for the identifier.

If providers within group practices use a single TAXID, Watson Health would prefer an additional qualifier that would make each identifier and name unique.

If only the group name is available with the associated TIN, and a qualifier is not available, Merative prefers another identifier for professional claims and the TAXID for the facility claims. NPI is preferred for the alternate identifier. In this case the TAXID is still requested in addition to the NPI or alternate identifier.

Provider Example 1 When providers in group practices use the same TAXID, a qualifier is needed to insure unique provider names.

					Service	
Claim ID	TAXID	Qualifier	Provider Name	Prov Type	Count	Net Payment
11111	121212121	2222	Dr. Brown	25	2	\$ 2,000.00
22222	121212121	3333	Dr. Smith	35	1	\$ 100.00

Provider Example 2 The following is an example of what is not desired.							
Claim ID	TAXID	Provider Name	Prov Type	Svc Cour	nt	Net Payment	
11111	121212121	Dr. Brown	25	2	\$	2,000.00	
22222	121212121	Dr. Smith	35	1	\$	100.00	
33333	232323232	XYZ	25	1	\$	125.00	
22222	232323232	XYZ	35	1	\$	110.00	

DISCUSSION ITEMS - PROVIDER

Provider Example 3
When only the groups name is available with TAXID, NPI is requested in addition to TAXID.

Professional

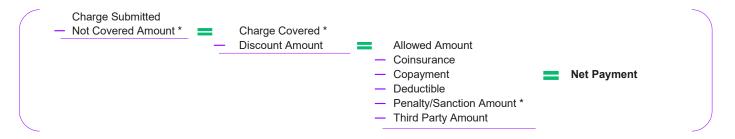
	Claim ID	TAXID	Group Name	NPI	Prov Name	Prov Type	Svc Count	Net Payment
_	11111	121212121	XYZ Pediatrics	222222222	Dr Brown	25	2	\$ 2,000.00
	22222	121212121	XYZ Pediatrics	333333333	Dr Smith	35	1	\$ 100.00

Facility

Claim ID	TAXID	NPI	Provider Name	Prov Type	Rev Code)	Net Payment
11111	343434343	2222222222	University Hospital	1	110	\$	2,000.00
22222	454545454	33333333333	University Children's Hospital	1	120	\$	100.00

FINANCIAL RELATIONSHIP

Merative defines the relationship among financial fields as follows. Those marked with an asterisk are desirable, but not required for the data extract.



CORRECTIONS TO PAID CLAIMS

Data suppliers generally use either Void/Replacement or Adjustment records to make corrections to paid claims. Merative defines these as follows:

VOID/REPLACEMENT

A **void** is a claim that reverses or backs out a previously paid one. All financials and quantities are negated on the void record. A replacement record that contains the corrected information generally follows it. The original, void and replacement need not appear in the same file.

After adjudication, a paid claim with a \$25 Copay and \$50 Net Pay, a correction was necessary. The correction contains a \$10 Copay and \$65 Net Pay.

Record Type	Svc Count	Charge	Submitted	Сорау	De	eductible	Net	Payment
Original	1	\$	75.00	\$ 25.00	\$	-	\$	50.00
Void	-1	\$	(75.00)	\$ (25.00)	\$	-	\$	(50.00)
Replacement	1	\$	75.00	\$ 10.00	\$	-	\$	65.00

ADJUSTMENT

A financial **adjustment** is a claim line where one or more of the financial fields display the difference between the original amount and the final amount. Any financial not being adjusted should be zero. All quantities should be zero on the adjustment as well. The original and adjustment need not appear in the same file.

After a claim was adjudicated with a \$25 Copay and \$50 Net Pay, it was discovered that there should have been a \$10 Copay and \$65 Net Pay.

Record Type	Svc Count	Char	ge Submitted	Copay	De	ductible	Net	Payment
Original	1	\$	75.00	\$ 25.00	\$	-	\$	50.00
Adjustment	0	\$	-	\$ (15.00)	\$	-	\$	15.00

FACILITY RECORD CONTENT

The standard UB-04 claim form contains both information that pertains to the entire claim and single service/procedure within the claim.

Each record in the data file should represent one service (detail) line.

All financials and quantities on each record should pertain to that service only (as opposed to the entire claim).

The repeating of non-quantitative claim-level information (e.g., Claim ID, Provider ID, Provider Type, etc.) on each record is necessary.

01.4	IM LEVEL INCOR		claim with three s		WEL DETAIL		
Claim Id	IM LEVEL INFOR Provider Id	Provider Type	Line Number	Revenue	EVEL DETAIL Service Count	Ne	t Payment
11111	121212121	25	1	120	2	\$	2,000.00
11111	121212121	25	2	250	1	\$	100.00
11111	121212121	25	3	720	10	\$	1,532.00
				-			

PROFESSIONAL RECORD CONTENT

Merative does not store separate header/claim-level and detail/service-level information for professional claims. Merative requires the following:

Each record in the data file should represent one service (detail) line.

All financials and quantities on each record should pertain to that service only (as opposed to the entire claim).

The repeating of non-quantitative claim-level information (e.g., Claim ID, Provider ID, Provider Type, etc.) on each record is necessary.

		One profession	onal claim with two	service lines			One professional claim with two service lines											
CLA	IM LEVEL INFOR	MATION		SERVICE LE	VEL DETAIL													
Claim Id	Provider Id	Provider Type	Line Number	Procedure	Service Count	Net	Payment											
13331	621262121	51	1	99201	1	\$	100.00											
13331	621262121	51	2	99175	1	\$	150.00											

Field Number Field Name	St	art Enc	d Length	Туре	Data Element Description	Required (R) Situational (S) Not Required (N)	Data Element ID (WI ETF)	Data Element (WI ETF)	Data Element Description (WI ETF)	Standard Field	Data Dictionary Needed	Data Supplier Instructions/Notes
1 Adjustment Type Code		1 1	1	Character	Client-specific code for the claim adjustment type	R	MC138	CLAIM LINE TYPE	Claim Line Activity Type Code			Adjustment Type values will be identified in the Data
										Yes	Yes	Dictionary. Valid Values 1 Adjustment (positive or negative adjustment) 2 Void (void, reversal or back-out) 3 Original or Replacement (original, resubmit or replacement) 4 Bus Adjustment (gross or bus adjustment)
2 Allowed Amount		2 11	10	Numeric	The maximum amount allowed by the plan for payment. This is the plan's contracted allowed amount on COB claims	R	MC098	ALLOWED AMOUNT	Allowed Amount	Yes		Format 9(8)v99 (2 – digit, implied decimal) On facility records, this field must be at the service/detail level as opposed to the header/claim level. This amount
3 Bill Type Code UB	:	12 15	4	Character	The UB-04 standard code for the billing type, indicating type of facility, bill classification, and frequency of bill.	s	MC036	TYPE OF BILL - ON FACILITY CLAIMS	Type of Bill	Yes	See Notes	should be allocated across all lines for the claim. See Bill Type Code UB section for valid values
4 Capitated Service Indicator	r :	16 16	1	Character	An indicator that this service (encounter record) was capitated	R	MC081	CAPITATED ENCOUNTER FLAG	Indicator - Capitation Payment	Yes		Valid Values Y - Yes N - No
5 Carrier Specific Unique Me	ember	17 26	10	Character	The Member's Unique ID	R	MC137	CARRIER SPECIFIC UNIQUE MEMBER ID	The Member's unique ID. This is the ETF Member ID.	Yes		Applicable field values are "Y" for Capitated services and "N" for non-cap services.
6 Carrier Specific Unique Sub	bscriber :	7 36	10	Character	The Subscriber's unique ID.	R	MC141	CARRIER SPECIFIC UNIQUE SUBSCRIBER ID	The Subscriber's unique ID. This is the ETF Member ID	Yes		
7 Charge Submitted		37 46		Numaric	The submitted or billed charge amount	R	MC062	CHARGE AMOUNT	Amount of provider charges for the claim line	Yes		Format 9(8)v99 (2 – digit, implied decimal)
										Yes	Yes	On facility records, this field must be at the service/detail level as opposed to the header/claim level. This amount should be allocated across all lines for the claim.
8 Filler_47_15	'	7 61	15	Character	Was the claim ID field. Please use the new field at position 1317.	R	MC004	Was the claim ID field. Please use the new field at position	Was the claim ID field. Please use the new field at position 1317.	Yes		Was the claim ID field. Please use the new field at position 1317
9 Claim Processed Date	-	52 71	10	Date	Claim Processed Date	R	MC110	1317. CLAIM PROCESSED DATE	Claim Processed Date	Yes		position 1317. CCYYMMDD Format
10 Claim Type Code		72 73			Client-specific code for the type of claim based on the benefit under which claim is paid The coinsurance paid by the subscriber as specified in the	R.	MC094	TYPE OF CLAIM COINSURANCE AMOUNT	Type of Claim indicator Amount of coinsurance member/satient is responsible to av-			Clam Type Codes will be identified in the Data Dictionary. Valid Values 1 Denging 1 De
12 FILLER 84 10 13 Copayment		14 93	10	Character	plan provision. This field was a duplicate of the third party field.			This field was a duplicate of the third party field.	This field was a duplicate of the third party field.	Yes Yes		
13 Copayment		103	10	Numeric	The copayment paid by the subscriber as specified by the plan provision.	R	MC065	COPAY AMOUNT	Amount of Copay member/patient is responsible to pay	Yes		
14 Date of Birth	1	04 113	3 10	Date	Buth date of the person	A	MCD13	MEMBER DATE OF BIRTH	Member/Patient's date of birth	Yes		CCYYMMDD Format The member's birth date is part of the Person ID key and is, therefore, critical to tagging claims to eligibility. The four-digit year is required for date of birth. The century cannot be accurately assigned based on a two-digit year.
15 Date of First Service	1	14 123	10	Date	The date of the first service reported on the claim or authorization record.	S	MC0S9	DATE OF SERVICE - FROM	Date of Service	Yes		CCYYMMDD Format - The date of the first service reported on the claim - this date should be at the header level
16 Date of Last Service	1	24 133	10	Date	The date of the last service reported on the claim or authorization record.	S	MC060	DATE OF SERVICE - TO	Date of Service	Yes		CCYYMMDD Format - The date of the last service reported on the claim - this date should be at the header level
17 Date of Service Facility Det	tail 1	34 143	3 10	Date	The date of service for the facility detail record - this date should be at the detail level	S	MC018	FACILITY DETAIL DATE	Date of Service for facility detail record	Yes		CCYYMMDD Format - The date of service for the facility detail record - this date should be at the detail level If Supplier cannot provide Date of Service on inpatient Facility Detail Records, we will set this = Date of First Service
18 Date Paid	1	44 153	3 10	Date	The date the claim or data record was paid.	R	MC089	PAID DATE	Paid date of the claim line	Yes		CCYYMMDD Format This is the check date.
19 Days	1	54 159	6	Numeric	The number of inpatient days for the facility claim.	R	MC091 MC092 MC093	COINSURANCE DAYS COVERED DAYS NONCOVERED DAYS		Yes		
20 Deductible	1	60 169	10	Numeric	The amount paid by the subscriber through the deductible arrangement of the plan.	R	MC067	DEDUCTIBLE AMOUNT	Amount of deductible member/patient is responsible to pay on the claim line	Yes		Format 9(8)v99 (2 – digit, implied decimal)
21 Diagnosis Code Principal	1	70 177	7 8	Character	result. Length expanded from 5 to 8 for future use.	R	MC041	PRINCIPAL DIAGNOSIS	ICD Primary Diagnosis Code	Yes		No decimal point.
22 Diagnosis Code 2	1	78 185	5 8	Character	A secondary diagnosis code for the claim. Length expanded from 5 to 8 for future use.	s	MC042	OTHER DIAGNOSIS - 1	ICD Secondary Diagnosis Code	Yes		No decimal point.
23 Diagnosis Code 3	1	86 193	8	Character	A secondary diagnosis code for the claim. Length expanded	s	MC043	OTHER DIAGNOSIS - 2	ICD Other Diagnosis Code	Yes		No decimal point.
24 Diagnosis Code 4	1	94 201	1 8	Character	from 5 to 8 for future use. A secondary diagnosis code for the claim. Length expanded from 5 to 8 for future use.	S	MC044	OTHER DIAGNOSIS - 3	ICD Other Diagnosis Code	Yes		No decimal point.
25 Diagnosis Code 5	2	02 209	8	Character	from 5 to 8 for future use. A secondary diagnosis code for the claim. Length expanded from 5 to 8 for future use.	S	MC045	OTHER DIAGNOSIS - 4	ICD Other Diagnosis Code	Yes		No decimal point.
26 Diagnosis Code 6	2	10 217	7 8	Character	from 5 to 8 for future use. A secondary diagnosis code for the claim. Length expanded from 5 to 8 for future use.	S	MC046	OTHER DIAGNOSIS - S	ICD Other Diagnosis Code	Yes		No decimal point.
			1		promis as 8 for future use.			1	1			1

Field Number Field Name	Start	End Ler	ngth	Туре	Data Element Description	Required (R) Situational (S) Not Required (N)	Data Element ID (WI ETF)	Data Element (WI ETF)	Data Element Description (WI ETF)	Standard Field	Data Dictionary Needed	Data Supplier Instructions/Notes
Fixed-Record Length 27 Diagnosis Code 7	218	225	8	Character	A secondary diagnosis code for the claim. Length expanded	S	MC047	OTHER DIAGNOSIS - 6	ICD Other Diagnosis Code	Yes		No decimal point.
28 Diagnosis Code 8	226	233	8	Character	from 5 to 8 for future use. A secondary diagnosis code for the claim. Length expanded	S	MC048	OTHER DIAGNOSIS - 7	ICD Other Diagnosis Code	Yes		No decimal point.
29 Diagnosis Code 9	234	241	8	Character	from 5 to 8 for future use. A secondary diagnosis code for the claim. Length expanded	S	MC049	OTHER DIAGNOSIS - 8	ICD Other Diagnosis Code	Yes		No decimal point.
30 Diagnosis Code 10	242	249	8	Character	from 5 to 8 for future use. A secondary diagnosis code for the claim. Length expanded	s	MC050	OTHER DIAGNOSIS - 9	ICD Other Diagnosis Code	Yes		No decimal point.
31 Diagnosis Code 11	250	257	8	Character	from 5 to 8 for future use. A secondary disensity code for the claim. Length expanded.	S	MC051	OTHER DIAGNOSIS - 10	ICD Other Diagnosis Code			No decimal point.
32 Diagnosis Code 12	258			Character	A secondary diagnosis code for the claim. Length expanded from 5 to 8 for future use. A secondary diagnosis code for the claim. Length expanded	s	MC052	OTHER DIAGNOSIS - 11	ICD Other Diagnosis Code	Yes		No decimal point.
33 Diagnosis Code 13					from 5 to 8 for future use. A secondary diagnosis code for the claim. Length expanded	s	MC053	OTHER DIAGNOSIS - 12	ICD Other Diagnosis Code	Yes		No decimal point.
					from 5 to 8 for future use.			OTHER DIAGNOSIS - 12	ICD Otter Diagnoss code	Yes		·
34 Diagnosis Code 14					A secondary diagnosis code for the claim. Length expanded from 5 to 8 for future use.	S	N/A			Yes		No decimal point.
35 Diagnosis Code 15					A secondary diagnosis code for the claim. Length expanded from 5 to 8 for future use.	s	N/A			Yes		No decimal point.
36 Diagnosis Code 16				Character	A secondary diagnosis code for the claim. Length expanded from 5 to 8 for future use.	s	N/A			Yes		No decimal point.
37 Diagnosis Code 17	298		8	Character	A secondary diagnosis code for the claim. Length expanded from 5 to 8 for future use.	s	N/A			Yes		No decimal point.
38 Diagnosis Code 18	306	313	8	Character	A secondary diagnosis code for the claim. Length expanded from 5 to 8 for future use.	S	N/A			Yes		No decimal point.
39 Diagnosis Code 19	314	321	8	Character	A secondary diagnosis code for the claim. Length expanded from 5 to 8 for future use.	s	N/A			Yes		No decimal point.
40 Diagnosis Code 20	322	329	8	Character	A secondary diagnosis code for the claim. Length expanded from 5 to 8 for future use.	s	N/A			Yes		No decimal point.
41 Diagnosis Code 21	330	337	8	Character	A secondary diagnosis code for the claim. Length expanded	s	N/A			Yes		No decimal point.
42 Diagnosis Code 22	338	345	8	Character	from S to 8 for future use. A secondary diagnosis code for the claim. Length expanded from S to 8 for future use.	S	N/A			Yes		No decimal point.
43 Diagnosis Code 23	346	353	8	Character	A secondary diagnosis code for the claim. Length expanded	s	N/A			Yes		No decimal point.
44 Diagnosis Code 24			8	Character	from 5 to 8 for future use. A secondary diagnosis code for the claim. Length expanded	s	N/A			Yes		No decimal point.
45 Diagnosis Code 25				Character	from 5 to 8 for future use. A secondary diagnosis code for the claim. Length expanded	s	N/A					No decimal point.
46 Discharge Status Code UB					from 5 to 8 for future use. The UB-04 standard patient status code, indicating	R	MC023	DISCHARGE STATUS	Inpatient Discharge Status Code	Yes		Valid Values
										Yes		1 Discharged to home or self-care routine discharge 2 Discharged/transferred to short-term general background and the self-care control of the self-care care care care care care care care
47 Discount	3/2	381 :	10	Numeric	The discount amount of the claim, applied to charges for any plan pricing reductions.	R	N/A			Yes		Format 9(8)v99 (2 – digit, implied decimal) On facility records, this field must be at the service/detail level as opposed to the header/claim level. This amount should be allocated across all lines for the claim.
48 Family ID/Employee SSN	382	390	9		The unique identifier (Social Security Number) for the subscriber (contract holder, employee) and their associated	R	MC007	SUBSCRIBER SSN	Subscriber's Social Security Number			The subscriber's social security number is part of the Person ID key and is, therefore, critical to tagging claims
					dependents.					Yes		to eligibility.
49 Former Claim Number	391	425	35	Character	Previous Claim Number	S	MC139	FORMER CLAIM NUMBER	Previous Claim Number	Yes		
49 Former Claim Number 50 Gender	426	426	1	Character	Previous Claim Number Gender of the person.	R	MC012	MEMBER GENDER	Patient's Gender			Valid Values M - Male
										Yes		F - Female U - Unknown
51 Line Number	427	431	5	Character	The detail line number for the service on the claim	R	MC005	LINE COUNTER MEDICARE PAID AMOUNT	Incremental Line Counter	Yes		
52 Medicare Paid Amount 53 Net Payment	442	451	10	Numeric	The amount Medicare paid on the claim The actual check amount for the record	R R	MC097 MC063	PAID AMOUNT PAID AMOUNT	The amount Medicare paid on the claim Amount paid by the carrier for the claim line	Yes		The amount Medicare paid on the claim Format 9(8)v99 (2 - digit, implied decimal)
										Yes		On facility records, this field must be at the service/detail level as opposed to the header/claim level. This amount should be allocated across all lines for the claim.
S4 Network Paid Indicator	452	452	1	Character	An indicator of whether the claim was paid at in-network or out-of-network level	*	MC131	IN-NETWORK INDICATOR	Indicator - Network Rate Applied	Yes	See Notes	Valid Values Y - Yes N - No For claims paid at the in-network benefit level, this should be set to Y, regardless of the provider's network status. For denied claim lines, this should be set to N.
SS Network Provider Indicator	453	453	1	Character	Indicates if the servicing provider participates in the network to which the patient belongs	R	N/A			Yes		Valid Values Y-Yes N-No This field should be set based on whether the provider is in-network or out-of-network based on the member's service area/network regardless of whether the claim is paid at the in-network benefit level.
56 Non-Covered Amount 57 Non-Covered Days	454	463 :	10	Numeric	The amount of claim line charged but not covered.	R	MC099 MC093	NON-COVERED AMOUNT NON-COVERED DAYS	The amount of claim line charged but not covered. Non-Covered inpatient days	Yes Yes		
57 Non-Covered Days 58 Other Insurance Paid Amount	468	477 :	10	Numeric	The amount of claim line charged but not covered. Non-Covered inpatient days The amount paid by a primary carrier	R R	MC095	COORDINATION OF BENEFITS/TPL LIABILITY AMOUNT	The amount paid by a primary carrier	Yes		This is the third party amount, but excludes any portion
							MC096	OTHER INSURANCE PAID AMOUNT		.00		paid by Medicare.

Field Number	Field Name	Start E	nd Lengt	th Type	Data Element Description	Required (R) Situational (S) Not Required (N)	Data Element ID (WI ETF)	Data Element (WI ETF)	Data Element Description (WI ETF)	Standard Field	Data Dictionary Needed	Data Supplier Instructions/Notes
59	Payment Arrangement Type	478 4	79 2	Characte	Payment Arrangement Type Value	R	MC113	PAYMENT ARRANGEMENT TYPE VALUE	Payment Arrangement Type Value	Yes		Please see Payment Arrangement section for a list of
60	FILLER_480_30	480 5	09 30	Characte		N		This was once the Payment Reason Code. No longer	This was once the Payment Reason Code. No longer	Yes		Values This was once the Payment Reason Code. No longer
61	PCP Responsibility Indicator	510 5	10 1	Characte	required. An indicator signifying that the PCP is the servicing provider	R	MC119	required. PCP INDICATOR	required. Indicator - PCP Rendered Service			required. Valid Values: Y = Yes; N = No
					on the claim.					Yes		If the PCP rendered this service, indicator should = Y
	Place of Service Code	511 5		Characte		R	MC037	SITE OF SERVICE - ON NSF/1500 CLAIMS	Place of Service Code	Yes		Please see Place of Service section for a list of valid values.
63	Prepaid Amount	513 5		Numerio	The amount carrier has prepaid towards the claim line	s	MC064	PREPAID AMOUNT	The amount carrier has prepaid towards the claim line	Yes		This could be an amount related to Long Term Carem, DME rental, or dental.
64	Procedure Code	523 5	29 7	Characte	The procedure code for the service record. Length expanded from 5 to 7 for future use.	R	MC05S	PROCEDURE CODE	HCPCS / CPT Code	Yes		CPT/HCPCS codes.
65	Procedure Code UB Surg 1	530 5	36 7	Characte	The primary surgical procedure code (1) on the facility claim. Length expanded from 5 to 7 for future use.	S	MC058	ICD-CM PRIMARY CODE	ICD Primary Procedure Code	Yes		ICD-9 or 10 Surgical procedure codes.
66	Procedure Code UB Surg 2	537 5	43 7	Characte	The secondary surgical procedure code on the facility claim. Length expanded from 5 to 7 for future use.	S	MC083	OTHER ICD-CM PROCEDURE CODE - 1	ICD Secondary Procedure Code	Yes		ICD-9 or 10 Surgical procedure codes.
67	Procedure Code UB Surg 3	544 5	50 7	Characte	The secondary surgical procedure code on the facility claim. Length expanded from 5 to 7 for future use.	S	MC084	OTHER ICD-CM PROCEDURE CODE - 2	ICD Other Procedure Code	Yes		ICD-9 or 10 Surgical procedure codes.
68	Procedure Code UB Surg 4	551 5	57 7	Characte	The secondary surgical procedure code on the facility claim. Length expanded from 5 to 7 for future use.	s	MC085	OTHER ICD-CM PROCEDURE CODE - 3	ICD Other Procedure Code	Yes		ICD-9 or 10 Surgical procedure codes.
69	Procedure Code UB Surg 5	558 5	64 7	Characte	The secondary surgical procedure code on the facility claim. Length expanded from 5 to 7 for future use.	s	MC086	OTHER ICD-CM PROCEDURE CODE - 4	ICD Other Procedure Code	Yes		ICD-9 or 10 Surgical procedure codes.
70	Procedure Code UB Surg 6	565 5	71 7	Characte	The secondary surgical procedure code on the facility claim. Length expanded from 5 to 7 for future use.	s	MC087	OTHER ICD-CM PROCEDURE CODE - 5	ICD Other Procedure Code	Yes		ICD-9 or 10 Surgical procedure codes.
71	Procedure Code UB Surg 7	572 5	78 7	Characte	The secondary surgical procedure code on the facility claim.	s	MC088	OTHER ICD-CM PROCEDURE CODE - 6	ICD Other Procedure Code	Yes		ICD-9 or 10 Surgical procedure codes.
72	Procedure Code UB Surg 8	579 5	85 7	Characte	Length expanded from 5 to 7 for future use. The secondary surgical procedure code on the facility claim.	S	N/A		ICD Other Procedure Code	Yes		ICD-9 or 10 Surgical procedure codes.
73	Procedure Code UB Surg 9	586 5	92 7	Characte	Length expanded from 5 to 7 for future use. The secondary surgical procedure code on the facility claim. Length expanded from 5 to 7 for future use.	s	N/A		ICD Other Procedure Code	Yes		ICD-9 or 10 Surgical procedure codes.
74	Procedure Code UB Surg 10	593 5	99 7	Characte	The secondary surgical procedure code on the facility claim.	S	N/A		ICD Other Procedure Code	Yes		ICD-9 or 10 Surgical procedure codes.
75	Procedure Code UB Surg 11	600 6	06 7	Characte	Length expanded from 5 to 7 for future use. The secondary surgical procedure code on the facility claim.	S	N/A		ICD Other Procedure Code	Yes		ICD-9 or 10 Surgical procedure codes.
76	Procedure Code UB Surg 12	607 6	13 7	Characte	Length expanded from 5 to 7 for future use. The secondary surgical procedure code on the facility claim.	S	N/A		ICD Other Procedure Code	Yes		ICD-9 or 10 Surgical procedure codes.
77	Procedure Code UB Surg 13	614 6	20 7	Characte	Length expanded from 5 to 7 for future use. The secondary surgical procedure code on the facility claim.	S	N/A		ICD Other Procedure Code			ICD-9 or 10 Surgical procedure codes.
78	Procedure Code UB Surg 14	621 6		Characte	Length expanded from 5 to 7 for future use. The secondary surgical procedure code on the facility claim.	s	N/A		ICD Other Procedure Code	Yes		ICD-9 or 10 Surgical procedure codes.
79	Procedure Code UB Surg 15	628 6	34 7	Characte	Length expanded from 5 to 7 for future use. The secondary surgical procedure code on the facility claim.	s	N/A		ICD Other Procedure Code	Yes		ICD-9 or 10 Surgical procedure codes.
80	Procedure Code UB Surg 16	635 6		Characte	Length expanded from 5 to 7 for future use. The secondary surgical procedure code on the facility claim.	S	N/A		ICD Other Procedure Code	Yes		ICD-9 or 10 Surgical procedure codes.
81	Procedure Code UB Surg 17	642 6		Characte	Length expanded from 5 to 7 for future use. The secondary surgical procedure code on the facility claim.	s	N/A		ICD Other Procedure Code	Yes		ICD-9 or 10 Surgical procedure codes.
	Procedure Code UB Surg 18	649 6		Characte	Length expanded from 5 to 7 for future use. The secondary surgical procedure code on the facility claim.	•	N/A		ICD Other Procedure Code	Yes		ICD-9 or 10 Surgical procedure codes.
83	Procedure Code UB Surg 18	656 6			Length expanded from 5 to 7 for future use. The secondary surgical procedure code on the facility claim.	s S	N/A		ICD Other Procedure Code	Yes		ICD-9 or 10 Surgical procedure codes.
			69 7	Characte	Length expanded from 5 to 7 for future use.		,					
84	Procedure Code UB Surg 20			Characte	The secondary surgical procedure code on the facility claim. Length expanded from 5 to 7 for future use.	S	N/A		ICD Other Procedure Code			ICD-9 or 10 Surgical procedure codes.
85	Procedure Code UB Surg 21		76 7	Characte	The secondary surgical procedure code on the facility claim. Length expanded from 5 to 7 for future use.	S	N/A		ICD Other Procedure Code	Yes	Yes	ICD-9 or 10 Surgical procedure codes.
86	Procedure Code UB Surg 22		83 7	Characte	The secondary surgical procedure code on the facility claim. Length expanded from 5 to 7 for future use.	s	N/A		ICD Other Procedure Code			ICD-9 or 10 Surgical procedure codes.
87	Procedure Code UB Surg 23	684 6		Characte	The secondary surgical procedure code on the facility claim. Length expanded from 5 to 7 for future use.	s	N/A		ICD Other Procedure Code	Yes		ICD-9 or 10 Surgical procedure codes.
88	Procedure Code UB Surg 24	691 6		Characte	The secondary surgical procedure code on the facility claim. Length expanded from 5 to 7 for future use.	S	N/A		ICD Other Procedure Code	Yes		ICD-9 or 10 Surgical procedure codes.
89	Procedure Code UB Surg 25	698 7	04 7	Characte	The secondary surgical procedure code on the facility claim. Length expanded from 5 to 7 for future use.	s	N/A		ICD Other Procedure Code	Yes		ICD-9 or 10 Surgical procedure codes.
90	Procedure Modifier Code 1	705 7	06 2	Characte	The 2-character code of the first procedure code modifier on the professional claim	s	MC056	PROCEDURE MODIFIER - 1	HCPCS / CPT Modifier	Yes		
91	Procedure Modifier Code 2	707 7	08 2	Characte	The 2-character code of the second procedure code modifier on the professional claim	s	MC057	PROCEDURE MODIFIER - 2	HCPCS / CPT Modifier	Yes		
92	Procedure Modifier Code 3	709 7	10 2	Characte	The 2-character code of the third procedure code modifier on the professional claim	s	MC108	PROCEDURE MODIFIER - 3	HCPCS / CPT Modifier	Yes		
93	Procedure Modifier Code 4	711 7	12 2	Characte	The 2-character code of the fourth procedure code modifier on the professional claim	S	MC109	PROCEDURE MODIFIER - 4	HCPCS / CPT Modifier	TBD	Yes	
94	Withhold Amount	713 7	22 10	Numerio	The amount to be paid to the provider upon guarantee of performance.	S	MC116	WITHHOLD AMOUNT	The amount to be paid to the provider upon guarantee of performance.	Yes		
95	Provider Type Code Claim	723 7	25 3	Characte		R	N/A		performance.			Provider Type codes are further defined in the Data Dictionary
										Yes		See Provider Type Code Claim tab
96	Billing Provider NPI Number	726 7	35 10	Characte	The National Provider ID number for the billing provider.	R		NATIONAL PROVIDER ID BILLING	Billing National Provider ID (NPI)	Yes		Please provide for all providers (in and out of network) as available
97	Billing TIN	736 7	44 9	Characte	The federal tax ID of the billing provider.	R		BILLING TIN	Billing Provider's Tax ID Number	Yes		Please provide for all providers (in and out of network) as available
98	Billing Provider Taxonomy Code	745 7	54 10	Characte	The Healthcare Provider Taxonomy code specific to the professional billing provider associated with the claim. (Note:	R		BILLING PROVIDER TAXONOMY	Billing Provider's Taxonomy Code			The National Uniform Claim Committee standard taxonomy code for the provider.
					This is not a standard field in Advantage Suite. Truven asks for this field to aid in the mapping of Provider Type Code					Yes		Please provide for all providers (in and out of network) as
					Code Claim to Truven's standard values.)							available
99	Billing Provider Name	755 7	84 30	Characte	The description or name corresponding to the billing	R		BILLING PROVIDER FIRST NAME BILLING PROVIDER MIDDLE INITIAL	Name of the Billing Provider			The Provider Name associated with the record. It will vary based on whether it is the individual identifier,
					provider ID.			BILLING PROVIDER LAST NAME/ ORGANIZATION NAME	Please format as Provider Last Name, Provider First Name Provider Middle Initial and spacing as indicated. A sample			vary based on whether it is the individual identifier, affiliation, provider group, etc.
								BILLING PROVIDER SUFFIX	entry would be as follows.	Yes	See Notes	Please format as Provider Last Name, Provider First Name
									Pierce Benjamin F			Provider Middle Initial with spacing as indicated. A sample entry would be as follows.
100	Billing Provider Address 1	785 8	34 50	Characte	The current street address1 of the billing provider.	R		The current first line of the street address of the provider.	The current first line of the street address of the provider.	Yes	See Notes	Please provide for all providers (in and out of network) as
101	Billing Provider Address 2	835 8	84 50	Characte	The current street address2 of the billing provider.	R		This is the street address. The current second line of the street address of the provider	This is the street address. The current second line of the street address of the provider.	Yes	See Notes	available Please provide for all providers (in and out of network) as
102	Billing Provider Zip Code	885 8	89 5	Characte	The 5-digit zip code corresponding to the billing Provider ID	R		This is the city and state. BILLING PROVIDER ZIP CODE	This is the city and state. Zip Code of the Billing Provider	Yes	See Notes	available Please provide for all providers (in and out of network) as
	Referring/Ordering Provider NPI	890 8			The National Provider ID (NPI) of the provider who referred	R		NATIONAL PROVIDER ID REFERRING/ORDERING	Referring/Ordering National Provider ID (NPI)			available Please provide for all providers (in and out of network) as
	Number				the patient or ordered the test or procedure.					Yes	See Notes	available
104	Referring/Ordering TIN	900 9	08 9	Characte	The federal tax ID of the of the provider who referred the patient or ordered the test or procedure.	R		REFERRING/ORDERING TIN	Referring/Ordering Provider's Tax ID Number	Yes	See Notes	Please provide for all providers (in and out of network) as available
					person or ordered the test of procedure.		l .	I				1

Field Number	Field Name	Start	End	Length	Туре	Data Element Description	Required (R) Situational (S) Not Required (N)	Data Element ID (WI ETF)	Data Element (WI ETF)	Data Element Description (WI ETF)	Standard Field	Data Dictionary Needed	Data Supplier Instructions/Notes
Fixed-Rec	ord Length Referring/Ordering Provider	909	918	10	Character	The Healthcare Provider Taxonomy code specific to the	R		REFERRING/ORDERING PROVIDER TAXONOMY	Referring/Ordering Provider's Taxonomy Code			The National Uniform Claim Committee standard
	Taxonomy Code					professional referring/ordering provider associated with the claim. (Note: This is not a standard field in Advantage Suite. Truven asks for this field to aid in the mapping of Provider Type Code Code Claim to Truven's standard values.)					Yes	See Notes	taxonomy code for the provider. Please provide for all providers (in and out of network) as available
106	Referring/Ordering Provider Name	919	948	30	Character	The Name of the provider who referred the patient or ordered the test or procedure.	R		REFERRING/ORDERING PROVIDER FIRST NAME REFERRING/ORDERING PROVIDER MIDDLE INITIAL REFERRING/ORDERING PROVIDER LAST NAME/ ORGANIZATION NAME REFERRING/ORDERING PROVIDER SUFFIX	Name of the Referring/Ordering Provider Please format as Provider Last Name, Provider First Name Provider Middle Initial with spacing as indicated. A sample entry would be as follows. Pierce Benjamin F	Yes	See Notes	Name of the Referring/Ordering Provider Please format as Provider Last Name Provider First Name Provider Middle Initial and spacing as indicated. A sample entry would be a follows. Pierce Benjamin F
107	Referring/Ordering Provider Address 1	949	998	50	Character	The current street address1 of the referring/ordering provider.	R		REFERRING/ORDERING PROVIDER CITY NAME REFERRING/ORDERING PROVIDER STATE	The current first line of the street address of the provider. This is the street address.	Yes	See Notes	Please provide for all providers (in and out of network) as available
108	Referring/Ordering Provider Address 2	999	1048	50	Character	The current street address2 of the referring/ordering provider.	R		REPERNING/ORDERING PROVIDER STATE	The current second line of the street address of the provider. This is the city and state.	Yes	See Notes	Please provide for all providers (in and out of network) as available
109	Referring/Ordering Provider Zip	1049	1053	5	Character		R		REFERRING/ORDERING PROVIDER ZIP CODE	Zip Code of the Referring/Ordering Provider	Yes	See Notes	Please provide for all providers (in and out of network) as available
110	Service Provider NPI Number	1054	1063	10	Character	The National Provider ID number for the service provider.	R	MC026	NATIONAL PROVIDER ID SERVICE	National Provider Identification (NPI) of the Service Provider	Yes	See Notes	available
111	Service Provider TIN	1064	1072	9	Character	The federal tax ID of the service provider.	s	MC025	SERVICE PROVIDER TAX ID NUMBER	Service Provider's Tax ID number	Yes	See Notes	Please provide for all providers (in and out of network) as available except not required for individual professionals (no SSNs).
112	Service Provider Taxonomy Code	1073	1082	10	Character	The Healthcare Provider Taxonomy code specific to the professional servicing provider associated with the claim. (Note: This is not a standard field in Advantage Suike: Truven asks for this field to aid in the mapping of Provider Type Code Code Claim to Truven's standard values.)	R	MC032	SERVICE PROVIDER TAXONOMY	Service Provider's Taxonomy Code	Yes	See Notes	The National Uniform Claim Committee standard taxonomy code for the provider. Please provide for all providers (in and out of network) as available
113	Service Provider Name	1083	1112	30	Character	The description or name corresponding to the service provider ID.	R	MC028 MC029 MC030 MC031	SERVICE PROVIDER FIRST NAME SERVICE PROVIDER MIDDLE INITIAL SERVICING PROVIDER LAST NAME OR ORGANIZATION NAME SERVICE PROVIDER SUFFIX	Provider Middle Initial and spacing as indicated. A sample entry would be as follows.	Yes	See Notes	Name of the Referring/Ordering Provider Please format as Provider Last Name Provider Middle Initial and spacing as indicated. A sample entry would be as follows.
114	Service Provider Address 1	1113	1162	50	Character	The current street address1 of the service provider.	R	MC033 MC034 MC035	SERVICE PROVIDER CITY NAME SERVICE PROVIDER STATE	Pierce Benjamin F The current first line of the street address of the provider. This is the street address.	Yes	See Notes	Pierce Benjamin F This is the address where the service was rendered. Please provide for all providers (in and out of network) as available
115	Service Provider Address 2	1163	1212	50	Character	The current street address2 of the service provider.	R	N/A		The current second line of the street address of the provider. This is the city and state.	Yes	See Notes	This is the address where the service was rendered. Please provide for all providers (in and out of network) as available
116	Service Provider Zip Code	1213	1217			The 5-digit zip code corresponding to the Service Provider ID	R	MC035	SERVICE PROVIDER ZIP CODE	Zip Code of the Servicing Provider	Yes	See Notes	Provider Location zip code. To clarify, this is the location of the service. Please provide for all providers (in and out of network) as available
117	Revenue Code UB	1218	1221	4	Character	The CMS standard revenue code from the facility claim	R	MC054	REVENUE CODE	Revenue Code	Yes	See Notes	This field must be at the service/detail level. Valid Values The CMS standard revenue code from the UB facility
118	Third Party Amount	1222	1231	10	Numeric	The amount saved due to integration of third party liability (Coordination of Benefits) by all third party payers (including Medicare).	R	MC095 MC096 MC097	COORDINATION OF BENEFITS/TPL LIABILITY AMOUNT OTHER INSURANCE PAID AMOUNT MEDICARE PAID AMOUNT	The amount saved due to integration of third party liability (Coordination of Benefits) by all third party payers (including Medicare).	Yes	See Notes	Format 9(8)v99 (2 - digit, implied decimal) On facility records, this field must be at the service/detail level as opposed to the header/claim level.
119	Units of Service	1232	1235	4	Numeric	Client-specific quantity of services or units	R	MC061	QUANTITY	Claim line units of service	Yes	See Notes	Represents quantity of services or unke on the claim six was submitted for apprent by the provider. While the number of units may be one (1) on many claims it may contain specific values for some claims such as the number of miles for an ambidance service or the number of miles for an ambidance service or the number of minutes for an ambidance service or the number of minutes for an ambidance service or the number of minutes for an ambidance service or the number of minutes for an ambidance service or the number of minutes for an ambidance service or the number of providence or service or the number of providence or service or the number of providence or service
120	Funding Type Code	1236	1236	1	Character	Specifies whether the claim was paid under a fully or self- funded arrangement	R	MC241	ID CODE	Member Enrollment Type	Yes	See Notes	Valid Values S = Sellf-funded F = Fully-funded
121	FILLER_1237_8		1244	8	Character	This was the Account Structure. Please leave this field blank.	N		This was the Account Structure. Please leave this field blank.		Yes	See Notes	This was the Account Structure. Please leave this field blank.
122	HRA Amount	1245	1254	10	Numeric	The amount paid from the HRA as a result of this claim.	N	N/A			Yes	See Notes	Format 9(8)v99 (2 - digit, implied decimal) On facility records, this field must be at the service/detail level as opposed to the header/claim level.
123	HSA Amount	1255	1264	10	Numeric	The amount paid from the HSA as a result of this claim.	N	N/A			Yes	See Notes	Format 9(8)v99 (2 - digit, implied decimal) On facility records, this field must be at the service/detail level as opposed to the header/claim level.
124	Present on Admission Principal	1265	1265	1	Character	The principal POA code for the facility claim. Indicates whether the principal diagnosis was present on admission. 3	S	MC154	PRESENT ON ADMISSION CODE (POA) 01	POA code for Principal Diagnosis	Yes		If standard values are not used, define in the Data Decionary. Valid Values 1.— Unreported/Not Used N.— No, not present at admission U.— Unknown W.— Clinically Undetermined Y.—Yes, present at admission

Field Number	Field Name	Start	End	Lengt <u>h</u>	Туре	Data Element Description	Required (R) Situational (S) Not Required (N)	Data Element ID (WI ETF)	Data Element (WI ETF)	Data Element Description (WI ETF)	Standard Field	Data Dictionary Needed	Data Supplier Instructions/Notes
Fixed-Rec	Present on Admission 02	1266	1266	1	Character	A secondary POA code for the facility claim. Indicates	S	MC155	PRESENT ON ADMISSION CODE (POA) 02	POA code for Other Diagnosis - 1			If standard values are not used, define in the Data
125	Present on Admission UZ	1266	1266	1	Character	whether the secondary diagnosis was present on admission. Standard Values listed in principal field.	,	WC122	PRESENT ON ADMISSION CODE (POA) 02	POA code for Other Diagnosis - 1			ir standard values are not used, define in the Data Dictionary. Valid Values
											Yes	C N-4	Valid Values 1 – Unreported/Not Used
											Yes	See Notes	N - No, not present at admission
													U – Unknown W – Clinically Undetermined
													Y – Yes, present at admission
126	Present on Admission 03	1267	1267	1	Character	A secondary POA code for the facility claim. Indicates whether the secondary diagnosis was present on admission.	s	MC156	PRESENT ON ADMISSION CODE (POA) 03	POA code for Other Diagnosis - 2			If standard values are not used, define in the Data Dictionary.
						Standard Values listed in principal field.							Valid Values
											Yes		
											Yes		1 – Unreported/Not Used N – No, not present at admission
													U – Unknown W – Clinically Undetermined
													Y – Yes, present at admission
127	Present on Admission 04	1268	1268	1	Character	A secondary POA code for the facility claim. Indicates whether the secondary diagnosis was present on admission.	S	MC157	PRESENT ON ADMISSION CODE (POA) 04	POA code for Other Diagnosis - 3			If standard values are not used, define in the Data Dictionary.
						Standard Values listed in principal field.							Valid Values
												Yes	1 – Unreported/Not Used
												Yes	N - No, not present at admission
													U – Unknown W – Clinically Undetermined
													Y – Yes, present at admission
128	Present on Admission 05	1269	1269	1	Character	A secondary POA code for the facility claim. Indicates whether the secondary diagnosis was present on admission.	s	MC158	PRESENT ON ADMISSION CODE (POA) 05	POA code for Other Diagnosis - 4			If standard values are not used, define in the Data Dictionary.
						Standard Values listed in principal field.							Valid Values
											Yes		1 – Unreported/Not Used
											i es		N – No, not present at admission
													W - Clinically Undetermined
		1			_								Y – Yes, present at admission
129	Present on Admission 06	1270	1270	1	Character	A secondary POA code for the facility claim. Indicates whether the secondary diagnosis was present on admission. Standard Values listed in principal field.	s	MC159	PRESENT ON ADMISSION CODE (POA) 06	POA code for Other Diagnosis - 5			If standard values are not used, define in the Data Dictionary.
						Standard Values listed in principal field.							Valid Values
													1 – Unreported/Not Used
													N – No, not present at admission U – Unknown
													W – Clinically Undetermined Y – Yes, present at admission
130	Present on Admission 07	1271	1271	1	Character	A secondary POA code for the facility claim. Indicates	s	MC160	PRESENT ON ADMISSION CODE (POA) 07	POA code for Other Diagnosis - 6			T Tes, present at admission
			"	.		whether the secondary diagnosis was present on admission. Standard Values listed in principal field.	*	,====					
131	Present on Admission 08	1272	1272	1	Character	A secondary POA code for the facility claim. Indicates whether the secondary diagnosis was present on admission.	s	MC161	PRESENT ON ADMISSION CODE (POA) 08	POA code for Other Diagnosis - 7			
132	Present on Admission 09	1272	1273	1	Character -	Standard Values listed in principal field. A secondary POA code for the facility claim. Indicates	s	MC162	PRESENT ON ADMISSION CODE (POA) 09	POA code for Other Diagnosis - 8			
132		12/3	12/3	1	character	whether the secondary diagnosis was present on admission. Standard Values listed in principal field.	•	WC102	Or romanion code (FOR) 05				
133	Present on Admission 10	1274	1274	1	Character	A secondary POA code for the facility claim. Indicates	S	MC163	PRESENT ON ADMISSION CODE (POA) 10	POA code for Other Diagnosis - 9			
						whether the secondary diagnosis was present on admission. Standard Values listed in principal field.							
134	Present on Admission 11	1275	1275	1	Character	A secondary POA code for the facility claim. Indicates whether the secondary diagnosis was present on admission.	S	MC164	PRESENT ON ADMISSION CODE (POA) 11	POA code for Other Diagnosis - 10			
135	Present on Admission 12	1276	1276	1	Character	Standard Values listed in principal field. A secondary POA code for the facility claim. Indicates	s	MC165	PRESENT ON ADMISSION CODE (POA) 12	POA code for Other Diagnosis - 11			
						whether the secondary diagnosis was present on admission. Standard Values listed in principal field.							
136	Present on Admission 13	1277	1277	1	Character	A secondary POA code for the facility claim. Indicates whether the secondary diagnosis was present on admission.	S	MC166	PRESENT ON ADMISSION CODE (POA) 13	POA code for Other Diagnosis - 12			
137	Present on Admission 14	1279	1278	1	Character	Standard Values listed in principal field. A secondary POA code for the facility claim. Indicates	S	MC167	PRESENT ON ADMISSION CODE (POA) 14	POA code for Other Diagnosis - 13			
		1278	""	1		whether the secondary diagnosis was present on admission. Standard Values listed in principal field.	-	mass.					
138	Present on Admission 15	1279	1279	1	Character	A secondary POA code for the facility claim. Indicates	s	MC168	PRESENT ON ADMISSION CODE (POA) 15	POA code for Other Diagnosis - 14			
		1			-	whether the secondary diagnosis was present on admission. Standard Values listed in principal field.							
139	Present on Admission 16	1280	1280	1	Character	A secondary POA code for the facility claim. Indicates whether the secondary diagnosis was present on admission.	S	MC169	PRESENT ON ADMISSION CODE (POA) 16	POA code for Other Diagnosis - 15			
140	Present on Admission 17	1281	1281	1	Character	Standard Values listed in principal field. A secondary POA code for the facility claim. Indicates	S	MC170	PRESENT ON ADMISSION CODE (POA) 17	POA code for Other Diagnosis - 16			
						whether the secondary diagnosis was present on admission. Standard Values listed in principal field.							
141	Present on Admission 18	1282	1282	1	Character	A secondary POA code for the facility claim. Indicates whether the secondary diagnosis was present on admission.	s	MC171	PRESENT ON ADMISSION CODE (POA) 18	POA code for Other Diagnosis - 17			
142	Present on Admission 19	1202	1283	1	Charact	Standard Values listed in principal field. A secondary POA code for the facility claim. Indicates	S	MC172	PRESENT ON ADMISSION CODE (POA) 19	POA code for Other Diagnosis - 18			
142	CJCHLOH AUHHSSION 19	1283	1283	1	cnaracter	A secondary POA code for the facility claim. Indicates whether the secondary diagnosis was present on admission. Standard Values listed in principal field.	3	WC1/2	. NESERT OR REMISSION CODE (POA) 19	rontage for Other Diagnosis* 18			
143	Present on Admission 20	1284	1284	1	Character	A secondary POA code for the facility claim. Indicates	s	MC173	PRESENT ON ADMISSION CODE (POA) 20	POA code for Other Diagnosis - 19			
						whether the secondary diagnosis was present on admission. Standard Values listed in principal field.							
144	Present on Admission 21	1285	1285	1	Character	A secondary POA code for the facility claim. Indicates whether the secondary diagnosis was present on admission.	s	MC174	PRESENT ON ADMISSION CODE (POA) 21	POA code for Other Diagnosis - 20			
145	Present on Admission 22	1286	1286	1	Character	Standard Values listed in principal field. A secondary POA code for the facility claim. Indicates	S	MC175	PRESENT ON ADMISSION CODE (POA) 22	POA code for Other Diagnosis - 21			
				-		whether the secondary diagnosis was present on admission. Standard Values listed in principal field.	-						
146	Present on Admission 23	1287	1287	1	Character	A secondary POA code for the facility claim. Indicates	s	MC176	PRESENT ON ADMISSION CODE (POA) 23	POA code for Other Diagnosis - 22			
		1			-	whether the secondary diagnosis was present on admission. Standard Values listed in principal field.							
147	Present on Admission 24	1288	1288	1	Character	A secondary POA code for the facility claim. Indicates whether the secondary diagnosis was present on admission.	S	MC177	PRESENT ON ADMISSION CODE (POA) 24	POA code for Other Diagnosis - 23			
						Standard Values listed in principal field.		l .	I .	1			

Field Number	Field Name	Start	End I	Lenath	Туре	Data Element Description	Required (R) Situational (S) Not Required (N)	Data Element ID (WI ETF)	Data Element (WI ETF)	Data Element Description (WI ETF)	Standard Field	Data Dictionary Needed	Data Supplier Instructions/Notes
ixed-Rec	ord Length							The state of the s	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\				
	Present on Admission 25	1289				A secondary POA code for the facility claim. Indicates whether the secondary diagnosis was present on admission. Standard Values listed in principal field.	S	MC178	PRESENT ON ADMISSION CODE (POA) 25	POA code for Other Diagnosis - 24			
149	DRG MS Payment Code	1290	1292	3	Character	The Diagnosis Related Group (MS-DRG) code under which the claim was paid.	R	MC071	DRG	Diagnostic Related Group Code			
150	ICD Version	1293	1293	1	Character	The ICD version or qualifier code that identifies either ICD-9 (9) or ICD-10 (0) diagnosis and procedure codes on the facility claim.	R	MC107	ICD INDICATOR	International Classification of Diseases Version			
151	Tax Amount	1294	1303	10	Numeric	The amount charged by some states per medical claim.	R	N/A		These fields are required if available and cover special per claim taxes a state may levy against medical claims. Examples are the New York, Massachusetts, and Michigan surcharge. These surcharges are intended to fund Medicaid programs.			
152	Tax Type Code	1304	1305	2	Character	Data Supplier specific code identifying the state and/or type of tax.	N	N/A		Please use the official USPS State Code			
153	NDC Number Code	1306	1316	11		The FDA (Food and Drug Administration) registered number for the drug. Please include for any drugs or DME dispensed in the medical setting if available.	s	MC075	DRUG CODE	National Drug Code (NDC)			
154	Claim ID	1317	1351	35	Character	Unique identification of the claim	R						
155	Internal Billing Provider ID	1352	1364	13	Character	Intended as a link to the correct provider file entry (NPI, taxonomy, office)	R			This would help to associate a specific provider on the claim to the specific, NPI, taxonomy, specialty, provider type, and office location in the provider file.			
156	Internal Ordering Provider ID	1365	1377	13	Character	Intended as a link to the correct provider file entry (NPI, taxonomy, office)	R			This would help to associate a specific provider on the claim to the specific, NPI, taxonomy, specialty, provider type, and office location in the provider file.			
157	Internal Servicing Provider ID	1378	1390	13	Character	Intended as a link to the correct provider file entry (NPI, taxonomy, office)	R			This would help to associate a specific provider on the claim to the specific, NPI, taxonomy, specialty, provider type, and office location in the provider file.			
158	Primary Payer Allowed Amount	1391	1400	10	Numeric	The maximum amount allowed by the plan for payment. For COB claims, this should be the primary payer's allowed amount.	s			This is an optional allowed amount that may exist for claims where the plan is the secondary payer. This is the amount that primary payer, often Medicare, notes as their allowed amount.			
159	Extended Units of Servi	1401		6	Numeric	Client-specific quantity of services or units	R			For those DSEs that have been told, please use this field for Units of Service rather than field 119. If you are using this field, please leave field 119 blank-filled.			
160	Sequestration Withhold Amount	1407	1416	10		This is the 2% discount required by sequestration required for balancing. This affects payments to a select group of Medicare providers	S						
161	Paid/Denied Indicator Flag	1417	1418	2	Character	Client-specific flag that indicates if the claim was paid or denied	R						
162	Extended Internal Billing Provider ID		.			Intended as a link to the correct provider file entry (NPI, taxonomy, office)	S						
	Extended Internal Ordering Provider ID	1438				Intended as a link to the correct provider file entry (NPI, taxonomy, office)	S						
164	Extended Internal Servicing Provider ID	1457				Intended as a link to the correct provider file entry (NPI, taxonomy, office)	s						
165	Filler					Reserved for future use	R						
166	Record Type	3000	3000	_1	Character	Record type identifier							Hard Code to "D"

Field Number Fixed-Reco	Field Name ord Length	Start	End	Length	Туре	Data Element Description	Data Supplier Instructions/Notes
1	Data Start Date	1	10	10	Date	Data Start Date	CCYYMMDD format – i.e. 20140901 This will represent the 1st day of the month for which data is provided.
2	Data End Date	11	20	10	Date	Data End Date	CCYYMMDD format – i.e. 20140901 This will represent the last day of the month for which data is provided.
3	Record Count	21	30	10	Numeric	Number of Records on File	The count of records provided in the data including the Trailer Record.
4	Total Net Payments	31	44	14	Numeric	Total net payments on the file	The sum of net payments provided in the file
5	Filler	45	2999	2955	Character	Reserved for future use	Fill with Blanks
6	Record Type	3000	3000	1	Character	Record Type Identifier	Hard Code 'T'

Bill Type Code UB

Bill Type values will be identified in the Data Dictionary only if standard codes are not used. The first digit of the bill type code is a leading zero, but this is not included on electronic claims. The next two digits represent the type and classification of the facility. The valid values are:

11	Inpatient Hospital (including Medicare Part A)
12	Inpatient Hospital (Medicare Part B only)
13	Hospital Outpatient
14	Hospital - Laboratory Services Provided to Non-patients
18	Hospital - Swing Beds
21	Skilled Nursing - Inpatient (including Medicare Part A)
22	Skilled Nursing - Inpatient (Medicare Part B only)
23	Skilled Nursing - Outpatient
28	Skilled Nursing - Swing Beds
32	Home Health - Inpatient (plan of treatment under Part B only)
33	Home Health - Outpatient (plan of treatment under Part A, including DME)
34	Home Health - Other (medical & surgical services not under plan of treatment)
41	Religious Non-Medical Health Care Institutions - Hospital Inpatient
43	Religious Non-Medical Health Care Institutions - Hospital Outpatient
65	Intermediate Care - Level I
66	Intermediate Care - Level II
71	Clinic - Rural Health
72	Clinic - Hospital Based or Independent Renal Dialysis Center
73	Clinic - Free Standing
74	Clinic - Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (ORF)
75	Clinic - Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF)
76	Clinic - Community Mental Health Center
79	Clinic - Other
81	Special Facility - Hospice (non-hospital based)
82	Special Facility - Hospice (hospital based)
83	Special Facility - Ambulatory Surgery Center
84	Special Facility - Free Standing Birthing Center
85	Special Facility - Critical Access Hospital
86	Special Facility - Residential Facility
89	Special Facility - Other

These two digits of the facility bill type may also be used to map to the standard values for Place of Service Code Medstat, as follows:

11, 12, 41, 85, 86 = Inpatient Hospital (21)

13, 14, 43 = Outpatient Hospital (22)

18, 21, 22, 28 = Skilled Nursing Facility (31)

23 = Outpatient, NOS (95)

32, 33, 34 = Patient Home (12)

65, 66 = Intermed Care/Mental Retarded (54)

71 = Rural Health Clinic (72)

72 = End-Stage Renal Disease Facil (65)

73 = Federally Qualified Health Ctr (50)

74, 75 = Comprehensive Outpt Rehab Fac (62)

76 = Community Mental Health Center (53)

79 = Public Health Clinic (71)

81, 82 = Hospice (34)

83 = Ambulatory Surgical Center (24)

84 = Birthing Center (25)

89 = ~Missing/Other (99)

The third digit indicates the frequency of the bill. The valid values are:

0	Non-Payment/Zero
1	Admit Through Discharge Claim
2	Interim - First Claim
3	Interim - Continuing Claim
4	Interim - Last Claim
5	Late Charge(s) Only
7	Replacement of Prior Claim
8	Void/Cancel of Prior Claim
9	Final Claim for a Home Health PPS Episode
Α	Admission/Election Notice
	Hospice/CMS/Religious Non-Medical/Centers of Excellence/Provider Partnerships
В	Demo Termination
С	Hospice Change of Provider Notice
	Hospice/CMS/Religious Non-Medical/Centers of Excellence/Provider Partnerships
D	Demo Void/Cancel
E	Hospice Change of Ownership
F	Beneficiary Initiated Adjustment Claim
G	CWF Initiated Adjustment Claim
Н	CMS Initiated Adjustment
1	Intermediary Adjustment Claim (Other than QIO or Provider)
J	Initiated Adjustment Claim - Other
K	OIG Initiated Adjustment Claim
M	MSP Initiated Adjustment Claim
0	Nonpayment/Zero Claims
Р	QIO Adjustment Claim
Q	Claim Submitted for Reconsideration Outside of Timely Limits

Void/Cancel Prior Abbreviated Encounter Submission Replacement of Prior Abbreviated Encounter Submission

New Abbreviated Encounter Submission

Q X

		Payment A	Arrangement Type
Code	Description	APM Framework Category	Definitions
01	Capitation	4A or 4B with ties to quality or 4N without ties to quality	Payments to providers (usually PMPM-based) that covers all services provided by the provider
02	Fee-for-service	1	Claims paid on a fee schedule (including RBRVS)
03	Percentage of Charges	1	Claims paid based on a % discount
04	DRG/APC	1	Claims paid based on DRGs or APCs
05	Pay for Performance	2	Payments for reporting or for meeting cost and quality metrics
06	Global Payment	4C with ties to quality or 4N without ties to quality	Payments to providers that cover all services provided (including for services to other providers)
07	Other	Depends on payment method	Claim payments not otherwise captured
08	Bundled Payment	3A or 3B with ties to quality or 3N without ties to quality	Payments that combine payments to providers for an episode (e.g. facility and professional for a knee replacement)
09	Payment Amount per Diem or Episode	1	Per Diem claims are Payment Amount per Diem or Episode that do not combine payments to different providers or involve shared risk.

See the following one pager from the Learning Action Network on definitions for the APM Framework Categories:

http://hcp-lan.org/workproducts/apm-framework-onepager.pdf

	Paid/Denied Indicator Flag							
Co	ode	Description						
01		Paid						
02		Denied						
03		Partially Denied						

Place of	Service Valid Values
01	Pharmacy (Place Group = 5)
02	Telehealth Provided Other than in Patient's Home
03	School (Place Group = 4)
04	Homeless Shelter (Place Group = 4)
05	Indian Hlth Svc Free-stand Fac (Place Group = 4)
06	Indian Hlth Svc Prov-based Fac (Place Group = 4)
07	Tribal 638 Free-standing Fac (Place Group = 4)
08	Tribal 638 Provider-based Fac (Place Group = 4)
09	Prison-Correctional Facility (Place Group = 4)
10	Telehealth Proivided in Patient's Home
11	Office (Place Group = 4)
12	Patient Home (Place Group = 4)
13	Assisted Living Facility (Place Group = 2)
14	Group Home (Place Group = 2)
15	Mobile Unit (Place Group = 4)
16	Temporary Lodging (Place Group = 4)
19	Off Campus- Outpatient Hospital
20	Urgent Care Facility (Place Group = 4)
21	Inpatient Hospital (Place Group = 1)
22	On Campus - Outpatient Hospital
23	Emergency Room - Hospital (Place Group = 4)
24	Ambulatory Surgical Center (Place Group = 4)
25	Birthing Center (Place Group = 1)
26	Military Treatment Facility (Place Group = 4)
31	Skilled Nursing Facility (Place Group = 2)
32	Nursing Facility (Place Group = 2)
33	Custodial Care Facility (Place Group = 2)
34	Hospice (Place Group = 3)
35	Adult Living Care Facility (Place Group = 2)
41	Ambulance (land) (Place Group = 4)
42	Ambulance (air or water) (Place Group = 4)
49	Independent Clinic (Place Group = 4)
50	Federally Qualified Health Ctr (Place Group = 4)
51 52	Inpatient Psychiatric Facility (Place Group = 1)
	Psych Facility Partial Hosp (Place Group = 4)
53	Community Mental Health Center (Place Group = 4)
54	Intermed Care/Intellectual Disabilities (Place Group = 2)
55	Residential Subst Abuse Facil (Place Group = 1)
56	Psych Residential Treatmnt Ctr (Place Group = 2)
57	Non-resident Subst Abuse Facil (Place Group = 4)
58	Non-residential Opioid Treatment Facility
60	Mass Immunization Center (Place Group = 4)
61	Comprehensive Inpt Rehab Fac (Place Group = 3)
62	Comprehensive Outpt Rehab Fac (Place Group = 4)
65	End-Stage Renal Disease Facil (Place Group = 4)
71	Public Health Clinic (Place Group = 4)
72	Rural Health Clinic (Place Group = 4)
81	Independent Laboratory (Place Group = 4)
95	Outpatient, NOS (Place Group = 4) ~Missing/Other (Place Group = ~)
99	

001	Acute Care Hospital	Hospitals, Trauma Center, Christian Science Hospital, Osteopathic Hospital, Teaching/University Hospital, VA/Military Hospital, Critical Access Hospital
001	Acute Care Hospital	va, military i Tospitar, Critical access i Tospitar
		Freestanding Surgical Facility, SurgiCenter, Oral and
005	Ambulatory Surgery Centers	Maxiliofacial Surgery Center, Military Ambulatory Center Emergency Center, Medi First, Urgent Care Center, Walk-
006	Urgent Care Facility	in Clinic
010	Birthing Center	
		Arthritis/Chemotherapy/Radiation/Hemodialysis/Hemop
015	Treatment Center	hiliac Treatment Center
020	Mental Health/Chemical Dep NEC	
021	Mental Health Facilities	Community Mental Health Center, Psychiatric Hospital, State Psych
		Alcohol Abuse Clinic, Detoxification Dlinic, Drug and
		Alcohol Facility, Substance Abuse Rehab/Treatment
022	Chemical Depend Treatment Ctr	Center, Recovery Care Center
023	Mental Hlth/Chem Dep Day Care	
		Cardiac Rahab Center, Occupational/Physical Therapy
		Treatment Center, Rahab Center/Clinic/Hospital,
025	Rehabilitation Facilities	Sanatorium, TB Facility
030	Longterm Care (NEC)	Alzheimer Center/Dementia Center
031	Extended Care Facility	Skilled Nursing Facility/SNF, State Hospital
032	Geriatric Hospital	
		Non-Skilled Nursing Facility, Nursing Home, custodial
033	Convalescent Care Facility	Care Facility, Adult Care Home, Assisted Living Facility
034	Intermediate Care Facility	ICF, Mentally Retarded
035	Residential Treatment Center	Psychiatric Residential RTF
036	Continuing Care Retirement Com	
037	Day/Night Care Center	Adult Day Care Center, Respite Care Facility
038	Hospice Facility	Inpatient Hospice
		Migrant/Public/Corporate/Rural/Student/Community
040	Other Facility (NEC)	Health Clinic/Center, Unknown Facility, Unknown Clinic
040	Infirmary	Military Outpatient Clinic
-		7 3
		Dental Clinic, Pain Clinic, Sleep Disorder Clinic, Hearing
042	Special Care Facility (NEC)	and Speech Clinic, Genetics Clinic, Oncology Center
100	Dentist - MD & DDS (NEC)	Dental Public Health

		Ondodontics, Orthodontics, Oral Pathology, Oral Surgery,
		Oral Radiology, Pedodontics, Prosthodontics, Peiatric
105	Dental Specialist	Dentistry
120	Chiropractor/DCM	
130	Podiatry	Podiatrist, Chiropodist
140	Pain Mgmt/Pain Medicine	Paliative Medicine
145	Pediatric Anesthesiology	
150	Anesthesiology	
160	Nuclear Medicine	Nuclear Radiology, Nuclear Cardiology
		Blood Banking/Transfusion Medicine, Chemical
		Pathology, Cytopathology, Forensic Pathology,
		Immunopathology, Microbiology, Neuropathology, Legal
170	Pathology	Medicine
175	Pediatric Pathology	
		Diagnostic Radiology, Radiological Oncology, Radiological
180	Radiology	Physics, Therapeutic Radiology
185	Pediatric Radiology	
200	Medical Doctor - MD (NEC)	Miscellaneous MD Specialty
		Osteopath, DO, Neuromusculoskeletal Medicine and
202	Osteopathic Medicin	OMM, Allopathic/Osteopathic Medicine
204	Internal Medicine (NEC)	Vascular Medicine
206	Muti-specialty Physician Group	EPO, HMO, PPO, POS
208	Proctology	
210	Urology	
		Dermatopathology, Dermatological Immunology, MOHS-
215	Dermatology	Micrographic Surgery
220	Emergency Medicine	Medical Toxicology, Sports Medicine
225	Hospitalist	
230	Allergy & Immunology	Clinical and Lab Immunology
240	Family Practice	General Medicine, General Practitioner
245	Geriatric Medicine	
250	Cardiovascular Disease/Cardiology	γ, ε Electrophysiology, Interventional Radiology
005		Neurophysiology, Special Qual. In Child Neurology,
260	Neurology	Neurodevelopmental disabilities, Vascular Neurology
265	Cricial Care Medicine	Districts
270	Enrocrinology & Metabolism	Diabetes
275	Gastroenterology	Hepatology
280	Hematology	
285	Infectious Disease	
290	Nephrology	

295	Pulmonary Disease	
300	Rheumatology	
		Fertility, Maternal & Fetal Medicine, Reproductive
320	Obstetrics & Gynecology	Specialist
		Clinical Genetics, Clinical Cytogenetics, Medical
325	Genetics	Genetics, Molecular Genetics
330	Ophthalmology	
340	Otolaryngology	ENT, Neurotology, Otology, Otorhinolaryngology
350	Physical Medicine & Rehabilitation	Spinal Cord Injury
		Craniofacial Surgery, Facial Plastic Surgery, Plastic and
355	Plastic Surgery/Maxiliofacial Surgery	Reconstructive Surgery
360	Preventative Medicine	Occupational, Aerospace/Underseas Medicine
		Geriatric Psychiatry, Psychoanalysis, Addiction Pyschiatry,
365	Phsychiatry	Forensic Psychiatry, Psychosomatic Medicine
380	Oncology	
400	Pediatrician (NEC)	
410	Pediatric Specialist (NEC)	Adolescent Medicine
413	Pediatric Nephrology	
415	Pediatric Ophthalmology	
418	Pediatric Orthopaedics	
420	Pediatric Otolaryngology	
423	Pediatric Critical Care Medicine	
425	Pediatric Pulmonology	
428	Pediatric Emergency Medicine	
430	Pediatric Allergy & Immunology	
433	Pediatric Endocrinology	
435	Neonatal-Perinatal Medicine	Neonatology, Perinatology
438	Pediatric Gastroenterology	
440	Pediatric Cardiology	
443	Pediatric Hematology-Oncology	
448	Pediatric Infectious Diseases	
450	Pediatric Rheumatology	
453	Sports Medicine (Pediatrics)	
455	Pediatric Urology	
458	Child Psychiatry	Developmental-Behavioral Pediatrics
460	Pediatric Medical Toxicology	
500	Surgeon (NEC	General Surgery
510	Colon & Rectal Surgery	
520	Neurological Surgery	Pediatric Neurosurgery

		Hand Surgery, Orthopaedic Surgery, Reconstructive
530	Orthopaedic Surgery	Surgery
535	Abdominal Surgery	
540	Cardiovascular Surgery	
550	General Vascular Surgery	
555	Head and Neck Surgery	
560	Pediatric Surgery (Surgery)	
565	Surgical Critical Care	
570	Transplant Surgery	
575	Traumatic Surgery	
580	Cardiothoracic Surgery	
585	Thoracic Surgery	
		Hygentist, Denturist, Dental Lab, Dental Mechanic, Dental
805	Dental Technician	Assistant
		Nutritional Specialist, Weight Control Specialist, Dietary
810	Dietitian	Manager
		Bacteriologist, Cardiac Pump Technician, Certified
		Surgical Technician, Emergency Medical Technician,
		Emergency Medical Technician, Specialist/Technologist,
		Phlebology, Lab/Pathology/Radiologic Technician, Infusion
815	Medical Technician	Therapist, Perfusionist
820	Midwife	Lay or Nurse Midwife
		LPN, RN, VNA, Aid, Vocational Nurse, Clinical Nurse
		Specialist, Home Health Aide, Compaion/Chore Provider,
822	Nursing Services	Wound Specialist
824	Psychiatric Nurse	RN for Psych/Mental Health
825	Nurse Practitioner	ARNP
827	Nurse Anesthestist	
830	Optometrist	Doctor of Optometry
835	Optician	
840	Pharmacist	
845	Physician Assistant	Specialist Assistant, Physician Extender
		Chemotherapist, Inhalation Therapist, OT, PT,
		Physiotherapist, Radiotherapist, Respiratory/Speech
		Therapist, Rahab Practitioner, Kinesiotherapist,
850	Therapy (Physical)	Mechanotherapist, Electrodiagnostics, Trainer
		Counselor, Doctor of Divinity, Paster, Marriage/Family
853	Therapist (Supportive)	Counselor, Social Worker, Rehab Counselor

		Herbalist, Hypnotist, Massage Therpist, Naprapath,
		Naturepath, Moneopath, Art/Dance/Music/Recreation
855	Therpist (Alternative)	Therapist, Rolfist
857	Renal Dialysis Therapy	Dialysis Center, ESRD Clinic
860	Psychologist	Clinical Neuropsychologist
865	Acupuncturist	
870	Spiritual Healers	Christian Science Practitioner, Medicine Man
		Doctor of Education, Master of Liberal Arts/Science,
900	Health Educator/Agency	Student/Fellow PhD
		Ambulance, Medical Transport, Paramedic, Driver, Taxi,
905	Transportaion	Bus, Private Vehicle
910	Health Resort	Spa
		Audiologist, Hearing Aide Dealer, Hearing Instrument
915	Hearing Labs	Specialist, Speech-Language Pathology
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
920	Home Health Organiz/Agency	
920 925	Home Health Organiz/Agency Imaging Center	Radilogy Clinic, Endoscopy Center, MRI Clinic
925	Imaging Center	Radilogy Clinic, Endoscopy Center, MRI Clinic
925	Imaging Center	Radilogy Clinic, Endoscopy Center, MRI Clinic Independent Lab, Pathology Clinic, Dental Lab
925 930	Imaging Center Laboratory	Radilogy Clinic, Endoscopy Center, MRI Clinic Independent Lab, Pathology Clinic, Dental Lab Drug Store, Drug Supply Company, Mail Order Drugs,
925 930	Imaging Center Laboratory	Radilogy Clinic, Endoscopy Center, MRI Clinic Independent Lab, Pathology Clinic, Dental Lab Drug Store, Drug Supply Company, Mail Order Drugs, Compounding Pharmacy
925 930	Imaging Center Laboratory	Radilogy Clinic, Endoscopy Center, MRI Clinic Independent Lab, Pathology Clinic, Dental Lab Drug Store, Drug Supply Company, Mail Order Drugs, Compounding Pharmacy Blood/Eye/Donor Bank, DME Supplier,
925 930 935	Imaging Center Laboratory Pharmacy	Radilogy Clinic, Endoscopy Center, MRI Clinic Independent Lab, Pathology Clinic, Dental Lab Drug Store, Drug Supply Company, Mail Order Drugs, Compounding Pharmacy Blood/Eye/Donor Bank, DME Supplier, Prosthetic/Orthotics Supply Center, Non-Pharmacy
925930935940	Imaging Center Laboratory Pharmacy Supply Center	Radilogy Clinic, Endoscopy Center, MRI Clinic Independent Lab, Pathology Clinic, Dental Lab Drug Store, Drug Supply Company, Mail Order Drugs, Compounding Pharmacy Blood/Eye/Donor Bank, DME Supplier, Prosthetic/Orthotics Supply Center, Non-Pharmacy
925930935940	Imaging Center Laboratory Pharmacy Supply Center	Radilogy Clinic, Endoscopy Center, MRI Clinic Independent Lab, Pathology Clinic, Dental Lab Drug Store, Drug Supply Company, Mail Order Drugs, Compounding Pharmacy Blood/Eye/Donor Bank, DME Supplier, Prosthetic/Orthotics Supply Center, Non-Pharmacy Dispensing Site, Contractor
925 930 935 940 945	Imaging Center Laboratory Pharmacy Supply Center Vision Center	Radilogy Clinic, Endoscopy Center, MRI Clinic Independent Lab, Pathology Clinic, Dental Lab Drug Store, Drug Supply Company, Mail Order Drugs, Compounding Pharmacy Blood/Eye/Donor Bank, DME Supplier, Prosthetic/Orthotics Supply Center, Non-Pharmacy Dispensing Site, Contractor Charitable Agency/School, Voluntary Health Agency,

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Taxonomy Code	Grouping	Classification	Specialization	Definition	Notes
Code	Grouping .	Ciassilication	Ореснандация	A provider who is trained and educated in the performance of behavior health services through interpersonal communications	Notes
				and analysis. Training and education at the specialty level usually requires a master's degree and clinical experience and	Sources: Abridged from definitions provided by the National Board of Certified Counselors and
101Y00000X	Behavioral Health & Social Service Providers	Counselor		supervision for licensure or certification.	the American Association of Pastoral Counselors.
101YA0400X	Behavioral Health & Social Service Providers	Counselor	Addiction (Substance Use Disorder)	Definition to come	
101YM0800X	Behavioral Health & Social Service Providers	Counselor	Mental Health	Definition to come	
101YP1600X	Behavioral Health & Social Service Providers	Counselor	Pastoral	Definition to come	
101YP2500X	Behavioral Health & Social Service Providers	Counselor	Professional	Definition to come	
101YS0200X	Behavioral Health & Social Service Providers	Counselor	School	Definition to come	
102L00000X	Behavioral Health & Social Service Providers	Psychoanalyst		Psychoanalysis is a comprehensive, theoretical framework which, when applied to a treatment process, consists of an intensive verbal, therapeutic relationship between an analyst and an analyst and which aims for symptom relief, emotional growth, and personal integration. The psychoanalytic treatment process includes, but is not limited to, the recognition of unconscious processes and conflicts, the significance of developmental influences; and the impeact of resistances, defenses, transference and countertransference phenomena. Treatment is enhanced by an understanding developed in the analyst's training and personal analysis of unconscious manifestations, such as dreams, slips of the tongue, fantasies and day dreams. Psychoanalytic technique varies in relation to theoretical orientation.	Source: Registry of Psychoanalysts published by the National Association for the Advancement of Psychoanalysis [1/1/2007: new; 7/1/2007: definition changed, source changed]
102X00000X	Behavioral Health & Social Service Providers Behavioral Health & Social Service Providers	Poetry Therapist Clinical Neuropsychologist Clinical		A medical or mental health professional who has attained credentials after satisfactorily completing a poetry therapy training program approved by the National Federation for Biblio/Poetry Therapy (NFBPT). Training includes didactic work, peer group experience, and supervised practicum. An NFBPT credentialed certified poetry therapist (OPT) or registered poetry therapist (PTR) integrates discussion of published literature and reflective or creative writing into the psychotherapeutic process to achieve goals of emotional well-being, symptom reduction, and improved interpersonal communication. Certified poetry therapists and registered poetry therapists are licensed mental health professionals with advanced training in the theory and practice of poetry therapy. CPTs and PTRs are qualified to work independently with emotionally troubled populations in clinical, rehabilitative, community and educational institutions. They also work with emotionally healthy individuals adjusting to developmental issues, life crose, or disabilities. The PTR completes an advanced training and fieldwork, commensurate with the highest levels of clinical practice. The terms poetry therapy, applied poetry facilitation, journal therapy, bibliotherapy, bibliotherapy, bibliotherapy, reflect the interactive use of literature and/or writing to promote personal growth and emotional healing, in addition to poetry, poetry therapy applies all forms or written and spoken language including story, myth, folk and fairy tale and other geners of poetic expression as well as journal, memori, and narrative. The poetry therapy process integrates discussion of published literature and reflective or creative writing for expression and communication of thoughts and feelings to facilitate participants' remotional well-being. The field of poetry therapy encompasses all of these modalities, though only a duly trained and licensed clinical practitioner can be credentialed as CPT or PTR. An individual with a doctorate degree, licensure in clinical psychology and	Source: The National Federation for Biblio/Poetry Therapy [7/1/2007: new] Source: American Psychological Association, Washington, DC, 1997. [1/1/2007: title modified]
		Clinical			
103GC0700X	Behavioral Health & Social Service Providers	Neuropsychologist	Clinical		[1/1/2007: marked inactive, use 103G00000X]
103K00000X	Behavioral Health & Social Service Providers	Behavioral Analyst		A behavior analyst is qualified by at least a master's degree and Behavior Analyst Certification Board certification and/or a state-issued credential (such as a license) to practice behavior analysis independently. Behavior analysts provide the required supervision to assistant behavior analysts and behavior technicians. A behavior analyst delivers services consistent with the dimensions of applied behavior analysis. Common services may include, but are not limited to, conducting behavior assessments, analyzing data, writing and revising behavior-analytic treatment plans, training others to implement components of treatment plans, and overseeing implementation of treatment plans, and overseeing implementation of treatment plans, and overseeing implementation of treatment plans.	Source: Association of Professional Behavior Analysts, www.apbahome.net and Behavior Analyst Certification Board (http://www.bacb.com) [7/1/2008: new, 1/1/2016: modified definition]
				A psychologist is an individual who is licensed to practice psychology which is defined as the observation, description, evaluation, interpretation, and modification of human behavior by the application of psychological principles, methods, and procedures, for the purpose of preventing or eliminating symptomatic, maladaptive, or undesired behavior and of enhancing interpersonal relationships, work and life adjustment, personal effectiveness, behavioral health, and mental health. The practice of psychology includes, but is not limited to, psychological testing and the evaluation or assessment of personal characteristics, such as intelligence, personality, abilities, interests, aptitudes, and encryocythological functioning; counseling, psychonalysis, psychotherapy, hypnosis, biofeedback, and behavior analysis and therapy, diagnosis and treatment of mental and emotional disorder or disability, alcoholism and substance abuse, disorders of habit or conduct, as well as of the psychological aspects of physical illness, accident, injury, or disability; and psycheducational evaluation, therapy, remediation, and consultation.	
103T00000X	Behavioral Health & Social Service Providers	Psychologist	Addition (Collectors 11 D)	Psychological services may be rendered to individuals, families, groups and the public.	Source: American Psychological Association [1/1/2007: modified definition]
103TA0400X 103TA0700X	Behavioral Health & Social Service Providers Behavioral Health & Social Service Providers	Psychologist Psychologist	Addiction (Substance Use Disorder) Adult Development & Aging	Definition to come Definition to come	
103TB0200X	Behavioral Health & Social Service Providers	Psychologist	Cognitive & Behavioral	Definition to come	[1/1/2007: title modified]
103TC0700X	Behavioral Health & Social Service Providers	Psychologist	Clinical	Definition to come	[
103TC1900X	Behavioral Health & Social Service Providers	Psychologist	Counseling	Definition to come	
103TC2200X	Behavioral Health & Social Service Providers	Psychologist	Clinical Child & Adolescent	Definition to come	[1/1/2007: title modified]
103TE1000X	Behavioral Health & Social Service Providers	Psychologist	Educational		[1/1/2007: marked inactive]
103TE1100X	Behavioral Health & Social Service Providers	Psychologist	Exercise & Sports	Definition to come	
103TF0000X	Behavioral Health & Social Service Providers	Psychologist	Family	Definition to come	
103TF0200X	Behavioral Health & Social Service Providers	Psychologist	Forensic	Definition to come	
103TH0004X	Behavioral Health & Social Service Providers	Psychologist	Health	The distinct focus of the clinical health psychologist is on physical health problems. A clinical health psychologist has special expertise or training in clinical health psychology <land< li=""> storng><land< li=""> storng><land< li=""> storng> applies scientific knowledge of the interrelationships among behavioral, emotional, cognitive, social and biological components in health and disease to the promotion and maintenance of health; the prevention, treatment and rehabilitation of iliness and disability; and the improvement of the health care system. Clinical health psychologists are dedicated to the development of knowledge regarding the interface between behavior and health, and to the delivery of high quality services based on that knowledge to individuals, families, and health care.</land<></land<></land<>	Source: American Psychological Association Commission for the Recognition of Specialties and Proficiencies in Professional Psychology, 2008. [11/1/2007: new, 71/1/2008: definition added, source added]
103TH0100X	Behavioral Health & Social Service Providers	Psychologist	Health Service	A psychologist, certified/licensed at the independent practice level in his/her state, who is duly trained and experienced in the delivery of direct, preventative, assessment, and therapeutic intervention services to individuals whose growth, adjustment, or functioning is actually impaired or is demonstrately at high risk of impairment (1974).	Source: National Register of Health Service Providers in Psychology website http://www.nationalregister.org/about_NR.html [7/1/2006: modified title, added definition]
103TM1700X	Behavioral Health & Social Service Providers	Psychologist	Men & Masculinity		[1/1/2007: marked inactive]
			Mental Retardation & Developmental		
103TM1800X	Behavioral Health & Social Service Providers	Psychologist	Disabilities	Definition to come	

	I				
				Those licensed psychologists who have completed specialized, post-doctoral training in psychopharmacology, passed a national	
				proficiency examination in psychopharmacology, and who are authorized by state statute to prescribe medications, in	
				accordance with their state law and state licensing authority, for the evaluation, diagnosis, management and treatment of	Source: Louisiana Academy of Medical Psychologists Note: Some states issue licenses under
103TP0016X	Behavioral Health & Social Service Providers	Psychologist	Prescribing (Medical)	mental, nervous, emotional, behavioral, and related disorders.	Medical Psychologist. [1/1/2007: new]
				(1) A practitioner of psychoanalysis: methods of eliciting from patients their past emotional experiences and their role in	
				influencing their current mental life, in order to discover the conflicts and mechanisms by which their pathologic mental state has	
				been produced and to furnish hints for psychotherapeutic procedures, the method employs free association, recall and	
				interpretation of dreams and interpretation of transference and resistance phenomena; (2) An individual who is educated with a	
				doctor's degree in psychoanalysis or psychology, trained at an established psychoanalytic institute, and practices or adheres to	
				the principles of psychoanalysis. Psychoanalysis is a form of psychotherapy and a system of investigation for determining and	Sources: (1) Dorlands Illustrated Medical Dictionary, 28th Edition, W.B. Saunders Company:
				understanding mental processes, which was originally conceived by Sigmund Freud. Psychoanalysis involves the analysis and interpretation of dreams, resistances, and transferences, and uses free association and catharsis. Clinical practice requires	Philadelphia, 1994, p. 1382; (2)American Psychological Association, Washington, DC, 1997, and Rhea, Ott, and Shafritz, The Facts On File Dictionary of Health Care Management, New
103TP0814X	Behavioral Health & Social Service Providers	Psychologist	Psychoanalysis	Interpretation of dreams, resistances, and transferences, and uses free association and catharsis. Clinical practice requires	York: Facts On File Publications, 1988.
103TP2700X	Behavioral Health & Social Service Providers	Psychologist	Psychotherapy	incerisure:	[1/1/2007: marked inactive]
103TP2700X	Behavioral Health & Social Service Providers	Psychologist	Group Psychotherapy	Definition to come	[1/1/2007: mainted inactive]
103TR0400X	Behavioral Health & Social Service Providers	Psychologist	Rehabilitation	Definition to come	[11 / 2507: Modified Mag
103TS0200X	Behavioral Health & Social Service Providers	Psychologist	School	Definition to come	
103TW0100X	Behavioral Health & Social Service Providers	Psychologist	Women		[1/1/2007: marked inactive]
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				A social worker is a person who is qualified by a Social Work degree, and licensed, certified or registered by the state as a	
				social worker to practice within the scope of that license. A social worker provides assistance and counseling to clients and	
				their families who are dealing with social, emotional and environmental problems. Social work services may be rendered to	
104100000X	Behavioral Health & Social Service Providers	Social Worker		individuals, families, groups, and the public.	Source: National Association of Social Workers, 2009 [7/1/2009: definition modified]
1		1		A social worker who holds a master's or doctoral degree in social work from an accredited school of social work in addition to at	
		1		least two years of post-master's supervised experience in a clinical setting. The social worker must be licensed, certified, or	
1		1		registered at the clinical level in the jurisdiction of practice. A clinical social worker provides direct services, including	
				interventions focused on interpersonal interactions, intrapsychic dynamics, and life management issues. Clinical social work	
1				services are based on bio-psychosocial perspectives. Services consist of assessment, diagnosis, treatment (including	
				psychotherapy and counseling), client-centered advocacy, consultation, evaluation, and prevention of mental illness, emotional,	
1041C0700X	Behavioral Health & Social Service Providers	Social Worker	Clinical	or behavioral disturbances.	Source: National Association of Social Workers, 2008 [7/1/2009: definition modified]
1041S0200X	Behavioral Health & Social Service Providers	Social Worker	School	Definition to come	
				An assistant behavior analyst is qualified by Behavior Analyst Certification Board certification and/or a state-issued license or	
				credential in behavior analysis to practice under the supervision of an appropriately credentialed professional behavior analyst.	
				An assistant behavior analyst delivers services consistent with the dimensions of applied behavior analysis and supervision requirements defined in state laws or regulations and/or national certification standards. Common services may include, but are	
		Assistant Behavior		not limited to, conducting behavioral assessments, analyzing data, writing behavior-analytic treatment plans, training and	Association of Professional Behavior Analysts, www.apbahome.net and Behavior Analyst
106E00000X	Behavioral Health & Social Service Providers	Analyst		supervising others in implementation of components of treatment plans, and direct implementation of treatment plans.	Certification Board (http://www.bacb.com) [7/1/2016: new]
100200000	Delianoral reality a debial control revision	rinayor		oper verilg entere in imperioritation of compensate of accurrent plane, and allow imperioritation of accurrent plane.	Continuation Deard (http://www.bacb.com) (i/ nzo ic. non)
				A marriage and family therepist is a person with a mentar's degree in marriage and family therepy, or a mentar's or destreal	
				A marriage and family therapist is a person with a master's degree in marriage and family therapy, or a master's or doctoral degree in a related mental health field with substantially equivalent coursework in marriage and family therapy, who receives	
				supervised clinical experience, or a person who meets the state requirements to practice as a marriage and family therapy.	
		Marriage & Family		marriage and family therapist treats mental and emotional disorders within the context of marriage and family systems. A	
106H00000X	Behavioral Health & Social Service Providers	Therapist		marriage and family therapist provides mental health and counseling services to individuals, couples, families, and groups.	
				The behavior technician is a paraprofessional who practices under the close, ongoing supervision of a behavior analyst or	
				assistant behavior analyst certified by the Behavior Analyst Certification Board and/or credentialed by a state (such as through	
				licensure). The behavior technician is primarily responsible for the implementation of components of behavior-analytic treatment	
				plans developed by the supervisor. That may include collecting data on treatment targets and conducting certain types of	
				behavioral assessments (e.g., stimulus preference assessments). The behavior technician does not design treatment or	Association of Professional Behavior Analysts, www.apbahome.net and Behavior Analyst
106S00000X	Behavioral Health & Social Service Providers	Behavior Technician		assessment plans or procedures but provides services as assigned by the supervisor responsible for his or her work.	Certification Board (http://www.bacb.com) [7/1/2016: new]
				A provider qualified by a Doctor of Chiropractic (D.C.), licensed by the State and who practices chiropractic medicine -that	
	L			discipline within the healing arts which deals with the nervous system and its relationship to the spinal column and its	
111N00000X	Chiropractic Providers	Chiropractor		interrelationship with other body systems.	
	Chiropractic Providers	Chiropractor	Independent Medical Examiner	A special evaluator not involved with the medical care of the individual examinee that impartially evaluates the care being	Course Associate Board of Indonesia Madical Functions (4/4/2007)
111NI0013X	Chiropractic Providers	Chiropractor	independent Medical Examiner	provided by other practitioners to clarify clinical, disability, liability or other case issues.	Source: American Board of Independent Medical Examiners [1/1/2007: new]
1		1			
1				The chiropractic internist may serve as a primary care physician or may see patients referred from other providers for evaluation	
1				and co-management. Evaluation is focused on the early detection of functional, nutritional, and pathological disorders. A	
1		1		chiropractic internist utilizes the diagnostic instruments necessary for proper examination. In cases where laboratory	
1				examination is necessary, a chiropractic internist utilizes a recognized reference laboratory facility. A chiropractic internist may manage his or her own cases or may refer to another specialist when prudent to do so. The chiropractic internist utilizes	
1		1		documented natural therapies, therapeutic lifestyle changes, patient education and other resources to promote patient health	
111NI0900X	Chiropractic Providers	Chiropractor	Internist	and avoidance of disease.	Source: American Chiropractic Association, 2008 [7/1/2009: definition added]
		T '			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
1		1		Chiropractic Neurology is defined as the field of functional neurology that engages the internal - and external environment of the	
1		1		Individual in a structured and targeted approach to affect positive changes in the nervous system and consequently the	
1		1		physiology and behavior of an individual. Chiropractic Neurologists are board-certified specialists in non-drug, non-surgical care	
1		1		for those with neurologically based health problems. There are many conditions people suffer from that are in this broad	
1		1		category: learning and attention disorders, headaches, vertigo, pain syndromes, developmental disorders, nerve injury, spinal	Source: American Chiropractic Neurology Board, 2008 & American Chiropractic Association,
111NN0400X	Chiropractic Providers	Chiropractor	Neurology	cord injury, head injury or stroke, movement disorders, and many other conditions.	2008 [7/1/2009: definition added]
1					
1		1		Chiropractic Nutrition is that specialty within the chiropractic profession that deals with the overall factors that affect the patient's	
1		1		ability to maintain the manipulative correction and thus sustain better neurological integrity. The Chiropractic Nutrition Specialist	
				will perform extensive research on the patient's previous health history, ethnicity, and any family history related to what the	
1		1		patient is being treated for. Patients fill out questionnaires concerning dietary and sleep patterns and previous or present	
				symptomology. A nutrition examination would be performed to assess areas such as absorption rates, adrenal function, kidney	
1		1		health, lung health etc. The patient is often instructed on how to check the pH of their saliva and urine, test for the presence of	
111NN1001X	Chiropractic Providers	Chiropractor	Nutrition	Candida Albicans, etc., at home. Outside laboratory testing includes blood, urine, hair analysis, food allergy testing etc. The patient's prescription and over the counter medications are recorded and analyzed.	
T I INN TOU IA	Onitrophactic (*10Vludis	TOTHIOPI ACIOI	reducion	penent a presemption and ever the counter medications are recorded and analyzed.	Godinos. American orinopractic Association, 2000 [7/1/2009, definition added]

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				The Pediatric Chiropractor is a chiropractor with specialized, advanced training and certification in the evaluation, care and	
				management of health and wellness conditions of infancy, childhood and adolescence. This specialist provides primary,	Source: Council on Chiropractic Pediatrics, American Chiropractic Association, 2007
111NP0017X	Chiropractic Providers	Chiropractor	Pediatric Chiropractor	comprehensive, therapeutic and preventative chiropractic health care for newborns through adolescents.	[1/1/2008: new]
				Chiropractic radiology is a referral specialty that provides consultation services at the request of other qualified doctors.	
				Chiropractic radiologists provide consultation in health care facilities (private offices, hospitals and teaching institutions) to meet	
				the needs of referring doctors and their patients. The quality of the consultative services by the chiropractic radiologist in	
				independent practice is reflected by the quality of their professional credentials. Chiropractic radiologists recommend, supervise,	
				and interpret radiologic studies as well as advanced imaging procedures. They advise referring physicians on the necessity and appropriateness of radiologic services and whether to select or to avoid certain diagnostic or clinical procedures. In some	
				instances the radiologist may act as a private practitioner. They may conduct research and apply diagnostic radiologic	
				procedures and may be called upon to act as expert witnesses in matters of litigation. Chiropractic radiologists are also	
				concerned with imaging technology including image production, demonstration of normal and abnormal anatomy, and the	
				interaction of energy and matter. The advances in the technological facets of radiology are so rapid that only qualified	
				radiologists can reasonably be expected to maintain the high level of proficiency required to supervise and interpret these procedures. The practice of radiology continuously involves the application of this technology to patient imaging and treatment.	
				It is now well recognized that chiractery additional interest in the application in this technically to plain film radiography, fluoroscopy,	
				tomography, ultrasonography, radioisotope imaging, computed tomography, digital radiography, and magnetic resonance	
111NR0200X	Chiropractic Providers	Chiropractor	Radiology	imaging. Individual practices may vary by intent, licensure, and scope of practice laws.	Source: American Chiropractic Board of Radiology, 2009 [7/1/2009: definition added]
				Rehabilitation is the discipline focused on restoring a patient's functional abilities to pre-injury or pre-disease status. Functional	
				abilities are defined as those activities in one's daily life, work, or sports and recreational activities that an individual participates	
				in. Relevant impairments (e.g. strength, endurance, flexibility, motor control, etc.) are often intermediate goals of rehabilitation, but the final goal of successful care is return to participation in activities in which the patient was successful before the onset of	
				the injury or disease. Essential to a rehabilitation approach is a focus on patient-centered outcomes such as independence and	Source: The American Chiropractic Association (ACA) and the ACA Council on Physiological
111NR0400X	Chiropractic Providers	Chiropractor	Rehabilitation	self-management or self-care skills.	Therapeutics [7/1/2006: new]
1				A sports chiropractor is uniquely trained to provide care and treatment of injuries or illness resulting from sports and physical	
				fitness activities. Doctors of Chiropractic with the Diplomate American Chiropractic Board of Sports Physicians (DACBSP) or	
				the Certified Chiropractic Sports Physician (CCSP), sport specialty certifications from the American Chiropractic Board of	
				Sports Physicians, have advanced training in the assessment, management and rehabilitation of sports related injuries. Extremity care, rehabilitation and soft tissue procedures are common skills utilized by these doctors. The specialty training	
				covers a broad spectrum from the pediatric athlete to professional and Olympic athletes, and everything in between, using a	
111NS0005X	Chiropractic Providers	Chiropractor	Sports Physician	variety of techniques and modalities.	Source: American Chiropractic Board of Sports Physicians, 2009 [7/1/2009: definition added]
111NT0100X	Chiropractic Providers	Chiropractor	Thermography	Definition to come	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
				Occupational Health is that specialty within the chiropractic profession that deals with the prevention and management of work	
				related injuries. It also considers and assists clients with State and Federal Compliance assistance. Occupational Health goes	
				much farther than simply treating injured workers however. This may mean working with clients to promote optimum safety and	
				ergonomic principles, interacting with the injured worker to promote safety and prevent future injuries, assisting a company with accident investigation to identify root cause, redesigning a workstation to eliminate hazards, working with safety teams,	
				providing training programs etc. The list of potential services that the specialist can interact with a client company or patient is	
111NX0100X	Chiropractic Providers	Chiropractor	Occupational Health	lengthy and varied involving both in office services as well as on site services.	Source: American Chiropractic Association, 2008 [7/1/2009: title modified, definition added]
				Chiropractic Orthopedics is defined as that branch of chiropractic medicine that includes the continued acquisition of knowledge	
				relative to both normal functions and diseases of the human body as they relate to the bones, joints, capsules, discs, muscles,	
				ligaments, tendons, their complete neurological and vascular components, referred organ systems and contiguous tissues. This	
				also includes the development and perfection of skills relative to health maintenance when such exists and when not, the	
				investigations, historical review, physical detection, correlative diagnosis development and complete management of any	
				disorder within the bounds defined herein. Also necessary is the delivery of the combined knowledge and skill on a primary basis to patients who both need and desire this service to the eventual outcome of remissions, whenever resolution is not readily	
				achievable. In addition the certified chiropractic orthopedist provides consultation services at the request of other qualified	
				doctors seeking assistance in the care of their patients. The chiropractic orthopedist may also engage in the teaching and or	
				research of subjects and materials relevant to pursuing the quest for knowledge in the ever changing field of the orthopedic	
111NX0800X	Chiropractic Providers	Chiropractor	Orthopedic	specialty.	Source: American Chiropractic Association, 2008 [7/1/2009: definition added]
				A dentist is a person qualified by a doctorate in dental surgery (D.D.S.) or dental medicine (D.M.D.), licensed by the state to	
1				practice dentistry, and practicing within the scope of that license. There is no difference between the two degrees: dentists who have a DMD or DDS have the same education. Universities have the prerogative to determine what degree is awarded. Both	
1				degrees use the same curriculum requirements set by the American Dental Association's Commission on Dental Accreditation.	
1				Generally, three or more years of undergraduate education plus four years of dental school is required to graduate and become	
1				a general dentist. State licensing boards accept either degree as equivalent, and both degrees allow licensed individuals to	
122300000X	Dental Providers	Dentist		practice the same scope of general dentistry. Additional post-graduate training is required to become a dental specialist.	Source: Council on Dental Education and Licensure, American Dental Association
1					
1				The science and art of preventing and controlling dental diseases and promoting dental health through organized community	
1				efforts. It is that form of dental practice that serves the community as a patient rather than the individual. It is concerned with the dental health education of the public, with applied dental research, and with the administration of group dental care programs	
1223D0001X	Dental Providers	Dentist	Dental Public Health	as well as the prevention and control of dental diseases on a community basis.	Source: Council on Dental Education and Licensure, American Dental Association
				,	
1				A dentist who has successfully completed an accredited postdoctoral anesthesiology residency training program for dentists of	
1				two or more years duration, in accord with Commission on Dental Accreditation's Standards for Dental Anesthesiology	
1223D0004X	Dental Providers	Dentist	Dentist Anesthesiologist	Residency Programs, and/or meets the eligibility requirements for examination by the American Dental Board of Anesthesiology.	Source: The American Society of Dentist Anesthesiologists [1/1/2013: new]
1					
1				The branch of dentistry that is concerned with the morphology, physiology and pathology of the human dental pulp and	
1223F0200X	Dental Providers	Dentist	Endodontics	periradicular tissues. Its study and practice encompass the basic and clinical sciences including biology of the normal pulp, the etiology, diagnosis, prevention and treatment of diseases and injuries of the pulp and associated periradicular conditions.	Source: Council on Dental Education and Licensure, American Dental Association
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1				A general dentist is the primary dental care provider for patients of all ages. The general dentist is responsible for the diagnosis,	
1223G0001X	Dental Providers	Dentist	General Practice	treatment, management and overall coordination of services related to patients' oral health needs.	Source: Academy of General Dentistry
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				The specialty of dentistry and discipline of pathology that deals with the nature, identification, and management of diseases affecting the oral and manifoldscial regions. It is a science that investigates the causes, processes, and effects of these diseases. The practice of oral and manifoldscial pathology includes research and diagnosis of diseases using clinical,	
1223P0106X	Dental Providers	Dentist	Oral and Maxillofacial Pathology	radiographic, microscopic, biochemical, or other examinations. An age-defined specialty that provides both primary and comprehensive preventive and therapeutic oral health care for infants	Source: Council on Dental Education and Licensure, American Dental Association
1223P0221X	Dental Providers	Dentist	Pediatric Dentistry	and children through adolescence, including those with special health care needs.	Source: Council on Dental Education and Licensure, American Dental Association
1223P0300X	Dental Providers	Dentist	Periodontics	That specialty of dentistry which encompasses the prevention, diagnosis and treatment of diseases of the supporting and surrounding tissues of the teeth or their substitutes and the maintenance of the health, function and esthetics of these structures and tissues.	Source: Council on Dental Education and Licensure, American Dental Association
				That branch of dentistry pertaining to the restoration and maintenance of oral functions, comfort, appearance and health of the	
4000007000	Dental Providers	Dentist	Prosthodontics	patient by the restoration of natural teeth and/or the replacement of missing teeth and contiguous oral and maxillofacial tissues with artificial substitutes.	Source: Council on Dental Education and Licensure. American Dental Association
1223P0700X	Delital Floviders	Dentist	Prostriodoritics	with all finicial substitutes.	Source: Council on Dental Education and Eldensure, American Dental Association
				The specialty of dentistry which includes the diagnosis, surgical and adjunctive treatment of diseases, injuries and defects	
1223S0112X	Dental Providers	Dentist	Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	involving both the functional and esthetic aspects of the hard and soft tissues of the oral and maxillofacial region.	Source: Council on Dental Education and Licensure, American Dental Association
				The specialty of dentistry and discipline of radiology concerned with the production and interpretation of images and data produced by all modalities of radiant energy that are used for the diagnosis and management of diseases, disorders and	
1223X0008X	Dental Providers	Dentist	Oral and Maxillofacial Radiology	conditions of the oral and maxillofacial region.	Source: Council on Dental Education and Licensure, American Dental Association
				That area of dentistry concerned with the supervision, guidance and correction of the growing or mature dentifacial structures, including those conditions that require movement of teeth or correction of malrelationships and malformations of their related structures and the adjustment of relationships between and among teeth and facial bones by the application of forces and/or the stimulation and redirection of functional forces within the craniofacial complex. Major responsibilities of orthodontic practice include the diagnosis, prevention, interception and treatment of all forms of malocclusion of the teeth and associated alterations in their surrounding structures, the design, application and control of functional and corrective appliances; and the guidance of the dentition and its supporting structures to attain and maintain optimum occlused relations in physiologic and esthetic harmony	
1223X0400X	Dental Providers	Dentist	Orthodontics and Dentofacial Orthopedics	among facial and cranial structures.	
122400000X	Dental Providers	Denturist		Definition to come. An individual who has completed an accredited dental hygiene education program, and an individual who has been licensed by a state board of dental examiners to provide preventive care services under the supervision of a dentist. Functions that may be legally delegated to the dental hygienist and state dental practice acts and regulations, but always include, at a minimum, scaling and polishing the teeth. To	
124Q00000X	Dental Providers	Dental Hygienist		avoid misleading the public, no occupational title other than dental hygienist should be used to describe this dental auxiliary.	Source: Comprehensive Policy Statement on Dental Auxiliaries, American Dental Association.
125J00000X	Dental Providers	Dental Therapist		A Dental Therapist is an individual who has completed an accredited or non-accredited dental therapy program and who has been authorized by the relevant state board or a tribal entity to provide services within the scope of their practice under the supervision of a dentist. Functions that may be delegated to the dental therapist vary based on the needs of the dentist, the educational preparation of the dental therapist and state dental practice acts and regulations.	Source: Summarized from Minnesota Statute 150A.105. [7/1/2012: new]
125K00000X	Dental Providers	Advanced Practice Dental Therapist		An Advanced Practice Dental Therapist is:	

				A person trained in food and nutrition who is an integral part of health care and foodservice management teams. A dietetic	
				technician, registered (DTR) has successfully completed at least a two-year associate's degree at a US regionally accredited	
				college or university; a dietetic technician program approved by The American Dietetic Association, including 450 hours of	
		Dietetic Technician,		supervised practice experience; a national examination administered by the Commission on Dietetic Registration; and continuing	Source: The American Dietetic Association. Becoming a Dietetic Technician, Registered a
136A00000X	Dietary & Nutritional Service Providers	Registered		professional educational requirements to maintain registration.	food and nutrition practitioner. Chicago, IL: The American dietetic association, July 1997.
				Individuals that are specially trained to assist patients living at home with urgent/emergent situations. These individuals must be	
				able to perform CPR and basic first aid and have sufficient counseling skills to allay fears and assist in working through	
		Personal Emergency		processes necessary to resolve the crisis. Functions may include transportation to various facilities and businesses, contacting	
146D00000X	Emergency Medical Service Providers	Response Attendant		agencies to initiate remediation service or providing reassurance.	
		Emergency Medical		An EMT, Paramedic is an individual trained and certified to perform advanced life support (ALS) in medical emergencies based	
146L00000X	Emergency Medical Service Providers	Technician, Paramedic		on individual state boards.	Sources: Tabers Medical Dictionary and Florida EMS Clearing House.
		Emergency Medical			,
		Technician.		An Intermediate EMT is an individual trained and certified to perform intermediate life support treatment in medical emergencies	
146M00000X	Emergency Medical Service Providers	Intermediate		based on individual state boards.	Sources: Tabers Medical Dictionary and Florida EMS Clearing House.
	3 /	Emergency Medical		A Basic EMT is an individual trained and certified to perform basic life support treatment in medical emergencies based on	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
146N00000X	Emergency Medical Service Providers	Technician, Basic		individual state boards.	Sources: Tabers Medical Dictionary and Florida EMS Clearing House.
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				Doctors of optometry (ODs) are the primary health care professionals for the eye. Optometrists examine, diagnose, treat, and	
				manage diseases, injuries, and disorders of the visual system, the eye, and associated structures as well as identify related	
				systemic conditions affecting the eye. An optometrist has completed pre-professional undergraduate education in a college or	
				university and four years of professional education at a college of optometry, leading to the doctor of optometry (O.D.) degree.	L
45014100	For and Vision Constant Brook	0-4		Some optometrists complete an optional residency in a specific area of practice. Optometrists are eye health care professionals	Source: American Optometric Association (AOA), approved by the AOA's Board of Trustees,
152W00000X	Eye and Vision Services Providers	Optometrist		state-licensed to diagnose and treat diseases and disorders of the eye and visual system.	June 21, 2005. [7/1/2006: definition modified]
		1	1	The professional activities performed by an Optometrist related to the fitting of contact lenses to an eye, ongoing evaluation of	
				the cornea's ability to sustain successful contact lens wear, and treatment of any external eye or corneal condition which can	L
152WC0802X	Eye and Vision Services Providers	Optometrist	Corneal and Contact Management	affect contact lens wear.	Source: American Optometric Association [1/1/2009: added definition, added source]
				Optometrists who specialize in low-vision care having training to assess visual function, prescribe low-vision devices, develop	
152WL0500X	Eye and Vision Services Providers	Optometrist	Low Vision Rehabilitation	treatment plans, and recommend other vision rehabilitation services.	Source: American Optometric Association [1/1/2009: added definition, added source]
				Optometrists who work in Pediatrics are concerned with the prevention, development, diagnosis, and treatment of visual	
152WP0200X	Eye and Vision Services Providers	Optometrist	Pediatrics	problems in children.	Source: American Optometric Association [1/1/2009: added definition, added source]
				An optometrist who offers services designed to care for unique vision care needs of athletes, which may include one of more of	
				the following services: corrective vision care unique to a specific sporting environment; protective eyewear for the prevention of	
				sports-related injuries; vision enhancement – which may include vision therapy and techniques to improve visual skills specific	
152WS0006X	Eve and Vision Services Providers	Optometrist	Sports Vision	to the athlete's sport.	Source: American Optometric Association [1/1/2009: added definition, added source]
13244000000	Eyo and vision our rises i romano	Оргонновног	Oporto Violori	'	Course. / Interioral Optomorio / Idoocatati [// 1/2000. daded dominion, daded course]
				Optometrists who specialize in vision therapy as a treatment process used to improve vision function. It includes a broad range of developmental and rehabilitative treatment programs individually prescribed to remediate specific sensory, motor and/or visua	
152WV0400X	Eve and Vision Services Providers	Optometrist	Vision Therapy	perceptual dysfunctions.	S
152VV V 040UX	Eye and vision Services Providers	Optometrist	vision merapy		Source: American Optometric Association [1/1/2009: added definition, added source]
152WX0102X	Eye and Vision Services Providers	Optometrist	Occupational Vision	Optometrists who work in Occupational Vision, the branch of environmental optometry, consider all aspects of the relationship between work and vision, visual performances, eye safety, and health.	
152WX0102X	Eye and vision Services Providers		Occupational vision	between work and vision, visual performances, eye salety, and nearth.	Source: American Optometric Association [1/1/2009: added definition, added source]
	- us: a : a ::	Technician/Technologi		L	
156F00000X	Eye and Vision Services Providers	St		A broad category grouping different kinds of technologists and technicians. See individual definitions.	
				l	
	- us: a : a ::	Technician/Technologi	0	An optician or other ancillary support staff person who, where authorized by state law and trained or certified to do so, may fit or	
156FC0800X	Eye and Vision Services Providers	st	Contact Lens	dispense contact lenses to a patient based on the prescription of an optometrist or medical physician.	Source: American Optometric Association [1/1/2009: added definition, added source]
				l	
156FC0801X	Eye and Vision Services Providers	Technician/Technologi	Contact Lens Fitter	An optician or other ancillary support staff person who, where authorized by state law and trained or certified to do so, may fit or dispense contact lenses to a patient based on the prescription of an optometrist or medical physician.	Source: American Optometric Association [1/1/2009: added definition, added source]
150FC0601X	Eye and vision services Providers	Technician/Technologi	Contact Lens Fitter	dispense contact tenses to a patient based on the prescription of an optometrist of medical physician.	Source. American Optometric Association [1/1/2009. added definition, added source]
4505)(4400)(Fire and Vision Constant Benefiters	rechnician/rechnologi	0-14-1	Defailing to some	
156FX1100X	Eye and Vision Services Providers	St	Ophthalmic	Definition to come	
	Eve and Vision Services Providers	Technician/Technologi	Ophthalmic Assistant	Definition to come	
156FX1101X	Eye and Vision Services Providers	st	Opnthalmic Assistant	Definition to come	
	- W	Technician/Technologi	la	la c m	
156FX1201X	Eye and Vision Services Providers	St	Optometric Assistant	Definition to come	
4505745	For and Vision Construct Brown	Technician/Technologi	Ontonotic Trabalaina	Defeation to account	
156FX1202X	Eye and Vision Services Providers	St	Optometric Technician	Definition to come	
4505747	Fire and Marine Consisted Brook	Technician/Technologi	O-vilenia t	D-6-# 4	
156FX1700X	Eye and Vision Services Providers	St	Ocularist	Definition to come	
4505745	Fire and Marine Consisted Brook	Technician/Technologi	O-ti-i	D-6-# 4	
156FX1800X	Eye and Vision Services Providers	St	Optician	Definition to come	
	L	Technician/Technologi	la		
156FX1900X	Eye and Vision Services Providers	st	Orthoptist	Definition to come	
				(1) A registered nurse is a person qualified by graduation from an accredited nursing school (depending upon schooling, a	
				registered nurse may receive either a diploma from a hospital program, an associate degree in nursing (A.D.N.) or a Bachelor of	
				Science degree in nursing (B.S.N.), who is licensed or certified by the state, and is practicing within the scope of that license or	
				certification. R.N.'s assist patient in recovering and maintaining their physical or mental health. They assist physicians during	
				treatments and examinations and administer medications. (2) A provider who is trained and educated in a formal nursing	
				treatments and examinations and administer medications. (2) A provider who is trained and educated in a formal nursing education program at an accredited school of nursing, passes a national certification examination, and is licensed by the state to	Sources: (2) American Nurses Association American Nurses Condentialing Control
16314/00000	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	1	practice nursing. The individual provides nursing services to patients or clients in areas such as health promotion, disease	Certification Catalogue, and Rhea, Ott, and Shafritz, The Facts On File Dictionary of Health
	Nursing Service Providers Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse Registered Nurse	Addiction (Substance Use Disorder)	prevention, acute and chronic care and restoration and maintenance of health across the life span. Definition to come	Care Management, New York: Facts On File Publications, 1988.
163W00000X		Registered Nurse	Administrator	Definition to come	
163WA0400X				Definition to come Definition to come	
163WA0400X 163WA2000X	Nursing Service Providers		Critical Care Medicine		
163WA0400X 163WA2000X 163WC0200X	Nursing Service Providers Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	Critical Care Medicine		
163WA0400X 163WA2000X 163WC0200X 163WC0400X	Nursing Service Providers Nursing Service Providers Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse Registered Nurse	Case Management	Definition to come	
163WA0400X 163WA2000X 163WC0200X 163WC0400X 163WC1400X	Nursing Service Providers Nursing Service Providers Nursing Service Providers Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse Registered Nurse Registered Nurse	Case Management College Health	Definition to come Definition to come	
163WA0400X 163WA2000X 163WC0200X 163WC0400X 163WC1400X 163WC1500X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse Registered Nurse Registered Nurse Registered Nurse	Case Management College Health Community Health	Definition to come Definition to come Definition to come	
163WA0400X 163WA2000X 163WC0200X 163WC0400X 163WC1400X 163WC1500X 163WC1600X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse Registered Nurse Registered Nurse Registered Nurse Registered Nurse Registered Nurse	Case Management College Health Community Health Continuing Education/Staff Development	Definition to come Definition to come Definition to come Definition to come	
163WA0400X 163WA2000X 163WC0200X 163WC0400X 163WC1400X 163WC1500X 163WC1500X 163WC2100X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	Case Management College Health Community Health Continuing Education/Staff Development Continence Care	Definition to come	
163WA0400X 163WA2000X 163WC0200X 163WC0400X 163WC1400X 163WC1500X 163WC1600X 163WC2100X 163WC2100X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	Case Management College Health Community Health Continuing Education/Staff Development Continence Care Cardiac Rehabilitation	Definition to come	
163WA0400X 163WA2000X 163WC0200X 163WC0400X 163WC1400X 163WC1500X 163WC1500X 163WC2100X 163WC2100X 163WD0400X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	Case Management College Health Community Health Continuing Education/Staff Development Continence Care Cardiac Rehabilitation Diabetes Educator	Definition to come	
163WA0400X 163WA2000X 163WC0200X 163WC0400X 163WC1400X 163WC1500X 163WC1600X 163WC2100X 163WC2100X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	Case Management College Health Community Health Continuing Education/Staff Development Continence Care Cardiac Rehabilitation	Definition to come	
163WA0400X 163WA2000X 163WC0200X 163WC0400X 163WC1400X 163WC1500X 163WC1500X 163WC2100X 163WC2100X 163WD0400X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	Case Management College Health Community Health Continuing Education/Staff Development Continence Care Cardiac Rehabilitation Diabetes Educator	Definition to come	
163WA0400X 163WA2000X 163WC0200X 163WC0400X 163WC1400X 163WC1600X 163WC1500X 163WC2100X 163WC2100X 163WC3500X 163WD0400X 163WD100X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	Case Management Cotlege Health Community Health Continuing Education/Staff Development Continence Care Cardiac Rehabilitation Diabetes Educator Diabyes, Pertioneal	Definition to come	

163WF0300X	Territoria de la compansión de la compan	1		I=	
	Nursing Service Providers		Flight	Definition to come	
163WG0000X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	General Practice	Definition to come	
163WG0100X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	Gastroenterology	Definition to come	
163WG0600X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	Gerontology	Definition to come.	
163WH0200X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	Home Health	Definition to come	
163WH0500X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	Hemodialysis	Definition to come	
163WH1000X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	Hospice	Definition to come	
163WI0500X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse		Definition to come	
163WI0600X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	Infection Control	Definition to come	
163WL0100X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	Lactation Consultant	Definition to come	
163WM0102X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	Maternal Newborn	Definition to come	
163WM0705X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	Medical-Surgical	Definition to come	
163WM1400X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	Nurse Massage Therapist (NMT)	Definition to come	
163WN0002X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	Neonatal Intensive Care	Definition to come	
			Neonatal Low-Risk	Definition to come	
163WN0003X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse			
163WN0300X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	Nephrology	Definition to come	
163WN0800X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	Neuroscience	Definition to come	
	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	Nutrition Support	Definition to come	
163WN1003X					
163WP0000X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	Pain Management	Definition to come	
163WP0200X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	Pediatrics	Definition to come	
163WP0218X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse		Definition to come	
103WP0216X	Indising Service Floriders	Registered Nuise	rediatric Oricology	Definition to come	
1		1			
163WP0807X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	Psych/Mental Health, Child & Adolescent	Definition to come	
163WP0808X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	Psych/Mental Health	Definition to come	
163WP0809X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	Psych/Mental Health, Adult	Definition to come	
163WP1700X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	Perinatal	Definition to come	
163WP2201X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	Ambulatory Care	Definition to come	
100001 22017	Training Co. Vice I Toriusia	r rogistorou riturso	remodeling Gard	DOMINION O CONTO	
			'		
			'	A perioperative registered nurse who works in collaboration with the surgeon and other health care team members to achieve	
			'	optimal outcomes. The RNFA has acquired the necessary knowledge, judgment, and skills specific to the expanded role of	Source: AORN Official Statement on RNFAs ratified by the AORN House of Delegates in
4001117000001	Mi 6 i B i4	Desistered North	Desistant Norma First Assistant	opening outcomes. The river is has acquired the necessary knowledge, judgment, and skins specific to the expanded fole of	2004 C7/4/2006
163WR0006X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse		RNFA clinical practice. Intraoperatively, the RNFA assists the surgeon.	2004. [7/1/2006: new]
163WR0400X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	Rehabilitation	Definition to come	
163WR1000X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	Reproductive Endocrinology/Infertility	Definition to come	
163WS0121X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	Plastic Surgery	Definition to come	
163WS0200X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	School	Definition to come	
163WU0100X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	Urology	Definition to come	
163WW0000X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	Wound Care	Definition to come	
163WW0101X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	Women's Health Care, Ambulatory	Definition to come	
163WX0002X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	Obstetric, High-Risk	Definition to come	
163WX0003X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	Obstetric, Inpatient	Definition to come	
163WX0106X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	Occupational Health	Definition to come	
163WX0200X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	Oncology	Definition to come	
163WX0601X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	Otorhinolaryngology & Head-Neck	Definition to come	
163WX0800X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse		Definition to come	
163WX1100X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	Ophthalmic	Definition to come	
163WX1500X	Nursing Service Providers	Registered Nurse	Ostomy Care	Definition to come	
1001171100071					
1		1		An individual with post-high school vocational training and practical experience in the provision of nursing care at a level less	
1		Licensed Practical		than that required for certification as a Registered Nurse. Requirements for education, experience, licensure, and job	Source: Rhea, Ott, and Shafritz, The Facts On File Dictionary of Health Care Management,
164W00000X	Nursing Service Providers	Nurse		responsibilities vary among the states.	New York: Facts On File Publications, 1988.
1011110000000					, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
1		1			
1		1		An individual with post-high school vocational training and practical experience in the provision of nursing care at a level less	
1		1		than that required for certification as a Registered Nurse. [An alternate term for licensed practical nurse arising from difference	
1		Licensed Vocational		in occupational titles between states and post-high school training programs and institutions.] Requirements for education,	Source: Rhea, Ott, and Shafritz, The Facts On File Dictionary of Health Care Management,
1				in occupational titles between states and post-riight school training programs and institutions.] Requirements for education,	Source. Rifea, Ott, and Smalliz, The Pacis On File Dictionary of Realth Care Management,
164X00000X	Nursing Service Providers	Nurse		experience, licensure, and job responsibilities vary among the states.	New York: Facts On File Publications, 1988.
1		1			
1		1		An individual licensed by the state board as a Psychiatric Technician based upon completion of a prescribed course of theory	
1		1		An individual licensed by the state board as a Psychiatric Technician based upon completion of a prescribed course of theory	
	1				
1			1	and clinical practice, with two thirds of the clinical practice time focused on mental and developmental disorders. The	
1		Licensed Psychiatric	1	and clinical practice, with two thirds of the clinical practice time rocused on mental and developmental disorders. The psychiatric technician practices under the direct supervision of a physician, psychologist, registered nurse or other professional	
167G00000X	Nursing Service Providers			psychiatric technician practices under the direct supervision of a physician, psychologist, registered nurse or other professional	
167G00000X	Nursing Service Providers	Technician			
167G00000X	Nursing Service Providers	Technician Medical Genetics,		psychiatric technician practices under the direct supervision of a physician, psychologist, registered nurse or other professional to provide care to patients with mental disorders and developmental disabilities.	
		Technician Medical Genetics, Ph.D. Medical		psychiatric technician practices under the direct supervision of a physician, psychologist, registered nurse or other professional to provide care to patients with mental disorders and developmental disabilities. A medical geneticist works in association with a medical specialist, is affiliated with a clinical genetics program, and serves as a	A general certificate was first issued by ABMS in 1982. ACGME Accredited Residency
167G00000X	Nursing Service Providers Other Service Providers	Technician Medical Genetics,		psychiatric technician practices under the direct supervision of a physician, psychologist, registered nurse or other professional to provide care to patients with mental disorders and developmental disabilities.	A general certificate was first issued by ABMS in 1982. ACGME Accredited Residency Program Requirements: None.
		Technician Medical Genetics, Ph.D. Medical		psychiatric technician practices under the direct supervision of a physician, psychologist, registered nurse or other professional to provide care to patients with mental disorders and developmental disabilities. A medical geneticist works in association with a medical specialist, is affiliated with a clinical genetics program, and serves as a	
		Technician Medical Genetics, Ph.D. Medical		psychiatric technician practices under the direct supervision of a physician, psychologist, registered nurse or other professional to provide care to patients with mental disorders and developmental disabilities. A medical geneticist works in association with a medical specialist, is affiliated with a clinical genetics program, and serves as a consultant to medical and dental specialists.	
		Technician Medical Genetics, Ph.D. Medical		psychiatric technician practices under the direct supervision of a physician, psychologist, registered nurse or other professional to provide care to patients with mental disorders and developmental disabilities. A medical geneticist works in association with a medical specialist, is affiliated with a clinical genetics program, and serves as a consultant to medical and dental specialists. A masters trained health care provider who collects and interprets genetic family histories; assesses the risk of disease	
		Technician Medical Genetics, Ph.D. Medical		psychiatric technician practices under the direct supervision of a physician, psychologist, registered nurse or other professional to provide care to patients with mental disorders and developmental disabilities. A medical geneticist works in association with a medical specialist, is affiliated with a clinical genetics program, and serves as a consultant to medical and dental specialists. A master strained health care provider who collects and interprets genetic family histories; assesses the risk of disease occurrence or recurrence; identifies interventions to manage or ameliorate disease risk; educates about inheritance, testing,	
		Technician Medical Genetics, Ph.D. Medical		psychiatric technician practices under the direct supervision of a physician, psychologist, registered nurse or other professional to provide care to patients with mental disorders and developmental disabilities. A medical geneticist works in association with a medical specialist, is affiliated with a clinical genetics program, and serves as a consultant to medical and dental specialists. A master strained health care provider who collects and interprets genetic family histories; assesses the risk of disease occurrence or recurrence; identifies interventions to manage or ameliorate disease risk; educates about inheritance, testing,	
		Technician Medical Genetics, Ph.D. Medical		psychiatric technician practices under the direct supervision of a physician, psychologist, registered nurse or other professional to provide care to patients with mental disorders and developmental disabilities. A medical geneticist works in association with a medical specialist, is affiliated with a clinical genetics program, and serves as a consultant to medical and dental specialists. A masters trained health care provider who collects and interprets genetic family histories; assesses the risk of disease occurrence or recurrence; identifies interventions to manage or ameliorate disease risk; educates about inheritance, testing, management, prevention, ethical sisues, resources, and research; and counsels to promote informed choices and adaptation.	
170100000X	Other Service Providers	Technician Medical Genetics, Ph.D. Medical Genetics		psychiatric technician practices under the direct supervision of a physician, psychologist, registered nurse or other professional to provide care to patients with mental disorders and developmental disabilities. A medical geneticist works in association with a medical specialist, is affiliated with a clinical genetics program, and serves as a consultant to medical and dental specialists. A masters trained health care provider who collects and interprets genetic family histories; assesses the risk of disease occurrence or recurrence; identifies interventions to manage or ameliorate disease risk; educates about inheritance, testing, management, prevention, ethical issues, resources, and research; and counsels to promote informed choices and adaptation. Certification was established in 1998 by the American Board of Genetic Counseiing and prior to that by the American Board of	Program Requirements: None.
		Technician Medical Genetics, Ph.D. Medical Genetics, Ph.D. Medical Genetics		psychiatric technician practices under the direct supervision of a physician, psychologist, registered nurse or other professional to provide care to patients with mental disorders and developmental disabilities. A medical geneticist works in association with a medical specialist, is affiliated with a clinical genetics program, and serves as a consultant to medical and dental specialists. A masters trained health care provider who collects and interprets genetic family histories; assesses the risk of disease occurrence or recurrence; identifies interventions to manage or ameliorate disease risk; educates about inheritance, testing, management, prevention, ethical issues, resources, and research; and counsels to promote informed choices and adaptation. Certification was established in 1993 by the American Board of Genetic Counseling and prior to that by the American Board of Medical Genetics. Requirements for experience, licensure, and job responsibilities vary among the states.	
170100000X	Other Service Providers	Technician Medical Genetics, Ph.D. Medical Genetics		psychiatric technician practices under the direct supervision of a physician, psychologist, registered nurse or other professional to provide care to patients with mental disorders and developmental disabilities. A medical geneticist works in association with a medical specialist, is affiliated with a clinical genetics program, and serves as a consultant to medical and dental specialists. A masters trained health care provider who collects and interprets genetic family histories; assesses the risk of disease occurrence or recurrence; identifies interventions to manage or ameliorate disease risk; educates about inheritance, testing, management, prevention, ethical issues, resources, and research; and counsels to promote informed choices and adaptation. Certification was established in 1993 by the American Board of Genetic Counseling and prior to that by the American Board of Medical Genetics. Requirements for experience, licensure, and job responsibilities vary among the states.	Program Requirements: None.
170100000X	Other Service Providers Other Service Providers	Technician Medical Genetics, Ph.D. Medical Genetics Genetic Counselor, MS Military Health Care		psychiatric technician practices under the direct supervision of a physician, psychologist, registered nurse or other professional to provide care to patients with mental disorders and developmental disabilities. A medical geneticist works in association with a medical specialist, is affiliated with a clinical genetics program, and serves as a consultant to medical and dental specialists. A masters trained health care provider who collects and interprets genetic family histories; assesses the risk of disease occurrence or recurrence; identifies interventions to manage or ameliorate disease risk; educates about inheritance, testing, management, prevention, ethical issues, resources, and research; and coursels to promote informed choices and adaptation. Certification was established in 1993 by the American Board of Genetic Counseling and prior to that by the American Board of Medical Genetics. Requirements for experience, licensure, and job responsibilities vary among the states. Active duty military health care providers not otherwise classified who need to be separately identified for operational, clinical, or	Program Requirements: None. Source: National Society of Genetic Counselors [7/1/2005: new]
170100000X	Other Service Providers	Technician Medical Genetics, Ph.D. Medical Genetics, Ph.D. Medical Genetics		psychiatric technician practices under the direct supervision of a physician, psychologist, registered nurse or other professional to provide care to patients with mental disorders and developmental disabilities. A medical geneticist works in association with a medical specialist, is affiliated with a clinical genetics program, and serves as a consultant to medical and dental specialists. A masters trained health care provider who collects and interprets genetic family histories; assesses the risk of disease occurrence or recurrence; identifies interventions to manage or ameliorate disease risk; educates about inheritance, testing, management, prevention, ethical issues, resources, and research; and counsels to promote informed choices and adaptation. Certification was established in 1993 by the American Board of Genetic Counseling and prior to that by the American Board of Medical Genetics. Requirements for experience, licensure, and job responsibilities vary among the states.	Program Requirements: None.
170100000X	Other Service Providers Other Service Providers	Technician Medical Genetics, Ph.D. Medical Genetics Genetic Counselor, MS Military Health Care		psychiatric technician practices under the direct supervision of a physician, psychologist, registered nurse or other professional to provide care to patients with mental disorders and developmental disabilities. A medical geneticist works in association with a medical specialist, is affiliated with a clinical genetics program, and serves as a consultant to medical and dental specialists. A masters trained health care provider who collects and interprets genetic family histories; assesses the risk of disease occurrence or recurrence; identifies interventions to manage or ameliorate disease risk; educates about inheritance, testing, management, prevention, ethical issues, resources, and research; and counsels to promote informed choices and adaptation. Certification was established in 1993 by the American Board of Genetic Counseling and prior to that by the American Board of Medical Genetics. Requirements for experience, licensure, and job responsibilities vary among the states. Active duty military health care providers not otherwise classified who need to be separately identified for operational, clinical, or administrative processes.	Program Requirements: None. Source: National Society of Genetic Counselors [7/1/2005: new]
170100000X	Other Service Providers Other Service Providers	Technician Medical Genetics, Ph.D. Medical Genetics Genetic Counselor, MS Military Health Care		psychiatric technician practices under the direct supervision of a physician, psychologist, registered nurse or other professional to provide care to patients with mental disorders and developmental disabilities. A medical geneticist works in association with a medical specialist, is affiliated with a clinical genetics program, and serves as a consultant to medical and dental specialists. A masters trained health care provider who collects and interprets genetic family histories; assesses the risk of disease occurrence or recurrence; identifies interventions to manage or ameliorate disease risk; educates about inheritance, testing, management, prevention, ethical issues, resources, and research; and coursels to promote informed choices and adaptation. Certification was established in 1993 by the American Board of Genetic Counseling and prior to that by the American Board of Medical Genetics. Requirements for experience, licensure, and job responsibilities vary among the states. Active duty military health care providers not otherwise classified who need to be separately identified for operational, clinical, or	Program Requirements: None. Source: National Society of Genetic Counselors [7/1/2005: new]
170100000X	Other Service Providers Other Service Providers	Technician Medical Genetics, Ph.D. Medical Genetics Genetic Counselor, MS Military Health Care		psychiatric technician practices under the direct supervision of a physician, psychologist, registered nurse or other professional to provide care to patients with mental disorders and developmental disabilities. A medical geneticist works in association with a medical specialist, is affiliated with a clinical genetics program, and serves as a consultant to medical and dental specialists. A masters trained health care provider who collects and interprets genetic family histories; assesses the risk of disease occurrence or recurrence; identifies interventions to manage or ameliorate disease risk, educates about inheritance, testing, management, prevention, ethical issues, resources, and research; and counsels to promote informed choices and adaptation. Certification was established in 1998 by the American Board of Genetic Counseling and prior to that by the American Board of Genetics. Requirements for experience, licensure, and job responsibilities vary among the states. A Navy Independent Duty Corpsman (IDC) is an active duty Sailor who has successfully completed one of the Navy's specific	Program Requirements: None. Source: National Society of Genetic Counselors [7/1/2005: new]
170100000X	Other Service Providers Other Service Providers	Technician Medical Genetics Ph.D. Medical Genetics Genetics Genetic Counselor, MS Military Health Care Provider		psychiatric technician practices under the direct supervision of a physician, psychologist, registered nurse or other professional to provide care to patients with mental disorders and developmental disabilities. A medical geneticist works in association with a medical specialist, is affiliated with a clinical genetics program, and serves as a consultant to medical and dental specialists. A masters trained health care provider who collects and interprets genetic family histories; assesses the risk of disease occurrence or recurrence; identifies interventions to manage or ameliorate disease risk, educates about inheritance, testing, management, prevention, ethical sisues, resources, and research; and counsets to promote informed choices and adaptation. Certification was established in 1993 by the American Board of Genetic Counseling and prior to that by the American Board of Medical Genetics. Requirements for experience, licensure, and job responsibilities vary among the states. Active duty military health care providers not otherwise classified who need to be separately identified for operational, clinical, or administrative processes. A Navy Independent Duty Corpsman (IDC) is an active duty Saior who has successfully completed one of the Navy's specific IDC training programs. IDCs are formally trained and educated to perform primary medical care and minor surgical services in	Program Requirements: None. Source: National Society of Genetic Counselors [7/1/2005: new]
170100000X 170300000X 171000000X	Other Service Providers Other Service Providers Other Service Providers	Technician Medical Genetics, Ph.D. Medical Genetics Genetics Genetic Counselor, MS Military Health Care Provider Military Health Care		psychiatric technician practices under the direct supervision of a physician, psychologist, registered nurse or other professional to provide care to patients with mental disorders and developmental disabilities. A medical geneticist works in association with a medical specialist, is affiliated with a clinical genetics program, and serves as a consultant to medical and dental specialists. A masters trained health care provider who collects and interprets genetic family histories; assesses the risk of disease occurrence or recurrence; identifies interventions to manage or ameliorate disease risk; educates about inheritance, testing, management, prevention, ethical issues, resources, and research; and counsels to promote informed choices and adaptation. Certification was established in 1995 by the American Board of Genetic Counseling and prior to that by the American Board of Medical Genetics. Requirements for experience, licensure, and job responsibilities vary among the states. A Navy Independent Duty Corpsman (IDC) is an active duty Sailor who has successfully completed one of the Navy's specific IDC training programs. IDCs are formally trained and educated to perform primary medical care and minor surgical services in avariety of health acrea and non-health care est them-health care est term chealth care and non-health care as the month. IDCs provide care to	Program Requirements: None. Source: National Society of Genetic Counselors [7/1/2005: new] [7/1/2005: new]
170100000X	Other Service Providers Other Service Providers	Technician Medical Genetics Ph.D. Medical Genetics Genetics Genetic Counselor, MS Military Health Care Provider		psychiatric technician practices under the direct supervision of a physician, psychologist, registered nurse or other professional to provide care to patients with mental disorders and developmental disabilities. A medical geneticist works in association with a medical specialist, is affiliated with a clinical genetics program, and serves as a consultant to medical and dental specialists. A masters trained health care provider who collects and interprets genetic family histories; assesses the risk of disease occurrence or recurrence; identifies interventions to manage or ameliorate disease risk, educates about inheritance, testing, management, prevention, ethical sisues, resources, and research; and counsets to promote informed choices and adaptation. Certification was established in 1993 by the American Board of Genetic Counseling and prior to that by the American Board of Medical Genetics. Requirements for experience, licensure, and job responsibilities vary among the states. Active duty military health care providers not otherwise classified who need to be separately identified for operational, clinical, or administrative processes. A Navy Independent Duty Corpsman (IDC) is an active duty Saior who has successfully completed one of the Navy's specific IDC training programs. IDCs are formally trained and educated to perform primary medical care and minor surgical services in	Program Requirements: None. Source: National Society of Genetic Counselors [7/1/2005: new]
170100000X 170300000X 171000000X	Other Service Providers Other Service Providers Other Service Providers	Technician Medical Genetics, Ph.D. Medical Genetics Genetics Genetic Counselor, MS Military Health Care Provider Military Health Care		psychiatric technician practices under the direct supervision of a physician, psychologist, registered nurse or other professional to provide care to patients with mental disorders and developmental disabilities. A medical geneticist works in association with a medical specialist, is affiliated with a clinical genetics program, and serves as a consultant to medical and dental specialists. A masters trained health care provider who collects and interprets genetic family histories; assesses the risk of disease occurrence or recurrence; identifies interventions to manage or ameliorate disease risk; educates about inheritance, testing, management, prevention, ethical issues, resources, and research; and counsels to promote informed choices and adaptation. Certification was established in 1995 by the American Board of Genetic Counseling and prior to that by the American Board of Medical Genetics. Requirements for experience, licensure, and job responsibilities vary among the states. A Navy Independent Duty Corpsman (IDC) is an active duty Sailor who has successfully completed one of the Navy's specific IDC training programs. IDCs are formally trained and educated to perform primary medical care and minor surgical services in avariety of health acrea and non-health care est them-health care est term chealth care and non-health care as the month. IDCs provide care to	Program Requirements: None. Source: National Society of Genetic Counselors [7/1/2005: new] [7/1/2005: new]
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				An acupuncturist is a person who performs ancient therapy for alleviation of pain, anesthesia and treatment of some diseases.	
171100000X	Other Service Providers	Acupuncturist		Acupuncturists use long, fine needles inserted into specific points in order to treat painful conditions or produce anesthesia.	
171100000X	Other Octavice Froviders	Acupaniciansi	+	Acceptance transition and the following the	
				A person who provides case management services and assists an individual in gaining access to needed medical, social,	
				leducational, and/or other services. The person has the ability to provide an assessment and review of completed plan of care	
				on a periodic basis. This person is also able to take collaborative action to coordinate the services with other providers and	
				monitor the enrollee's progress toward the cost-effective achievement of objectives specified in the plan of care. Credentials	
		Case Manager/Care		may vary from an experience in the fields of psychology, social work, rehabilitation, nursing or a closely related human service	
171M00000X	Other Service Providers	Coordinator		field, to a related Assoc of Arts Degree or to nursing credentials. Some states may require certification in case management.	Source: CMS State Medicaid Manual Section 4442.3 [7/1/2006: new]
					·
				An Interpreter is a person who translates oral communication between two or more people. This includes translating from one	
				language to another or interpreting sign language. An interpreter is necessary for medical care when the patient does not speak	
171R00000X	Other Service Providers	Interpreter		the language of the health care provider or when the patient has a disability involving spoken language.	Source: National Medicaid EDI HIPAA NPI Sub Work Group [7/1/2006: new]
				A person who contracts to supply certain materials or do certain work for a stipulated sum; esp., one whose business is	
				contracting work in any of the building trades. For purposes of the taxonomy, a person who contracts to complete home repairs	Source: Websters New World Dictionary of the American Language, Second College Edition,
171W00000X	Other Service Providers	Contractor		or modifications to accommodate a health condition (e.g. wheelchair ramp, kitchen counter lowering).	William Collins + World Publishing Co., Inc., New York: 1974, p. 308
171WH0202X	Other Service Providers	Contractor	Home Modifications	Definition to come	
171WV0202X	Other Service Providers	Contractor	Vehicle Modifications	A contractor who makes modifications to private vehicles to accommodate a health condition.	
172A00000X	Other Service Providers	Driver		A person employed to operate a motor vehicle as a carrier of persons or property.	
				A practitioner of mechanotherapy examines patients by verbal inquiry, examination of the musculoskeletal system by hand, and	
				visual inspection and observation. In the treatment of patients, mechanotherapists employ the techniques of advised or	
172M00000X	Other Service Providers	Mechanotherapist		supervised exercise; electrical neuromuscular stimulation; massage or manipulation; or air, water, heat, cold, sound, or infrared ray therapy.	Source: Summarized from Ohio Revised Code 4731.15 [1/1/2007: new]
11 ZIVIUUUUUA	Out of Solving Lightness	ourianoulerapist	+	Naprapathy means a branch of medicine that focuses on the evaluation and treatment of neuron-muscular conditions. Doctors	Summarized from Onio Nevided Gode 4731.13 [1/1/2007. HeW]
				Naprapathy means a branch of medicine that focuses on the evaluation and treatment of neuron-muscular conditions. Doctors of naprapathy are connective tissue specialists. Education and training are defined through individual states'	
172P00000X	Other Service Providers	Naprapath		of naprapatny are connective dissue specialists. Education and training are defined through individual states licensing/certification requirements.	Source: National Uniform Claim Committee [1/1/2007: new]
172F00000X	Other Gervice Floriders	Тчаргараці	+	neersing/eeruncation requirements.	Courte. National Childrin Committee [1772007. New]
				L	
				Community health workers (CHW) are lay members of communities who work either for pay or as volunteers in association with	
				the local health care system in both urban and rural environments and usually share ethnicity, language, socioeconomic status	
				and life experiences with the community members they serve. They have been identified by many titles such as community health advisors, lay health advocates, "promotores(as), outreach educators, community health representatives, peer health	
				promoters, and peer health educators, CHWs offer interpretation and translation services, provide culturally appropriate health	
				education and information, assist people in receiving the care they need, give informal counseling and guidance on health	
				behaviors, advocate for individual and community health needs, and provide some direct services such as first aid and blood	Source: Health Resources and Services Administration, US Department of Health and Human
		Community Health		pressure screening. Some examples of these practitioners are Community Health Aides or Practitioners established under 25	Services - National Workforce Study on Community Health Workers, March, 2007. [7/1/2007:
172V00000X	Other Service Providers	Worker		USC §1616 (I) under HHS, Indian Health Service, Public Health Service.	new] http://bhpr.hrsa.gov/healthworkforce/chw/
				The specialty areas of medicine concerned with matters of, and relations with, substantive law and legal institutions; such as the	
				conduct of medical examinations at crime scenes, performance of autopsies, giving of expert medical testimony in judicial	
				proceedings, medical treatment of inmates of penal institutions, the practice of trauma medicine in law enforcement settings,	Source: Rhea, Ott, and Shafritz, The Facts On File Dictionary of Health Care Management,
173000000X	Other Service Providers	Legal Medicine		and other clinical practice and medical science applications in the fields of law, law enforcement, and corrections.	New York: Facts On File Publications, 1988.
					Source: National Uniform Claim Committee (based on the American Reflexology Certification
					Board definition of Reflexology), 2007 [1/1/2008: new] Additional Resources: Foot and hand
					reflexology is a scientific art based on the premise that there are zones and reflex areas in the
					feet and hands which correspond to all body parts. The physical act of applying specific
				Reflexologists perform a non-invasive complementary modality involving thumb and finger techniques to apply alternating	pressures using thumb, finger and hand techniques result in stress reduction which causes a
				pressure to the reflexes within the reflex maps of the body located on the feet, hands, and outer ears. Reflexologists apply	physiological change in the body. Reflexology is a non-invasive, complementary modality
				pressure to specific areas (feet, hands, and ears) to promote a response from an area far removed from the tissue stimulated	involving thumb and finger techniques to apply alternating pressure to reflexes shown on reflex
				via the nervous system and acupuncture meridians. Reflexologists are recommended to complete a minimum of 200 hours of	maps of the body located on the feet, hands, and outer ears. American Reflexology
173C00000X	Other Service Providers	Reflexologist		education, typically including anatomy & physiology, Reflexology theory, body systems, zones, meridians & relaxation response, ethics, business standards, and supervised practicum.	Certification Board, www.arcb.net/definiti.htm; Reflexology Association of America, www.reflexology-usa.org/standards.html
113C00000X	Out of Sold of Louisians	, companyonal	+	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	TTTT. Onomogy-usa.org/stanuarus.nam
				Sleep medicine is a clinical specialty with a focus on clinical problems that require accurate diagnosis and treatment. The knowledge base of sleep medicine is derived from many disciplines including neuroanatomy, neurophysiology, respiratory	
				physiology, pharmacology, psychology, psychiatry, neurology, general internal medicine, pulmonary medicine, and pediatrics as	Source: National Uniform Claim Committee (based on American Board of Sleep Medicine),
173F00000X	Other Service Providers	Sleep Specialist, PhD		well as others.	2007 [1/1/2008: new] Additional resources: www.absm.org
0. 000007		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<u> </u>	A public or privately owned facility providing meals to individuals traveling long distances or receiving prolonged outpatient	Source: SD DSS Non-Emergency Medical Transportation program Transportation Services
174200000X	Other Service Providers	Meals		medical services away from home.	[7/1/2010: new]
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1				1	I .
1				An individual educated and trained in an applied knowledge discipline used in the performance of work at a level requiring	Source: Expanded from Webster's II New Riverside University Dictionary, Boston: Riverside
174400000X	Other Service Providers	Specialist		An individual educated and trained in an applied knowledge discipline used in the performance of work at a level requiring knowledge and skills beyond or apart from that provided by a general education or liberal arts degree.	Source: Expanded from Webster's II New Riverside University Dictionary, Boston: Riverside Publishing Company, 1974.
1744G0900X	Other Service Providers	Specialist	Graphics Designer	knowledge and skills beyond or apart from that provided by a general education or liberal arts degree. Definition to come	
1744G0900X 1744P3200X	Other Service Providers Other Service Providers		Prosthetics Case Management	knowledge and skills beyond or apart from that provided by a general education or liberal arts degree. Definition to come Definition to come	
1744G0900X 1744P3200X 1744R1102X	Other Service Providers Other Service Providers Other Service Providers	Specialist Specialist Specialist	Prosthetics Case Management Research Study	knowledge and skills beyond or apart from that provided by a general education or liberal arts degree. Definition to come Definition to come Definition to come	
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1744G0900X 1744P3200X 1744R1102X	Other Service Providers Other Service Providers Other Service Providers	Specialist Specialist Specialist	Prosthetics Case Management Research Study	knowledge and skills beyond or apart from that provided by a general education or liberal arts degree. Definition to come Definition to come Definition to come Health educators work in a variety of settings providing education to individuals or groups of individuals on healthy behaviors,	
1744G0900X 1744P3200X 1744R1102X 1744R1103X	Other Service Providers	Specialist Specialist Specialist Specialist Specialist	Prosthetics Case Management Research Study	knowledge and skills beyond or apart from that provided by a general education or liberal arts degree. Definition to come Definition to come Definition to come Definition to come Health educators work in a variety of settings providing education to individuals or groups of individuals on healthy behaviors, wellness, and health-related topics with the goal of preventing diseases and health problems. Health educators generally	Publishing Company, 1974.
1744G0900X 1744P3200X 1744R1102X	Other Service Providers Other Service Providers Other Service Providers	Specialist Specialist Specialist	Prosthetics Case Management Research Study	knowledge and skills beyond or apart from that provided by a general education or liberal arts degree. Definition to come Definition to come Definition to come Health educators work in a variety of settings providing education to individuals or groups of individuals on healthy behaviors,	Publishing Company, 1974. Source: National Uniform Claim Committee, 2009 [7/1/2009: definition added]
1744G0900X 1744P3200X 1744R1102X 1744R1103X	Other Service Providers	Specialist Specialist Specialist Specialist Specialist Health Educator	Prosthetics Case Management Research Study	knowledge and skills beyond or apart from that provided by a general education or liberal arts degree. Definition to come Definition to come Definition to come Definition to come Health educators work in a variety of settings providing education to individuals or groups of individuals on healthy behaviors, wellness, and health-related topics with the goal of preventing diseases and health problems. Health educators generally require a bachelor's degree and may receive additional training, such as through mentoring, internships, or volunteer work.	Publishing Company, 1974. Source: National Uniform Claim Committee, 2009 [7/1/2009: definition added] Source: Dorland's Illustrated Medical Dictionary, 28th edition. Philadelphia: W.B. Saunders
1744G0900X 1744P3200X 1744R1102X 1744R1103X 1744H00000X	Other Service Providers	Specialist Specialist Specialist Specialist Specialist Health Educator Veterinarian	Prosthetics Case Management Research Study Research Data Abstracter/Coder	knowledge and skills beyond or apart from that provided by a general education or liberal arts degree. Definition to come Health educators work in a variety of settings providing education to individuals or groups of individuals on healthy behaviors, wellness, and health-related topics with the goal of preventing diseases and health problems. Health educators generally require a bachelor's degree and may receive additional training, such as through mentoring, internships, or volunteer work. A doctor of veterinary medicine, trained and authorized to practice veterinarian medicine and surgery.	Publishing Company, 1974. Source: National Uniform Claim Committee, 2009 [7/1/2009: definition added]
1744G0900X 1744P3200X 1744R1102X 1744R1103X	Other Service Providers	Specialist Specialist Specialist Specialist Specialist Health Educator	Prosthetics Case Management Research Study	knowledge and skills beyond or apart from that provided by a general education or liberal arts degree. Definition to come Definition to come Definition to come Definition to come Health educators work in a variety of settings providing education to individuals or groups of individuals on healthy behaviors, wellness, and health-related topics with the goal of preventing diseases and health problems. Health educators generally require a bachelor's degree and may receive additional training, such as through mentoring, internships, or volunteer work. A doctor of veterinary medicine, trained and authorized to practice veterinarian medicine and surgery. Definition to come	Publishing Company, 1974. Source: National Uniform Claim Committee, 2009 [7/1/2009: definition added] Source: Dorland's Illustrated Medical Dictionary, 28th edition. Philadelphia: W.B. Saunders
1744G0900X 1744P3200X 1744R1102X 1744R1103X 1744H00000X	Other Service Providers	Specialist Specialist Specialist Specialist Specialist Health Educator Veterinarian Veterinarian	Prosthetics Case Management Research Study Research Data Abstracter/Coder	knowledge and skills beyond or apart from that provided by a general education or liberal arts degree. Definition to come Health educators work in a variety of settings providing education to individuals or groups of individuals on healthy behaviors, wellness, and health-related topics with the goal of preventing diseases and health problems. Health educators generally require a bachelor's degree and may receive additional training, such as through mentoring, internships, or volunteer work. A doctor of veterinary medicine, trained and authorized to practice veterinarian medicine and surgery. Definition to come An individual trained to provide breastfeeding assistance services to both mothers and infants. Lactation Consultants are not	Publishing Company, 1974. Source: National Uniform Claim Committee, 2009 [7/1/2009: definition added] Source: Dorland's Illustrated Medical Dictionary, 28th edition. Philadelphia: W.B. Saunders
1744G0900X 1744P3200X 1744R1102X 1744R1103X 1744R1103X 174H00000X 174M00000X 174MM1900X	Other Service Providers	Specialist Specialist Specialist Specialist Specialist Specialist Health Educator Veterinarian Veterinarian Lactation Consultant,	Prosthetics Case Management Research Study Research Data Abstracter/Coder	knowledge and skills beyond or apart from that provided by a general education or liberal arts degree. Definition to come Health educators work in a variety of settings providing education to individuals or groups of individuals on healthy behaviors, wellness, and health-related topics with the goal of preventing diseases and health problems. Health educators generally require a bachelor's degree and may receive additional training, such as through mentoring, internships, or volunteer work. A doctor of veterinary medicine, trained and authorized to practice veterinarian medicine and surgery. Definition to come An individual trained to provide breastfeeding assistance services to both mothers and infants. Lactation Consultants are not required to be nurses and are trained through specific courses of education. The Lactation Consultant may have additional	Publishing Company, 1974. Source: National Uniform Claim Committee, 2009 [7/1/2009: definition added] Source: Dortand's Illustrated Medical Dictionary, 28th edition. Philadelphia: W.B. Saunders Company, 1994, p. 1823
1744G0900X 1744P3200X 1744R1102X 1744R1103X 1744H00000X	Other Service Providers	Specialist Specialist Specialist Specialist Specialist Health Educator Veterinarian Veterinarian	Prosthetics Case Management Research Study Research Data Abstracter/Coder	knowledge and skills beyond or apart from that provided by a general education or liberal arts degree. Definition to come Health educators work in a variety of settings providing education to individuals or groups of individuals on healthy behaviors, wellness, and health-related topics with the goal of preventing diseases and health problems. Health educators generally require a bachelor's degree and may receive additional training, such as through mentoring, internships, or volunteer work. A doctor of veterinary medicine, trained and authorized to practice veterinarian medicine and surgery. Definition to come An individual trained to provide breastfeeding assistance services to both mothers and infants. Lactation Consultants are not	Publishing Company, 1974. Source: National Uniform Claim Committee, 2009 [7/1/2009: definition added] Source: Dorland's Illustrated Medical Dictionary, 28th edition. Philadelphia: W.B. Saunders
1744G0900X 1744P3200X 1744R1102X 1744R1103X 1744R1103X 174H00000X 174M00000X 174MM1900X	Other Service Providers	Specialist Specialist Specialist Specialist Specialist Specialist Health Educator Veterinarian Veterinarian Lactation Consultant,	Prosthetics Case Management Research Study Research Data Abstracter/Coder	knowledge and skills beyond or apart from that provided by a general education or liberal arts degree. Definition to come Health educators work in a variety of settings providing education to individuals or groups of individuals on healthy behaviors, wellness, and health-related topics with the goal of preventing diseases and health problems. Health educators generally require a bachero's degree and may receive additional training, such as strough mentoring, internships, or volunteer work. A doctor of veterinary medicine, trained and authorized to practice veterinarian medicine and surgery. Definition to come An individual trained to provide breastfeeding assistance services to both mothers and infants. Lactation Consultants are not required to be nurses and are trained through specific courses of education. The Lactation Consultant may have additional certification through a national or international organization.	Publishing Company, 1974. Source: National Uniform Claim Committee, 2009 [7/1/2009: definition added] Source: Dortand's Illustrated Medical Dictionary, 28th edition. Philadelphia: W.B. Saunders Company, 1994, p. 1823
1744G0900X 1744P3200X 1744R1102X 1744R1103X 1744R1103X 174H00000X 174M00000X 174MM1900X	Other Service Providers	Specialist Specialist Specialist Specialist Specialist Specialist Health Educator Veterinarian Veterinarian Lactation Consultant,	Prosthetics Case Management Research Study Research Data Abstracter/Coder	knowledge and skills beyond or apart from that provided by a general education or liberal arts degree. Definition to come Health educators work in a variety of settings providing education to individuals or groups of individuals on healthy behaviors, wellness, and health-related topics with the goal of preventing diseases and health problems. Health educators generally require a bachelor's degree and may receive additional training, such as through mentoring, internships, or volunteer work. A doctor of veterinary medicine, trained and authorized to practice veterinarian medicine and surgery. Definition to come An individual trained to provide breastfeeding assistance services to both mothers and infants. Lactation Consultants are not required to be nurses and are trained through specific courses of education. The Lactation Consultant may have additional certification through a national or international organization. A clinical ethicist has been trained in bioethics and ethics case consultation. The clinical ethicist addresses medical-ethical	Publishing Company, 1974. Source: National Uniform Claim Committee, 2009 [7/1/2009: definition added] Source: Dortand's Illustrated Medical Dictionary, 28th edition. Philadelphia: W.B. Saunders Company, 1994, p. 1823
1744G0900X 1744P3200X 1744R1102X 1744R1103X 1744R1103X 174H00000X 174M00000X 174MM1900X	Other Service Providers	Specialist Specialist Specialist Specialist Specialist Specialist Health Educator Veterinarian Veterinarian Lactation Consultant,	Prosthetics Case Management Research Study Research Data Abstracter/Coder	knowledge and skills beyond or apart from that provided by a general education or liberal arts degree. Definition to come Health educators work in a variety of settings providing education to individuals or groups of individuals on healthy behaviors, wellness, and health-related topics with the goal of preventing diseases and health problems. Health educators generally require a bachero's degree and may receive additional training, such as strough mentoring, internships, or volunteer work. A doctor of veterinary medicine, trained and authorized to practice veterinarian medicine and surgery. Definition to come An individual trained to provide breastfeeding assistance services to both mothers and infants. Lactation Consultants are not required to be nurses and are trained through specific courses of education. The Lactation Consultant may have additional certification through a national or international organization.	Publishing Company, 1974. Source: National Uniform Claim Committee, 2009 [7/1/2009: definition added] Source: Dortand's Illustrated Medical Dictionary. 28th edition. Philadelphia: W.B. Saunders Company, 1994, p. 1823

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175F00000X	Other Service Providers	Naturopath		Diagnoses, treats, and cares for patients, using system of practice that bases treatment of physiological functions and abnorma conditions on natural laws governing human body: Utilizes physiological, psychological, and mechanical methods, such as air, water, light, heat, earth, phototherapy, flood and herb therapy, psychotherapy, electrotherapy, physiotherapy, end and orificial surgery, mechanotherapy, naturopathic corrections and manipulation, and natural methods or modalities, together with natural medicines, natural processed foods, and herbs and nature's remedies. Excludes major surgery, therapeutic use of x ray and radium, and use of drugs, except those assimilable substances containing elements or compounds which are components of body tissues and are physiologically compatible to body processes for maintenance of life. A provider who is educated and trained in a system of therapeutics in which diseases are treated by drugs which are capable of	Source: The Federal Dictionary of Occupational Titles, U.S. Department of Labor, Washington, D.C., section #079, 101-014 [71/2007: definition changed, source added]
175L00000X	Other Service Providers	Homeopath		A provincer who is educated and trained in a system of merapeurics in which diseases are treated by drugs which are capable of producing in healthy persons symptoms like those of the disease to be treated. Treatment requires administering a drug in minute doses.	Source: Dorland's Illustrated Medical Dictionary. 26th edition. Philadelphia: W.B. Saunders Company, 1981.
175M00000X	Other Service Providers	Midwife, Lay		A person qualified by experience and limited specialized training to provide obstetric and neo-natal care in the management of women having normal pregnancy, labor and childbirth. The lay midwife is licensed in some states.	
175T00000X	Other Service Providers	Peer Specialist		Individuals certified to perform peer support services through a training process defined by a government agency, such as the Department of Veterans Affairs or a state mental health department/certification/licensing authority.	Source: National Uniform Claim Committee [7/1/2014: new]
176B00000X	Other Service Providers	Midwife		A Midwife is a trained professional with special expertise in supporting women to maintain a healthy pregnancy birth, offering expert individualized care, education, counseling, and support to a woman and her newborn throughout the childbearing cycle. A Midwife is a skilled and independent practitioner who has undergone formalized training. Midwives are not required to be nurses and may be trained via multiple routes of education (apprenticeship, workshop, formal classes, or programs, etc., usually a combination.) The educational background requirements and licensing requirements vary by state. The Midwife may or may not be certified by a state or national organization.	Source: The National Uniform Claim Committee [7/1/2007: title changed, definition changed, source changed] Source: Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations, Lexikon: Dictionary of
176P00000X	Other Service Providers	Funeral Director		A person, usually an embalmer, whose business is to arrange for the burial or cremation of the dead and to assist at the funeral rites.	Source: Joint Commission on Accreditation of HealthCare Urganizations, Lexikon: Dictionary of Health Care Terms, Organizations and Acronyms for the Era of Reform, Oakbrook Terrace, IL: 1994, p. 323
177F00000X	Other Service Providers	Lodging		A public or privately owned facility providing overnight lodging to individuals traveling long distances or receiving prolonged outpatient medical services away from home.	
18350000X	Pharmacy Service Providers	Pharmacist		An individual licensed by the appropriate state regulatory agency to engage in the practice of pharmacy. The practice of pharmacy includes, but is not limited to, assessment, interpretation, evaluation, and implementation, initiation, monitoring or modification of medication and or medical orders; the compounding or dispensing of medication and or medical orders; participation in drug and device procurement, storage, and selection; drug administration, drug regimen reviews; drug or drug-related research; provision of patient education and the provision of those acts or services necessary to provide medication therapy management services in all areas of polation care.	Source: Adapted from National Association of Boards of Pharmacy Model State Pharmacy Act, Article 1, Section 104, [1/1/2006: definition modified, source modified]
183500000X	Pharmacy Service Providers	Pnarmacist		A licensed pharmacist who has demonstrated specialized knowledge and skill in the delivery of patient care services by	Article 1, Section 104. [1/1/2006: definition modified, source modified]
1835C0205X	Pharmacy Service Providers	Pharmacist	Critical Care	pharmacists, as integral members of interprofessional teams, working to ensure the safe and effective use of medications in critically ill patients.	Source: Board of Pharmacy Specialties, www.bpsweb.org [1/1/2016: new]
1835G0000X	Pharmacy Service Providers	Pharmacist	General Practice	A pharmacist who is certified in geriatric pharmacy practice is designated as a "Certified Geriatric Pharmacist" (CGP). To	[1/1/2006: marked inactive, use value 183500000X]
				become certified, candidates are expected to be knowledgeable about principles of geriatric pharmacotherapy and the provision	
1835G0303X	Pharmacy Service Providers	Pharmacist	Geriatric	of pharmaceutical care to the elderly.	Source: Commission for Certification in Geriatric Pharmacy (www.ccgp.org) [7/1/2006: new]
1835N0905X	Pharmacy Service Providers	Pharmacist	Nuclear	A licensed pharmacist who has demonstrated specialized knowledge and skill in procurement, compounding, quality control testing, dispensing, distribution, and monitoring of radiopharmaceuticals.	Source: Specialty certification and recertification program administered by Board of Pharmaceutical Specialties, www.bpsweb.org [7/1/2006: modified title, added definition]
1835N1003X	Pharmacy Service Providers	Pharmacist	Nutrition Support	A licensed pharmacist who has demonstrated specialized knowledge and skill in maintenance and/or restoration of optimal nutritional status, designing and modifying treatment according to patient needs.	Source: Specialty certification and recertification program administered by Board of Pharmaceutical Specialties, www.bpsweb.org [7/1/2006: definition modified]
1835P0018X	Pharmacy Service Providers	Pharmacist	Pharmacist Clinician (PhC)/ Clinical Pharmacy Specialist	Pharmacist Clinician/Clinical Pharmacy Specialist is a pharmacist with additional training and an expanded scope of practice that may include prescriptive authority, therapeutic management, and disease management.	Source: National Uniform Claim Committee, 2007 [1/1/2008: new]
1835P0200X	Pharmacy Service Providers	Pharmacist	Pediatrics	A licensed pharmacist who has demonstrated specialized knowledge and skill in the delivery of patient care services by pharmacists that ensures the safe and effective use of medications for all children from neonates through adolescents.	Source: Board of Pharmacy Specialties, www.bpsweb.org [1/1/2016: new]
1835P1200X	Pharmacy Service Providers	Pharmacist	Pharmacotherapy	A licensed pharmacist who has demonstrated specialized knowledge and skill in optimizing pharmacotherapeutic care of patients, by developing, implementing, monitoring, and modifying complex treatment plans, providing advanced level education and consultation, and collaborating with other health professionals in the management of therapy.	Source: Specialty certification and recertification program administered by Board of Pharmaceutical Specialties, www.bpsweb.org (771/2006; modified definition)
1835P1300X	Pharmacy Service Providers	Pharmacist	Psychiatric	A licensed pharmacist who has demonstrated specialized knowledge and skill in optimizing care of patients with psychiatric illness by assessing and monitoring patients, recognizing drug-induced problems, and recommending appropriate treatment blans.	Source: Specialty certification and recertification program administered by Board of Pharmaceutical Specialties, www.bpsweb.org [771/2006: modified title, added definition]
1835P2201X	Pharmacy Service Providers	Pharmacist	Ambulatory Care	A licensed pharmacist who has demonstrated specialized knowledge and skill in the provision of integrated, accessible health care services by pharmacists and is accountable for addressing medication needs, developing sustained partnerships with patients, and practicing in the context of family and community.	Source: Board of Pharmacy Specialties, www.bpsweb.org [77/1/2015: new]
				A licensed pharmacist who has demonstrated specialized knowledge and skill in developing, recommending, implementing,	Source: Specialty certification and recertification program administered by Board of
1835X0200X	Pharmacy Service Providers	Pharmacist	Oncology	monitoring, and modifying pharmacotherapeutic plans to optimize outcomes in patients with malignant diseases. A person who works under the direct supervision of a licensed pharmacist and performs many pharmacy-related functions that	Pharmaceutical Specialties, www.bpsweb.org [7/1/2006: new] Source: Pharmacy Technician Certification Board, www.ptcb.org [1/1/2006: modified definition,
183700000X 193200000X	Pharmacy Service Providers Group	Pharmacy Technician Multi-Specialty		do not require the professional judgment of a pharmacist. A business group of one or more individual practitioners, who practice with different areas of specialization.	modified source] [7/1/2003: new]
193200000X	Group	Single Specialty		A business group or one or more individual practitioners, who practice with uniertent areas or specialization. A business group of one or more individual practitioners, all of who practice with the same area of specialization.	[7/1/2003: new]
193400000X 202C00000X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Independent Medical Examiner		A business group of one or more individual practitioners, all of who practice with the same area of specialization. A special evaluator not involved with the medical care of the individual examinee that impartially evaluates the care being provided by other practitioners to clarify clinical, disability, liability or other case issues.	[//1/2003: new] Source: American Board of Independent Medical Examiners [1/1/2007: new]
202K00000X	Allooathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Philebology		Phlebology is the medical discipline that involves the diagnosis and treatment of venous disorders, including spider veins, variouse veins, chronic venous insufficiency, venous leg ulcers, congenital venous abnormalities, venous thromboembolism and other disorders of venous origin. A phlebologist has attained a minimum of 50 hours of CME units in phlebology-related courses, and is knowledgeable of and trained in a variety of diagnostic techniques including physical examination, value imaging techniques such as duplex ultrasound. CT and MR, plethysmographic techniques and laboratory evaluation related to venous thromboembolism. The phlebologist is also trained in a variety of therapeutic interventions, which may include compression, selectrotherapy, chanceus vascular laser, endowenous thermoablation procedures (learned and radiofrequency) endovenous chemical ablation, surgical procedures (e.g., ambulatory phlebectomy, venous ligation), vasoactive medications and the management of venous thromboembolism.	Source: American College of Phlebology 12/2006. [1/1/2007: new, 7/1/2009: definition reformatted] Additional Resources: Training Programs, Fellowships, and/or Preceptorships: Certification exam is being established by the American Board of Phlebology, ACGME Accredited Residency Program Requirements: North
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204C00000X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Neuromusculoskeletal Medicine, Sports Medicine		Definition to come.	
	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Neuromusculoskeletal Medicine & OMM		Definition to come.	
204D00000X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Medicine & OMM		Definition to come.	
204E00000X 204F00000X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery Transplant Surgery		Oral and maxillofacial surgeons are trained to recognize and treat a wide spectrum of diseases, injuries and defects in the head, neck, face, jaws and the hard and soft tissues of the oral and maxillofacial region. They are also trained to administer anesthesia, and provide care in an office setting. They are trained to treat problems such as the extraction of wisdom teeth, misalligned jaws, tumors and cysts of the jaw and mouth, and to perform dental implant surgery. Definition to come.	Source: American College of Surgeons, 2013. [7/1/2013: definition added, source added, additional resources added] Additional Resources: American Board of Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery and American Association of Oral and Maxillofacial Surgeons - White this is generally considered a specialty of dentistry, physicians can also be board certified as oral and maxillofacial surgeons through the American Board of Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery.
204R00000X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Electrodiagnostic Medicine		Electrodiagnostic medicine is the medical subspecialty that applies neurophysiologic techniques to diagnose, evaluate, and treat patients with impairments of the neurologic, neuromuscular, and/or muscular systems. Qualified physicians are trained in performing electrophysiological testing and interpretation of the test data. They require knowledge in anathomy, physiology, knessiology, histology, and pathology of the brain, spinal cord, autonomic nerves, crainle nerves, peripheral nerves, neuromuscular junction, and muscles. They must know clinical features and treatment of diseases of the central, peripheral, and autonomic nervous systems, as well as those of neuromuscular junction and muscle. Physicians also require special knowledge about electric signal processing, including waveform analysis, electronics and instrumentation, stimulation and recording equipment, and statistics.	Source: American Association of Neuromuscular & Electrodiagnostic Medicine, 2011. www.aanem.org [11/2011: new] Additional Resources: American Board of Electrodiagnostic Medicine, 2011. www.abemesam.org
207K00000X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Allergy & Immunology Allergy & Immunology	Allow	An allergist-immunologist is trained in evaluation, physical and laboratory diagnosis, and management of disorders involving the immune system. Selected examples of such conditions include asthma, anaphylaxis, rhinitis, eczema, and adverse reactions to drugs, foods, and insect stings as well as immune deficiency diseases (both acquired and congenital), defects in host defense, and problems related to autoimmune disease, organ transplantation, or malignancies of the immune system. Definition to come	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007, www.abms.org [7/1/2007: added definition, added source] Additional Resources: American Board of Allergy and Immunology, 2007. http://www.abai.org/ No subspecialty certificates in allergy and immunology are offered by the American Board of Allergy and Immunology (ABAI). The ABAI, however, does offer formal special pathways for physicians seeking dual certification in allergy/immunology and pediatric pulmonology; allergy/immunology and pediatric rheumatology, and allergy/immunology and adult rheumatology.
207KI0005X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Allergy & Immunology	Clinical & Laboratory Immunology	Definition to come	
207L00000X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Anesthesiology		An anesthesiologist is trained to provide pain relief and maintenance, or restoration, of a stable condition during and immediately following an operation or an obstetric or diagnostic procedure. The anesthesiologist assesses the risk of the patient undergoing surgery and optimizes the patient's condition prior to, during and after surgery. In addition to these management responsibilities, the anesthesiologist provides medical management and consultation in pain management and critical care medicine. Anesthesiologists diagnose and treat acute, long-standing and cancer pain problems; diagnose and treat patients with critical illinesses or severe injuries; direct resuscitation in the care of patients with cardiac or respiratory emergencies, including the need for artificial ventilation; and supervise post-anesthesia recovery.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: added definition, added source; 7/1/2011: modified source]-bt/>-bt/>-Additional Resources: American Board of Anesthesiology, 2007. http://www.theaba.org/: American Osteopathic Board of Anesthesiology, 2007, http://www.osteopathic.org/certification-bt/>-bt/>-bc/-bcad certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Anesthesiology. Board certification for Osteopathy (DOs) is provided by the American Osteopathic Board of Anesthesiology.
207LA0401X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Anesthesiology	Addiction Medicine	An anesthesiologist who specializes in the diagnosis and treatment of addictions.	Source: National Uniform Claim Committee, 2009 [1/1/2010: definition added, source added] Additional Resources: A Certification of Added Qualifications (CAQ) was, but is no longer issued by the American Osteopathic Board of Anesthesiology.
207LC0200X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Anesthesiology	Critical Care Medicine	An anesthesiologist, who specializes in critical care medicine diagnoses, treats and supports patients with multiple organ dysfunction. This specialist may have administrative responsibilities for intensive care units and may also facilitate and coordinate patient care among the primary physician, the critical care staff and other specialists.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: added definition, added source; 7/1/2011: modified source]-br/>-br/>-br/>-br/>-br/>-br/>-br/>-br/>
207LH0002X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Anesthesiology	Hospice and Palliative Medicine	An anesthesiologist with special knowledge and skills to prevent and relieve the suffering experienced by patients with life- limiting illnesses. This specialist works with an interdisciplinary hospice or palliative care team to maximize quality of life while addressing physical, psychological, social and spiritual needs of both patient and family throughout the course of the disease, through the dying process, and beyond for the family. This specialist has expertise in the assessment of relief with a disease; the relief of distressing symptoms; the coordination of interdisciplinary patient and family-centered care in diverse venues; the use of specialized care systems including hospice; the management of the imminently dying patient; and legal and ethical decision making in end-of-life care.	Source: American Academy of Hospice and Palliative Medicine [1/1/2007: new]
207LP2900X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Anesthesiology	Pain Medicine	An anesthesiologist who provides a high level of care, either as a primary physician or consultant, for patients experiencing problems with acute, chronic and/or cancer pain in both hospital and ambulatory settings. Patient care needs are also coordinated with other specialists.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: added definition, added source; 7/1/2011: modified sourcej-br/>-br/>-br/>-br/>-br/>-br/>-br/>-br/>
207LP3000X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Anesthesiology	Pediatric Anesthesiology	An anesthesiologist who has had additional skill and experience in and is primarily concerned with the anesthesia, sedation, and pain management needs of infants and children. A pediatric anesthesiologist generally provides services including the evaluation of complex medical problems in infants and children when surgery is necessary, planning and care for children before and after surgery, pain control, anesthesia and sedation for any procedures out of the operating room such as MRI, CT scan, and radiation therapy.	Source: American Academy of Pediatrics [7/1/2006: new]
207N00000X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Dermatology		A dermatologist is trained to diagnose and treat pediatric and adult patients with benign and malignant disorders of the skin, mouth, external genitalia, hair and nails, as well as a number of sexually transmitted diseases. The dermatologist has had additional training and experience in the diagnosis and treatment of skin cancers, melanomas, motes and other tumors of the skin, the management of contact dermatilis and other allergic and nonalergic skin disorders, and in the recognition of the skin manifestations of systemic (including internal malignancy), and infectious diseases. Dermatologists have special training in dermatopathology and in the surgical techniques used in dermatology. They also have expertise in the management of cosmetic disorders of the skin such as hair loss and scars and the skin changes associated with aging.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: added definition, added source] Additional Resources: American Board of Dermatology, 2007. http://www.abderm.org/ Board certification is provided by the American Board of Dermatology.

207ND0101X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Dermatology	MOHS-Micrographic Surgery	The highly-trained surgeons that perform Mohs Micrographic Surgery are specialists both in dermatology and pathology. With their extensive knowledge of the skin and unique pathological skills, they are able to remove only diseased tissue, preserving healthy tissue and minimizing the cosmetic impact of the surgery. Mohs surgeons who belong to the American College of Mohs Surgery (ACMS) have completed a minimum of one year of fellowship training at one of the ACMS-approved training centers in the U.S.	Source: American College of Mohs Surgery, 2007 [1/1/2008: added definition, added source] Additional Resources: Additional Resources: http://www.mohscollege.org/; American Board of Dermatology, 2007. http://www.adderm.org/
207ND0900X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Dermatology	Dermatopathology	A dermatopathologist has the expertise to diagnose and monitor diseases of the skin including infectious, immunologic, degenerative and neoplastic diseases. This entails the examination and interpretation of specially prepared tissue sections, cellular scrapings and smears of skin lesions by means of routine and special (electron and fluorescent) microscopes.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: added definition, added source; 7/1/2011: modified source)-tri>-tri>-bar/-bar/-bar/-bar/-bar/-bar/-bar/-bar/
207NI0002X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Dermatology	Clinical & Laboratory Dermatological Immunology	A dermatologist who utilizes various specialized laboratory procedures to diagnose disorders characterized by defective responses of the body's immune system. Immunodermatologists also may provide consultation in the management of these disorders and administer specialized forms of therapy for these diseases.	definition, added source] Additional Resources: American Board of Dermatology, 2007. http://www.abderm.org/ Board certification is provided by the American Board of Dermatology.
207NP0225X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Dermatology	Pediatric Dermatology	A pediatric dermatologist has, through additional special training, developed expertise in the treatment of specific skin disease categories with emphasis on those diseases which predominate in infants, children and ad	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: changed definition, added source] Additional Resources: American Board of Dermatology, 2007, http://www.abderm.org/ A subspecialty certificate was approved by ABMS in 2000. ACGME Accredited Residency Program Requirements: None.
207NS0135X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Dermatology	Procedural Dermatology	Procedural Dermatology, a subspecialty of Dermatology, encompassing a wide variety of surgical procedures and methods to remove or modify skin tissue for health or cosmetic benefit. These methods include scalpel surgery, laser surgery, chemical surgery, cryosurgery (liquid nitrogen), electrosurgery, aspiration surgery, liposuction, injection of filler substances, and Mohs micrographic controlled surgery (a special technique for the removal of growths, especially skin cancers).	Source: American Board of Dermatology, 2007 [1/1/2008: definition added, source added, title changed] Additional Resources: Some ABMS board certified dermatologists have completed a one-year ACSME approved fellowship in Procedural Dermatology, which has been offered since 2003. At this time the ABD does not offer subspecialty certification in Procedural Dermatology.
207P00000X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Emergency Medicine		An emergency physician focuses on the immediate decision making and action necessary to prevent death or any further disability both in the pre-hospital setting by directing emergency medical technicians and in the emergency department. The emergency physician provides immediate recognition, evaluation, care, stabilization and disposition of a generally diversified population of adult and pediatric patients in response to acute liness and injury.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: added definition, added source; 7/1/2011: mofified source]-br/>-br/>-Additional Resources: American Board of Emergency Medicine, 2007. http://www.abem.org/public/: American Osteopathic Board of Emergency Medicine, 2007. http://www.osteopathic.org/certification-br/>-br/>-bard certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Emergency Medicine. Board certification for Doctors of Osteopathic Board of Emergency Medicine.
207PE0004X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Emergency Medicine	Emergency Medical Services	An emergency medicine physician who specializes in non-hospital based emergency medical services (e.g., disaster site, accident scene, transport vehicle, etc.) to provide pre-hospital assessment, treatment, and transport patients.	Source: National Uniform Claim Committee, 2009 [1/1/2010: definition added, source added] Additional Resources: A Certification of Added Qualifications (CAQ) is issued by the American Osteopathic Board of Emergency Medicine.
207PE0005X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Emergency Medicine	Undersea and Hyperbaric Medicine	A specialist who treats decompression illness and diving accident cases and uses hyperbaric oxygen therapy to treat such conditions as carbon monoxide poisoning, gas gangrene, non-healing wounds, tissue damage from radiation and burns, and bone infections. This specialist also serves as a consultant to other physicians in all aspects of hyperbaric chamber operations, and assesses risks and applies appropriate standards to prevent disease and disability in divers and other persons working in altered atmospheric conditions.	Source: American Board of Emergency Medicine [7/1/2008: source added, additional resources added] Additional Resources: Additional Resources: www.abem.org & American Board of Preventive Medicine www.abprevmed.org
				An emergency medicine physician with special knowledge and skills to prevent and relieve the suffering experienced by patients with life-limiting ilinesses. This specialist works with an interdisciplinary hospice or palliative care team to maximize quality of life while addressing physical, psychological, social and spiritual needs of both patient and family throughout the course of the disease, through the dying process, and beyond for the family. This specialist has expertise in the assessment of patients with advanced disease, the relief of distressing symptoms; the coordination of interdisciplinary patient and family-centered care in diverse venues; the use of specialized care systems including hospice, the management of the imminently dying intent, and	
207PH0002X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Emergency Medicine	Hospice and Palliative Medicine	legal and ethical decision making in end-of-life care.	Source: American Academy of Hospice and Palliative Medicine [1/1/2007: new]
207PP0204X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Emergency Medicine	Pediatric Emergency Medicine	Pediatric Emergency Medicine is a clinical subspecialty that focuses on the care of the acutely ill or injured child in the setting of an emergency department.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: added definition, added source] Additional Resources: American Board of Emergency Medicine, 2007. http://www.abem.org/public/ Board certification is provided by the American Board of Emergency Medicine. Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Emergency Medicine.
207PS0010X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Emergency Medicine	Sports Medicine	An emergency physician with special knowledge in sports medicine is responsible for continuous care in the field of sports medicine, not only for the enhancement of health and fitness, but also for the prevention and management of injury and illness. A sports medicine physician has knowledge and experience in the promotion of wellness and the role of exercise in promoting a healthy fifestly. Knowledge of exercise physiology, biomechanics, nutrition, psychology, physical rehabilitation and epidemiology is essential to the practice of sports medicine.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: added definition, added source; 7/1/2011: modified source]-tor]->ctr]>-Additional Resources: American Board of Emergency Medicine, 2007. http://www.abem.org/public/. American Osteopathic Board of Emergency Medicine, 2007. http://www.osteopathic.org/certification-tr/>-cbr/>-board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Emergency Medicine. Board or efficient for Toctors of Osteopathy (DOs) is provided by the American Costeopathic Board of Emergency Medicine.
207PT0002X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Emergency Medicine	Medical Toxicology	Medical toxicologists are physicians who specialize in the prevention, evaluation, treatment and monitoring of injury and illness from exposures to drugs and chemicals, as well as biological and radiological agents. Medical toxicologists care for people in clinical, academic, governmental and public health settings, and provide poison control center leadership. Important areas of medical toxicology include acute drug poisoning, adverse drug events, drug abuse, addiction and withdrawal, chemicals and hazardous materials, terrorism preparedness, venomous bites and stings and environmental and workplace exposures.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: added definition, added source: 7/1/2011: modified source]-br/>-br/>-Additional Resources: American Board of Emergency Medicine, 2007. http://www.abem.org/publio/. American Osteopathib Board of Emergency Medicine, 2007. http://www.abem.org/publio/. American Osteopathib Board of Emergency Medicine, 2007. http://www.abem.org/publio/. are included and of the control of the contro
207Q00000X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Family Medicine		Family Medicine is the medical specialty which is concerned with the total health care of the individual and the family. It is the specialty in breadth which integrates the biological, clinical, and behavioral sciences. The scope of family medicine is not limited by age, sex, organ system, or disease entity.	Source: American Board of Family Medicine [1/1/2007: changed title; 7/1/2007: added definition, added source]

207QA0000X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Family Medicine	Adolescent Medicine	A family medicine physician with multidisciplinary training in the unique physical, psychological and social characteristics of addescents and their health care problems and needs.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: added definition, added source; 7/1/2011: modified source]-br/b~br/b-Additional Resources: American Board of Family Medicine, 2007. http://www.theabftm.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Family Medicine, 2007. http://www.osteopathic.org/certifications/br/>br/b-br/b-abrd certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Family Medicine. Board certification for Doctors of Osteopathy (DOs) is provided by the American Osteopathic Board of Family Medicine.
207QA0401X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Family Medicine	Addiction Medicine	A family medicine physician who specializes in the diagnosis and treatment of addictions.	Source: National Uniform Claim Committee, 2009 [1/1/2010: definition added, source added] Additional Resources: A Certification of Added Qualifications (CAQ) was, but is no longer issued by the American Osteopathic Board of Family Physicians.
207QA0401X 207QA0505X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Family Medicine	Addiction Wedicine Adult Medicine	A family medicine physician who specializes in the diagnosis and treatment of addictions. Definition to come.	issued by the American Osteopathic Board of Family Physicians.
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207QB0002X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Family Medicine	Obesity Medicine	A physician who specializes in the treatment of obesity demonstrates competency in and a thorough understanding of the treatment of obesity and the genetic, biologic, environmental, social, and behavioral factors that contribute to obesity. The obesity medicine physician employs the	Source: American Board of Obesity Medicine [7/1/2015: title and definition modified] Additional Resource: American Society of Bariatric Physicians, www.asbp.org.
207QG0300X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Family Medicine	Geriatric Medicine	A family medicine physician with special knowledge of the aging process and special skills in the diagnostic, therapeutic, preventive and rehabilitative aspects of illness in the elderly. This specialist cares for geriatric patients in the patient's home, the office, long-term care settings such as nursing homes, and the hospital.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: added definition, added source; 7/1/2011: modified source]-br/b~bd/b-Additional Resources: American Board of Family Medicine, 2007. http://www.dheabfm.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Family Medicine, 2007. http://www.osteopathic.org/certifications/b~bc/b-Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Family Medicine. Board certification for Doctors of Osteopathy (DOs) is provided by the American Osteopathic Board of Family Medicine.
				A family medicine physician with special knowledge and skills to prevent and refleve the suffering experienced by patients with life-limiting ilmesses. This specialist works with an interdisciplinary hospice or palliative care team to maximize quality of life while addressing physical, psychological, social and spiritual needs of both patient and family throughout the course of the disease, through the dying process, and beyond for the family. This specialist has expertise in the assessment of patients with advanced disease; the relief of distressing symptoms; the coordination of interdisciplinary patient and family-centered care in diverse evenues; the use of specialized care systems including hospice; the management of the immentity dying patient; and	
207QH0002X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Family Medicine	Hospice and Palliative Medicine	legal and ethical decision making in end-of-life care.	Source: American Academy of Hospice and Palliative Medicine [1/1/2007: new]
207QS0010X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Family Medicine	Sports Medicine	A family medicine physician that is trained to be responsible for continuous care in the field of sports medicine, not only for the enhancement of health and fitness, but also for the prevention of injury and illness. A sports medicine physician must have knowledge and experience in the promotion of wellness and the prevention of injury. Knowledge about special areas of medicine such as exercise physiciogy, physicial rehabilisation, epidemiology, physicial rehabilisation, epidemiology, physicial revalisation, epidemiology, epidemiology, physicial revalisation, epidemiology, epidemi	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: added definition, added source; 7/1/2011: modified source]-torl>-torl>-Additional Resources: American Board of Family Medicine, 2007. http://www.theabfm.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Family Medicine, 2007. http://www.osteopathic.org/certifications/torl>-torl>-forator dertification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Family Medicine. Board certification for Doctors of Osteopathy (DOs) is provided by the American Osteopathic Board of Family Medicine.
207QS1201X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Family Medicine	Sleep Medicine	A Family Medicine Physician who practices Sleep Medicine is certified in the subspecialty of sleep medicine and specializes in the clinical assessment, physiologic testing, diagnosis, management and prevention of sleep and circadian rhythm disorders. Sleep specialists treat patients of any age and use multidisciplinary approaches. Disorders managed by sleep specialists include, but are not limited to, sleep related breathing disorders, insomnia, hypersomnias, circadian rhythm sleep disorders, parasomnias and sleep related movement disorders.	Source: American Academy of Sleep Medicine, 2008 [7/1/2008: new]
207R00000X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Internal Medicine		A physician who provides long-term, comprehensive care in the office and the hospital, managing both common and complex illness of adolescents, adults and the elderly. Internists are trained in the diagnosis and treatment of cancer, infections and diseases affecting the heart, blook, kindeys, joints and digestive, respiratory and vascular systems. They are also trained in the essentials of primary care internal medicine, which incorporates an understanding of disease prevention, wellness, substance abuse, mental health and effective treatment of common problems of the eyes, ears, skin, nervous system and reproductive organs.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: added definition, added source: 7/1/2011: modified source]-tot/>-tot/>-bd/>-bd/>-bd/>-bd/>-bd/>-bd/>-bd/>-bd
207RA0000X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Internal Medicine	Adolescent Medicine	An internist who specializes in adolescent medicine is a multi-disciplinary healthcare specialist trained in the unique physical, psychological and social characteristics of adolescents, their healthcare problems and needs.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: added definition, added source; 7/1/2011: modified source]-bt/>-bt/>-bd/>Additional Resources: American Board of Internal Medicine, 2007. http://www.abm.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Internal Medicine, 2007. http://www.osteopathic.org/certification-br/>-bc/bc/Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Internal Medicine. Board certification for Doctors of Osteopathy (DOs) is provided by the American Osteopathic Board of Internal Medicine.
207RA0001X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Internal Medicine	Advanced Heart Failure and Transplant Cardiology	Specialists in Advanced Heart Failure and Transplant Cardiology would participate in the inpatient and outpatient management of patients with advanced heart failure across the spectrum from consideration for high-risk cardiac surgery, cardiac transplantation, or mechanical circulatory support, to pre-and post-operative evaluation and management of patients with cardiac transplants and mechanical support devices, and end-off-lie care for patients with end-stage heart failure.	Source: American Board of Internal Medicine, www.abim.org [7/1/2015: new]
20/10/00/10	r mopulatio & Ostoopaulio I Hysiolalia	III.G. IBI WIGUIGIIG	- Caranogy	An internist doctor of osteopathy that specializes in the treatment of allergy and immunologic disorders. A doctor of osteopathy	Source: American Doard of Internal Medicine, www.abini.org [7/1/2015. new] Source: American Osteopathic Board of Internal Medicine, 2007. [7/1/2008: added definition,
207RA0201X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Internal Medicine	Allergy & Immunology	that is board eligible/certified by the American Osteopathic Board of Internal Medicine can obtain a Certificate of Special Qualifications in the field of Allergy & Immunology.	added source; 7/1/2011: modified source] br/>Additional Resources: http://www.osteopathic.org/certification
ZU/RAUZUIA	люранно и Озефанно гнузывана	montal Medicine	Panargy & minimunougy	An internist doctor of osteopathy that specializes in the treatment of addiction disorders. A doctor of osteopathy that is board	Source: American Osteopathic Board of Internal Medicine, 2007. [7/1/2008: added definition,
207RA0401X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Internal Medicine	Addiction Medicine	eligible/certified by the American Osteopathic Board of Internal Medicine can obtain a Certificate of Added Qualifications in the field of Addiction Medicine.	added source; 7/1/2011: modified source] http://www.osteopathic.org/certification
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207RB0002X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Internal Medicine	Obesity Medicine	A physician who specializes in the treatment of obesity demonstrates competency in and a thorough understanding of the treatment of obesity and the genetic, biologic, environmental, social, and behavioral factors that contribute to obesity. The obesity medicine physician employs therapeutic interventions including diet, physicial activity, behavioral change, and pharmacotherapy. The obesity medicine physician utilizes a comprehensive approach, and may include additional resources such as dietitians, exercise physiciogists, mental health professionals and bariative surgeons as indicated to achieve optimal results. Additionally, the obesity medicine physician maintains competency in providing pre-peri- and post-surgical care of bariatiric surgery patients, promotes the prevention of obesity, and advocates for those who suffer from obesity.	Source: American Board of Obesity Medicine [7/1/2015: title and definition modified] Additional Resource: American Society of Bariatric Physicians, www.asbp.org. Source: American Osteopathic Board of Internal Medicine, 2008 [7/1/2008: added definition, added source; 7/1/2011: modified source -br/>-br/>-Additional Resources: American Board of
207RC0000X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Internal Medicine	Cardiovascular Disease	An internist who specializes in diseases of the heart and blood vessels and manages complex cardiac conditions such as heart attacks and life-threatening, abnormal heartbeat rhythms.	Internal Medicine, http://www.abim.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Internal Medicine, https://www.osteopathic.org/certification https://www.osteopathic.org/certification for Nedical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Internal Medicine. Board certification for Doctors of Osteopathy (DOs) is provided by the American Osteopathic Board of Internal Medicine.
207RC0001X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Internal Medicine	Clinical Cardiac Electrophysiology	A field of special interest within the subspecialty of cardiovascular disease, specialty of Internal Medicine, which involves intricate technical procedures to evaluate heart rhythms and determine appropriate treatment for them.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: added definition, added source; 7/1/2011: modified source]-br/>-br/>-Additional Resources: American Board of Internal Medicine, 2007. http://www.abm.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Internal Medicine, 2007. http://www.osteopathic.org/certification-br/>-br/>-brad certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Internal Medicine. Board certification for Court of Osteopathy (DOs) is provided by the American Osteopathic Board of Internal Medicine.
207RC0200X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Internal Medicine	Critical Care Medicine	An internist who diagnoses, treats and supports patients with multiple organ dysfunction. This specialist may have administrative responsibilities for intensive care units and may also facilitate and coordinate patient care among the primary physician, the critical care staff and other specialists.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: added definition, added source; 7/1/2011: modified source}-dr/>-dr/>-dr/>-dr/>-dr/>-dr/>-dr/>-dr/-additional Resources: American Board of Internal Medicine, 2007. http://www.abm.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Internal Medicine, 2007. http://www.osteopathic.org/certification-fr/-dr/>-br/>Board erification for Medicial Doctors (MIDs) is provided by the American Board of Internal Medicine. Board critification for Doctors of Osteopathy (DOs) is provided by the American Osteopathic Board of Internal Medicine.
207RE0101X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Internal Medicine	Endocrinology, Diabetes & Metabolism	An internist who concentrates on disorders of the internal (endocrine) glands such as the thyroid and adrenal glands. This specialist also deals with disorders such as diabetes, metabolic and nutritional disorders, obesity, pituitary diseases and menstrual and sexual problems.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: added definition, added source; 7/1/2011: modified source)+0r/>-0r/>-0r/>-0r/>-0r/>-0r/>-0r/>-0r/>-
207RG0100X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Internal Medicine	Gastroenterology	An internist who specializes in diagnosis and treatment of diseases of the digestive organs including the stomach, bowels, liver and gallbladder. This specialist treats conditions such as abdominal pain, ulcers, diarrhea, cancer and jaundice and performs complex diagnostic and therapeutic procedures using endoscopes to visualize internal organs.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: added definition, added source; 71/2011: modified source)-tr/>-tr/>-hadditional Resources: American Board of Internal Medicine, 2007. http://www.abm.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Internal Medicine, 2007. http://www.osteopathic.org/certification/tro-br/>-braced certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Internal Medicine. Board certification for Doctors of Osteopathy (DOs) is provided by the American Osteopathic Board of Internal Medicine.
207RG0300X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Internal Medicine	Geriatric Medicine	An internist who has special knowledge of the aging process and special skills in the diagnostic, therapeutic, preventive and rehabilitative aspects of illness in the elderly. This specialist cares for geriatric patients in the patient's home, the office, long-term care settings such as nursing homes and the hospital.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: added definition, added source; 7/1/2011: modified source)-tor/> -br/> -br/ -br/ -br/ -br/ -br/ -br/ -br/ -br/
207RH0000X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Internal Medicine	Hematology	An internist with additional training who specializes in diseases of the blood, spleen and lymph. This specialist treats conditions such as anemia, clotting disorders, sickle cell disease, hemophilia, leukemia and lymphoma.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: added definition, added source; 7/1/2011: modified source)-bt/b-bt/bAdditional Resources: American Board of Internal Medicine, 2007. http://www.abims.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Internal Medicine, 2007. http://www.osteopathic.org/certifications/rb-br/abrded retification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Internal Medicine. Board certification for Doctors of Osteopathy (DOs) is provided by the American Osteopathic Board of Internal Medicine.
207RH0002X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Internal Medicine	Hospice and Palliative Medicine	An internal medicine physician with special knowledge and skills to prevent and relieve the suffering experienced by patients with life-limiting illnesses. This specialist works with an interdisciplinary hospice or palliative care team to maximize quality of life while addressing physical, psychological, social and spiritual needs of both patient and family throughout the course of the disease, through the dying process, and beyond for the family. This specialist has expertise in the assessment of patients with advanced diseases; the relief of distressing symptoms; the coordination of interdisciplinary patient and family-centered care in diverse venues; the use of specialized care systems including hospice; the management of the imminently dying patient; and legal and ethical decision making in end-of-life care.	Source: American Academy of Hospice and Palliative Medicine [1/1/2007: new]
207RH0002X 207RH0003X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Internal Medicine	Hospice and Palliative Medicine Hematology & Oncology	legal and emical decision making in end-or-tine care. An internist doctor of osteopathy that specializes in the treatment of the combination of hematology and oncology disorders. A doctor of osteopathy that is board eligible/certified by the American Osteopathic Board of Internal Medicine WAS able to obtain a Certificate of Special Qualifications in the field of Hematology and Oncology. The Certificate is NO longer offered.	Source: American Academy of Hospice and Palliative Medicine [171/2007: new] Source: American Osteopathic Board of Internal Medicine, 2007. [7/1/2008: definition added, source added; 7/1/2011: modified source): http://www.osteopathic.org/cerficeation
207RH0005X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Internal Medicine	Hypertension Specialist	A Hypertension Specialist is a physician who concentrates on all aspects of the diagnosis and treatment of hypertension.	Source: American Society of Hypertension [7/1/2011: new] Additional Resources: The American Society of Hypertension Specialists Program offers an examination and designation for Hypertension Specialists. This subspeciality is not a Board certificate issued by either the American Board of Internal Medicine or the American Osteopathic Board of Internal Medicine.
207KHUUU3A	Anopaulio & Osteupaulio Filysicialis	micerial Medicine	Tryportonalori opecialist	n representation oppositions to a physician who concentrates on an aspects of the diagnosis and deathern of hypertension.	Source: National Uniform Claim Committee, 2009 [1/1/2010: definition added, source added]
207RI0001X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Internal Medicine	Clinical & Laboratory Immunology	An internal medicine physician who specializes in clinical and laboratory immunology disease management.	Additional Resources: A certification was, but is no longer issued by the American Board of Internal Medicine.
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207RI0008X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Internal Medicine	Hepatology	The discipline of Hepatology encompasses the structure, function, and diseases of the liver and biliary tract. The American Board of Internal Medicine considers Hepatology part of the subspecialty of gastroenterology. Physicians who identify themselves as Hepatologists usually, but not always, have been trained in gastrointestinal programs.	Training Programs, and/or Fellowships, Preceptorships: The American Association for the Study of Liver Diseases (AASLD) is the major professional society organized for physicians with an interest in Hepatology. A subcommittee of that organization has published guidelines for training programs in the 1992 November Issue of Hepatology. Source: The American Board of Internal Medicine 9/1993 ACGME Accredited Residency Program Requirements: None
207RI0011X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Internal Medicine	Interventional Cardiology	An area of medicine within the subspecialty of cardiology, which uses specialized imaging and other diagnostic techniques to evaluate blood flow and pressure in the coronary arteries and chambers of the heart and uses technical procedures and medications to treat abnormalities that impair the function of the cardiovascular system.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: added definition, added source]. Additional Resources: American Board of Internal Medicine, 2007. http://www.abims.org/ Board Certification for Medical Dotors (MDD) is provided by the American Board of Internal Medicine. ACGME Accredited Residency Program Requirements; I year of training plus a prerequisite of 3 years Internal Medicine. years Cardiovascular Disease for a total of 7 years. ABMS Approved Subspecialty Certificate (Internal Medicine.)
207Ri0200X 207RM1200X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Internal Medicine	Infectious Disease Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI)	An internist who deals with infectious diseases of all types and in all organ systems. Conditions requiring selective use of antibiotics call for this special skill. This physician often diagnoses and treats AIDS patients and patients with fevers which have not been explained. Infectious disease specialists may also have expertise in preventive medicine and travel medicine. Definition to come.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: added definition, added source; 7/1/2011: modified source]-btr/>bc/br/>Additional Resources: American Board of Internal Medicine, 2007. http://www.abim.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Internal Medicine, 2007. http://www.osteopathic.org/certification-btr/>bc/bc/bcad certification for Medicine Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Internal Medicine. Board of Internal Medicine. Medicine. Board of Internal Medicine.
207RN0300X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Internal Medicine	Nephrology	An internist who treats disorders of the kidney, high blood pressure, fluid and mineral balance and dialysis of body wastes when the kidneys do not function. This specialist consults with surgeons about kidney transplantation.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: added definition, added source; 7/1/2011: modified source]-br/r>dr/rAdditional Resources: American Board of Internal Medicine, 2007. http://www.abim.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Internal Medicine, 2007. http://www.abim.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Internal Medicine, 2007. http://www.abim.org/certification-br/r>-br/r>Board certification for Doctors of Osteopathy (DOs) is provided by the American Board of Internal Medicine. Board of Internal Medicine.
207RP1001X	Altopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Internal Medicine	Pulmonary Disease	An internist who treats diseases of the lungs and airways. The pulmonologist diagnoses and treats cancer, pneumonia, pleurisy asthma, occupational and environmental diseases, bronchitis, sleep disorders, emphysema and other complex disorders of the lungs.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: added definition, added source; 7/1/2011: modfiled source sbr/>scbr/>Additional Resources: American Board of Internal Medicine, 2007. http://www.abim.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Internal Medicine, 2007. http://www.osteopathic.org/certifications/br-/>br/>p-Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Internal Medicine. Board certification for Doctors of Osteopathy (DOs) is provided by the American Osteopathic Board of Internal Medicine.
207RR0500X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Internal Medicine	Rheumatology	An internist who treats diseases of joints, muscle, bones and tendons. This specialist diagnoses and treats arthritis, back pain, muscle strains, common athletic injuries and 'collagen' diseases.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: added definition, added source; 7/1/2011: modified source cbr/>Cor/>Additional Resources: American Board of Internal Medicine, 2007. http://www.abims.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Internal Medicine, 2007. http://www.osteopathic.org/certification-ty/>Fo/PsDead certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Internal Medicine. Board certification for Doctors of Osteopathy (DOs) is provided by the American Osteopathic Board of Internal Medicine.
207RS0010X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Internal Medicine	Sports Medicine	An internist trained to be responsible for continuous care in the field of sports medicine, not only for the enhancement of health and fitness, but also for the prevention of injury and liness. A sports medicine physician must have knowledge and experience in the promotion of wellness and the prevention of injury. Knowledge about special areas of medicine such as exercise physiology, binomechanics, nutrition, psychology, physical rehabilitation, epidemiology, physical evaluation, injuries (retarent and prevention and referral practice) and the role of exercise in promoting a healthy lifestyle are essential to the practice of sports medicine. The sports medicine physician requires special education to provide the knowledge to improve the healthcare of the individual.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: added definition, added source; 7/1/2011: modfiled source sbr/>ch/>doffilonal Resources: American Board of Internal Medicine, 2007. http://www.abim.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Internal Medicine, 2007. http://www.osteopathic.org/certifications/br/>cbr/>poBoard certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Internal Medicine. Board certification for Doctors of Osteopathy (DOs) is provided by the American Osteopathic Board of Internal Medicine.
207RS0012X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Internal Medicine	Sleep Medicine	An Internist who practices Sleep Medicine is certified in the subspecialty of sleep medicine and specializes in the clinical assessment, physiologic testing, diagnosis, management and prevention of sleep and circadian rhythm disorders. Sleep specialists treat patients of any age and use multidisciplinary approaches. Disorders managed by sleep specialists include, but are not limited to, sleep related breathing disorders, insomnia, hypersomnias, circadian rhythm sleep disorders, parasomnias and sleep related movement disorders.	Source: American Academy of Sleep Medicine [7/1/2006: new]
20777720004	Allerabbie 9 Oakerabbie Dhuridian	Internal Medicine	Township to the state of	An internist with special knowledge and the skill required of a gastroenterologist to care for patients prior to and following hepatic transplantation that spans all phases of liver transplantation. Selection of appropriate recipients requires assessment by a team	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: new] Additional Resources: American Board of Internal Medicine, 2007. http://www.abim.org/. Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Internal Medicine
207RT0003X 207RX0202X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Internal Medicine	Transplant Hepatology Medical Oncology	having experience in evaluating the severity and prognosis of patients with liver disease. An internist who specializes in the diagnosis and treatment of all types of cancer and other benign and malignant tumors. This specialist decides on and administers therapy for these malignancies as well as consults with surgeons and radiotherapists on other treatments for cancer.	Medicine. Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org (7/1/2007: added definition, added source. 11/5/2007: corrected definition)
207SC0300X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Medical Genetics	Clinical Cytogenetic	A clinical cytogeneticist demonstrates competence in providing laboratory diagnostic and clinical interpretive services dealing with cellular components, particularly chromosomes, associated with heredity.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialites, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added] Additional Resources: American Board of Medical Genetics, 2007. http://www.abmg.org/. Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Medical Genetics. A general certificate was first issued by the ABMS in 1982. ACGME Accredited Residency Porgram Requirements: No.
207SG0201X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Medical Genetics	Clinical Genetics (M.D.)	A clinical geneticist demonstrates competence in providing comprehensive diagnostic, management and counseling services for genetic disorders.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added] Additional Resources: American Board of Medical Genetics, 2007.
207\$G0202X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Medical Genetics	Clinical Biochemical Genetics	A clinical biochemical geneticist demonstrates competence in performing and interpreting biochemical analyses relevant to the diagnosis and management of human genetic diseases and is a consultant regarding laboratory diagnosis of a broad range of inherited disorders.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added]. Additional Resources: American Board of Medical Genetics, 2007. http://www.abmg.org/. Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Medical Genetics.

207SG0203X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Medical Genetics	Clinical Molecular Genetics	A clinical molecular geneticist demonstrates competence in performing and interpreting molecular analyses relevant to the diagnosis and management of human genetic diseases and is a consultant regarding laboratory diagnosis of a broad range of inherited disorders.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added] Additional Resources: American Board of Medical Genetics, 2007. http://www.abmg.org/. Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Medical Genetics.
207SG0205X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Medical Genetics	Ph.D. Medical Genetics	A medical geneticist works in association with a medical specialist, is affiliated with a clinical genetics program and serves as a consultant to medical and dental specialists.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added] Additional Resources: American Board of Medical Genetics, 2007. http://www.abmg.org/. Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Medical Genetics.
207SM0001X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Medical Genetics	Molecular Genetic Pathology	A board certified subspecialty, the molecular genetic pathologist is expert in the principles, theory and technologies of molecular biology and molecular genetics. This expertise is used to make or confirm diagnoses of Mendelian genetic disorders, of human development, infectious diseases and malignancies and to assess the natural history of those disorders. A molecular genetic pathologist provides information about gene structure, function and alteration, and applies laboratory techniques for diagnosis, treatment and prognosis for individuals with related disorders.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added] Additional Resources: American Board of Medical Genetics, 2007. http://www.abmg.org/. Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Medical Genetics. A subspecially certificate for MGG was approved by the ABMS in 1999. ACGME Accredited Residency Program Requirements: Proposal under development.
207T00000X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Neurological Surgery		A neurological surgeon provides the operative and non-operative management (i.e., prevention, diagnosis, evaluation, treatment, critical care, and rehabilitation) of disorders of the central, peripheral, and autonomic nervous systems, including their supporting structures and vascular supply; the evaluation and treatment of pathological processes which modify function or activity of the nervous system; and the operative and non-operative management of pain. A neurological surgeon treats patients with disorders of the nervous system; disorders of the brain, meninges, skull, and their blood supply, including the extracranial carotid and vertebral arteries; disorders of the pituitary gland; disorders of the spinal cord, meninges, and vertebral column, including those which may require treatment by spinal fusion or instrumentation; and disorders of the cranial and spinal nerves throughout their distribution.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added] Additional Resources: American Board of Neurological Surgery, 2007. http://www.abms.org/. Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Neurological Surgery.
207U00000X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Nuclear Medicine		A nuclear medicine specialist employs the properties of radioactive atoms and molecules in the diagnosis and treatment of disease and in research. Radiation detection and imaging instrument systems are used to detect disease as it changes the function and metabolism of normal cells, issues and organs. A wide variety of diseases can be found in this way, usually before the structure of the organ involved by the disease can be seen to be abnormal by any other techniques. Early detection of coronary artery diseases (including acute heart attack), early cancer detection and evaluation of the effect of tumor treatment, diagnosis of infection and infarmation anywhere in the body and early detection of blood dot in the lungs are all possible with these techniques. Unique forms of radioactive molecules can attack and kill cancer cells (e.g., lymphorna, thyroid cancer) or car relieve the severe pain of cancer that has spread to bone	Source: American Board of Medical Specialities, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added; 7/1/2011: modified source]-br/>-br/>-Additional Resources: American Board of Nuclear Medicine, 2007. http://www.abmm.org/. A doctor of osteopathy was able to obtain a Certificate of Added Qualifications in the field of Nuclear Medicine. The Certificate is NO longer offered-br/>-br/>-br/>-brineincan Osteopathle Board of Nuclear Medicine, 2011. http://www.osteopathle.org/certification-br/>-br/>-br/>-bard certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Nuclear Medicine.
207UN0901X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Nuclear Medicine	Nuclear Cardiology	A nuclear medicine physician who specializes in nuclear cardiology.	Source: National Uniform Claim Committee, 2009 [1/1/2010: definition added, source added] Additional Resources: A Certification of Added Qualifications (CAQ) was, but is no longer issued by the American Osteopathic Board of Nuclear Medicine.
					Source: National Uniform Claim Committee, 2009 [1/1/2010: definition added, source added] Additional Resources: A Certification of Added Qualifications (CAQ) was, but is no longer
207UN0902X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Nuclear Medicine	Nuclear Imaging & Therapy	A nuclear medicine physician who specializes in nuclear imaging and therapy.	issued by the American Osteopathic Board of Nuclear Medicine.
207UN0903X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Nuclear Medicine	In Vivo & In Vitro Nuclear Medicine	A nuclear medicine physician who specializes in in vivo and in vitro nuclear medicine.	Source: National Uniform Claim Committee, 2009 [I/I/2010: definition added, source added] Additional Resources: A Certification of Added Qualifications (CAQ) was, but is no longer issued by the American Osteopathic Board of Nuclear Medicine.
207V00000X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Obstetrics & Gynecology		An obstetrician/gynecologist possesses special knowledge, skills and professional capability in the medical and surgical care of the female reproductive system and associated disorders. This physician serves as a consultant to other physicians and as a primary physician for women.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added; 7/1/2011: modified source]-br/>-br/>-Additional Resources: American Board of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2007. http://www.abog.org/. American Obstepathic Board of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2007. http://www.abog.org/. American Obstepathic Board of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2007. http://www.cstepathic.org/certification-fur/>-br/>-br/>-br/>-Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Obstetrics and Gynecology. Board certification for Doctors of Osteopathy (DOs) is provided by the American Board of Obstetrics and Gynecology.
207VB0002X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Obstetrics & Gynecology	Obesity Medicine	A physician who specializes in the treatment of obesity demonstrates competency in and a thorough understanding of the treatment of obesity and the genetic, biologic, environmental, social, and behavioral factors that contribute to obesity. The obesity medicine physician employs therapeutic interventions including diet, physical activity, behavioral change, and pharmacotherapy. The obesity medicine physician utilizes a comprehensive approach, and may include additional resources such as dietitions, exercise physiologists, mental health professionals and brainfor surgeons as indicated to achieve optimal results. Additionally, the obesity medicine physician maintains competency in providing pre- peri- and post-surgical care of bariartic surgery patients, promotes the prevention of obesity, and advocates for those who suffer from obesity.	Source: American Board of Obesity Medicine [7/1/2015: title and definition modified] Additional Resource: American Society of Bariatric Physicians, www.asbp.org.
207VC0200X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Obstetrics & Gynecology	Critical Care Medicine	An obstetrician/gynecologist, who specializes in critical care medicine diagnoses, treats and supports female patients with multiple organ dysfunction. This specialist may have administrative responsibilities for intensive care units and may also facilitate and coordinate patient care among the primary physician, the critical care staff and other specialists.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added; 7/1/2011: modified source]-br/>br/>Additional Resources: American Board of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2007. http://www.abog.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2007-br/>br/>br/>br/>br/>br/>br/>br/>br/>br/>
207VE0102X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Obstetrics & Gynecology	Reproductive Endocrinology	An obstetrician/gynecologist who is capable of managing complex problems relating to reproductive endocrinology and infertility.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added; 7/1/2011: modified source]-br/>-br/>-Additional Resources: American Board of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2007. http://www.abog.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2007. http://www.abog.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Obstetrics and Gynecology. Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Obstetrics and Gynecology. Board certification for Doctors of Osteopathy (DOs) is provided by the American Osteopathic Board of Obstetrics and Gynecology.

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		Obstetrics &	Female Pelvic Medicine and Reconstructive	A subspecialist in Female Pelvic Medicine and Reconstructive Surgery is a physician in Urology or Obstetrics and Gynecology who, by virtue of education and training, is prepared to provide consultation and comprehensive management of women with complex benign pelvic conditions, lower urinary tract disorders, and pelvic floor dysfunction. Comprehensive management includes those diagnostic and therapeutic procedures necessary for the total care of the patient with these conditions and	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2011. [1/1/2012: new] Resources:
207VF0040X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Gynecology Obstetrics &	Surgery	complications resulting from them.	www.abms.org
207VG0400X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Gynecology	Gynecology	Definition to come	
207VH0002X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Obstetrics & Gynecology	Hospice and Palliative Medicine	An obstetrician/gynecologist with special knowledge and skills to prevent and relieve the suffering experienced by patients with life-limiting illnesses. This specialist works with an interdisciplinary hospice or palliative care team to maximize quality of life while addressing physical, psychological, social and spiritual needs of both patient and family throughout the course of the disease, through the dying process, and beyond for the family. This specialist has expertise in the assessment of patients with advanced disease; the relief of distressing symptoms; the coordination of interdisciplinary patient and family-centered care in diverse venues; the use of specialized care systems including hospice; the management of the imminently dying patient; and legal and ethical decision making in end-of-life care.	Source: American Academy of Hospice and Palliative Medicine [1/1/2007: new]
207VM0101X	Alicpathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Obstetrics & Gynecology	Maternal & Fetal Medicine	An obstetrician/gynecologist who cares for, or provides consultation on, patients with complications of pregnancy. This specialist has advanced knowledge of the obstetrical, medical and surgical complications of pregnancy and their effect on both the mother and the fetus. The specialist also possesses expertise in the most current diagnostic and treatment modalities used in the care of patients with complicated pregnancies.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definiton added, source added, 7/1/2011: modified source)-txri>-txri>-Additional Resources: American Board of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2007. http://www.abog.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2007. http://www.osteopathic.org/certification-txri>-txri>-Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Obstetrics and Gynecology. Board certification for Doctors of Osteopathy (DOs) is provided by the American Osteopathic Board of Obstetrics and Gynecology.
		Obstetrics &	0		
207VX0000X 207VX0201X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Gynecology Obstetrics & Gynecology	Obstetrics Gynecologic Oncology	Definition to come An obstetrician/gynecologist who provides consultation and comprehensive management of patients with gynecologic cancer, including those diagnostic and therapeutic procedures necessary for the total care of the patient with gynecologic cancer and resulting complications.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definiton added, source added, 7/1/2011: modified source s/br/>b-driv/Additional Resources: American Board of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2007. http://www.abog.org/. American Obstepathic Board of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2007. http://www.abog.org/. American Obstepathic Board of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2007. http://www.abog.org/. American Obstepathic org/certification-tor/-br/b-Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Obstetrics and Gynecology.
207W00000X	Allocathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Ophthalmology		An ophthalmologist has the knowledge and professional skills needed to provide comprehensive eye and vision care. Ophthalmologists are medically trained to diagnose, monitor and medically or surgically treat all ocular and visual disorders. This includes problems affecting the eye and its component structures, the eyelids, the orbit and the visual pathways. In so doing, an ophthalmologist prescribes visions ervices, including glasses and contact lenses.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added; 7/1/2011: modified source]-br/>-br/>-br/>-Additional Resources: American Beard of Ophthalmology, 2007. http://www.abop.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Ophthalmology and Otelaryngology, 2007. http://www.osteopathic.org/certification-br/>-br/>-br/>-Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Ophthalmology. Board certification for Doctors of Osteopathy (DOs) is provided by the American Osteopathic Board of Ophthalmology and Otelaryngology.
207WX0009X		Ophthalmology	Glaucoma Specialist	An ophthalmologist who specializes in the treatment of glaucoma and other disorders related to increased intraocular pressure and optic nerve damage. This specialty involves the medical and surgical treatment of these conditions.	Source: American Academy of Ophthalmology, www.aao.org [1/1/2017: new] Additional Resources: Association of University Professors of Ophthalmology, www.aupo.org
207WX0107X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Ophthalmology	Retina Specialist	An ophthalmologist who specializes in the diagnosis and treatment of vitreoretinal diseases.	Source: American Society of Retina Specialists, www.asrs.org [1/1/2017: new]-bt/>-bt/>-bt/>-Additional Resources: American Academy of Ophthalmology, www.aao.org. Macula Society, www.maculasociety.org. Retina Society, www.retinasociety.org. Association of University Professors of Ophthalmology, www.aupco.org.
207WX0108X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Ophthalmology	Uveitis and Ocular Inflammatory Disease	An ophthalmologist who specializes in the treatment of intraocular inflammation, scleritis, keralitis and infectious disorders affecting the eye and inflammatory disorders of the adnexa and/or orbit.	Source: American Academy of Ophthalmology, www.aao.org [1/1/2017: new] br/>>dr/s-Additional Resources: Association of University Professors of Ophthalmology, www.aupo.org
207WX0200X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Ophthalmology	Ophthalmic Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery	A physician who specializes in oculofacial plastic and reconstructive surgery. This subspecially combines orbital and periocular surgery with facial plastic surgery, and includes aesthetic and reconstructive surgery of the face, orbit, eyelid, and lacrimal system. Practitioners evaluate, diagnose and treat conditions involving the eyelids, brows, midface, orbits, lacrimal systems and surrounding and supporting structures of the face and neck.	Source: American Academy of Ophthalmology, 2015 [1/1/2016: new]
207X00000X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Orthopaedic Surgery		An orthopaedic surgeon is trained in the preservation, investigation and restoration of the form and function of the extremities, spine and associated structures by medical, surgical and physical means. An orthopaedic surgeon is involved with the care of patients whose musculoskeletal problems include congenital deformities, trauma, infections, tumors, metabolic disturbances of the musculoskeletal system, deformities, injuries and degenerative diseases of the spine, hands, feet, knee, hip, shoulder and elbow in children and adults. An orthopaedic surgeon is also concerned with primary and secondary muscular problems and the effects of central of preipheral nervous system tessions of the musculoskeletal system.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definiton added, source added: 7/1/2011: modified source]+tr/>-tr/>-tr/>-tr/>-tr/>-tr/>-tr/-tr/-tr/-tr/-tr/-tr/-tr/-tr/-tr/-tr/
				An orthopedic surgeon who has additional training and experience in diagnosing, treating and managing musculoskeletal problems in infants, children and adolescents. These may include limb and spine deformities (such as club foot, scoliosis); gait	
207XP3100X 207XS0106X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Orthopaedic Surgery Orthopaedic Surgery	Pediatric Orthopaedic Surgery Hand Surgery	abnormalities (limping); bone and joint infections; broken bones. An orthopaedic surgeon trained in the investigation, preservation and restoration by medical, surgical and rehabilitative means of all structures of the upper extremity directly affecting the form and function of the hand and wrist.	Source: American Academy of Pediatrics [7/1/2006: new] Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added: 7/1/2011: modified source]-tyrb-tyrb-Additional Resources: American Board of Orthopaedic Surgery, 2007. http://www.abcs.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Orthopaedic Surgery. 2007. http://www.abcs.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Orthopaedic Surgery. Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDS) is provided by the American Board of Orthopaedic Surgery. Board certification for Doctors of Osteopathic Board of Orthopaedic Surgery.
207XS0114X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians		Adult Reconstructive Orthopaedic Surgery	Recognized by several state medical boards as a fellowship subspecialty program of orthopaedic surgery, adult reconstructive orthopaedic surgeons deal with reconstructive procedures such as joint arthroplasty (i.e., hip and knee), osteotomy, arthroscopy, soft-tissue reconstruction, and a variety of other adult reconstructive surgical procedures.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definiton added, source added] Additional Resources: American Board of Orthopaedic Surgery, 2007. http://www.abos.org/. Separate board certification is not currently offered.

207XS0117X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Orthopaedic Surgery	Orthopaedic Surgery of the Spine	Recognized by several state medical boards as a fellowship subspecialty program of orthopaedic surgery, orthopaedic surgeons of the spine deal with the evaluation and nonoperative and operative treatment of the full spectrum of primary spinal disorders including trauma, degenerative, deformity, tumor, and reconstructive.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added] Additional Resources: American Board of Orthopaedic Surgery, 2007. http://www.abos.org/. Separate board certification is not currently offered.
207XX0004X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Orthopaedic Surgery	Foot and Ankle Surgery	Recognized by several state medical boards as a fellowship subspecialty program of orthopaedic surgery, foot and ankle surgeons deal with adult reconstructive foot and ankle surgery, adult foot and ankle trauma, sports medicine foot and ankle, and children's foot and ankle reconstructive surgery.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: title modified, definition added, source added] Additional Resources: American Board of Orthopaedic Surgery, 2007. http://www.abos.org/. Separate board certification is not currently offered. ACGME Accretided Residency Program Requirements: 1 year of training with 5 years Orthopedic Surgery for a total of 6 years.
207XX0005X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Orthopaedic Surgery	Sports Medicine	An orthopaedic surgeon trained in sports medicine provides appropriate care for all structures of the musculoskeletal system directly affected by participation in sporting activity. This specialist is proficient in areas including conditioning, training and fitness, athletic performance and the impact of diedray supplements, pharmaceuticals, and nutrition on performance and health, coordination of care within the team setting utilizing other health care professionals, field evaluation and management, soft tissue biomechanics and injury healing and repair. Knowledge and understanding of the principles and techniques of rehabilitation, atthletic equipment and orthotic devices enables the specialist to prevent and manage athletic injuries.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition changed, source changed] Additional Resources: American Board of Orthopaedic Surgery, 2007. http://www.abos.org/. Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Orthopaedic Surgery. AGCME Accepted Ted Program Requirements: 1 year GME in the specialty 4 5 years of Orthopaedic Surgery for a total of 6 years
207XX0801X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Orthopaedic Surgery	Orthopaedic Trauma	Recognized by several state medical boards as a fellowship subspecialty program of orthopaedic surgery, orthopaedic trauma surgeons deal with the evaluation and management of acute orthopaedic injuries, evaluation and treatment of post-traumatic deformities and nonunions, acute and delayed reconstruction of pelvic and acetabular fractures, as well as osteotomy in the adult hip for treatment of hip arthritis.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added] Additional Resources: American Board of Orthopaedic Surgery, 2007. http://www.abos.org/. Separate board certification is not currently offered.
207Y00000X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Otolaryngology		An otdaryngologist-head and neck surgeon provides comprehensive medical and surgical care for patients with diseases and disorders that affect the ears, nose, throat, the respiratory and upper alimentary systems and related structures of the head and neck. An otdaryngologist diagnoses and provides medical and/or surgical therapy or prevention of diseases, allergies, necoplasms, deformities, discretes and/or injuries of the ears, nose, sinuses, throat, respiratory and upper alimentary systems, face, jaws and the other head and neck systems. Head and neck oncology, facial plastic and reconstructive surgery and the treatment of disorders of hearing and voice are fundamental areas of expertise.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added; 7/1/2011: modified source]-dvrb-dvrb-Additional Resources: American Board of Otolaryngology, 2007. http://www.abdo.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Otolaryngology, 2007. http://www.osteopathic.org/certification-dvrb-dvrb-Board certification of Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Otolaryngology. Board certification for Doctors of Osteopathy (DOs) is provided by the American Board of Otolaryngology. Board certification for Doctors of Osteopathy (DOs) is provided by the American Osteopathic Board of Ophthalmology and Otolaryngology.
207YP0228X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Otolaryngology	Pediatric Otolaryngology	A pediatric otolaryngologist has special expertise in the management of infants and children with disorders that include congenital and acquired conditions involving the aerodigestive tract, nose and paranasal sinuses, the ear and other areas of the head and neck. The pediatric otolaryngologist has special skills in the diagnosis, treatment, and management of childhood disorders of voice, speech, language and hearing.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added] Additional Resources: American Board of Otolaryngology, 2007. http://www.aboto.org/. Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Otolaryngology.
			, , ,	An Otolaryngologist who practices Sleep Medicine is certified in the subspecialty of sleep medicine and specializes in the clinical assessment, physiologic testing, diagnosis, management and prevention of sleep and circadian rhythm disorders. Sleep specialists treat patients of any age and use multidisciplinary approaches. Disorders managed by sleep specialists include, but are not limited to, sleep related breathing disorders, insornina, hypersomains, circadian rhythm sleep disorders, parasomnias	
207YS0012X 207YS0123X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Otolaryngology Otolaryngology	Sleep Medicine Facial Plastic Surgery	and sleep related movement disorders. An otolaryngologist who specializes in facial plastic surgery.	Source: American Academy of Sleep Medicine [7/1/2006: new] Source: National Uniform Claim Committee, 2009 [1/1/2010: definition added, source added] Additional Resources: A General Certificate was, but is no longer issued by the American Osteopathic Board of Ophthalmology and Otladyngology.
207YX0007X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Otolaryngology	Plastic Surgery within the Head & Neck	An otdaryngologist with additional training in plastic and reconstructive procedures within the head, face, neck and associated structures, including cutaneous head and neck oncology and reconstruction, management of maxillofacial trauma, soft tissue repair and neural surgery. The field is diverse and involves a wide age range of patients, from the newborn to the aged. While both cosmetic and reconstructive surgeries are practiced, there are many additional procedures which interface with them.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added] Additional Resources: American Board of Otolaryngology, 2007. http://www.aboto.org/. Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDS) is provided by the American Board of Otolaryngology. Board certification for Doctors of Osteopathy is currently provided in the subspecialty of Otolaryngology/Facial Plastic Surgery (see Taxonomy Code 207YX0905X).
207YX0602X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Otolaryngology	Otolaryngic Allergy	An otolaryngologist who specializes in the diagnosis and treatment of otolaryngic allergies and other allergic diseases.	Source: National Uniform Claim Committee, 2009 [1/1/2010: definition added, source added] Additional Resources: A Certification of Added Qualifications (CAQ) is issued by the American Osteopathic Board of Ophthalmology and Otolaryngology.
207YX0901X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Otolaryngology	Otology & Neurotology	An otolaryngologist who treats diseases of the ear and temporal bone, including disorders of hearing and balance. The additional training in otology and neurotology emphasizes the study of embryology, anatomy, physiology, epidemiology, pathophysiology, pathology, genetics, immunology, microbiology and the etiology of diseases of the ear and temporal bone.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added! Additional Resources: American Board of Otolaryngology, 2007. http://www.aboto.org/. Board estification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Otolaryngology.
207YX0905X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Otolaryngology	Otolaryngology/Facial Plastic Surgery	An otolaryngologist who specializes in the diagnosis and surgical treatment of head and neck conditions.	Source: National Uniform Claim Committee, 2009 [1/1/2010: definition added, source added] Additional Resources: A General Certificate is issued by the American Osteopathic Board of Ophthalmology and Otolaryngology.
207ZB0001X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Pathology	Blood Banking & Transfusion Medicine	A physician who specializes in blood banking/transfusion medicine is responsible for the maintenance of an adequate blood supply, blood donor and patient-recipient safety and appropriate blood utilization. Pre-transfusion compatibility testing and antibody testing assure that blood transfusions, when indicated, are as safe as possible. This physician directs the preparation and safe use of specially prepared blood components, including red blood cells, white blood cells, platelets and plasma constituents, and marrow or stem cells for transplantation.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added; 71/1/2011: modified source]-chr/>-chr/>-Additional Resources: American Board of Pathology, 2007. http://www.abpath.org/. American Osteopathios Board of Pathology, 2007. http://www.osteopathic.org/certifications-th->chr/>-br/>Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDS) is provided by the American Board of Pathology. Board certification for Doctors of Osteopathy (DOs) was provided by the American Osteopathic Board of Pathology. The Certification is NO longer provided.
207ZC0006X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Pathology	Clinical Pathology	A pathologist deals with the causes and nature of disease and contributes to diagnosis, prognosis and treatment through knowledge gained by the laboratory application of the biologic, chemical and physical sciences. A pathologist uses information gathered from the microscopic examination of tissue specimens, cells and body fluids, and from clinical laboratory tests on body fluids and secretions for the diagnosis, exclusion and monitoring of disease.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: new, 7/1/2009: definition reformatted]. Additional Resources: American Board of Pathology, 2007. http://www.abpath.org/ This taxonomy code identifies the combined anatomic "clinical pathology only" route. Board Certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Pathology. To acknowledge the diverse activities in the practice of pathology and to accommodate the interests of individuals wanting to enter the field, the ABP offers primary certification through the following there crucies: combined anatomic pathology and clinical pathology, anatomic pathology only and clinical pathology only. Primary certification in anatomic pathology or clinical pathology may be combined with some of the subspecialty certifications.

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				Physicians who practice Clinical Informatics collaborate with other health care and information technology professionals to	
				analyze, design, implement and evaluate information and communication systems that enhance individual and population health	
				outcomes, improve patient care, and strengthen the clinician-patient relationship. Clinical Informaticians use their knowledge of	
				patient care combined with their understanding of informatics concepts, methods, and tools to: assess information and	
				knowledge needs of health care professionals and patients; characterize, evaluate, and refine clinical processes; develop, implement, and refine clinical decision support systems; and lead or participate in the procurement, customization, development	Source: The American Reard of Proporting Medicine, 2012 (1/1/2014) new! Additional
207ZC0008X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Pathology	Clinical Informatics	implementation, management, evaluation, and continuous improvement of clinical information systems.	Resources: The American Board of Pathology, www.abpath.org
					<i>y</i> // 1
				A cytopathologist is an anatomic pathologist trained in the diagnosis of human disease by means of the study of cells obtained	
				from body secretions and fluids, by scraping, washing, or sponging the surface of a lesion, or by the aspiration of a tumor mass	
				or body organ with a fine needle. A major aspect of a cytopathologist's practice is the interpretation of Papanicolaou-stained	changed, source added] Additional Resources: American Board of Pathology, 2007.
207ZC0500X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Pathology	Cytopathology	smears of cells from the female reproductive systems, the "Pap" test. However, the cytopathologist's expertise is applied to the diagnosis of cells from all systems and areas of the body. He/she is a consultant to all medical specialists.	http://www.abpath.org/. Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Pathology.
2072C0300X	Allopatific & Osteopatific 1 Hysicians	1 autology	Суюраннооду	language of cells from all systems and areas of the body. Treasile is a consultant to all medical specialists.	American Board of Fathology.
					Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definiton
				A dermatopathologist is an expert in diagnosing and monitoring diseases of the skin including infectious, immunologic,	changed, source added] Additional Resources: American Board of Pathology, 2007.
				degenerative, and neoplastic diseases. This entails the examination and interpretation of specially prepared tissue sections,	http://www.abpath.org/. Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the
0077000001	Allementais & Octoon attain Disconisions	Dath steen	Dth-l	cellular scrapings, and smears of skin lesions by means of light microscopy, electron microscopy, and fluorescence	American Board of Pathology. A subspecialty certificate was first issued by the ABMS in
207ZD0900X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Pathology	Dermatopathology	microscopy.	1974. ACGME Accredited Residency Program Requirements: None.
					added, source added; 7/1/2011: modified source] added, source added; 7/1/2011: modified source] added, source added; 7/1/2011: modified source] added, source added; 7/1/2011: modified source]
					Board of Pathology, 2007. http://www.abpath.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Pathology,
				A forensic pathologist is expert in investigating and evaluating cases of sudden, unexpected, suspicious and violent death as	2007. http://www.osteopathic.org/certification br/> Spard certification for Medical Doctors
	l	L	L	well as other specific classes of death defined by law. The forensic pathologist serves the public as coroner or medical	(MDs) is provided by the American Board of Pathology. Board certification for Doctors of
207ZF0201X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Pathology	Forensic Pathology	examiner, or by performing medicolegal autopsies for such officials.	Osteopathy (DOs) is provided by the American Osteopathic Board of Pathology.
					Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definiton
					added, source added; 7/1/2011: modified source] source str/> Additional Resources: American Board of Pathology, 2007. http://www.abpath.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Pathology,
					2007. http://www.osteopathic.org/certification br/>Sbard certification for Medical Doctors
				A hematopathologist is expert in diseases that affect blood cells, blood clotting mechanisms, bone marrow and lymph nodes.	(MDs) is provided by the American Board of Pathology. Board certification for Doctors of
				This physician has the knowledge and technical skills essential for the laboratory diagnosis of anemias, leukemias, lymphomas,	Osteopathy (DOs) was provided by the American Osteopathic Board of Pathology. The
207ZH0000X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Pathology	Hematology	bleeding disorders and blood clotting disorders.	Certification is NO longer provided.
					Source: National Uniform Claim Committee, 2009 [1/1/2010: definition added, source added]
207ZI0100X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Pathology	Immunopathology	A pathologist who specializes in the diagnosis of immunologic diseases.	Additional Resources: A Certification of Added Qualifications (CAQ) was, but is no longer issued by the American Osteopathic Board of Pathology.
207210100X	Thispanie a Ostospanie i Hydiolane	r danology	пппапоравлоюду	7 Federoogies who opeologies in the diagnosis of miniarrologie diseases.	isode by the randical occupanto board or randogy.
					Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definiton
					added, source added; 7/1/2011: modified source] source] Additional Resources: American
					Board of Pathology, 2007. http://www.abpath.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Pathology,
					2007. http://www.osteopathic.org/certification br/> Spard certification for Medical Doctors
				A medical microbiologist is expert in the isolation and identification of microbial agents that cause infectious disease. Viruses,	(MDs) is provided by the American Board of Pathology. Board certification for Doctors of
207ZM0300X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Pathology	Medical Microbiology	bacteria and fungi, as well as parasites, are identified and, where possible, tested for susceptibility to appropriate antimicrobial	Osteopathy (DOs) was provided by the American Osteopathic Board of Pathology. The Certification is NO longer provided.
2072IVI0300X	Aliopatific & Osteopatific Physicians	ratifology	Wedical Wicrobiology	agents.	Certification is NO forger provided.
					0 4 5 5 1 (14 5 10 5 11 0007 1 5 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
					Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definiton added, source added; 7/1/2011: modified source] br/> Source American Resources: American
					Board of Pathology, 2007. http://www.abpath.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Pathology,
				A neuropathologist is expert in the diagnosis of diseases of the nervous system and skeletal muscles and functions as a	2007. http://www.osteopathic.org/certification 2007. http://www.osteopathic.org/certification 2007. http://www.osteopathic.org/certification
				consultant primarily to neurologists and neurosurgeons. The neuropathologist is knowledgeable in the infirmities of humans as	(MDs) is provided by the American Board of Pathology. Board certification for Doctors of
	l	L	L	they affect the nervous and neuromuscular systems, be they degenerative, infectious, metabolic, immunologic, neoplastic,	Osteopathy (DOs) was provided by the American Osteopathic Board of Pathology. The
207ZN0500X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Pathology	Neuropathology	vascular or physical in nature.	Certification is NO longer provided.
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				L	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definiton
				A molecular genetic pathologist is expert in the principles, theory and technologies of molecular biology and molecular genetics. This expertise is used to make or confirm diagnoses of Mendelian genetic disorders, disorders of human development,	changed, source changed] Additional Resources: American Board of Pathology, 2007. http://www.abpath.org/. Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the
		1		infectious diseases and malignancies, and to assess the natural history of those disorders. A molecular genetic pathologist	American Board of Pathology. A subspecialty certificate for MGG was approved by the
				provides information about gene structure, function and alteration and applies laboratory techniques for diagnosis, treatment and	ABMS in 1999. ACGME Accredited Residency Program Requirements: Proposal under
207ZP0007X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Pathology	Molecular Genetic Pathology	prognosis for individuals with related disorders.	development.
					Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. [7/1/2007: definition added, source
					added, 7/1/2009: defintion reformatted; 7/1/2011: modified source] hr/> Additional
		1			Resources: American Board of Pathology, 2007. http://www.abpath.org/. American Osteopathic
					Board of Pathology, 2007. http://www.osteopathic.org/certification
					for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Pathology (note: this taxonomy code identifies the "anatomic pathology only" route). To acknowledge the diverse activities in the
					practice of pathology and to accommodate the interests of individuals wanting to enter the field,
				A pathologist deals with the causes and nature of disease and contributes to diagnosis, prognosis and treatment through	the ABP offers primary certification through the following three routes: combined anatomic
				knowledge gained by the laboratory application of the biologic, chemical and physical sciences. A pathologist uses information	pathology and clinical pathology, anatomic pathology only and clinical pathology only. Primary
	l	L	l <u></u>	gathered from the microscopic examination of tissue specimens, cells and body fluids, and from clinical laboratory tests on body	certification in anatomic pathology or clinical pathology may be combined with some of the
207ZP0101X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Pathology	Anatomic Pathology	fluids and secretions for the diagnosis, exclusion and monitoring of disease.	subspecialty certifications.

207ZP0102X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Pathology	Anatomic Pathology & Clinical Pathology		Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added, 7/1/2009: definition reformatted]. Additional Resources: American Board of Pathology, 2007. http://www.abpath.org/ This traxoneny; code identifies the combined anatomic pathology & clinical pathology route. Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Pathology. To acknowledge the diverse activities in the practice of pathology and to accommodate the interests of individuals wanting to enter the field, the ABP offers primary certification in attention through the following three routes: combined anatomic pathology and clinical pathology, anatomic pathology only and clinical pathology only. Primary certification in anatomic pathology or clinical pathology may be combined with some of the subspecialty certifications.
207ZP0104X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Pathology	Chemical Pathology	A chemical pathologist has expertise in the biochemistry of the human body as it applies to the understanding of the cause and progress of disease. This physician functions as a clinical consultant in the diagnosis and treatment of human disease. Chemical pathology entails the application of biochemical data to the detection, confirmation or monitoring of disease.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added; 7/1/2011: modified source] <a "="" href="https://doi.org/1/2011: modified source]-br/> Additional Resources: American Board of Pathology, 2007. http://www.abpath.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Pathology, 2007. https://www.osteopathic.org/erifications/to-/br/abrad retrification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Pathology. Board certification for Doctors of Osteopathy (DOs) was provided by the American Osteopathic Board of Pathology. The Certification is NO longer provided.</td></tr><tr><td>207ZP0105X</td><td>Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians</td><td>Pathology</td><td>Clinical Pathology/Laboratory Medicine</td><td>A pathologist deals with the causes and nature of disease and contributes to diagnosis, prognosis and treatment through knowledge gained by the laboratory application of the biologic, chemical and physical sciences. A pathologist uses information gathered from the microscopic examination of tissue specimens, cells and body fluids, and from clinical laboratory tests on body fluids and sections for the diagnosis, exclusion and monitoring of disease.</td><td>Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added; 7/1/2011: modified source]-ctr/>-ctr/>-Additional Resources: American Board of Pathology, 2007. http://www.abpath.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Pathology, 2007: http://www.osteopathic.org/certification-fav/>-ctr/>-Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Pathology. Board certification for Doctors of Osteopathy (Doc) is provided by the American Board of Pathology.</td></tr><tr><td>207ZP0103X</td><td>Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians</td><td>Pathology</td><td>Pediatric Pathology</td><td>A pediatric pathologist is expert in the laboratory diagnosis of diseases that occur during fetal growth, infancy and child development. The practice requires a strong foundation in general pathology and substantial understanding of normal growth and development, along with extensive knowledge of pediatric medicine.</td><td>Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org (7/1/2007) definition added, source added]. Additional Resources: American Board of Pathology, 2007. http://www.abpath.org/. Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Pathology.</td></tr><tr><td>208000000X</td><td>Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians</td><td>Pediatrics</td><td></td><td>A pediatrician is concerned with the physical, emotional and social health of children from birth to young adulthood. Care encompasses a broad spectrum of health services ranging from preventive healthcare to the diagnosis and treatment of acute and chronic diseases. A pediatrician deals with biological, social and environmental influences on the developing child, and with the impact of disease and dysfunction on development.</td><td>Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added; 7/1/2011: modified source]https://www.abp.org/ , American Osteopathic Board of Pediatrics, 2007. http://www.abp.org/, American Osteopathic Board of Pediatrics, 2007. http://www.osteopathic.org/certificatio-for/~br/>bpard certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Pediatrics. Board certification for Doctors of Osteopathy (Dos) is provided by the American Descopathic Board of Pediatrics.
2080A0000X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Pediatrics	Adolescent Medicine	A pediatrician who specializes in adolescent medicine is a multi-disciplinary healthcare specialist trained in the unique physical, psychological and social characteristics of adolescents, their healthcare problems and needs.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added; 7/1/2011: modified source)-torly-Additional Resources: American Board of Pediatrics, 2007. http://www.abp.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Pediatrics, 2007. http://www.abp.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Pediatrics, 2007. http://www.osteopathic.org/certification-tor/>-to-tr/>-Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Pediatrics. Board certification for Doctors of Osteopathy (DOs) is provided by the American Osteopathic Board of Pediatrics.
				A physician who specializes in the treatment of obesity demonstrates competency in and a thorough understanding of the treatment of obesity and the genetic, biologic, environmental, social, and behavioral factors that contribute to obesity. The obesity medicine physician employs therapeutic interventions including diet, physical activity, behavioral change, and pharmacotherapy. The obesity medicine physician utilizes a comprehensive approach, and may include additional resources such as dietitians, exercise physiologists, mental health professionals and bariatric surgeons as indicated to achieve optimal results. Additionally, the obesity medicine physician maintains competency in provinging per-peri- and post-surgical care of	Source: American Board of Obesity Medicine [7/1/2015: new] Additional Resource: American
2080B0002X 2080C0008X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Pediatrics Pediatrics	Obesity Medicine Child Abuse Pediatrics	bariatric surgery patients, promotes the prevention of obesity, and advocates for those who suffer from obesity. A Child Abuse Pediatrician serves as a resource to children, families and communities by accurately diagnosing abuse; consulting with community agencies on child safety; providing expertise in courts of law; treating consequences of abuse and neglect; directing child abuse and neglect prevention programs and participating on multidisciplinary teams investigating; and managing child abuse cases.	Society of Bariatric Physicians, www.asbp.org. Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2009 [7/1/2009: definition added]
				A pediatrician with special knowledge and skills to prevent and relieve the suffering experienced by patients with life-limiting illnesses. This specialist works with an interdisciplinary hospice or palliative care team to maximize quality of life while addressing physical, psychological, social and spiritual needs of both patient and family throughout the course of the disease, through the dying process, and beyond for the family. This specialist has expertise in the assessment of patients with advanced disease; the relied of distressing symptoms; the coordination of interdisciplinary patient and family-centered parent; and versue, the versues; the relied of distressing symptoms; the coordination of interdisciplinary patient and family-centered parent; and versue years.	
2080H0002X 2080I0007X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Pediatrics Pediatrics	Hospice and Palliative Medicine Clinical & Laboratory Immunology	ethical decision making in end-of-life care. A pediatrician who specializes in clinical and laboratory immunology disease management.	Source: American Academy of Hospice and Palliative Medicine [1/1/2007: new] Source: National Uniform Claim Committee, 2009 [1/1/2010: definition added, source added] Additional Resources: A certification was, but is no longer issued by the American Board of Pediatrics.
2080N0001X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Pediatrics	Neonatal-Perinatal Medicine		Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added; 7/1/2011: modified source]-br/>-br/>-Additional Resources: American Board of Pediatrics, 2007. http://www.abp.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Pediatrics, 2007. http://www.abp.org/. faciliarios.pdf.
2080P0006X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Pediatrics	Developmental – Behavioral Pediatrics	A developmental-behavioral specialist is a pediatrician with special training and experience who aims to foster understanding and promotion of optimal development of children and families through research, education, clinical care and advocacy efforts. This physician assists in the prevention, diagnosis, and management of developmental difficulties and problematic behaviors in children and in the family dysfunctions that compromise children's development.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition changed, source changed, 3/26/2008: definition corrected] Additional Resources: American Board of Pediatrics, 2007. http://www.abp.org/ Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Pediatrics.

2080P0008X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Pediatrics	Neurodevelopmental Disabilities	A pediatrician who treats children having developmental delays or learning disorders including those associated with visual and hearing impairment, mental retardation, cerebral palsy, spina bifida, autism and other chronic neurologic conditions. This specialist provides medical consultation and education and assumes leadership in the interdisciplinary management of children with neurodevelopmental idsorders. They may also focus on the early identification and diagnosis of neurodevelopmental disabilities in infants and young children as well as on changes that occur as the child with developmental disabilities grows.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition changed, source changed] Additional Resources: American Board of Pediatrics, 2007. http://www.abp.org/. Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Pediatrics.	
2080P0201X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Pediatrics	Pediatric Allergy/Immunology	A pediatrician who specializes in the diagnosis and treatment of allergies, allergic reactions, and immunologic diseases in children.	Source: National Uniform Claim Committee, 2009 [1/1/2010: title modified, definition added, source added] Additional Resources: A Certification of Special Qualifications (CSQ) is issued by the American Osteopathic Board of Pediatrics.	
2080P0202X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Pediatrics	Pediatric Cardiology	A pediatric cardiologist provides comprehensive care to patients with cardiovascular problems. This specialist is skilled in selecting, performing and evaluating the structural and functional assessment of the heart and blood vessels, and the clinical evaluation of cardiovascular disease.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added; 7/1/2011: modified source]-br/>-br/>-Additional Resources: American Board of Pediatrics, 2007. http://www.abp.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Pediatrics, 2007. http://www.setopathic.org/certifications/t-br/>br/aberd extification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Pediatrics. Board certification for Doctors of Osteopathy (Dos) was provided by the American Osteopathic Board of Pediatrics. The Certification is no longer offered.	
2080P0203X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Pediatrics	Pediatric Critical Care Medicine	A pediatrician expert in advanced life support for children from the term or near-term neonate to the adolescent. This competence extends to the critical care management of life-threatening organ system failure from any cause in both medical and surgical patients and to the support of vital physiological functions. This specialist may have administrative responsibilities for intensive care untils and also lacilitates patient care among other specialists.	years of training with 3 years Pediatrics plus 1 year Pediatric Critical Care for certification for a total of 6 years. ABMS Approved Subspecialty Certificate (Pediatrics)	
2080P0204X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Pediatrics	Pediatric Emergency Medicine	A pediatrician who has special qualifications to manage emergencies in infants and children.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialities, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added] Additional Resources: American Board of Pediatrics, 2007. http://www.abp.org/. Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Pediatrics.	
2080P0205X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Pediatrics	Pediatric Endocrinology	A pediatrician who provides expert care to infants, children and adolescents who have diseases that result from an abnormality in the endocrine glands (glands which secrete hormones). These diseases include diabetes mellitus, growth failure, unusual size for age, early or late pubertal development, birth defects, the genital region and disorders of the thyroid, the adrenal and pituitary glands.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [71/12007: definition added, source added, 71/12011: modified source http://www.abp.org . American Osteopathic Board of Pediatrics, 2007. http://www.asp.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Pediatrics, 2007. http://www.osteopathic.org/certification-tor/>> <a certification-tor="" href="http://www.osteopathic.org/certification-tor/>> > <a collagen"="" diseases.<="" href="http:</td></tr><tr><td>2080P0206X</td><td>Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians</td><td>Pediatrics</td><td>Pediatric Gastroenterology</td><td>A pediatrician who specializes in the diagnosis and treatment of diseases of the digestive systems of infants, children and addescents. This specialist treats conditions such as abdominal pain, ulcers, diarrhea, cancer and jaundice and performs complex diagnostic and therapeutic procedures using lighted scopes to see internal organs.</td><td>added, source added] Additional Resources: American Board of Pediatrics, 2007. http://www.abp.org/. Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Pediatrics.</td></tr><tr><td>2080P0207X</td><td>Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians</td><td>Pediatrics</td><td>Pediatric Hematology-Oncology</td><td>A pediatrician trained in the combination of pediatrics, hematology and oncology to recognize and manage pediatric blood disorders and cancerous diseases.</td><td>Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added; 7/1/2011: modified source]-br/>-br/>-Additional Resources: American Board of Pediatrics, 2007. http://www.abp.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Pediatrics, 2007. http://www.steopathic.org/certifications/t-br/>-br/>-bard acterification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Pediatrics. Board certification for Oboctors of Osteopathy (Dos) was provided by the American Osteopathic Board of Pediatrics. The Certification is no longer offered.</td></tr><tr><td>2080P0208X</td><td>Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians</td><td>Pediatrics</td><td>Pediatric Infectious Diseases</td><td>A pediatrician trained to care for children in the diagnosis, treatment and prevention of infectious diseases. This specialist can apply specific knowledge to affect a better outcome for pediatric infections with complicated courses, underlying diseases that predispose to unusual or severe infections, unclear diagnoses, uncommon diseases and complex or investigational treatments.</td><td>Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added; 7/1/2011: modified source]-br/>-br/>-Additional Resources: American Board of Pediatrics, 2007. http://www.abp.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Pediatrics, 2007. http://www.steopathic.org/certifications/t-br/abcrd acterification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Pediatrics. Board certification for Doctors of Osteopathy (DOs) was provided by the American Osteopathic Board of Pediatrics. The Certification is no longer offered.</td></tr><tr><td>2080P0210X</td><td>Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians</td><td>Pediatrics</td><td>Pediatric Nephrology</td><td>A pediatrician who deals with the normal and abnormal development and maturation of the kidney and urinary tract, the mechanisms by which the kidney can be damaged, the evaluation and treatment of renal diseases, fluid and electrolyte abnormalities, hypertension and renal replacement therapy.</td><td>Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added; 7/1/2011: modified source]-br/>-br/>-Additional Resources: American Board of Pediatrics, 2007. http://www.abp.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Pediatrics, 2007. http://www.setsepathic.org/certifications/t-br/>-br/>-Board extification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Pediatrics. Board certification for Doctors of Osteopathy (DOs) was provided by the American Osteopathic Board of Pediatrics. The Certification is no longer offered.</td></tr><tr><td>2080P0214X</td><td>Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians</td><td>Pediatrics</td><td>Pediatric Pulmonology</td><td>A pediatrician dedicated to the prevention and treatment of all respiratory diseases affecting infants, children and young adults.
This specialist is knowledgeable about the growth and development of the lung, assessment of respiratory function in infants and children, and experienced in a variety of invasive and noninvasive diagnostic techniques.</td><td>Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added; 7/1/2011: modified source]-br/>-br/>-Additional Resources: American Board of Pediatrics, 2007. http://www.abp.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Pediatrics, 2007. http://www.steopathic.org/certifications/tr-br/abr/Board extification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Pediatrics. Board certification for Doctors of Osteopathy (DOs) was provided by the American Osteopathic Board of Pediatrics. The Certification is no longer offered.</td></tr><tr><td>2080P0216X</td><td>Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians</td><td>Pediatrics</td><td>Pediatric Rheumatology</td><td>A pediatrician who treats diseases of joints, muscle, bones and tendons. A pediatric rheumatologist diagnoses and treats arthritis, back pain, muscle strains, common athletic injuries and " td=""><td>Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added] Additional Resources: American Board of Pediatrics, 2007. http://www.abp.org/. Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Pediatrics.</td>	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added] Additional Resources: American Board of Pediatrics, 2007. http://www.abp.org/. Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Pediatrics.
2080S0010X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Pediatrics	Sports Medicine	A pediatrician who is responsible for continuous care in the field of sports medicine, not only for the enhancement of health and fitness, but also for the prevention of injury and illness. A sports medicine physician must have knowledge and experience in the promotion of wellness and the prevention of injury. Knowledge about special areas of medicines such as exercise physiciogy, biomechanics, nutrition, psychology, physical rehabilitation, epidemiology, physical evaluation, injuries (treatment and prevention and referral practice) and the role of exercise in promoting a healthy fliestyle are essential to the practice of sports medicine. The sports medicine physician requires special education to provide the knowledge to improve the healthcare of the individual engaged in physical exercise (sports) whether as an individual or in team participation.	added, source added; 7/1/2011: modified source] source] *Str/>Additional Resources: American Board of Pediatrics, 2007. http://www.abp.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Pediatrics,	

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				A Pediatrician who practices Sleep Medicine is certified in the subspecialty of sleep medicine and specializes in the clinical assessment, physiologic testing, diagnosis, management and prevention of sleep and circadian rhythm disorders. Sleep specialists treat patients of any age and use multidisciplinary approaches. Disorders managed by sleep specialists include, but are not limited to, sleep related breathing disorders, insomnia, hypersomnias, circadian rhythm sleep fisorders, parasomnias	
2080S0012X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Pediatrics	Sleep Medicine	and sleep related movement disorders.	Source: American Academy of Sleep Medicine [7/1/2006: new]
2080T0002X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Pediatrics	Medical Toxicology	Medical toxicologists are physicians that specialize in the prevention, evaluation, treatment and monitoring of injury and illness from exposures to drugs and chemicals, as well as biological and radiological agents. Medical toxicologists care for people in clinical, academic, governmental and public health settings, and provide poison control center leadership. Important areas of medical toxicology include acute drug poisoning, adversed rug events, drug abuse, addiction and windrawal, chemicals and hazardous materials, terrorism preparedness, venomous bites and stings, and environmental and workplace exposures.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition changed, source added]. Additional Resources: American Board of Pediatrics, 2007. http://www.abm.org. [Sear detrification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Pediatrics. ACGMIE Accredited Residency Program Requirements: Medical Toxicotogy (EM) 2 years with 3-4 years Emergency Medicine for a total of 5-years; for Medical Toxicotogy (Preventive Medicine) 2 years with 3 years Preventive Medicine for a total of 5-years. Medical Toxicotogy (Pediatrics): None. ABMS Approved Subspecialty Certificates (Emergency Medicine) (Pediatrics) (Preventive Medicine)
2080T0004X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Pediatrics	Pediatric Transplant Hepatology	A pediatrician with expertise in transplant hepatology encompasses the special knowledge and skill required of pediatric gastroenterologists to care for patients prior to and following hepatic transplantation; it spans all phases of liver transplantation.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: new] Additional Resources; American Board of Pediatrics, 2007. http://www.abp.org/. Board certification for Medical Boctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Pediatrics.
208100000X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Physical Medicine & Rehabilitation	Toutes of Temperature Trapescondy	Physical medicine and rehabilitation, also referred to as rehabilitation medicine, is the medical specialty concerned with diagnosing, evaluating, and treating patients with physical disabilities. These disabilities may arise from conditions affecting the musculoskeletal system such as neck and back pain, sports injuries, or other painful conditions affecting the limbs, such as carpal turnel syndrome. Alternatively, the disabilities may result from neurological trauma or disease such as spinal cord injury, head injury or stroke. A physician certified in physical medicine and rehabilitation is often called a physiatrist. The primary goal of the physiatrist is to achieve maximal restoration of physical, psychological, social and vocational function through comprehensive rehabilitation. Pain management is often an important part of the role of the physiatrist. For diagnosis and	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added; 7/1/2011: modified source]-fbr/>-cbr/>-Additional Resources: American Board of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation, 2007. http://www.abpmr.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation, 2007. http://www.osteopathic.org/certification-fbr/>-cbr/>-br/>-Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation. Board certification for American Board of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation. Board certification
2081H0002X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Physical Medicine & Rehabilitation	Hospice and Pallistive Medicine	A physical medicine and rehabilitation physician with special knowledge and skills to prevent and relieve the suffering experienced by patients with life-limiting illnesses. This specialist works with an interdisciplinary hospice or palliative care team to maximize quality of life while addressing physical, psychological, social and spiritual needs of both patient and family throughout the course of the disease, through the dying process, and beyond for the family. This specialist has expertise in the assessment of patients with advanced disease; the relief of distressing symptoms; the coordination of interdisciplinary patient and family-centered care in diverse venues; the use of specialized care systems including hospice; the management of the imminently dying patient; and legal and ethicial decision making in end-d-life care.	Source: American Academy of Hospice and Palliative Medicine [1/1/2007: new]
2081N0008X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Physical Medicine & Rehabilitation	Neuromuscular Medicine	A physician who specializes in neuromuscular medicine possesses specialized knowledge in the science, clinical evaluation and management of these disorders. This encompasses the knowledge of the pathology, diagnosis and treatment of these disorders at a level that is significantly beyond the training and knowledge expected of a general neurologist, child neurologist or physiatrist.	
2081P0004X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Physical Medicine & Rehabilitation	Spinal Cord Injury Medicine	A physician who addresses the prevention, diagnosis, treatment and management of traumatic spinal cord injury and non-traumatic etiologies of spinal cord dysfunction by working in an interdisciplinary manner. Care is provided to patients of all ages on a lifelong basis and covers related medical, physical, psychological and vocational disabilities and complications.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition changed, source added] Additional Resources: American Board of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation, 2007. http://www.abpmr.org/. Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation. ACCME Accredited Residency Program Requirements: 1 year of training with 3-5 years in relevant specialty for a total of 4-6 years. ABMS Approved Subspecialty Certificate: (Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation)
2081P0010X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Physical Medicine & Rehabilitation	Pediatric Rehabilitation Medicine	A physiatrist who utilizes an interdisciplinary approach and addresses the prevention, diagnosis, treatment and management of congenital and childhood-onset physical impairments including related or secondary medical, physical, functional, psychosocial and vocational imitations or conditions, with an understanding of the life course of disability. This physician is trained in the identification of functional capabilities and selection of the best of rehabilitation intervention strategies, with an understanding of the continuum of care. A Brain Injury Medicine physician specializes in disorders of brain function due to injury and disease. These disorders	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [71/12007: definition changed, source added] Additional Resources: American Board of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation, 2007. http://www.abpmr.org/. Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation. A subspecialty certificate for PRM was approved by the ABMS in 1999. ACGME Accredited Residency Program Requirements: Early discussions underway
2081P0301X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Physical Medicine & Rehabilitation	Brain Injury Medicine	ne drain injury interaction prystical repeatables in user uses on user transcent use or injury and usease. These discusses encompass a range of medical, physical, neurologic, cognitive, sensory, and behavioral disorders that result in psychosocial, educational, and vocational consequences.	Source: American Board of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation, 2015 [1/1/2016: new]
2081P2900X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Physical Medicine & Rehabilitation	Pain Medicine	A physician who provides a high level of care, either as a primary physician or consultant, for patients experiencing problems with acute, chronic or cancer pain in both hospital and ambulatory settings. Patient care needs may also be coordinated with other specialists.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition changed, source changed] Additional Resources: American Board of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation, 2007. http://www.abpmr.org/. Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation. A subspecialty certificate was approved by the ABMS in 1999. ACGME Accredited Residency Program Requirements: Proposal under development.
2081S0010X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Physical Medicine & Rehabilitation	Sports Medicine	A physician who specializes in Sports Medicine is responsible for continuous care related to the enhancement of health and fitness as well as the prevention of injury and illness. The specialist possesses knowledge and experience in the promotion of wellness and the prevention of injury from many areas of medicine such as exercise physiciogy, biomechanics, nutrition, psychology, physical rehabilitation, epidemiology, physical evaluation and injuries. It is the goal of a Sports Medicine specialist to improve the healthcare of the individual engaged in physical exercise.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2009. www.abms.org [7/1/2009: definition added]
208200000X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Plastic Surgery		A plastic surgeon deals with the repair, reconstruction or replacement of physical defects of form or function involving the skin, musculoskeletal system, craniomaxillofacial structures, hand, extremities, breast and trunk and external genitalia or cosmetic enhancement of these areas of the body. Cosmetic surgery is an essential component of plastic surgery. The plastic surgeron uses cosmetic surgicial principles to both improve overall appearance and to optimize the outcome of reconstructive procedures. The surgeon uses aesthetic surgical principles not only to improve undesirable qualities of normal structures but in all reconstructive procedures as well.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007. definition added, source added]. Additional Resources: American Board of Plastic Surgery, 2007. http://www.abplsurg.org/. Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Plastic Surgery.

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2082S0099X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Plastic Surgery	Plastic Surgery Within the Head and Neck	A plastic surgeon with additional training in plastic and reconstructive procedures within the head, face, neck and associated structures, including outlaneous head and neck oncology and reconstruction, management of maxiliofacial trauma, soft tissue repair and neural surgery. The field is diverse and involves a wide age range of patients, from the newborn to the aged. While both cosmetic and reconstructive surgery is practiced, there are many additional procedures which interface with them.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition changed, source added] Additional Resources: American Board of Plastic Surgery, 2007. http://www.abplsurg.org/. Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Plastic Surgery. A subspecialty certificate was approved by the ABMS in 2000. ACGME Accredited Residency Program Requirements: None.
2082S0105X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Plastic Surgery	Surgery of the Hand	A plastic surgeon with additional training in the investigation, preservation, and restoration by medical, surgical and rehabilitative means of all structures of the upper extremity directly affecting the form and function of the hand and wrist.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added] Additional Resources: American Board of Plastic Surgery, 2007. http://www.abplsurg.org/. Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Plastic Surgery.
2083A0100X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Preventive Medicine		Aerospace medicine focuses on the clinical care, research, and operational support of the health, safety, and performance of crewmembers and passengers of air and space vehicles, together with the support personnel who assist operation of such vehicles. This population often works and lives in remote, isolated, extreme, or enclosed environments under conditions of physical and psychological stress. Practitioners strive for an optimal human-machine match in occupational settings rich with environmental hazards and engineering countermeasures.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org (7/1/2007: definition added, source added; 7/1/2011: modified source)-tr/>-br/>-Additional Resources: American Board of Preventive Medicine, 2007. http://www.abprevmed.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Preventive Medicine, 2007. http://www.osteopathic.org/certification-tr/>-br/>-br/>-br/>-dedicine, 2007. http://www.osteopathic.org/certification-tr/>-br/>-br/>-br/>-dedicine, 2007. http://www.osteopathic.org/certification-tr/>-br/>-br/>-br/>-br/>-br/>-br/>-br/>-b
2083B0002X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Preventive Medicine	Obesity Medicine	A physician who specializes in the treatment of obesity demonstrates competency in and a thorough understanding of the treatment of obesity and the genetic, biologic, environmental, social, and behavioral factors that contribute to obesity. The obesity medicine physician employs therapeutic interventions including diet, physical activity, behavioral change, and pharmacotherapy. The obesity medicine physician utilizes a comprehensive approach, and may include additional resources such as detitations, exercise physicologists, mental health professionals and beriatric surgeons as indicated to achieve optimal results. Additionally, the obesity medicine physician maintains competency in providing pre- peri- and post-surgical care of bariatric surgeop patients, promotes the prevention of obesity, and advocates for those who suffer from obesity.	Source: American Board of Obesity Medicine [7/1/2015: new] Additional Resource: American Society of Bariatric Physicians, www.asbp.org.
2083C0008X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Preventive Medicine	Clinical Informatics	Physicians who practice Clinical Informatics collaborate with other health care and information technology professionals to analyze, design, implement and evaluate information and communication systems that enhance individual and population health outcomes, improve patient care, and strengthen the clinician-patient relationship. Clinical Informaticians use their knowledge of patient care combined with their understanding of informatics concepts, methods, and tools to: assess information and knowledge needs of health care professionals and patients; characterize, evaluate, and refine clinical processes; develop, implement, and refine clinical decision support systems; and lead or participate in the procurement, customization, development implementation, management, evaluation, and continuous improvement of clinical information system (information system).	Source: The American Board of Preventive Medicine, 2013 [1/1/2014: new] Additional Resources: The American Board of Preventive Medicine, www.theabpm.org
2083P0011X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Preventive Medicine	Undersea and Hyperbaric Medicine	A specialist who treats decompression illness and diving accident cases and uses hyperbaric oxygen therapy to treat such conditions as carbon monoxide poisoning, gas gangrene, non-healing wounds, tissue damage from radiation and burns and bone infections. This specialist also serves as consultant to other physicians in all aspects of hyperbaric chamber operations and assesses risks and applies appropriate standards to prevent disease and disability in divers and other persons working in altered atmospheric conditions.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added] Additional Resources: American Board of Preventive Medicine, 2007. http://www.abprevmed.org/. Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Preventive Medicine.
2083P0500X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Preventive Medicine	Preventive Medicine/Occupational Environmental Medicine	A preventive medicine physician who specializes in preventive medicine/occupational-environmental medicine, which is focused on protecting the population from occupational and environmental conditions.	Source: National Uniform Claim Committee, 2009 [1/1/2010; definition added, source added] Additional Resources: A General Certificate is issued by the American Osteopathic Board of Preventive Medicine.
2083P0901X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Preventive Medicine	Public Health & General Preventive Medicine	Public health and general preventive medicine focuses on promoting health, preventing disease, and managing the health of communities and defined populations. These practitioners combine population-based public health skills with knowledge of primary, secondary, and tertiary prevention-oriented clinical practice in a wide variety of settings.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added; 7/1/2011: modified source]-br/>-br/>-Additional Resources: American Board of Preventive Medicine, 2007. http://www.abprevmed.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Preventive Medicine, 2007. http://www.osteopathic.org/certification-br/>-br/>-br/>-board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Preventive Medicine. Board certification for Doctors of Osteopathy (DOs) is provided by the American Osteopathic Board of Preventive Medicine.
2083S0010X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Preventive Medicine	Sports Medicine	A preventive medicine physician who specializes in the diagnosis and treatment of sports related conditions and injuries.	Source: National Uniform Claim Committee, 2009 [1/1/2010; definition added, source added] Additional Resources: A Certification of Added Qualifications (CAQ) is issued by the American Osteopathic Board of Preventive Medicine.
2083T0002X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Preventive Medicine	Medical Toxicology	Medical toxicologists are physicians who specialize in the prevention, evaluation, treatment and monitoring of injury and illness from exposures to drugs and chemicals, as well as biological and radiological agents. Medical toxicologists care for people in clinical, academic, governmental and public health settings, and provide poison control center leadership. Important areas of medical toxicology include acute drug poisoning, adverse drug events, drug abuse, addiction and withdrawal, chemicals and hazardous materials, terrorism preparedness, venomous bites and stings, and environmental and workplace exposures.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added] Additional Resources: American Board of Preventive Medicine, 2007. http://www.abprevmed.org/. Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Preventive Medicine.
2083X0100X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Preventive Medicine	Occupational Medicine	Occupational medicine focuses on the health of workers, including the ability to perform work; the physical, chemical, biological, and social environments of the workplace; and the health outcomes of environmental exposures. Practitioners in this field address the promotion of health in the work place, and the prevention and management of occupational and environmental injury, illness, and disability.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added] Additional Resources: American Board of Preventive Medicine, 2007. http://www.abprevmed.org/. Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Preventive Medicine.
2084A0401X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Psychiatry & Neurology	Addiction Medicine	A doctor of osteopathy board eligible/certified in the field of Psychiatry by the American Osteopathic Board of Neurology and Psychiatry is able to obtain a Certificate of Added Qualifications in the field of Addiction Medicine	Source: American Osteopathic Board of Neurology and Psychiatry, 2007 [1/1/2008: definition added, source added; 7/1/2011: modified source] http://www.osteopathic.org/certification
2084A2900X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Psychiatry & Neurology	Neurocritical Care	The medical subspecialty of Neurocritical Care is devoted to the comprehensive, multisystem care of the critically-ill neurological patient. Like other intensivists, the neuroindensivist generally assumes the primary role for coordinating the care of his or her patients in the ICU, both the neurological and medical management of the patient. They may also provide consultative services for these patients as requested within the health system.	Source: Adapted from the United Council for Neurologic Subspecialties website definition at: http://www.ucns.org/go/subspecialty/neurocritical [7/1/2016: new] Additional Resources: Additional Resources: National Board for Certification of Orthopaedic Assistants
2084B0002X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Psychiatry & Neurology Psychiatry &	Obesity Medicine	A physician who specializes in the treatment of obesity demonstrates competency in and a thorough understanding of the treatment of obesity and the genetic, biologic, environmental, social, and behavioral factors that contribute to obesity. The obesity medicine physician employs therapeutic interventions including diet, physicial activity, behavioral change, and pharmacotherapy. The obesity medicine physician utilizes a comprehensive approach, and may include additional resources such as dietitians, exercise physicologists, mental health professionals and bariatric surgeons as indicated to achieve optimal results. Additionally, the obesity medicine physician maintains competency in providing pre- peri- and post-surgical care of bariatris surgeon patients, promotes the prevention of obesity, and advocates for those who suffer from obesity. Behavioral Neurology & Neuropsychiatry is a medical subspecialty involving the diagnosis and treatment of neurologically based	Source: American Board of Obesity Medicine [7/1/2015: title and definition modified] Additional Resource: American Society of Bartatric Physicians, www.asbp.org. Source: National Uniform Claim Committee, [1/1/2012: new] Additional Resources: American
2084B0040X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Neurology	Behavioral Neurology & Neuropsychiatry	behavioral issues.	Academy of Neurology, www.aan.com.

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2084D0003X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Psychiatry & Neurology	Diagnostic Neuroimaging	A licensed physician, who has completed a residency program in Neurology, and who has additional training, experience, and competence in the standards of performance and interpretation of Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI / MRA) of the head, spine, and peripheral nerves, and Computed Tomography (CT) of the head and spine. Physicians are trained in the administration of contrast media. And the recognition and treatment of adverse reactions to contrast media. Autorizinging training encompasses thorough knowledge of clinical neurology, neurophysiology, neuroanatomy, neurochemistry, neuropharmacology, and dynamics of cerebrospinal fluid circulation. Physicians possess special expertise in the technical sapects and clinical applications of each of the modalities and techniques of neuromaging.	Source: American Academy of Neurology [1/1/2007: new]
				Forensic Psychiatry is a subspecialty with psychiatric focus on interrelationships with civil, criminal and administrative law,	7 37.0
		Psychiatry &		evaluation and specialized treatment of individuals involved with the legal system, incarcerated in jails, prisons, and forensic	
2084F0202X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Neurology	Forensic Psychiatry	psychiatry hospitals.	Source: The American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology, Inc. [1/1/2007: new definition]
2084H0002X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Psychiatry & Neurology	Hospice and Palliative Medicine	A psychiatrist or neurologist with special knowledge and skills to prevent and relieve the suffering experienced by patients with life-limiting illnesses. This specialist works with an interdisciplinary hospice or palliative care team to maximize quality of life while addressing physical, psychological, social and spiritual needs of both patient and family throughout the course of the disease, through the dying process, and beyond for the family. This specialist has expertise in the assessment of teather with advanced disease; the relief of distressing symptoms; the coordination of interdisciplinary patient and family-centered care in diverse venues; the use of specialized care systems including hospice; the management of the imminently dying patient; and lead and ethical decision makino in end-of-life care.	Source: American Academy of Hospice and Palliative Medicine [1/1/2007: new]
2004110002X	Aliquatile & Osteopatile Physicians		riospice and Palliative Medicine	A neurologist or child neurologist who specializes in the diagnosis and management of disorders of nerve, muscle or neuromuscular junction, including amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, peripheral neuropathies (e.g., diabetic and immune mediated neuropathies), various muscular dystrophies, congenital and acquired myopathies, inflammatory myopathies (e.g., polymyositis, produced in the control of	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: new] Additional Resources: American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology, 2007.
2084N0008X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Psychiatry & Neurology	Neuromuscular Medicine	inclusion body myositis) and neuromuscular transmission disorders (e.g., myasthenia gravis, Lambert-Eaton myasthenic syndrome)	http://www.abpn.org/. Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology
20041100000	Allopatific & Osteopatific Friystolaris	rectrology	Neuromascalar Medicine	Syndrono).	Afficican board of 1 Sychiatry and Neurology
		Psychiatry &		A Neurologist specializes in the diagnosis and treatment of diseases or impaired function of the brain, spinal cord, peripheral	
2084N0400X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Neurology Psychiatry &	Neurology Neurology with Special Qualifications in	nerves, muscles, autonomic nervous system, and blood vessels that relate to these structures. Child A Child Neurologist specializes in neurology with special skills in diagnosis and treatment of neurologic disorders of the neonatal	Source: The American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology, Inc. [1/1/2007: new definition]
2084N0402X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Neurology	Neurology with Special Qualifications in	period, infancy, early childhood, and adolescence.	Source: The American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology, Inc. [1/1/2007: new definition]
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2084N0600X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Psychiatry & Neurology	Clinical Neurophysiology	Clinical Neurophysiology is a subspecialty with psychiatric or neurologic expertise in the diagnosis and management of central, peripheral, and autonomic nervous system disorders using combined clinical evaluation and electrophysiologic testing such as electroencephalography (EEG), electromyography (EMG), and nerve conduction studies (NC).	
2084P0005X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Psychiatry & Neurology	Neurodevelopmental Disabilities	A pediatrician or neurologist who specializes in the diagnosis and management of chronic conditions that affect the developing and mature nervous system such as cerebral palsy, mental retardation and chronic behavioral syndromes, or neurologic conditions.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition changed, source added] Additional Resources: American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology, 2007. http://www.abpn.org/. Beard certification for Medical Doctors (Mbp) is provided by the American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology. A subspecialty certificate for NDN was approved by the ABMS in 1999. ACGME Accredited Residency Program Requirements: Ongoing early discussions regarding proposal.
2084P0015X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Psychiatry & Neurology	Psychosomatic Medicine	Psychosomatic Medicine is subspecially in the diagnosis and treatment of psychiatric disorders and symptoms in complex medically ill patients. This subspecialty includes treatment of patients with acute or chronic medical, neurological, obstetrial or surgical times in which psychiatric illness is a felticing their medical care and/or quality of fire such as HIV infection, organ transplantation, heart disease, renal failure, cancer, stroke, traumatic brain injury, hiph-risk pregnancy and COPD, among others. Patients also may be those who have a psychiatric disorder that is the direct consequence of a primary medical condition, or a somatoform disorder or psychological factors affecting a general medical condition. Psychiatrists specializing in Psychosomatic Medicine provide consultation-lisison services in general medical hospitals, attend on medical psychiatry inpatient units, and provide collaborative care in primary acrea and other outpatient settings.	Source: The American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology, Inc. [1/1/2007: new]
		Psychiatry &		A Brain Injury Medicine physician specializes in disorders of brain function due to injury and disease. These disorders encompass a range of medical, physical, neurologic, cognitive, sensory, and behavioral disorders that result in psychosocial,	
2084P0301X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Neurology	Brain Injury Medicine	educational, and vocational consequences.	Source: American Board of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation, 2015 [1/1/2016: new]
2084P0800X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Psychiatry & Neurology	Psychiatry	A Psychiatrist specializes in the prevention, diagnosis, and treatment of mental disorders, emotional disorders, psychotic disorders, mood disorders, anxiety disorders, substance-related disorders, sexual and gender identity disorders and adjustment disorders. Biologic, psychological, and social components of ilinesses are explored and understood in treatment of the whole person. Tools used may include diagnostic laboratory tests, prescribed medications, evaluation and treatment of psychological and interpersonal problems with individuals and families, and intervention for coping with stress, crises, and other problems.	Source: The American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology, Inc. [1/1/2007: new definition]
2084P0802X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Psychiatry & Neurology	Addiction Psychiatry	Addiction Psychiatry is a subspecialty of psychiatry that focuses on evaluation and treatment of individuals with alcohol, drug, or other substance-related disorders, and of individuals with dual diagnosis of substance-related and other psychiatric disorders.	Source: The American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology, Inc. [1/1/2007: new definition]
		Psychiatry &		Child & Adolescent Psychiatry is a subspecialty of psychiatry with additional skills and training in the diagnosis and treatment of	
2084P0804X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Neurology	Child & Adolescent Psychiatry	developmental, behavioral, emotional, and mental disorders of childhood and adolescence.	Source: The American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology, Inc. [1/1/2007: new definition]
2084P0805X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Psychiatry & Neurology	Geriatric Psychiatry	Geriatric Psychiatry is a subspecialty with psychiatric expertise in prevention, evaluation, diagnosis and treatment of mental and emotional disorders in the elderly, and improvement of psychiatric care for healthy and ill elderly patients.	Source: The American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology, Inc. [1/1/2007: new definition]
2084P2900X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Psychiatry & Neurology	Pain Medicine	A neurologist, child neurologists or psychiatrist who provides a high level of care, either as a primary physician or consultant, for patients experiencing problems with acute, chronic or cancer pain in both hospital and ambulatory settings. Patient care needs may also be coordinated with other specialists.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition changed, source added] Additional Resources: American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology, 2007. http://www.abpn.org/. Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology. A subspecialty certificate was approved by ABMS in 1998. ACGME Accredited Residency Program Requirements: None.
2084S0010X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Psychiatry & Neurology	Sports Medicine	A psychiatrist or neurologist who specializes in the diagnosis and treatment of sports related conditions and injuries.	Source: National Uniform Claim Committee, 2009 [1/1/2010: definition added, source added] Additional Resources: A Certification of Added Qualifications (CAQ) was, but is no longer issued by the American Osteopathic Board of Neurology and Psychiatry.
2084S0012X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Psychiatry & Neurology	Sleep Medicine	A Psychiatrist or Neurologist who practices Sleep Medicine is certified in the subspecialty of sleep medicine and specializes in the clinical assessment, physiologic testing, diagnosis, management and prevention of sleep and circadian rhythm disorders. Sleep specialists treat patients of any age and use multidisciplinary approaches. Disorders managed by sleep specialists include, but are not limited to, sleep related breathing disorders, insomnia, hypersomnias, circadian rhythm sleep disorders, parasomnias and sleep related movement disorders.	Source: American Academy of Sleep Medicine [7/1/2006: new]

				Vascular Neurology is a subspecialty in the evaluation, prevention, treatment and recovery from vascular diseases of the	
		Psychiatry &		nervous system. This subspecialty includes the diagnosis and treatment of vascular events of arterial or venous origin from a large number of causes that affect the brain or spinal cord such as ischemic stroke, intracranial hemorrhage, spinal cord	
2084V0102X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Neurology	Vascular Neurology	ischemia and spinal cord hemorrhage.	Source: The American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology, Inc. [1/1/2007: new definition]
					Source: National Uniform Claim Committee, 2008 [7/1/2008: definiton added, source added] Additional Resources: The American Osteopathic Board of Radiology no longer offers a
2085B0100X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Radiology	Body Imaging	A Radiology doctor of Osteopathy that specializes in Body Imaging.	certificate in this specialty.
				A licensed physician, who has completed a residency program in Neurology, and who has additional training, experience, and competence in the standards of performance and interpretation of Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI/ MRA) of the head, spine, and peripheral nerves, and Computed Tomography (CT) of the head and spine. Physicians are trained in the administration of contrast media and the recognition and treatment of adverse reactions to contrast media. Neuroimaging training encompasses thorough knowledge of clinical neurology, neurophysiology, neuroanatomy, neurochemistry, neuropharmacology, and dynamics of cerebrospinal fluid circulation. Physicians possess special expertise in the technical	
2085D0003X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Radiology	Diagnostic Neuroimaging	aspects and clinical applications of each of the modalities and techniques of neuroimaging.	Source: American Academy of Neurology [1/1/2007: new]
2085H0002X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Radiology	Hospice and Palliative Medicine	A radiologist with special knowledge and skills to prevent and relieve the suffering experienced by patients with life-limiting illnesses. This specialist works with an interdisciplinary hospice or palliative care team to maximize quality of life while addressing physical, psychological, social and spiritual needs of both patient and family throughout the course of the disease, through the dying process, and beyond for the family. This specialist has expertise in the assessment of patient advanced disease; the relief of distressing symptoms; the coordination of interdisciplinary patient and family-centered care in diverse venues; the use of specialized care systems including hospice; the management of the imminently dying patient; and legal and ethical decision making in end-of-life care.	Source: American Academy of Hospice and Palliative Medicine [1/1/2007: new]
20001100027					[]
2085N0700X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Radiology	Neuroradiology	A radiologist who diagnoses and treats diseases utilizing imaging procedures as they relate to the brain, spine and spinal cord, head, neck and organs of special sense in adults and children.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added; 7/1/2011: modified source] http://www.theabr.org/ . American Osteopathic Board of Radiology, 2007. http://www.osteopathic.org/certification-to/r>-bor/>-bor/>-bor/>-bor/-board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Radiology, Board certification for Doctors of Osteopathy (DOs) is provided by the American Osteopathic Board of Radiology.
2085N0904X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Radiology	Nuclear Radiology	A radiologist who is involved in the analysis and imaging of radionuclides and radiolabeled substances in vitro and in vivo for diagnosis and the administration of radionuclides and radiolabeled substances for the treatment of disease.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added; 7/1/2011: modified source]-br/>-br/>-br/>-Additional Resources: American Board of Radiology, 2007. http://www.theabr.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Radiology, 2007. http://www.osteopathic.org/cerfication-br/>-br/>-br/>-Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Radiology. Board certification for Doctors of Osteopathy (DOs) is provided by the American Osteopathic Board of Radiology.
2085P0229X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Radiology	Pediatric Radiology	A radiologist who is proficient in all forms of diagnostic imaging as it pertains to the treatment of diseases in the newborn, infant, child and adolescent. This specialist has knowledge of both imaging and interventional procedures related to the care and management of diseases of children. A pediatric radiologist must be highly knowledgeable of all organ systems as they relate to growth and development, congenital malformations, diseases peculiar to infants and children and diseases that begin in childrood but cause substantial residual impairment in adulthood.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added, 7/1/2011: modified source] <a br="" br<="" href="https://doi.org/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>A radiologist who deals with the therapeutic applications of radiant energy and its modifiers and the study and management of</td><td>Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added; 7/1/2011: modified source]
2085R0001X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Radiology	Radiation Oncology	disease, especially malignant tumors.	Osteopathic Board of Radiology, 2007. http://www.osteopathic.org/certification
2085R0202X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Radiology	Diagnostic Radiology	A radiologist who utilizes x-ray, radionuclides, ultrasound and electromagnetic radiation to diagnose and treat disease.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added; 7/1/2011: modified source]+br/>-br/br/Additional Resources: American Board of Radiology, 2007. http://www.theabr.org/. American Osteopathic Doard of Radiology, 2007. http://www.osteopathic.org/certification-br/>-br/>-br/>-Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Radiology, Board certification for Doctors of Osteopathy (DOs) is provided by the American Osteopathic Board of Radiology.
2085R0203X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Radiology	Therapeutic Radiology	Definition to come	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition
2085R0204X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Radiology	Vascular & Interventional Radiology	A radiologist who diagnoses and treats diseases by various radiologic imaging modalities. These include fluoroscopy, digital radiography, computed tomography, sonography and magnetic resonance imaging.	added, source added] Additional Resources: American Board of Radiology, 2007. http://www.theabr.org/. Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Radiology.
		3,		A radiological physicist deals with the diagnostic and therapeutic applications of roentgen rays, gamma rays from sealed sources, ultrasonic radiation and radio-frequency radiation, as well as the equipment associated with their production and use,	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added] Additional Resources: American Board of Radiology, 2007. http://www.lheabr.org/. Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the
2085R0205X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Radiology	Radiological Physics	including radiation safety.	American Board of Radiology. Source: National Uniform Claim Committee, 2008 [7/1/2008: definition added, source added] Additional Resources: The American Osteopathic Board of Radiology no longer offers a certificate in this specialty. [Note: In medical practice, Diagnostic Ultrasound is part of the scope of training and practice of a Diagnostic Radiologists – see Taxonomy Code.
2085U0001X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Radiology	Diagnostic Ultrasound	A Radiology doctor of Osteopathy that specializes in Diagnostic Ultrasound.	2085R0202X.]
208600000X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Surgery		A general surgeon has expertise related to the diagnosis - preoperative, operative and postoperative management - and management of complications of surgical conditions in the following areas: alimentary tract; abdomen; breast, skin and soft tissue; endocrine system, head and neck surgery, reglation surgery; surgical cortical care; surgical conclogy; trauma and burns; and vascular surgery. General surgeons increasingly provide care through the use of minimally invasive and endoscopic techniques. Many general surgeons also possess expertise in transplantation surgery, plastic surgery and cardiothoracic surgery.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added; 7/1/2011: modified source]×br3-v5r3-Additional Resources: American Board of Surgery, 2007. http://www.absurgery.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Surgery, 2007. http://www.osteopathic.org/certification-vbr3-bard certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Surgery. Board certification for Doctors of Osteopathy (DOs) is provided by the American Osteopathic Board of Surgery.

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				A surgeon with special knowledge and skills to prevent and relieve the suffering experienced by patients with life-limiting illnesses. This specialist works with an interdisciplinary hospice or palliative care team to maximize quality of life while addressing physical, psychological, social and spiritual needs of both patient and family throughbout the course of the disease, through the dying process, and beyond for the family. This specialist has expertise in the assessment of patients with advanced disease; the relief of distressing symptoms; the coordination of interdisciplinary patient and family-centered care in inderse venues; the use of specialized care systems including hospice; the management of the imminently dying patient; and legal and	
2086H0002X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Surgery	Hospice and Palliative Medicine	ethical decision making in end-of-life care.	Source: American Academy of Hospice and Palliative Medicine [1/1/2007: new]
2086S0102X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Surgery	Surgical Critical Care	A surgeon with expertise in the management of the critically ill and postoperative patient, particularly the trauma victim, who specializes in critical care medicine diagnoses, treats and supports patients with multiple organ dysfunction. This specialist may have administrative responsibilities for intensive care units and may also facilitate and coordinate patient care among the primary physiciant, the critical care staff and other specialists.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added; 7/1/2011: modified source]>tr)>-tr)>Additional Resources: American Board of Surgery, 2007. http://www.absurgery.org/ American Osteopathic Board of Surgery, 2007. http://www.osteopathic.org/certification<-tr> (MDS) is provided by the American Board of Surgery. Board certification for Doctors of Osteopathy (DOs) is provided by the American Osteopathic Board of Surgery.
					Source American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added] Additional Resources: American Board of Surgery, 2007. http://www.absurgery.org/. Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the
2086S0105X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Surgery	Surgery of the Hand	structures of the upper extremity directly affecting the form and function of the hand and wrist.	American Board of Surgery. Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added] Additional Resources: American Board of Surgery, 2007.
2086S0120X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Surgery	Pediatric Surgery	A surgeon with expertise in the management of surgical conditions in premature and newborn infants, children and adolescents.	
2086S0122X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Surgery	Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery	A surgeon who specializes in plastic and reconstructive surgery.	Source: National Uniform Claim Committee, 2009 [1/1/2010: definition added, source added] Additional Resources: A General Certificate is issued by the American Osteopathic Board of Surgery.
2086S0127X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Surgery	Trauma Surgery	Trauma surgery is a recognized subspecialty of general surgery. Trauma surgeons are physicians who have completed a five- year general surgery residency and usually continue with a one to two year fellowship in trauma and/or surgical critical care, typically leading to additional board certification in surgical critical care. There is no trauma surgery board certification at this point. To obtain board certification in surgical critical care, a fellowship in surgical critical care or anesthesiology critical care must be completed during or after general surgery residency.	Source: American Board of Surgery, 2007 [1/1/2008: definition added, source added] Additional Resources: http://www.absurgery.org/.
2086S0129X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Surgery	Vascular Surgery	A surgeon with expertise in the management of surgical disorders of the blood vessels, excluding the intracranial vessels or the heart.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added; 7/1/2011: modified source]>tr)>-tr)>Additional Resources: American Board of Surgery, 2007. http://www.absurgery.org/. American Osteopathic Board of Surgery. 2007. http://www.osteopathic.org/certification<-tr> 2007. http://www.osteopathic.org/certification<-tr> 50 provided by the American Board of Surgery. Board certification for Doctors of Osteopathy (DOs) is provided by the American Osteopathic Board of Surgery.
2086X0206X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Surgery	Surgical Oncology	A surgical oncologist is a well-qualified surgeon who has obtained additional training and experience in the multidisciplinary approach to the prevention, diagnosis, treatment, and rehabilitation of cancer patients, and devotes a major portion of his or her professional practice to these activities and cancer research.	Source: Society of Surgical Oncology, 2007 [1/1/2008: definition added, source added, 7/1/2009: definition reformatted] Additional Resources: http://www.surgonc.org/; American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007, www.abms.org; American Board of Surgery, 2007, http://www.absurgery.org/ Surgical oncology is a recognized fellowship subspecialty program of surgery. Separate board certification is not currently offered.
208800000X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Urology	3,	A urologist manages benign and malignant medical and surgical disorders of the genitourinary system and the adrenal gland. This specialist has comprehensive knowledge of and skills in endoscopic, percutaneous and open surgery of congenital and acquired conditions of the urinary and reproductive systems and their contiguous structures.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added] Additional Resources: American Board of Urology, 2007. http://www.abu.org/. Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Urology.
2088F0040X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Urology	Female Pelvic Medicine and Reconstructive Surgery	A subspecialist in Female Pelvic Medicine and Reconstructive Surgery is a physician in Urology or Obstetrics and Gynecology who, by virtue of education and training, is prepared to provide consultation and comprehensive management of women with complex benign pelvic conditions, lower urinary tract disorders, and pelvic floor dysfunction. Comprehensive management includes those diagnostic and therapeutic procedures necessary for the total care of the patient with these conditions and complications resulting from them.	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2011. [1/1/2012: new] Resources: www.abms.org
2088P0231X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Urology	Pediatric Urology	Surgeons who can diagnose, treat, and manage children's urinary and genital problems. A pediatric urologist devotes a minimum of 50% of his or her practice to the urologic problems of infants, children, and adolescents. Pediatric urologists generally provide the following services: the evaluation and management of voiding disorders; vesicoureteral reflux, and urinary tract infections that require surgery, surgical reconstruction of the unimary tract (kindenys, ureters, and biadder) including gental abnormalities, hypospadias, and intersex conditions; surgery for groin conditions in childhood and adolescence (undescended testes, hydrocelehrmia, variocoele).	Source: American Academy of Pediatrics [7/1/2006: new]
208C00000X 208D00000X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Colon & Rectal Surgery General Practice		A colon and rectal surgeon is trained to diagnose and treat various diseases of the intestinal tract, colon, rectum, anal canal and	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: added definition, added source] Additional Resources: American Board of Colon and Rectal Surgery, 2007. http://www.abcrs.org/. Board certification for Medical Doctors (Mbs) is provided by the American Board of Colon and Rectal Surgery. Colon and rectal surgeons have the expertise to diagnose and often manage anorectal conditions such as hemorrhoids, fissures (painful tears in the anal lining), abscesses and fistules (infections located around the anus and rectum) in the office settling. They also treat problems of the intestine and colon, and perform endoscopic procedures to evaluate and treat problems such as cancer, polyps (precancerous growths) and inflammatory conditions.
208G00000X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Thoracic Surgery (Cardiothoracic Vascular Surgery)		A thoracic surgeon provides the operative, perioperative and critical care of patients with pathologic conditions within the chest. Included is the surgical care of coronary artery disease, cancers of the lung, esophagus and chest wall, abnormalities of the	Source: American Board of Medical Specialties, 2007. www.abms.org [7/1/2007: definition added, source added] Additional Resources: American Board of Thoracic Surgery, 2007. http://www.abis.org/. Board certification for Medical Doctors (MDs) is provided by the American Board of Thoracic Surgery. Thoracic surgeons have the knowledge, experience and technical skills to accurately diagnose, operate upon safely, and effectively manage patients with thoracic diseases of the chest. This requires substantial knowledge of cardiorespiratory physiology and oncology, as well as capability in the use of heart assist devices, management of ahormal heart rhythms and drainage of the chest cavity, respiratory support systems, endoscopy and invasive and noninvasive diagnostic techniques.

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208M00000X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Hospitalist		Hospitalists are physicians whose primary professional focus is the general medical care of hospitalized patients. Their activities include patient care, teaching, research, and leadership related to Hospital Medicine. The term 'hospitalist' refers to physicians whose practice emphasizes providing care for hospitalized patients.	Source: American Society of Hospital Medicine, 2007. http://www.hospitalmedicine.org/ [7/1/2009: definition aded]. Additional Resources: Hospitalist is a recognized fellowship specialty program offered by many medical institutions. There is no board certification for the specialty at this point.
208U00000X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Clinical Pharmacology		Clinical pharmacology encompasses the spectrum of activities related to the discovery, development, regulation, and utilization of safe and effective drugs.	Source: American Society for Clinical Pharmacology and Therapeutics, 2008 [7/1/2008: modified definition] Additional Resources: Clinical pharmacology is a recognized fellowship program for physicians, pharmacists, and post-doctoral researchers delivered through medical education institutions accredited by the American Board of Clinical Pharmacology, http://www.ascpt.org/; American Board of Clinical Pharmacology http://www.ascpt.org/; American Board of Clinical Pharmacology http://www.ascpt.org/; American Board of Clinical Pharmacology http://www.ascpt.org/s.merican.pdf
208VP0000X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Pain Medicine	Pain Medicine	Pain Medicine is a primary medical specialty based on a distinct body of knowledge and a well-defined scope of clinical practice that is founded on science, research and education. It is concerned with the study of pain, the prevention of pain, and the evaluation, treatment, and rehabilitation of persons in pain. A comprehensive evaluation incorporates the physical, psychological, cognitive and socio-cultural contributions to pain. The treatment protocol may include pharmacological, invasive, behavioral, cognitive, rehabilitative and complementary strategies provided in a concurrent focused and patient specific manner. The pain medicine physician often serves the patient as a frontline physician regarding their pain, but also may serve as a consultant to other physicians, direct an interdisciplinary/imultifisciplinary treatment team, conduct research, or advocate for the patient's pain care with public and private agencies. The Pain Medicine physician may work in variety of settings including office, clinic, hospital, university, or governmental/public agencies.	Source: American Academy of Pain Medicine The American Board of Pain Medicine provides Board Certification.
206VP0000X	Allopatric & Osteopatric Physicians	r aiii ivieulciile	Pail Wedicine	Interventional Pain Medicine is the discipline of medicine devoted to the diagnosis and treatment of pain and related disorders	Board Certification.
				principally with the application of interventional techniques in managing subacute, chronic, persistent, and intractable pain,	
208VP0014X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Pain Medicine	Interventional Pain Medicine	independently or in conjunction with other modalities of treatment.	
209800000X	Allopathic & Osteopathic Physicians	Legal Medicine		Legal Medicine is a special field of medicine that focuses on various aspects of medicine and law. Historically, the practice of legal medicine made contributions to medicine as a scientific instrument to solve criminal perplexities. Since World War II, the domain of legal medicine has broadened to include not only aspects of medical science to solve legal and criminal problems but aspects of law as it applies to medicine. Legal Medicine confinues to grow as medicolegal issues like medical malpractice and liability, government regulation of health care, issues of tort reform, and moral and official complexies presented by technological advances become increasingly prominent. Many medical schools have implemented courses which supply medicolegal instruction for medical students, and many law schools now offer medicolegal courses. Also, dual degree programs in law and medicine have been created to assist physicians to bridge the gap between medicine and the law.	Source: American Board of Legal Medicine 08/1992 [7/1/2009: definition reformatted] Additional Resources: Training Programs, and/or Fellowships, Preceptorships: Certification available through the American Board of Legal Medicine. ACGME Accredited Residency Program Requirements: None.
211D00000X	Podiatric Medicine & Surgery Service Providers	Assistant, Podiatric		An individual who assists a podiatrist in tasks, such as exposing and developing x-rays; taking and recording patient histories; assisting in biomechanical evaluations and negative castings; preparing and sterilizing instruments and equipment; providing the patient with postoperative instructions; applying surgical dressings; preparing the patient for treatment, padding, and strapping; and performing routine office procedures.	Source: (1) Lexikon: Dictionary of Health Care Terms, Organizations and Acronyms for the Era of Reform, The Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations, Oakbrook Terrace, Illinois: 1994, p. 622.
213E00000X	Podiatric Medicine & Surgery Service Providers	Podiatrist		A podiatrist is a person qualified by a Doctor of Podiatric Medicine (D.P.M.) degree, licensed by the state, and practicing within the scope of that license. Podiatrists diagnose and treat foot diseases and deformities. They perform medical, surgical and other operative procedures, prescribe corrective devices and prescribe and administer drugs and physical therapy.	
213EG0000X	Podiatric Medicine & Surgery Service Providers	Podiatrist	General Practice		[7/1/2006: marked inactive, use value 213E00000X]
213EP0504X	Podiatric Medicine & Surgery Service Providers	Podiatrist	Public Medicine	Definition to come	
213EP1101X	Podiatric Medicine & Surgery Service Providers	Podiatrist	Primary Podiatric Medicine	Definition to come	
213ER0200X	Podiatric Medicine & Surgery Service Providers	Podiatrist Podiatrist	Radiology Sports Medicine	Definition to come Definition to come	
213ES0000X 213ES0103X	Podiatric Medicine & Surgery Service Providers Podiatric Medicine & Surgery Service Providers	Podiatrist	Foot & Ankle Surgery	Definition to come	
213ES0131X	Podiatric Medicine & Surgery Service Providers	Podiatrist	Foot Surgery	Definition to come	
221700000X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Art Therapist	<i>y</i>	(1) An individual who uses art to achieve the therapeutic goals of symptom relief, emotional integration, and recovery from or adjustment to iliness or disability. (2) An art therapist uses a form of treatment that enables patients with mental or physical disabilities to use art as a way of expressing and dealing with feelings and inner conflicts. (3) An individual who uses arts modalities and creative processes during intertional intervention in therapeutic, rehabilitative, community, or educational settings to foster health, communication, and expression; promote the integration of physical, emotional, cognitive, and social functioning; enhance self-awareness; and facilitate change.	Source: (1) Lexikon: Dictionary of Health Care Terms, Organizations and Acronyms for the Era of Reform, The Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations, Oakbrook Terrace, Illinois: 1994, p. 107. (2) Art Therapy Program, Marymount College, Tarrytown, NY (3) National Coalition of Arts
222Q00000X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Developmental Therapist		A Developmental Therapist is a person qualified by completion of an approved program in Developmental Therapy and where applicable credentialed by the state and practicing within the scope of the credential, or credentialed by completion of education experiences as approved by the state and practicing within the scope of that credential or, where state credentialing does not exist, certified by the Board of the Developmental Therapy Association. A developmental therapist evaluates children's global development in order to identify areas of developmental delay whether arising from physiological, neurological, or environmental factors, or a combination of factors; and designs, implements, and modifies therapeutic interventions for the child and the family to promote the child's acquisition of skills in a variety of developmental areas, including cognitive processes and social interaction in order to maximize functional independence and developmental homeostasis, and improve the quality of life at home and in the community, and provides consultation for the parents and other professionals working with the family on global development.	Source: The Illinois Developmental Therapists Association [1/1/2007: new]
222Z00000X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Orthotist		A health care professional who is specifically educated and trained to manage comprehensive orthotic patient care, including musculoskeletal and neuromuscular anomalies resulting from injuries or disease processes involving the lower extremity, upper extremity or spinal segment/s and positional deformation of the cranium. Orthotists assess specific patient needs, formulate an appropriate treatment plan, implement the treatment plan and provide follow-up care.	Source: American Board for Certification in Orthodics. Prosthetics, and Pedorthics, Inc. [71/12010: modified, 71/12013: modified, additional Resources: American Board for Certification in Orthodics, Prosthetics and Pedorthics, Inc., www.abcop.org and Board of Certification/Accreditation, International, www.bocusa.org.
224900000X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Mastectomy Fitter		An individual trained in the fitting and adjusting of breast prostheses and management of post-mastectomy prostheses services.	Source: National Uniform Claim Committee [7/1/2010: new] Additional Resources: American Board for Certification in Orthotics, Prosthetics and Pedorthics, Inc., www.abcop.org and Board of Certification/Accreditation, International, www.bocusa.org.
224L00000X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Pedorthist		An individual who is trained in the management and treatment of conditions of the foot, ankle, and lower extremities requiring fitting, fabricating, and adjusting of pedorthic devices.	Source: National Uniform Claim Committee [7/1/2010: new] Additional Resources: American Board for Certification in Orthotics, Prosthetics and Pedorthics, Inc., www.abcop.org and Board of Certification/Accreditation, International, www.bocusa.org.

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224P00000X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Prosthetist		A health care professional who is specifically educated and trained to manage comprehensive prosthetic patient care for individuals who have sustained complete or partial limb loss or absence. Prosthetists assess specific patient needs, formulate an appropriate treatment plan and provide follow-up care.	Source: American Board for Certification in Orthotics, Prosthetics, and Pedorthics, Inc. [71/12010: modified, 71/12013: modified] Additional Resources: American Board for Certification in Orthotics, Prosthetics and Pedorthics, Inc., www.abcop.org and Board of Certification/Accreditation, International, www.bocusa.org.
224Y00000X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Clinical Exercise Physiologist		A Clinical Exercise Physiologist is a health care professional who is trained to work with patients with chronic disease where exercise training has been shown to be of therapeutic benefit; including but not limited to cardiovascular and pulmonary disease, and metabolic disorders.	Source: What is a Clinical Exercise Physiologist? Clinical Exercise Physiology Association (CEPA), CEPA Executive Board, 2008
224Z00000X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Occupational Therapy Assistant		An occupational therapy assistant is a person who has graduated from an occupational therapy assistant program accredited by the Accreditation Council for Occupational Therapy Education (ACOTE) or predecessor organizations, has successfully completed a period of supervised fieldwork experience required by the accredited occupational therapy assistant program, has passed a nationally recognized entry-level examination for occupational therapy assistants, and fuffilist state requirements for licensure, certification, or registration. An occupational therapy assistant provides interventions under the supervision of an occupational therapist which emphasize the therapeutic use of everylay life activities (e. occupations) with individuals or groups for the purpose of facilitating participation in roles and situations and in home, school, workplace, community and other settings. Occupational therapy services are provided for the purpose of promoting health and wellness and are provided to those who have or are at risk for developing an illness, injury, disease, disorder, condition, impairment, disability, activity limitation, or participation restriction. Occupational therapy assistants address the physical, cognitive, psychosocial, sensory, and other aspects of occupational performance in a variety of contexts to support engagement in everyday life activities that affect health, well-being, and quality of life.	Source: The Guide to Occupational Therapy Practice, 2nd edition. Bethesda: American Occupational Therapy Association, 2007. [7/1/2008: definition changed, source changed]
224ZE0001X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Occupational Therapy Assistant	Environmental Modification	Occupational therapy assistants provide environmental modifications under the supervision of an occupational therapist. OTAs develop and implement an individualized occupational therapy environmental modification plan that reflects the relevant contexts	Source: The Guide to Occupational Therapy Practice, 2nd edition. Bethesda: American Occupational Therapy Association, 2007, 17/1/2005. newly Additional Records: The American Occupational Therapy Association (AOTa) does offer voluntary specialty certification for an Environmental Modification Occupational Therapy Assistant if the applicant meets the following requirements: ⊾⊎ https://processional or technical degree or equivalent in occupational therapy. https://processional/environmental/ https://processional/environmental/environmental/ https://processional/environmental
224ZF0002X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Occupational Therapy Assistant	Feeding, Eating & Swallowing	Occupational therapy assistants provide environmental modifications under the supervision of an occupational therapist. OTAs	Source: The Guide to Occupational Therapy Practice, 2nd edition. Bethesda: American Occupational Therapy Association, 2007. [7/1/2008: new] Additional Resources: The American Occupational Therapy Association (AOTA) does offer voluntary specialty certification for a Feeding, Eating & Swallowing Occupational Therapy Assistant if the applicant meets the following requirements: Feeding, Eating & Swallowing Occupational Therapy Assistant if the applicant meets the following requirements: Feeding, Eating & Swallowing Occupational Therapy Assistant if the applicant meets the following requirements: Feeding, Eating Association Americant Companies Feeding, Eating and Swallowing in Occupational therapy services in the certification; Arch Specialized Knowledge and Skills Papert: Feeding, Eating and Swallowing in Occupational Therapy Practice, 2007; AOTA Fact Sheets:
224ZL0004X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Occupational Therapy Assistant	Low Vision	Occupational therapy assistants contribute to the completion of an individualized occupational therapy low-vision evaluation under the direction and supervision of the occupational therapist to identify factors that may facilitate, compensate for, or inhibit use of vision in occupational performance. Clients are engaged in the identification of strengths, limitations, and goals as they relate to low vision to optimize independence and participation in desired occupations. Occupational therapy assistants also contribute to the development and implementation of an individualized occupational therapy low-vision intervention plan in collaboration with the occupational therapist, client, and relevant others that reflects the client's priorities for occupational performance.	Source: The Guide to Occupational Therapy Practice, 2nd edition. Bethesda: American Occupational Therapy Association, 2007, 17/1/2008: new]. Additional Resources: The American Occupational Therapy Association (AOTA) does offer voluntary specialty certification for a Low Vision Occupational Therapy Assistant if the applicant meets the following requirements: «IP-Professional or technical degree or equivalent in occupational therapy. «IP-Certified or licensed by and in good standing with an AOTA recognized credentialing or regulatory body. «IP-Minimum of 2,000 hours of experience as an occupational therapist or occupational therapy services in the certification are no loilents (individuals, groups, or populations) in the last 3 calendar years. Service delivery may be paid or voluntary. «IP-Certification of employment. «III» AOTA Fact Sheets: Low Vision; OT Services for Individuals with Visual Imparments
224ZR0403X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Occupational Therapy Assistant	Driving and Community Mobility	Occupational therapy assistants contribute to the completion of an individualized occupational therapy driving and community mobility evaluation by administering delegated assessments and identifying findings that impact the client's occupational performance. Clients engage in the assessment and occupational profile process to customize the evaluation to their individual driving and community mobility needs. Occupational therapy assistants administer and continuously modify individualized in evibelic and community mobility assessments within the naturalistic context of the community in consequence of the client. They also implement an individualized intervention plan, within the parameters established in collaboration with the occupational therapist that reflects the context of the client and meets his or her occupational performance and safety needs. Occupational therapy assistants address immediate and long-term implications of psychosocial issues related to compromised driving and community mobility throughout the occupational therapy process and makes recommendations to the occupational therapist for modification to service delivery.	Source: The Guide to Occupational Therapy Practice, 2nd edition. Bethesda: American Occupational Therapy Association, 2007, [7/1/2008: new]. Additional Resources: The American Occupational Therapy Association (AOTA) does offer voluntary specialty certification for a Driving & Community Mobility Occupational Therapy Assistant if the applicant meets the following requirements: «ub <pre>-</pre> - Professional or technical degree or equivalent in occupational therapy. «ID-Criffed or licensed by and in good standing with an AOTA recognized credentialing or regulatory body. «In-Minimum of 2,000 hours of experience as an occupational therapy services in the certification area to clients (individuals, groups, or populations) in the last 3 calendar years. Service delivering only be paid or voluntary. «IV-Verification of employment. «LuPAOTA Facts Sheets: Older Driver. AOTA Websites Specially Certification."
225000000X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Orthotic Fitter		An individual trained in the management of fitting prefabricated orthoses.	Source: National Uniform Claim Committee [11/12011: tilte modified, definition modified] Additional Resources: American Board for Certification in Orthotics, Prosthetics and Pedorthics, Inc., www.abcop.org and Board of Certification/Accreditation, International, www.bocusa.org.

225100000X 2251C2600X 2251E1200X 2251E1300X 2251G3304X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and	Physical Therapist Physical Therapist Physical Therapist Physical Therapist Physical Therapist	Cardiopulmonary Ergonomics Electrophysiology, Clinical Geriatrics	(1) Physical therapists are health care professionals who evaluate and treat people with health problems resulting from injury or disease. PTs assess joint motion, muscle strength and endurance, function of heart and lungs, and performance of activities required in daily living, among other responsibilities. Treatment includes therapeutic exercises, cardiovascular endurance training, and training in activities of daily living, (2) A physical therapist is a person qualified by an accredited program in physical therapy, licensed by the state, and practicing within the scope of that license. Physical therapists freat disease, rijury, or loss of a bodily part by physical means, such as the application of light, heat, cold, water, deetcricity, massage and exercise. They develop treatment plans based upon each patient's strengths, weaknesses, range of motion and ability to function. (3) A health professional who specializes in physical therapy he health care field concerned primarily with the treatment of disorders with physical agents and methods, such as massage, manipulation, therapeutic exercises, cold, heat (including short-wave, microwave, and ultrasonic distherapy, hydrotherapy, electric stimulation and light to assist in rehabilitating patients and in restoring normal function after an illness or injury. Definition to come Definition to come	Source: (1) APTA Guidelines for Physical Therapy Claims Review, American Physical Therapy Association. (3) Lexikon: Dictionary of Health Care Terms, Organizations and Acronyms for the Era of Reform, Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations, Oakbrook Terrace, IL: 1994, p. 612
2251H1200X	Restorative Service Providers Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and	Physical Therapist	Hand	Definition to come	
2251H1300X	Restorative Service Providers Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and	Physical Therapist	Human Factors	Definition to come	
2251N0400X	Restorative Service Providers Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and	Physical Therapist	Neurology	Definition to come	
2251P0200X	Restorative Service Providers Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and	Physical Therapist	Pediatrics	Definition to come	
2251S0007X	Restorative Service Providers Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and	Physical Therapist	Sports	Definition to come	
2251X0800X	Restorative Service Providers	Physical Therapist	Orthopedic	Definition to come	
225200000X 225400000X 225500000X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Physical Therapy Assistant Rehabilitation Practitioner Specialist/Technologist		(1)Physical therapist assistants are skilled health care providers who are graduates of a physical therapist assistant associate degree program accredited by an agency recognized by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education or Council on Postsecondary Accreditation, who assists the physical therapist in providing physical therapy. The supervising physical therapist the providing physical therapy is purposed therapy the procedures and related tasks that have been selected and delegated by the supervising physical therapist buties of the PTA include assisting the physical therapist and reporting to the physical charges the procedures and addition to direct patient care, the PTA may also perform such functions as patient transport, and clinic or equipment preparation and maintenance. Currently more than half of all states require PTAs to be licensed, registered or certified, (2) An individual who works under the supervision of a physical therapist to assist him or her in providing physical therapy services. A physical therapy assistant may, for instance, help patients follow an appropriate exercise program that will increase their strength, endurance, coordination, and range of motion and train patients to perform activities of daily life. A health care practitioner who trains or retrains individuals disabled by disease or injury to help them attain their maximum functional cagacity. General classification identifying individuals who are trained on a specific piece of equipment or technical procedure.	Source: (1) American Physical Therapy Association, P.O. Box 37257, Washington, D.C. 20013, (2) Lexikon: Dictionary of Health Care Terms, Organizations and Acronyms for the Era of Reform, Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations, Oakbrook Terrace, IL: 1994, p. 612
2255A2300X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Specialist/Technologist	Athletic Trainer	Athletic trainers are allied health care professionals who work in consultation with or under the direction of physicians, and specialize in the prevention, assessment, treatment and rehabilitation of injuries and illnesses. Currently, the entry-level employment requirements are a bachelor's degree with a major in athletic training from an accredited university or college. A majority of athletic trainers hold advanced degrees. National board certification is generally required as a condition of state licensure and employment. Most states regulate athletic trainers, and they practice within the scope of that license or regulation. Clinical practice includes emergency care, rehabilitation, reconditioning, therapeutic exercise, wellness programs, exercise physiology, kinesiology, biomechanics, nutrition, psychology and health care administration.	Source: National Athletic Trainers' Association (www.NATA.org) [1/1/2006: modified definition, modified source]
2255R0406X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Specialist/Technologist	Rehabilitation, Blind	Definition to come	
225600000X 225700000X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Dance Therapist Massage Therapist		The dance therapist, sometimes called a movement therapist, focuses on rhythmic body movements as a medium of physical and psychological change. Dance therapy is practiced more often with mental health patients than with physically disabled patients. A master's degree is required by the American Dance Therapy Association to award the credentials Dance Therapist Registered (DTR). An individual trained in the manipulation of tissues (as by rubbing, stroking, kneading, or tapping) with the hand or an instrument for remedial or hygienic purposes.	Source: Joel A. DeLisa and Bruce M. Gans, Rehabilitation Medicine: Principles and Practice Second Edition, J.B. Lippincott Company, Philadelphia: 1993, p. 11
	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and			A recreation therapist uses recreational activities for intervention in some physical, social or emotional behavior to bring about a	Source: Joel A. DeLisa and Bruce M. Gans, Rehabilitation Medicine: Principles and Practice
225800000X	Restorative Service Providers Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and	Recreation Therapist		desired change in that behavior and promote the growth and development of the patient. Music therapists use music interventions to assess clients' strengths and needs, develop goals, implement services, and particular and development research for initial value of all area. While therapists for initial to be process in physical conditions and	Second Edition, J.B. Lippincott Company, Philadelphia: 1993, p. 7
225A00000X	Restorative Service Providers	Music Therapist		evaluate and document progress for individuals of all ages. Music therapists facilitate changes in physical, cognitive, emotional, and/or psychosocial health.	Source: American Music Therapy Association
225B00000X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Pulmonary Function Technologist		An individual who is trained and qualified to perform pulmonary diagnostic tests. In the course of conducting these tests, the Pulmonary Function Technologist is able to setup, calibrate, maintain, and ensure the quality assurance of the pulmonary function testing equipment. In the laboratory, clinical or patient care setting the technologist instructs patients, elicits cooperation, performs procedures, monitors patient response, and evaluates patient performance. Tests results are calculated, compared with predicted normal ranges, and evaluated for reliability. The technologist collects clinical history data and evaluates the clinical implications of the test results.	

225XH1300X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Occupational Therapist	Human Factors	Definition to come	
225XH1200X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and	Occupational Therapist	Hand	Definition to come	
225XG0600X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Occupational Therapist	Gerontology	Occupational therapists work with older adults in virtually every setting: assisted living, wellness programs, hospitals, nursing homes, senior centers, clinics and in the home. Occupational therapists bring an understanding of the importance of participation and occupation for overall well-being to those who are experiencing disabling conditions related to aging. The primary overarching goal of occupational therapy services with this population is to maximize independence and participation, thereby enabling an older person to continue to live successfully in his or her chosen environment. Occupational therapists can help older adults by developing strategies to help or maintain safety and well-being, to assist with life transitions, and to compensate for challenges they experience in activities of daily living, instrumental activities of daily living, leisure participation, social participation, and productive activities.	Source: The Guide to Occupational Therapy Practice, 2nd edition. Bethesda: American Occupational Therapy Association, 2007. [71/12/008: new] Additional Resources: The American Occupational Therapy Association, (AOTA) does offer voluntary board certification for a Gerontology Occupational Therapist if the applicant meets the following requirements:

225XL0004X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Occupational Therapist	Low Vision	Occupational therapists enable children and adults with visual impairment to engage in their chosen daily living activities safely and as independently as possible. This is accomplished by 1) teaching the person to use their remaining vision as efficiently as possible to complete activities; 1) modifying activities so that they can be completed with less vision; 3) training the person in	Source: The Guide to Occupational Therapy Practice, 2nd edition. Bethesda: American Occupational Therapy Association, 2007. [71/12/008: new]. Additional Resources: The American Occupational Therapy Association (AOTA) does fier voluntary specialty certification for a Low Vision Occupational Therapis if the applicant meets the following requirements: https://docs.pic.org/ and or technical degree or equivalent in occupational therapy. https://docs.pic.org/ does not compete the degree or equivalent in occupational therapy. https://docs.pic.org/ does not consider the application of regulatory body. https://docs.pic.org/ does not consider the application of the properties of the degree of the application of the properties of the application of the properties of the application of the application of the properties of the application of the appli	
225XM0800X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Resbrative Service Providers Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and	Occupational Therapist	Mental Health	Occupational therapists provide treatment for people recovering from a mental or physical illness to regain their independence and stability and to engage in normal daily occupations (work, home, family life, school, leisure). Occupational therapists provide particular emphasis on interventions that result in improved quality of life and decrease hospitalization.	Source: The Guide to Occupational Therapy Practice, 2nd edition. Bethesda: American Occupational Therapy Association, 2007. [7/1/2008: new] Additional Resources: The American Occupational Therapy Association (AOTA) does offer voluntary board certification for a Mental Health Occupational Therapist if the applicant meets the following requirements: *IP-Professional degree or equivalent in occupational therapy: -IP-Certified or Icensed by and in good standing with an AOTA recognized credentialing or regulatory body. *IP-Minimum of 500 hours of experience as an occupational therapistIP-Minimum of 500 hours of experience delivering occupational therapy services in the certification area to Clents (individuals, groups, or populations) in the last 5 calendar years. Service delivery may be paid or voluntaryIP-Verification of employment. *(ul>AOTA Fact Sheets: Partial Hospitalization Programs and Consumer	
225XN1300X	Restorative Service Providers	Occupational Therapist	Neurorehabilitation	Definition to come		
225XP0019X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Occupational Therapist	Physical Rehabilitation	Occupational therapists are experts at helping people lead as independent a life as possible. Occupational therapists bring an understanding of the physical and psychological implications of illness and injury and their effects on peoples' ability to perform the tasks of dally living. Occupational therapists provide interventions that can aide a person in completing ADL and IADL tasks, such as dressing, bathing, preparing meals, and driving. They also may fabricate custom orthotics to improve function, evaluate the environment for safety hazards and recommend adaptations to remove those hazards, help a person compensate for cognitive changes, and build a persons' physical endurance and strength. Occupational therapists' knowledge of adapting tasks and modifying the environment to compensate for functional limitations is used to increase the involvement of clients and to promote safety and success.	Source: The Guide to Occupational Therapy Practice, 2nd edition. Bethesda: American Occupational Therapy Association, 2007. [71/12/008: newl). Additional Resources: The American Occupational Therapy Association (ADTA) does offer voluntary board certification for a Physical Rehabilitation Occupational Therapist if the applicant meets the following requirements: <a a="" ability="" activities="" activities.<="" adaptive="" all="" an="" and="" as="" be="" behavioral="" challenges="" childred="" children="" cognitive,="" communication,="" daily="" design="" development,="" disability,="" environments,="" establish="" expertise="" for="" fulfill="" healthy="" help="" href="https://www.new.new.new.new.new.new.new.new.new.</td></tr><tr><td>225XP0200X</td><td>Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and
Restorative Service Providers</td><td>Occupational Therapist</td><td>Pediatrics</td><td>Occupational therapists provide services to infants, toddlers and children who have or who are at risk for developmental delays or disabilities. Occupational therapy is concerned with a childrs ability to participate in daily life activities or " impact="" impariment="" important="" in="" interventions="" learn="" lilness,="" modify="" needed="" new="" occupational="" occupations."="" of="" on="" or="" overall="" participation="" perform="" performance,="" physical,="" plan,="" prepared="" promote="" rule="" school-related="" skills,="" social-emotional,="" students.="" support="" td="" tearning="" that="" the="" their="" therapists="" through="" to="" understanding="" unique="" use="" with=""><td>Source: The Guide to Occupational Therapy Practice, 2nd edition. Bethesda: American Occupational Therapy Association, 2007. [71/12/08; new]. Additional Resources: The American Occupational Therapy Association (AOTA) does offer voluntary board certification for a Pediatric Occupational Therapist if the applicant meets the following requirements: <!----->Professional degree or equivalent in occupational therapy. Certified or licensed by and ing good standing with an AOTA recognized credentialing or regulatory body. < ->Image: Al-Minimum of 50 years of practice as an occupational therapist in the certification area in the last 7 calendary years. <i>Image: Al-Minimum of 50 years of experience delivering occupational therapy services in the certification area to clients (individuals, groups, or populations) in the last 5 calendar years. Service delivery may be paid or voluntary. </i> < >Image: Al-Minimum of 50 years of year years. <</td>	Source: The Guide to Occupational Therapy Practice, 2nd edition. Bethesda: American Occupational Therapy Association, 2007. [71/12/08; new]. Additional Resources: The American Occupational Therapy Association (AOTA) does offer voluntary board certification for a Pediatric Occupational Therapist if the applicant meets the following requirements: <!----->Professional degree or equivalent in occupational therapy. Certified or licensed by and ing good standing with an AOTA recognized credentialing or regulatory body. < ->Image: Al-Minimum of 50 years of practice as an occupational therapist in the certification area in the last 7 calendary years. <i>Image: Al-Minimum of 50 years of experience delivering occupational therapy services in the certification area to clients (individuals, groups, or populations) in the last 5 calendar years. Service delivery may be paid or voluntary. </i> < >Image: Al-Minimum of 50 years of year years. <
225XR0403X			Driving and Community Mobility	Occupational therapists can optimize and prolong an older driver's ability to drive safety and ease the transition to other forms of transportation if driving cessation becomes necessary. By identifying strengths as well as physical or cognitive challenges, occupational therapists can evaluate an individual's overall ability to operate a vehicle safety and recommend assistive devices or behavioral changes to limit risks. Occupational therapy practitioners offer a continuum of services related to community mobility, from evaluation of driving performance, through counseling and support for lifestyle changes, to maintaining independence and quality of life. Recreational Therapist Assistants work in support of or assistant to Recreational Therapists treating patients with disabilities,	Source: The Guide to Occupational Therapy Practice, 2nd edition. Bethesda: American Occupational Therapy Association, 2007. [71/12008: title changed, definition added, source added]. Additional Resources: The American Occupational Therapy Association (AOTA) does offer voluntary specialty certification for a Driving & Community Mobility Occupational Therapist if the applicant meets the following requirements: «IP-Definition of the applicant meets the following requirements: «IP-Definition of 2,000 hours of experience equivalent in occupational therapy. «IP-Definition of 2,000 hours of experience as an occupational therapist or occupational therapy assistant. «IP-Definition of 2,000 hours of experience delivering occupational therapy services in the certification are at colernst (individuals, groups, or populations) in the last 3 calendar years. Service delivery may be paid or voluntary. «IP-Verification of employment. AOTA Fact Sheets: Older Driver 	
226000000X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Recreational Therapist Assistant		injuries, and illnesses. Recreational Therapist Assistants work in a variety of settings providing treatments using recreational activities, including games, sports, and crafts.	Source: National Uniform Claim Committee, 2015 [1/1/2016: new]	
	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and	Kinesiotherapist		A provider trained and educated in the applied science of medically prescribed therapeutic exercise, education and adapted physical activities designed to improve the quality of line and health of adults and children by developing physical fitness, increasing mobility and independence, and improving psychosocial behavior. The kinesiotherapist seeks a coach-player relationship in which he/she helps the patient/client reach the goal of becoming an independent, self-sustaining person. Kinesiotherapists, as compared with physical therapists, put more emphasis on genatric care, reconficioning and fitness, and psychiatric care. A large percentage of kinesiotherapists practice in Veterans Administration hospitals.	Source: The Kinesiotherapy Association.	

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				A Certified Respiratory Therapist (CRT) is a an entry level therapist who has passed a standardized written examination administered by the National Board for Respiratory Care (NBRC). CRTs provide diagnostic testing, therapeutics, monitoring, rehabilitation, and education to patients with disorders of the cardiopulmonary system. They provide these respiratory care	
227800000X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Respiratory Therapist, Certified		services in all health care facilities and in the home. A CRT is a graduate of an associate degree program approved by the Commission on Accreditation of Allied Health Educational Programs (CAAHEP) and where applicable, is licensed by the state and is practicing within the scope of the license.	
	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and	Description Theory ist		Respiratory emergencies are commonplace in the treatment of critical care patients. Included in the assessment measurements conducted by the respiratory therapist in the critical care settings are arterial blood gas puncture and analysis, intrarterial monitoring, bedside measurements of lung mechanics, hemodynamic monitoring, and inspired and expired gas	
2278C0205X	Restorative Service Providers	Respiratory Therapist, Certified	Critical Care	measurements. This is coupled with the initiation and management of mechanical ventilation patients.	
2278E0002X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Respiratory Therapist, Certified	Emergency Care	The immediate availability of diagnostic and therapeutic cardiopulmonary services in the assessment and management of trauma victims, patients requiring airway management and others requiring emergency care.	
2278E1000X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Respiratory Therapist, Certified	Educational	The focus of patient and family education activities is to promote knowledge of disease process, medical therapy, and self help. Respiratory therapists are uniquely qualified to provide this service in regard to cardiopulmonary diseases and injury.	
	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and	Respiratory Therapist,		Care of older patients who have age and/or disease related decremental pulmonary changes. Diagnosis and treatment is very important for this group since chronic lung disease is the major cause of morbidity and mortality among them. Furthermore, as	
2278G0305X	Restorative Service Providers	Certified	Geriatric Care	this segment of the population increases, life expectancy is being extended.	
2278G1100X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Respiratory Therapist, Certified	General Care	This level of care includes diagnostics testing, therapeutics, monitoring, rehabilitation of patients with disorders of the cardiopulmonary system, as well as, education of the patient and family in regard to those disorders.	
2278H0200X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Respiratory Therapist, Certified	Home Health	Home care fosters individual responsibility for self-management of chronic respiratory conditions. It includes individualized assessment based plans of care service developed to promote safe, proper, and sustained use of prescribed respiratory therapy medications, equipment, and techniques in the home.	
	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and	Respiratory Therapist,		Included in the area of pulmonary diagnostics are the following; collection and analysis of physiological specimens, interpretation of physiological data, administration of tests of the cardiopulmonary system, and the conduct of both neurophysiological and	
2278P1004X	Restorative Service Providers	Certified	Pulmonary Diagnostics	sleep disorders studies.	
2278P1005X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Respiratory Therapist, Certified	Pulmonary Rehabilitation	The respiratory therapist can assist the chronic pulmonary patient in returning to an optimal role in society by providing an effective program. It includes bronchopulmonary drainage, exercise therapy, and patient education.	
				An individual who is trained and qualified to perform pulmonary diagnostic tests. In the course of conducting these tests, the Pulmonary Function Technologist is able to setup, calibrate, maintain, and ensure the quality assurance of the pulmonary function testing equipment. In the laboratory, clinical or patient care setting the technologist instructs patients, elicits	
2278P1006X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Respiratory Therapist, Certified	Pulmonary Function Technologist	cooperation, performs procedures, monitors patient response, and evaluates patient performance. Tests results are calculated, compared with predicted normal ranges, and evaluated for reliability. The technologist collects clinical history data and evaluates the clinical implications of the test results.	
2278P3800X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Respiratory Therapist, Certified	Palliative/Hospice	A coordinated plan of care to help dying patients and their families handle the burden of terminal care. Effective secretion management and relief of dyspnea are paramount in caring for patients with end-stage pulmonary disease.	
2278P3900X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Respiratory Therapist, Certified	Neonatal/Pediatrics	The care and treatment of premature infants, newborns and children. This includes management of mechanical ventilation, assessment, diagnostics and generalized respiratory treatments.	
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2278P4000X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Respiratory Therapist, Certified	Patient Transport	Transport respiratory therapist provide patient assessment, initiation of treatment modalities and continued monitoring of patient status of the critically ill and injured patients with special attention to advanced airway and ventilator management. The transport respiratory therapist knowledge and experience with complex neonatal, pediatric and adult patient care issues provides them with an expertise to assist with any patient care issue in a variety of transport modes.	
	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and	Respiratory Therapist,		Care of residents in a long-term care environment. Respiratory modalities delivered include those similar in the general care and	
2278S1500X	Restorative Service Providers	Certified	SNF/Subacute Care	critical care areas but provided to less critical patients.	
				A Registered Respiratory Therapist (RRT) is an advanced therapist who has passed standardized written and clinical simulation examinations administered by the National Board for Respiratory Care (NBRC). In addition, to the certified therapist (CRT) entry level skills, RRTs have advanced education and training in patient assessment, in the development and modification of patient care plans, and in assuring the appropriate utilization of respiratory care resources. An RRT is a graduate of an	
227900000X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Respiratory Therapist, Registered		associate or baccalaureate degree producing educational programs approved by the Commission on Accreditation of Allied Health Education Programs (CAAHEP) and where applicable, is licensed by the state and is practicing within the scope of that license.	
				Respiratory emergencies are commonplace in the treatment of critical care patients. Included in the assessment measurements conducted by the respiratory therapist in the critical care settings are arterial blood gas puncture and analysis,	
2279C0205X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Respiratory Therapist, Registered	Critical Care	Intrarterial monitoring, bedside measurements of lung mechanics, hemodynamic monitoring, and inspired and expired gas measurements. This is coupled with the initiation and management of mechanical ventilation patients.	
2279E0002X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Respiratory Therapist, Registered	Emergency Care	The immediate availability of diagnostic and therapeutic cardiopulmonary services in the assessment and management of trauma victims, patients requiring airway management and others requiring emergency care.	
2279E1000X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Respiratory Therapist, Registered	Educational	The focus of patient and family education activities is to promote knowledge of disease process, medical therapy, and self help. Respiratory therapists are uniquely qualified to provide this service in regard to cardiopulmonary diseases and injury.	
	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and	Respiratory Therapist,		Care of older patients who have age and/or disease related decremental pulmonary changes. Diagnosis and treatment is very important for this group since chronic lung disease is the major cause of morbidity and mortality among them. Furthermore, as	
2279G0305X	Restorative Service Providers Respiratory Developmental Rehabilitative and	Registered	Geriatric Care	this segment of the population increases, life expectancy is being extended. This level of care includes diagnostics testing, therapeutics, monitoring, rehabilitation of patients with disorders of the	
2279G1100X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Respiratory Therapist, Registered	General Care	Inis level of care includes diagnostics testing, therapeutics, monitoring, rehabilitation of patients with disorders of the cardiopulmonary system, as well as, education of the patient and family in regard to those disorders. Home care fosters individual responsibility for self-management of chronic respiratory conditions. It includes individualized	
2279H0200X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Respiratory Therapist, Registered	Home Health	assessment based plans of care service developed to promote safe, proper, and sustained use of prescribed respiratory therapy medications, equipment, and techniques in the home.	
2279P1004X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Respiratory Therapist, Registered	Pulmonary Diagnostics	Included in the area of pulmonary diagnostics are the following; collection and analysis of physiological specimens, interpretation of physiological data, administration of tests of the cardiopulmonary system, and the conduct of both neurophysiological and sleep disorders studies.	
2279P1005X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Respiratory Therapist, Registered	Pulmonary Rehabilitation	The respiratory therapist can assist the chronic pulmonary patient in returning to an optimal role in society by providing an effective program. It includes bronchopulmonary drainage, exercise therapy, and patient education.	

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2279P1006X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Respiratory Therapist, Registered	Pulmonary Function Technologist	An individual who is trained and qualified to perform pulmonary diagnostic tests. In the course of conducting these tests, the Pulmonary Function Technologist is able to setup, calibrate, maintain, and ensure the quality assurance of the pulmonary function testing equipment. In the laboratory, clinical or patient care setting the technologist instructs patients, elicits cooperation, performs procedures, monitors patient response, and evaluates patient performance. Tests results are calculated, compared with predicted normal ranges, and evaluated for reliability. The technologist collects clinical history data and evaluates the finicial implications of the test results.	
2279P3800X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Respiratory Therapist, Registered	Palliative/Hospice	A coordinated plan of care to help dying patients and their families handle the burden of terminal care. Effective secretion management and relief of dyspnea are paramount in caring for patients with end-stage pulmonary disease.	
2279P3900X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Respiratory Therapist, Registered	Neonatal/Pediatrics	The care and treatment of premature infants, newborns and children. This includes management of mechanical ventilation, assessment, diagnostics and generalized respiratory treatments.	
2279P4000X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Respiratory Therapist, Registered	Patient Transport	Transport respiratory therapist provide patient assessment, initiation of treatment modalities and continued monitoring of patient status of the critically ill and injured patients with special attention to advanced airway and ventilator management. The transport respiratory therapist knowledge and experience with complex neonatal, pediatric and adult patient care issues provides them with an expetite to assist with any patient care issue in a variety of transport modes.	
2279S1500X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Respiratory Therapist, Registered	SNF/Subacute Care	Care of residents in a long-term care environment. Respiratory modalities delivered include those similar in the general care and critical care areas but provided to less critical patients.	
229N00000X	Respiratory, Developmental, Rehabilitative and Restorative Service Providers	Anaplastologist		An anaplastologist is a professional who creates prostheses for the face and body. Patients treated include those missing anatomy due to cancer, traumatic injury, or birth differences. Generally, there are no state licensing requirements for anaplastologists. Certification specific to anaplastology is provided through the Board for Certified Clinical Anaplastology (BCCA) with a credential title of Certified Clinical Anaplastology (CCA).	Source: American Anaplastology Association, www.anaplastology.org. [7/1/2006: new]
231H00000X		Audiologist		(1) A specialist in evaluation, habilitation and rehabilitation of those whose communication disorders center in whole or in part in hearing function. Audiologists are autonomous professionals who identify, assess, and manage disorders of the auditory, balance and other neural systems. Audiologists provide audiological (aural) rehabilitation to children and adults across the entire age span. Audiologists select, fit and dispense amplification systems such as hearing aids and related devices. (2) An audiologist is a person qualified by a master's degree in audiology, licensed by the state, where applicable, and practicing within the scope of that license. Audiologists evaluate and treat patients with impaired hearing. They plan, direct and conduct rehabilitative programs with audiorty substitutional devises (hearing aids) and other therapy.	Source: (1) American Speech-Language-Hearing Association, (1996, Spring) Scope of practice
231H00000X	Speech, Language and Hearing Service Providers Speech, Language and Hearing Service Providers	Audiologist	Assistive Technology Practitioner	Teriabilitative programs with audionly substitutional devises (nearing alds) and other trerapy. Definition to come	in Audiology, p. 2
231HA2400X		Audiologist	Assistive Technology Supplier	Definition to come	
	Speech, Language and Hearing Service Providers		Assistive recrinology Supplier		
235500000X	Speech, Language and Hearing Service Providers	Specialist/Technologist		General classification identifying individuals who are trained on a specific piece of equipment or technical procedure. Definition to come	
2355A2700X 2355S0801X	Speech, Language and Hearing Service Providers Speech, Language and Hearing Service Providers	Specialist/Technologist Specialist/Technologist		Definition to come Definition to come	
235550801X	Speech, Language and Hearing Service Providers	Specialist/Technologist	Speech-Language Assistant		
235Z00000X	Speech, Language and Hearing Service Providers	Speech-Language Pathologist		The speech-language pathologist is the professional who engages in clinical services, prevention, advocacy, education, administration, and research in the areas of communication and svallowing across the file span from infancy through geriatrics. Speech-language pathologists address typical and atypical impairments and disorders related to communication and swallowing in the areas of speech sound production, resonance, voice, fluency, language (comprehension and expression), cognition, and feeding and swallowing.	"Scope of Practice in Speech-Language Pathology", American Speech-Language-Hearing Association, 2013.
237600000X	Speech, Language and Hearing Service Providers	Audiologist-Hearing Aid Fitter		An audiologist/hearing aid fitter is the professional who specializes in evaluating and treating people with hearing loss, conducts a wide variety of tests to determine the exact nature of an individual's hearing problem, presents a variety of treatment options to patients, dispenses and fits hearing aids, administers tests of balance to evaluate dizziness and provides hearing rehabilitation training. This classification should be used where individuals are licensed as "audiologist-hearing aid fitters" as opposed to states that license individuals as "audiologist-).	Source: American Academy of Audiology, 1735 N. Lynn St, Suite 950, Arlington VA 22209, (800)AAA-2336)
237700000X	Speech, Language and Hearing Service Providers	Hearing Instrument Specialist		Individuals who test hearing for the selection, adaptation, fitting, adjusting, servicing, and sale of hearing aids. Hearing Instrument Specialist is a designation provided individuals who qualify by the National Hearing Aid Society	
242T00000X	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service Providers	Perfusionist		A perfusionist operates extracorporeal circulation and autotransfusion equipment during any medical situation where it is necessary to support or temporarily replace the patient's circulatory or respiratory function. The perfusionist is knowledgeable concerning the variety of equipment available to perform extracorporeal circulation functions and is responsible, in consultation with the physician, for selecting the appropriate equipment and techniques to be used.	Source: Health Professions Career and Education Directory, American Medical Association [1/1/2007: new]
243U00000X	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service Providers	Radiology Practitioner Assistant		A Radiology Practitioner Assistant (RPA) is a health professional certified as a registered radiographer with the American Registry of Radiologic Technologists (ARRT) and, in addition, is credentialed to provide primary radiology health care with radiologist supervision. Radiology Practitioner Assistants are qualified by graduation from an educational program recognized by the Board of Directors of athe Certification Board for Radiology Practitioner Assistants (CBRPA) and certified by the CBRPA. Within the Radiologist/RPA relationship, Radiology Practitioner Assistants exercise autonomy in decision making in the role of a primary caregiver with regard to patient assessment, patient management and in providing a broad range of radiology diagnostic and interventional services. The clinical role of the Radiology Practitioner Assistant includes primary and specialty care in radiology practice settings in rural and urban areas.	Source: Certification Board of Radiology Practitioner Assistants [7/1/2008: new] Additional Resources: www.cbrpa.org
246Q00000X	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service Providers	Spec/Tech, Pathology		(1) An individual educated and trained in clinical chemistry, microbiology or other biological sciences; and in gathering data on the blood, tissues, and fluids in the human body. Tests and procedures performed or supervised center on major areas of hematology, microbiology, immunohematology, immunology, clinical chemistry and uninaysis. Education and certification requires the equivalent of an associate degree and alternative combinations of accredited training and experience. (2) A specially trained individual who works under the direction of a parthologist, other physician, or scientist, and performs specialized chemical, microscopic, and bacteriological tests of human blood, tissue, and fluids. Also known as medical technologists, they perform and supervise tests and procedures in clinical chemistry, immunology, serology, bacteriology, hematology, parastology, mycology, urinalysis, and blood banking. The work requires the correlation of test results with other data, interpretation of test findings, and exercise of independent judgment. The minimum educational requirement (for one of several certification programs in medical technology) is a baccalaureate degree with appropriate science course requirements, plus a twelve-month, structured, AMA approved medical technology program and an examination, or a baccalaureate degree with appropriate science course requirements and experience.	

	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service				
246QB0000X	Providers Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service	Spec/Tech, Pathology	Blood Banking	Definition to come	
246QC1000X	Providers	Spec/Tech, Pathology	Chemistry	Definition to come	
246QC2700X	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service Providers	Spec/Tech, Pathology	Cytotechnology	Definition to come	
246QH0000X	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service Providers	Spec/Tech, Pathology	Hematology	Definition to come	
246QH0401X	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service Providers	Spec/Tech, Pathology	Hemapheresis Practitioner	Definition to come	
	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service				
246QH0600X	Providers Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service	Spec/Tech, Pathology	Histology	Definition to come	
246QI0000X	Providers Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service	Spec/Tech, Pathology	Immunology	Definition to come	
246QL0900X	Providers Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service	Spec/Tech, Pathology	Laboratory Management	Definition to come	
246QL0901X	Providers	Spec/Tech, Pathology	Laboratory Management, Diplomate	Definition to come	
246QM0706X	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service Providers	Spec/Tech, Pathology	Medical Technologist	Definition to come	
246QM0900X	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service Providers	Spec/Tech, Pathology	Microbiology	Definition to come	
	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service			An individual with knowledge of specific techniques and instruments who performs all of the routine tests in a medical laboratory	
246R00000X	Providers	Technician, Pathology		and who has the ability to discriminate between similar factors that directly affect procedures and results.	
246RH0600X	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service Providers	Technician, Pathology	Histology	Definition to come	
246RM2200X	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service Providers	Technician, Pathology	Medical Laboratory	Definition to come	
246RP1900X	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service Providers	Technician, Pathology	Phlebotomy	Definition to come	
	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service	, ,,		An individual who has knowledge of specific techniques, instruments, and equipment required in performing specific	
246W00000X	Providers	Technician, Cardiology		cardiovascular/peripheral vascular diagnostic procedures.	
				An allied health professional who performs diagnostic examinations at the request or direction of a physician in one or more of the following three areas: invasive cardiology, noninvasive cardiology, and noninvasive peripheral vascular study. Cardiovascular	Source: (1) Lexikon: Dictionary of Health Care Terms, Organizations and Acronyms for the Era
246X00000X	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service Providers	Spec/Tech, Cardiovascular		technologists are one type of allied health professional for which the Committee on Allied Health Education and Accreditation has accredited education programs	of Reform, The Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations, Oakbrook Terrace, Illinois: 1994, p. 159.
246XC2901X	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service Providers	Spec/Tech, Cardiovascular	Cardiovascular Invasive Specialist	Definition to come	
	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service	Spec/Tech,			
246XC2903X	Providers Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service	Cardiovascular Spec/Tech,	Vascular Specialist	Definition to come	
246XS1301X	Providers	Cardiovascular	Sonography	Definition to come	
246Y00000X	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service Providers	Spec/Tech, Health Info		An individual with a high school diploma, on-the-job experience and coding education from seminars or college classes who passes a national certification examination in either inpatient and outpatient facility services coding, or physician services coding.	Source: American Health Information Management Association, Chicago, IL, 1996.
246YC3301X	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service Providers		Coding Specialist, Hospital Based	Definition to come	
246YC3302X	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service Providers		Coding Specialist, Physician Office Based	Definition to come	
	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service				
246YR1600X	Providers Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service	Spec/Tech, Health Info Specialist/Technologist	Registered Record Administrator	Definition to come General classification identifying individuals trained on specific equipment and technical procedures in one of a collection of	
246Z00000X	Providers	, Other		miscellaneous healthcare disciplines.	
246ZA2600X	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service Providers	Specialist/Technologist , Other	Art, Medical	Definition to come	
246ZB0301X	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service Providers	Specialist/Technologist , Other	Biomedical Engineering	Definition to come	
246ZB0302X	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service Providers	Specialist/Technologist . Other	Biomedical Photographer	Definition to come	
	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service	Specialist/Technologist			
246ZB0500X	Providers Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service	, Other Specialist/Technologist	Biochemist	Definition to come	
246ZB0600X	Providers	, Other	Biostatistician	Definition to come	
				A surgical assistant is a skilled practitioner who has undergone formalized education and training as a surgical assistant. The	
				surgical assistant performs surgical functions that include, but are not limited to: retracting, manipulating, suturing, clamping, cauterizing, litigating, and tying tissue; suctioning, irrigating and sponging; positioning the patient; closure of body planes and	Source: Association of Surgical Assistants, 2014. [7/1/2014: title modified, definition modified]
246ZC0007X	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service Providers	Specialist/Technologist , Other	Surgical Assistant	skin; and participating in hemostasis and volume replacement. Surgical assistants are certified and registered or licensed by the state, or, in states without licensure, certified as surgical assistants by completing appropriate education and training.	http://www.surgicalassistant.org/index.php/surgical-assisting Additional Resources: National Surgical Assistant Association, www.nsaa.net.
246ZE0500X	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service Providers	Specialist/Technologist , Other	EEG	Definition to come	
	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service	Specialist/Technologist			
246ZE0600X	Providers Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service	, Other Specialist/Technologist	Electroneurodiagnostic	Definition to come	
246ZG0701X	Providers Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service	, Other Specialist/Technologist	Graphics Methods	Definition to come	
246ZG1000X	Providers Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service	, Other	Geneticist, Medical (PhD)	Definition to come	
246ZI1000X	Providers	Specialist/Technologist , Other	Illustration, Medical	Definition to come	
246ZN0300X	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service Providers	Specialist/Technologist , Other	Nephrology	Definition to come	

246ZS0410X	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service Providers	Specialist/Technologist , Other	Surgical Technologist	Surgical technologists are allied health professionals, who are an integral part of the team of medical practitioners providing surgical care to patients. Surgical technologists work under the supervision of a surgeon to facilitate the safe and effective conduct of invasive surgical procedures, ensuring that the operating room environment is safe, that equipment functions properly, and that the operative procedure is conducted under conditions that maximize patient safety. Surgical technologists possess expertise in the theory and application of sterile and aseptic technique and combine the knowledge of human anatomy, surgical procedures, and implementation tools and technologies to facilitate a physician's performance of invasive therapeutic and diagnostic procedures.	Source: Association of Surgical Technologists, "Job Description: Surgical Technologist," 2014. [71/1/2014: code modified, title modified, definition added]
	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service	Specialist/Technologist		An Orthopaedic Assistant is a person who has been trained to work as a physician extender in both clinical and surgical environments. An Orthopaedic Assistant assists with aspects of patient care as determined by the supervising surgeon including, but not limited to, obtaining patient history, assisting with examinations, injections, recording of office notes, and application/adjustment/removal of splints, casts, and other immobilization devices. Acting as a surgical first assistant for orthopaedic surgery cases includes providing aid in exposure, hemostasis, positioning of the patient, suturing and closure of body planes and skin, application of word dressings or immobilization devices, and other technical functions that will help the surgeon carry out a safe operation with optimal results for the patient. An Orthopaedic Assistant may be licensed, registered, or	Source: American Society of Orthopaedic Assistants (ASOA), 2014 [7/1/2014: new] Additional
246ZX2200X	Providers	, Other	Orthopedic Assistant	certified depending on the state in which the individual practices.	Resources: National Board for Certification of Orthopaedic Assistants
247000000X	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service Providers	Technician, Health Information		Preferred term for an Accredited Record Technician who is an individual with an associate's degree from an accredited college or independent study program who is skilled in analyzing health information and in examination of medical records for accuracy, reporting of palient data for reimbursement, and receiption of disease negistries for researchers.	Source: American Health Information Management Association, Chicago, IL, 1996.
2470A2800X	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service Providers	Technician, Health Information	Assistant Record Technician	Definition to come	
247100000X	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service Providers	Radiologic Technologist		An individual who is trained and qualified in the art and science of both ionizing and non-ionizing radiation for the purposes of diagnostic medical imaging, interventional procedures and therapeutic treatment.	
	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service	Radiologic			
2471B0102X	Providers Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service Providers	Technologist Radiologic	Bone Densitometry	Definition to come. Definition to come	
2471C1101X	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service	Technologist Radiologic	Cardiovascular-Interventional Technology		
2471C1106X	Providers Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service	Technologist Radiologic	Cardiac-Interventional Technology	Definition to come.	
2471C3401X	Providers Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service	Technologist Radiologic	Computed Tomography	Definition to come	
2471C3402X	Providers	Technologist	Radiography	Definition to come	
2471M1202X	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service Providers	Radiologic Technologist	Magnetic Resonance Imaging	Definition to come	
	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service	Radiologic			
2471M2300X	Providers Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service	Technologist Radiologic	Mammography	Definition to come	
2471N0900X	Providers	Technologist	Nuclear Medicine Technology	Definition to come.	
2471Q0001X	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service Providers	Radiologic Technologist	Quality Management	Definition to come	
2471R0002X	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service Providers	Radiologic Technologist	Radiation Therapy	Definition to come	
	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service	Radiologic	.,		
2471S1302X	Providers Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service	Technologist Radiologic	Sonography	Definition to come	
2471V0105X	Providers Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service	Technologist Radiologic	Vascular Sonography	Definition to come.	
2471V0106X	Providers	Technologist	Vascular-Interventional Technology	Definition to come.	
247200000X	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service Providers	Technician, Other		A collective term for persons with specialized training in various narrow fields of expertise whose occupations require training and skills in specific technical processes and procedures; and where further classification is deemed unnecessary by the user.	Sources: Rhea, Ott, and Shafritz, The Facts On File Dictionary of Health Care Management, New York: Facts On File Publications, 1988; Dorland's Illustrated Medical Dictionary, 26th Edition. Philadelphia: W B. Saunders Company, 1981; and Webster's Il New Riverside University Dictionary. Boston: Riverside Publishing Company, 1984.
2472B0301X	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service Providers	Technician, Other	Biomedical Engineering	Definition to come	
	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service	, ,			
2472D0500X	Providers Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service	Technician, Other	Darkroom	Definition to come	
2472E0500X	Providers Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service	Technician, Other	EEG	Definition to come	
2472R0900X	Providers	Technician, Other	Renal Dialysis	Definition to come	
2472V0600X	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service Providers	Technician, Other	Veterinary	Definition to come	
	Technologists, Technicians & Other Technical Service			An individual who is state-licensed as a clinical laboratory director and meets the qualifications in the Clinical Laboratory	
247ZC0005X	Providers	Pathology	Clinical Laboratory Director, Non-physician	Improvement Amendments of 1988 for non-physicians (non-MD/DO) as defined in the CFR 42 Part 493.1405.	Source: National Uniform Claim Committee [1/1/2007: new]
251300000X	Agencies	Local Education Agency (LEA)		The term local education agency means a public board of education or other public authority legalty constituted within a State to either provide administrative control or direction of, or perform a service function for public schools serving individuals ages 0 – 2 in a state, city, county, township, school district, or other political subdivision including a combination of school districts or counties recognized in a State as an administrative agency for its public schools. An LEA may provide, or employ professional who provide, services to children included in the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), such services may include, but are not limited to, such medical services as physical, occupational, and speech therapy.	Source: Portions of IDEA Regulations Part B (34 CFR Part 300.18, Assistance to States for the Education of Children with Disabilities) [1/1/2006: new]
251B00000X	Agencies	Case Management		An organization that is responsible for providing case management services. The agency provides services which assist an individual in gaining access to needed medical, social, educational, and/or other services. Case management services may be used to locate, coordinate, and monitor necessary appropriate services. It may be used to encourage the use of cost-effective medical care by referrals to appropriate providers and to discourage over utilization of costly services. Case management may also serve to provide necessary coordination of non-medical services such as vocational rehabilitation, education, employment, when the services provided enable the individual to function at the highest level.	Source: CMS State Medicaid Manual Section 4442.3 [7/1/2006: definition modified]
				These agencies are authorized to provide day habilitation services to developmentally disabled individuals who live in their	-,
251C00000X	Agencies	Day Training, Developmentally Disabled Services		homes. The function of day habilitation is to assist an individual to acquire and maintain those life skills that enable the individual to cope more effectively with the demands of independent living. Also to raise the level of the individual's physical, mental, social, and vocational functioning.	
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				A public agency or private organization, or a subdivision of such an agency or organization, that is primarily engaged in providing skilled nursing services and other therapeutic services, such as physical therapy, speech-language pathology services, or	
				occupational therapy, medical social services, and home health aide services. It has policies established by a professional group associated with the agency or organization (including at least one physician and one registered nurse) to govern the services and provides for supervision of such services by a physician or a registered nurse, maintains clinical records on all patients; is	
				licensed in accordance with State or local law or is approved by the State or local licensing agency as meeting the licensing	Source: CFR42 Chapter IV Part 484,
				standards, where applicable; and meets other conditions found by the Secretary of Health and Human Services to be necessary	http://www.access.gpo.gov/nara/cfr/waisidx_99/42cfr484_99.html [7/1/2007: definition added,
251E00000X 251F00000X	Agencies Agencies	Home Health Home Infusion		for health and safety. Definition to come	source added]
2511-00000X	Agenties	Hospice Care.		Definition to come	
251G00000X	Agencies	Community Based		Definition to come	
				A Nursing Care Agency is an entity that provides skilled nursing care through the services of a Registered Nurse (RN) or a	
251J00000X	Agencies	Nursing Care		Licensed Practical Nurse (LPN), by employees, contracted individuals, or via a registry, in a variety of settings. The agency may engage in providing private duty nursing and/or staffing services.	Source: National Uniform Claim Committee, 2008 [7/1/2008: modified definition]
	ľ	Public Health or			,,
251K00000X	Agencies	Welfare		Definition to come	
		Community/Behavioral		A private or public agency usually under local government jurisdiction, responsible for assuring the delivery of community based mental health, mental retardation, substance abuse and/or behavioral health services to individuals with those disabilities. Services may range from companion care, respite, transportation, community integration, crisis intervention and stabilization, supported employment, day support, prevocational services, residential support, therapeutic and supportive consultation, environmental modifications, intensive in-home therapy and day treatment, in addition to traditional mental health and behavioral	
251S00000X	Agencies	Health		treatment.	Source: National Medicaid EDI HIPAA NPI Sub Work Group [1/1/2007: modified definition]
251T00000X	Agencies	PACE Provider Organization		A PACE provider organization is a not-for-profit private or public entity that is primarily engaged in providing PACE services(unique capitated managed care benefits for the frail elderly which include comprehensive medical and social services). The following characteristics also apply to a PACE organization. It must: have a governing board that includes community representation; be able to provide complete PACE services regardless of frequency or duration of services; have a physical site to provide adult day services, have a defined service area; have safeguards against conflict of interest; have demonstrated fiscal soundness and have a formal Participant Bill of Rights.	Source: Centers for Medicare and Medicaid, PACE Fact Sheet http://www.cms.hhs.gov/PACE/Downloads/PACEFactSheet.pdf [7/1/2006: new]
251V00000X	Agencies	Voluntary or Charitable		Definition to come	
	Ĭ.				
251X00000X	Agencies	Supports Brokerage		A provider of service/function that assists participating individuals to make informed decisions about what will work best for them is consistent with their needs and reflects their individual circumstances. Serving as the agent of the individual, the service is available to assist in identifying immediate and long-term needs, developing options to meet those needs and accessing identified supports and services and may include assistance with recruiling, screening, hiring, and training in-home support providers. A family or person-centered planning approach is used. Supports Brokerage offers practical skills training to enable families and individuals to remain independent. Examples of skills training include providing information on recruiting and hiring personal care workers, managing personal care workers and providing information on effective communication and problem solving. The service/function provides sufficient information to assure that individuals understand the responsibilities involved with self-direction and assist in the development of an effective back-up and emergency jan. Plans may elect to fulfill the requirement of this service/function using a self-directed case manager or creating a distinct service. The Supports Brokerage documents the need for assistive services, planning for and documenting the use of excess funds and locating and maintaining services.	Source: CMS Independence Plus Waiver template. [7/1/2006: new]
252Y00000X	Agencies	Early Intervention Provider Agency		Early intervention services are an effective way to address the needs of infants and toddiers who have developmental delays or disabilities. The services are made available through a federal law known as the individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA). IDEA provides states and territories with specific requirements for providing early intervention services to infants and toddiers with special needs. In turn, each state and territory develops its own policies for carrying out IDEA and its requirements. Broadly speaking, early intervention services are special services for eligible infants and toddiers and their families. These services services are special services for eligible infants and toddiers and their families. These services are special services for eligible infants and toddiers and their families. These services are services are entirely and med children's needs in five developmental areas. These areas are: physical development, cognitive development, communication, social or emotional development, and adaptive development. A Foster Care Agency is an agency that provides foster care as defined in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) as "24-hour	Source: National Dissemination Center for Children with Disabilities [7/1/2007: new] http://www.nichcy.org/pubs/parent/pazbut.htm
				substitute care for children outside their own homes." Foster care settings include, but are not limited to, nonrelative foster	
253J00000X	Agencies	Foster Care Agency		family homes, relative foster homes (whether payments are being made or not), group homes, emergency shelters, residential facilities, and pre-adoptive homes.	Source: Code Of Federal Regulations, Title 45, Volume 4, Part 1355, Section 57 [1/1/2008: newl
253300000	ngui nuo	1 Goldi Cale Agelicy	1	racinides, and pre-adoptive norites.	nowj
253Z00000X	Agencies	In Home Supportive		An In Home Supportive Care Agency provides services in the patient's home with the goal of enabling the patient to remain at home. The services provided may include personal care services such as hands-on assistance with activities of daily living (ADLs), e.g. cating, bathing, dressing, and bladder and bowle requirements, homemaker services and instrumental activities of daily living (IADLs), e.g., taking medications, shopping for groceries, laundry, housekeeping, and companionship; and/or supervision or cuing so that a person can perform tasks themselves.	Source: National Uniform Claim Committee, 2008 [7/1/2008: new]
		1		A facility or distinct part of one used for the diagnosis and treatment of outpatients. "Clinic/Center" is irregularly defined,	,
264 00000001	Ambulatany Health Care Facilities	Clinia/Cont		sometimes being limited to organizations serving specialized treatment requirements or distinct patient/client groups (e.g.,	
261Q00000X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	1	radiology, poor, and public health). An abortion/family planning facility where services are provided at a fixed specific location. An Ambulatory Family Planning	
2010400057	Ambulatory Health Cara Espilition	Clinia/Contar	Ambulatory Family Planning Famility	Facility does not provide overnight accommodations. The following procedures may be performed at an Ambulatory Family Planning Facility: abortions, laproscopy, hysterectomies, tubule ligation and other related procedures. Abortion is considered	
261QA0005X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Ambulatory Family Planning Facility	voluntary termination of pregnancy.	
261QA0006X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Ambulatory Fertility Facility	A fertility facility, which may be licensed, registered, or certified in some states, that is not hospital-based, where services are provided at a fixed specific location. An Ambulatory Fertility Facility does not provide overnight accommodations. The following fertility procedures may be performed at an Ambulatory Fertility Facility: In Vitro Fertilization (IVF), Gamete Intrafallopian Transfer (BIFT), Embryo Transfer-Thaw (ET-T), Zygote Intrafallopian Transfer (ZIFT), Donor OOCYTE (DO)	
261QA0600X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Adult Day Care	Definition to come	
0040400000	Ambulatany Health Cara Facilities	Clinic/Center	Amputos	An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing counseling, fitting, custom design, prescriptive, and training services	[7/1/2003: new]
261QA0900X 261QA1903X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center Clinic/Center	Amputee Ambulatory Surgical	related to congenital or postoperative absence of all or part of a limb or limbs. Definition to come	[///2003. Hew]
			, ,	An entity, fair, or distinct part of a facility staffed by audiology and/or speech professionals with special training in the evaluation of a patient's potential for use of an augmentative communication device, determination of the most appropriate	
261QA3000X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Augmentative Communication	device, adjustment and maintenance of the device, and training the patient to use the device.	[7/1/2003: new]
					

				A freestanding birth center is a health facility other than a hospital where childbirth is planned to occur away from the pregnant	
				woman's residence, and that provides prenatal, labor and delivery, and postpartum care, as well as other ambulatory services	Source: Summarized from Social Security Act [42 U.S.C. §1396d(1)(3)(B)] [1/1/2013: added
261QB0400X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Birthing	for women and newborns.	definition]
	<u> </u>			An outpatient entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility within or affiliated with a Critical Access Hospital that provides access to	
261QC0050X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Critical Access Hospital	primary care services for individuals in a small rural community and is Medicare certified.	[7/1/2003: new]
261QC1500X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Community Health	Definition to come	[17 II EGGG. Holl]
261QC1800X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Corporate Health	Definition to come	
261QD0000X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Dental	Definition to come	
				An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing comprehensive, multidiscipline diagnostic, treatment, therapy, training,	
				and counseling services to children with congenital disorders that precipitate developmental delays and in many instances	
261QD1600X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Developmental Disabilities	mental deficiencies (e.g., Cerebral Palsy, metabolic disorders, Sturge-Weber Syndrome, etc.).	[7/1/2003: new]
261QE0002X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Emergency Care	Definition to come	,
			, , ,		
261QE0700X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD) Treatment	Definition to come	
261QE0700X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Endoscopy	Definition to come	
20 IQE0000X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Cillic/Certer	Endoscopy	Definition to conte	
				l	
				An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility, or mobile unit providing non-surgical, family planning/reproductive services	
				including physical examination, laboratory services such as PAP or pregnancy tests; pregnancy, pregnancy	
261QF0050X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Family Planning, Non-Surgical	prevention/contraceptive, and nutritional counseling, and contraceptives or prescriptions for contraceptives.	[7/1/2003: new]
261QF0400X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Federally Qualified Health Center (FQHC)	Definition to come	
				An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing analysis of family history, genetic laboratory testing and analysis,	
261QG0250X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Genetics	diagnosis of genetic trait, prognosis and options. Laboratory studies may be outsourced.	[7/1/2003: new]
261QH0100X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Health Service	Definition to come	[7/1/2006: modified title]
5.2.3.00%					· '
1		1		An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, treatment, prescriptive, and therapy services related to	
261QH0700X	Ambulatory Health Care Excilition	Clinic/Center	Hearing and Speech		[7/1/2003: pawl
	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities		Hearing and Speech	congenital and acquired conditions and diseases that affect hearing capacity and speech ability. Definition to come	[7/1/2003: new]
261QI0500X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Infusion Therapy		
261QL0400X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Lithotripsy	Definition to come	
1			Mental Health (Including Community Mental		
261QM0801X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Health Center)	Definition to come	
				An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, treatment, and prescriptive services related to mental and	
261QM0850X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Adult Mental Health	behavioral disorders in adults.	[7/1/2003: new]
	<u>'</u>				,
				An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, treatment, and prescriptive services related to mental and	
				behavioral disorders in children and adolescents. Services may be provided to parents and family members of the patient in the	
261QM0855X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Adolescent and Children Mental Health	form of conjoint, group, or individual therapy, and education and/or training.	[7/1/2003: new]
					[// //2003. Hew]
261QM1000X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Migrant Health	Definition to come	
				The Defense Health Program or U.S. Coast Guard funded "fixed" facilities or distinct parts of a facility, providing outpatient	
				medical and dental services, primarily for Uniformed Services beneficiaries. A "fixed" facility is a non-temporary, non-deployed	
				facility. It includes mobile specialty units such as Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI) units that may furnish services at the	
				"fixed" facility. It includes, as examples, the institutional portion of outpatient encounters (except Ambulatory Procedure Visits),	
				supplies issued (e.g., glasses, ostomy supplies, crutches), and radiology and laboratory studies. Does not include items issued	Source: TRICARE Management Activity Uniform Business Office User's Guide (1/1/2005; title
261QM1100X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Military/U.S. Coast Guard Outpatient	directly to a patient from an outpatient pharmacy or patient transport.	modified, definition added; 7/1/2006 title modified, definition modified]
20 IQWI I 100X	Arribulatory Ficaltif Care Facilities	Cili lic/ Ceriter	William y/ 0.0. Coast Guard Gutpatient	unedly to a patient from an outpetient pharmacy or patient transport.	modified, definition added, 7/1/2000 title modified, definition modified
				That part of a "fixed" (non-temporary, non-deployed) DoD or Coast Guard entity furnishing surgical procedures requiring	
				medically supervised recovery. Similar to a civilian ambulatory surgical center. May be in shared resources with a DoD or	
			Military and U.S. Coast Guard Ambulatory	Coast Guard Clinic or a DoD Hospital. Does not include items issued directly to a patient from an outpatient pharmacy or	Source: TRICARE Management Activity Uniform Business Office User's Guide [1/1/2005: title
261QM1101X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Procedure	patient transport. Includes initial "take home" pharmaceuticals.	modified, definition added; 7/1/2006 title modified, definition modified]
				"Non-fixed" facilities or distinct parts of a "non-fixed" facility, providing outpatient medical and dental services, primarily intended	
				for DoD active duty. The entity is funded with other than Defense Health Program funding. Non-DoD active duty may receive	
				services from this entity. "Non-fixed" facilities are generally deployed DoD health care activities, not providing services on or in	
1		1	Military Outpatient Operational (Torons	association with a DoD fort or base. "Non-fixed" facilities include outpatient services furnished onboard ships. "Non-fixed" facilities also include deployed clinics. Does not include items include directly to a potient from an authorized pharmacy or noticed.	
00401440014	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Military Outpatient Operational (Transportable) Component	facilities also include deployed clinics. Does not include items issued directly to a patient from an outpatient pharmacy or patient transport.	[1/1/2005: title modified, definition added]
261QM1102X	Ambulatory mealth Care naclities	Cilnic/Center	Component	· ·	[// // 2000. ude modified, definition added]
1		1		"Non-fixed" facilities or distinct parts of a "non-fixed" facility, providing outpatient surgical procedures requiring medically	
1	1	I	Military Ambulatory Procedure Visits	supervised recovery. Does not include items issued directly to a patient from an outpatient pharmacy or patient transport.	L
261QM1103X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Operational (Transportable)	Includes initial "take home" pharmaceuticals.	[1/1/2005: new]
261QM1200X					
	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI)	Definition to come	
261QM1300X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center Clinic/Center	Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI) Multi-Specialty	Definition to come Definition to come	
261QM1300X				Definition to come	
261QM1300X				Definition to come An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, treatment, and prescriptive services related to a specific area	
261QM1300X 261QM2500X				Definition to come	[7/1/2003: new]
	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Multi-Specialty	Definition to come An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, treatment, and prescriptive services related to a specific area of medical specialization. Frequently used for Title V related Children's Specialty services or to meet specific public health needs (e.g., inflectious diseases or breast and cervical cancer).	[7/1/2003: new]
261QM2500X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center Clinic/Center	Multi-Specialty Medical Specialty	Definition to come An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, treatment, and prescriptive services related to a specific area of medical specialization. Frequently used for Title V related Children's Specialty services or to meet specific public health needs (e.g., infectious diseases or breast and cervical cancer). An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, and replacement maintenance treatment services related to	
	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Multi-Specialty	Definition to come An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, treatment, and prescriptive services related to a specific area of medical specialization. Frequently used for Title V related Children's Specialty services or to meet specific public health needs (e.g., infloctious diseases or breast and cervical cancer). An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, and replacement maintenance treatment services related to individuals with drug addiction.	[7/1/2003: new] [7/1/2003: new]
261QM2500X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center Clinic/Center	Multi-Specialty Medical Specialty Methadone Clinic	Definition to come An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, treatment, and prescriptive services related to a specific area of medical specialization. Frequently used for Title V related Children's Specialty services or to meet specific public health needs (e.g., inflictious diseases or breast and cervical cancer). An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, and replacement maintenance treatment services related to individuals with drug addiction. An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility specially equipped and staffed to provide care for medically fragile children with	
261QM2500X 261QM2800X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities Ambulatory Health Care Facilities Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center Clinic/Center Clinic/Center	Multi-Specialty Medical Specialty Methadone Clinic Medically Fragile Intants and Children Day	Definition to come An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, treatment, and prescriptive services related to a specific area of medical specialization. Frequently used for Title V related Children's Specialty services or to meet specific public health needs (e.g., infectious diseases or breast and cervical cancer). An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, and replacement maintenance treatment services related to individuals with drug addiction. An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility specially equipped and staffed to provide care for medically fragile children with varied and complex care needs (e.g., enteral or parental feeding, ostomy care, respiratory/ventilator care, medications and	[7/1/2003: new]
261QM2500X 261QM2800X 261QM3000X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities Ambulatory Health Care Facilities Ambulatory Health Care Facilities Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center Clinic/Center Clinic/Center	Multi-Specialty Medical Specialty Methadone Clinic Medicaly Fragile Intants and Children Day Care	Definition to come An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, treatment, and prescriptive services related to a specific area of medical specialization. Frequently used for Title V related Children's Specialty services or to meet specific public health needs (e.g., infectious diseases or breast and cervical cancer). An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, and replacement maintenance treatment services related to individuals with drug addiction. An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility specially equipped and staffed to provide care for medically fragile children with varied and complex care needs (e.g., enteral or parental feeding, ostomy care, respiratory/ventilator care, medications and therapies, etc.)	
261QM2500X 261QM2800X 261QM3000X 261QP0904X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center Clinic/Center Clinic/Center Clinic/Center Clinic/Center Clinic/Center	Multi-Specialty Medical Specialty Methadone Clinic Medically Fragile Intants and Children Day Care Public Health, Federal	Definition to come An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, treatment, and prescriptive services related to a specific area of medical specialization. Frequently used for Tale V related Children's Specialty services or to meet specific public health needs (e.g., infectious diseases or breast and cervical cancer). An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, and replacement maintenance treatment services related to individuals with drug addiction. An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility specially equipped and staffed to provide care for medically fragile children with varied and complex care needs (e.g., enteral or parental feeding, ostomy care, respiratory/ventilator care, medications and therapies, etc.) Definition to come	[7/1/2003: new]
261QM2500X 261QM2800X 261QM3000X 261QP0904X 261QP0905X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center Clinic/Center Clinic/Center Clinic/Center Clinic/Center Clinic/Center	Multi-Specialty Medical Specialty Methadone Clinic Medically Fragile Intants and Children Day Care Public Health, Federal	Definition to come An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, treatment, and prescriptive services related to a specific area of medical specialization. Frequently used for Title V related Children's Specialty services or to meet specific public health needs (e.g., infectious diseases or breast and cervical cancer). An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, and replacement maintenance treatment services related to individuals with drug addiction. An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility specially equipped and staffed to provide care for medically fragile children with varied and complex care needs (e.g., enteral or parental feeding, ostomy care, respiratory/ventilator care, medications and therapies, etc.). Definition to come Definition to come	[7/1/2003: new]
261QM2500X 261QM2800X 261QM3000X 261QP9904X 261QP9905X 261QP1100X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Multi-Specialty Medical Specialty Methadone Clinic Medically Fragile Intants and Children Day Care Public Health, Federal Public Health, State or Local Podiatric	Definition to come An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, treatment, and prescriptive services related to a specific area of medical specialization. Frequently used for Title V related Children's Specialty services or to meet specific public health needs (e.g., infectious diseases or breast and cervical cancer). An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, and replacement maintenance treatment services related to individuals with drug addiction. An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility specially equipped and staffed to provide care for medically fragile children with varied and complex care needs (e.g., enteral or parental feeding, ostomy care, respiratory/ventilator care, medications and therapies, etc.) Definition to come Definition to come Definition to come	[7/1/2003: new]
261QM2500X 261QM2800X 261QM3000X 261QP0904X 261QP100X 261QP1100X 261QP2000X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Multi-Specialty Medical Specialty Methadone Clinic Medically Fragile Intants and Children Day Care Public Health, Federal Public Health, State or Local Podiatric Physical Therapy	Definition to come An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, treatment, and prescriptive services related to a specific area of medical specialization. Frequently used for Title V related Children's Specialty services or to meet specific public health needs (e.g., infectious diseases or breast and cervical cancer). An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, and replacement maintenance treatment services related to individuals with drug addiction. An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility specially equipped and staffed to provide care for medically fragile children with varied and complex care needs (e.g., enteral or parental feeding, ostomy care, respiratory/ventilator care, medications and therapies, etc.) Definition to come Definition to come Definition to come Definition to come	[7/1/2003: new]
261QM2500X 261QM2800X 261QM3000X 261QP9904X 261QP9905X 261QP1100X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center Clinic/Center Clinic/Center Clinic/Center Clinic/Center Clinic/Center Clinic/Genter Clinic/Genter Clinic/Genter Clinic/Genter Clinic/Center Clinic/Center	Multi-Specialty Medical Specialty Methadone Clinic Medically Fragile Intants and Children Day Care Public Health, Federal Public Health, State or Local Podiatric Physical Therapy Primary Care	Definition to come An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, treatment, and prescriptive services related to a specific area of medical specialization. Frequently used for Title V related Children's Specialty services or to meet specific public health needs (e.g., infectious diseases or breast and cervical cancer). An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, and replacement maintenance treatment services related to individuals with drug addiction. An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility specially equipped and staffed to provide care for medically fragile children with varied and complex care needs (e.g., enteral or parental feeding, ostomy care, respiratory/ventilator care, medications and therapies, etc.) Definition to come	[7/1/2003: new]
261QM2500X 261QM2800X 261QM3000X 261QP0904X 261QP100X 261QP1100X 261QP2000X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Multi-Specialty Medical Specialty Methadone Clinic Medically Fragile Intants and Children Day Care Public Health, Federal Public Health, State or Local Podiatric Physical Therapy	Definition to come An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, treatment, and prescriptive services related to a specific area of medical specialization. Frequently used for Title V related Children's Specialty services or to meet specific public health needs (e.g., infectious diseases or breast and cervical cancer). An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, and replacement maintenance treatment services related to individuals with drug addiction. An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility specially equipped and staffed to provide care for medically fragile children with varied and complex care needs (e.g., enteral or parental feeding, ostomy care, respiratory/ventilator care, medications and therapies, etc.) Definition to come Definition to come Definition to come Definition to come	[7/1/2003: new]
261QM2500X 261QM2800X 261QM3000X 261QP0904X 261QP100X 261QP2000X 261QP2000X 261QP2400X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Multi-Specialty Medical Specialty Methadone Clinic Medically Fragile Intants and Children Day Care Public Health, Federal Public Health, State or Local Podiatric Physical Therapy Primary Care	Definition to come An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, treatment, and prescriptive services related to a specific area of medical specialization. Frequently used for Tale V related Children's Specialty services or to meet specific public health needs (e.g., infectious diseases or breast and cervical cancer). An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, and replacement maintenance treatment services related to individuals with drug addiction. An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility specially equipped and staffed to provide care for medically fraglic children with varied and complex care needs (e.g., enteral or parental feeding, ostomy care, respiratory/ventilator care, medications and therapies, etc.) Definition to come	[7/1/2003: new]
261QM2500X 261QM2800X 261QM3000X 261QP0904X 261QP0905X 261QP2000X 261QP2300X 261QP2300X 261QP2300X 261QP2300X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Multi-Specialty Medical Specialty Methadone Clinic Medicaly Fragile Intants and Children Day Care Public Health, Federal Public Health, Federal Podiatric Physical Therapy Primary Care Prison Health Pain	Definition to come An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, treatment, and prescriptive services related to a specific area of medical specialization. Frequently used for Title V related Children's Specialty services or to meet specific public health needs (e.g., infectious diseases or breast and cervical cancer). An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, and replacement maintenance treatment services related to individuals with drug addiction. An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility specially equipped and staffed to provide care for medically fragile children with varied and complex care needs (e.g., enteral or parental feeding, ostomy care, respiratory/ventilator care, medications and therapies, etc.) Definition to come	[7/1/2003: new]
261QM2500X 261QM2800X 261QM3000X 261QP0904X 261QP0904X 261QP2000X 261QP2000X 261QP2000X 261QP2300X 261QP3300X 261QP3300X 261QP3300X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Multi-Specialty Medical Specialty Methadone Clinic Medically Fragile Intants and Children Day Care Public Health, Federal Public Health, State or Local Podiatric Physical Therapy Primary Care Prison Health Pain Radiology	Definition to come An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, treatment, and prescriptive services related to a specific area of medical specialization. Frequently used for Title V related Children's Specialty services or to meet specific public health needs (e.g., infectious diseases or breast and cervical cancer). An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, and replacement maintenance treatment services related to individuals with drug addiction. An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility specially equipped and staffed to provide care for medically fragle châdren with varied and complex care needs (e.g., enteral or parental feeding, ostomy care, respiratory/ventilator care, medications and therapies, etc.) Definition to come	[7/1/2003: new]
261QM2500X 261QM2800X 261QM3000X 261QP0904X 261QP0905X 261QP2900X 261QP2300X 261QP2300X 261QP2300X 261QP300X 261QP300X 261QP300X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Multi-Specialty Medical Specialty Methadone Clinic Medicaly Fragile Intants and Children Day Care Public Health, Federal Public Health, State or Local Podiatric Physical Therapy Primary Care Prison Health Pain Radiology, Mammography	Definition to come An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, treatment, and prescriptive services related to a specific area of medical specialization. Frequently used for Title V related Children's Specialty services or to meet specific public health needs (e.g., infectious diseases or breast and cervical cancer). An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, and replacement maintenance treatment services related to individuals with drug addiction. An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, and replacement maintenance treatment services related to individuals with drug addiction. An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, and replacement maintenance treatment services related to individuals with drug addiction. Definition to come and complex care needs (e.g., enteral or parental feeding, ostomy care, respiratory/ventilator care, medications and therapies, etc.) Definition to come	[7/1/2003: new]
261QM2500X 261QM2800X 261QM3000X 261QP0904X 261QP0905X 261QP2000X 261QP2000X 261QP2300X 261QP2300X 261QP2300X 261QP2300X 261QR200X 261QR200X 261QR200X 261QR200X 261QR200X 261QR200X 261QR200X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Multi-Specialty Medical Specialty Methadone Clinic Medically Fragile Intants and Children Day Care Public Health, Federal Public Health, State or Local Podiatric Physical Therapy Primary Care Prison Health Pain Radiology, Mammography Radiology, Mobile Mammography	Definition to come An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, treatment, and prescriptive services related to a specific area of medical specialization. Frequently used for Title V related Children's Specialty services or to meet specific public health needs (e.g., infectious diseases or breast and cervical cancer). An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, and replacement maintenance treatment services related to individuals with drug addiction. An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, and replacement maintenance treatment services related to individuals with drug addiction. An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, and replacement maintenance treatment services related to individuals with drug addiction. In entity facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, and replacement maintenance treatment services related to individuals with drug addiction. Definition to come Definition to come	[7/1/2003: new]
281QM2500X 261QM2800X 261QM3000X 261QP0904X 261QP0905X 261QP1100X 261QP2300X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Multi-Specialty Medical Specialty Methadone Cinic Medically Fragile Intants and Children Day Care Public Health, Federal Public Health, Sate or Local Podiatric Physical Therapy Primary Care Prison Health Pain Radiology, Mammography Radiology, Mammography Radiology, Mobile Mammography Radiology, Mobile Mammography Radiology, Mobile Mammography Radiology, Mobile	Definition to come An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, treatment, and prescriptive services related to a specific area of medical specialization. Frequently used for Tale V related Children's Specialty services or to meet specific public health needs (e.g., infectious diseases or breast and cervical cancer). An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, and replacement maintenance treatment services related to individuals with drug addiction. An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility specially equipped and staffed to provide care for medically fraglic children with varied and complex care needs (e.g., enteral or parental feeding, ostomy care, respiratory/ventilator care, medications and therapies, etc.) Definition to come	[7/1/2003: new]
261QM2500X 261QM2800X 261QM3000X 261QP0904X 261QP0905X 261QP2000X 261QP2000X 261QP2300X 261QP2300X 261QP2300X 261QP2300X 261QR200X 261QR200X 261QR200X 261QR200X 261QR200X 261QR200X 261QR200X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Multi-Specialty Medical Specialty Methadone Clinic Medically Fragile Intants and Children Day Care Public Heatth, Federal Public Heatth, Federal Public Heatth, State or Local Podiatric Physical Therapy Primary Care Prison Heatth Pain Radiology, Mammography Radiology, Mobile Mammography Radiology, Mobile Mammography Radiology, Mobile Radiology, Mobile	Definition to come An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, treatment, and prescriptive services related to a specific area of medical specialization. Frequently used for Title V related Children's Specialty services or to meet specific public health needs (e.g., infectious diseases or breast and cervical cancer). An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, and replacement maintenance treatment services related to individuals with drug addiction. An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, and replacement maintenance treatment services related to individuals with drug addiction. An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, and replacement maintenance treatment services related to individuals with drug addiction. In entity facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, and replacement maintenance treatment services related to individuals with drug addiction. Definition to come Definition to come	[7/1/2003: new]
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281QM2500X 261QM2800X 261QM3000X 261QP0904X 261QP0905X 261QP1100X 261QP2300X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Multi-Specialty Medical Specialty Methadone Clinic Medically Fragile Intants and Children Day Care Public Heatth, Federal Public Heatth, Federal Public Heatth, State or Local Podiatric Physical Therapy Primary Care Prison Heatth Pain Radiology, Mammography Radiology, Mobile Mammography Radiology, Mobile Mammography Radiology, Mobile Radiology, Mobile	Definition to come An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, treatment, and prescriptive services related to a specific area of medical specialization. Frequently used for Tale V related Children's Specialty services or to meet specific public health needs (e.g., infectious diseases or breast and cervical cancer). An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, and replacement maintenance treatment services related to individuals with drug addiction. An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility specially equipped and staffed to provide care for medically fraglic children with varied and complex care needs (e.g., enteral or parental feeding, ostomy care, respiratory/ventilator care, medications and therapies, etc.) Definition to come	[7/1/2003: new]
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	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Recovery Care	Definition to come	
261QR0800X			, -		
261QR1100X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Research	Definition to come	
261QR1300X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Rural Health	Definition to come	
				The specialty of dentistry which includes the diagnosis, surgical and adjunctive treatment of diseases, injuries and defects	
261QS0112X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	involving both the functional and esthetic aspects of the hard and soft tissues of the oral and maxillofacial region.	Source: Council on Dental Education and Licensure, American Dental Association
		Clinic/Center			Source: Council on Dental Education and Licensure, American Dental Association
261QS0132X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities		Ophthalmologic Surgery	Definition to come	
261QS1000X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Student Health	Definition to come	
261QS1200X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Sleep Disorder Diagnostic	Definition to come	
261QU0200X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Urgent Care	Definition to come	
		Clinic/Center	VA	Definition to come	
261QV0200X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities				
261QX0100X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Occupational Medicine	Definition to come	
				An entity, facility, or distinct part of a facility providing diagnostic, treatment and prescriptive services related to cancerous	
261QX0200X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Oncology	conditions. Services include chemotherapy infusions and monitoring of implanted chemotherapeutic agents.	[7/1/2003: new]
261QX0203X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Clinic/Center	Oncology, Radiation	Definition to come	
20 IQX0203X	Ambulatory Health Care Facilities	Cili lic/ Ceriter	Oncology, readiation		
				An Epilepsy Unit is a distinct unit of a hospital that provides services that may include observation, urgent care, diagnostic	
273100000X	Hospital Units	Epilepsy Unit		testing, treatment, and medication management for patients with seizure disorders.	Source: National Uniform Claim Committee [7/1/2007: new]
273R00000X	Hospital Units	Psychiatric Unit		In general, a distinct unit of a hospital that provides acute or long-term care to emotionally disturbed patients, including patients admitted for diagnosis and those admitted for treatment of psychiatric problems on the basis of physicians' orders and approved mursing care plans. Long-term care may include intenselve supervision to the chronically mentally lik mentally disordered or other mentally incompetent persons; (2) For Medicare, a distinct part of a general acute care hospital admitting only patients whose admission to the unit is required for active treatment, whose treatment is of an intensity that can be provided only in an inpatient hospital setting, and whose condition is described by a psychiatric principal diagnosis contained in the Third Edition of the American Psychological services, social work services, psychiatric in using occupional therapy, and ercerational fedication (ICD-9-CM). The unit must furnish, through the use of qualified presonne, psychological services, social work services, psychiatric nursing, occupational therapy, and ercerational therapy. The unit must maintain medical records that permit determination of the degree and intensity of treatment provided to individuals who are furnished services in the unit is the unit must meet special staff requirements in that the unit must have adequate numbers of qualified professional and supportive staff to evaluate inpatients, formulate written, individualized, comprehensive treatment plans, provide active treatment measures and engage in discharge planning. In general, a distinct unit of a general acute care hospital that provides care encompassing a comprehensive array of restoration services for the disabled and all support services necessary to help patients tatain their maximum functional capacity. Source: AHA Annual Survey p. A 10 1996 AHA Guide. For Medicare, a distinct part of a general acute are hospital provides in patient program or assessment; ensure that the patients receive close medical herory are reviewed to determine	Source: (1) AHA Annual Survey p. A10 1996 AHA Guide; (2) Code of Federal Regulations #42, Section 412.27.
273Y00000X	Hospital Units	Rehabilitation Unit		patient's status in relationship to goal attainment, and that team conferences are held at least every two weeks to determine the appropriateness of treatment; have a director of rehabilitation who provides services to the unit and its inpatients for at least 20 hours a week, is a doctor of medicine or osteopathy, is licensed under State law to practice medicine or surgery, and has had, after completing a one-year hospital internship at least two years of training or experience in the medical management of impatients requiring rehabilitation services. A unit of a hospital that has a Medicare provider agreement and has been granted approval from HCFA to provide post-hospital	Source: Code of Federal Regulations #42, Section 412.29.
275N00000X	Hospital Units	Swing Bed Unit		extended care services and be reimbursed as a swing-bed unit.	Source: Code of Federal Regulations #42, Section 482.66.
	· · ·	Rehabilitation,		Ĭ	· , · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1		Substance Use	1	A distinct part of a bounded that provides medically manifered interdisciplinary addition forward to the forwar	
l	l.,		1	A distinct part of a hospital that provides medically monitored, interdisciplinary addiction-focused treatment to patients/clients	lo
276400000X	Hospital Units	Disorder Unit		who have psychoactive substance use disorders (commonly referred to as alcohol and drug abuse or substance abuse.)	Source: Department of Defense Regulation 6010.8-R, Chapter 6.
281P00000X	Hospitals	Chronic Disease Hospital		(1) A hospital including a physical plant and personnel that provides multidisciplinary diagnosis and treatment for diseases that have one or more of the following characteristics: is permanent; leaves residual disability, is caused by nonreversible pathological alteration; requires special training of the patient for rehabilitation; and/or may be expected to require a long period of supervision or care. In addition, patients require the safety, security, and shelter of these specialized inpatient or partial hospitalization settings; (2) A hospital that provides medical and skilled nursing services to patients with long-term linesses who are not in an acute phase but who require an intensity of services not available in nursing homes.	Source: (1) Expanded from Rhea, Ott, and Shafritz, The Facts On File Dictionary of Health Care Management, New York: Facts On File Publications, 1988.
281DC2000V	Hoenitale	Chronic Disease	Children	Definition to come	
281PC2000X	Hospitals	Hospital Long Term Care	Children	Long-term care hospitals (LTCHs) furnish extended medical and rehabilitative care to individuals who are clinically complex and	
282E00000X	Hospitals	Hospital	1	Long-term care nospitals (LTCHs) turnish extended medical and renabilitative care to individuals who are clinically complex and have multiple acute or chronic conditions	Source: American Hospital Association [7/1/2006: new]
ZOZEUUUUUX	1 Toopitals	гизрка		nave manupe avace of citroric conditions.	Cource. American nospital Association [7/1/2000; New]
282J00000X	Hospitals	Religious Nonmedical Health Care Institution		Furnishes only nonmedical nursing items and services to patients who choose to rely solely upon a religious method of healing, and for whom the acceptance of medical services would be inconsistent with their religious beliefs. Furnishes nonmedical items and services exclusively through nonmedical nirsing personnel who are experienced in carring for the physical needs of nonmedical patients. For example, caring for the physical needs such as assistance with activities of daily living; assistance in moving, positioning, and ambidation; nutritional needs; and comfort and support measures. Furnishes nonmedical items and services to include into a passible services (including any medical screening, examination, diagnosis, prognosis, treatment, or the administration of drugs) for its patients.	Source: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, http://www.cms.hhs.gov/CertificationandCompilianc/19_RNHCls.asp#TopOfPage [7/1/2006: new]
				An acute general hospital is an institution whose primary function is to provide inpatient diagnostic and therapeutic services for a	
				variety of medical conditions, both surgical and non-surgical, to a wide population group. The hospital treats patients in an acute	
1		General Acute Care		phase of illness or injury, characterized by a single episode or a fairly short duration, from which the patient returns to his or her	
282N00000X	Hospitals	Hospital	1	normal or previous level of activity.	
		General Acute Care		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
282NC0060V	Hospitals	Hospital	Critical Access	Definition to come.	[7/1/2003: new]
282NC0060X	1 Toopitals		Ortical Access	DOMINION TO CONTO.	[// I/2000. Hew]
	L	General Acute Care	L	L	
282NC2000X	Hospitals	Hospital	Children	Definition to come	<u> </u>

		10 14 1 0			
282NR1301X	Hospitals	General Acute Care Hospital	Rural	Definition to come	
		General Acute Care			
282NW0100X	Hospitals	Hospital	Women	Definition to come	
283Q00000X	Hospitals	Psychiatric Hospital		An organization including a physical plant and personnel that provides multidisciplinary diagnostic and treatment mental health services to patients requiring the safety, security, and shelter of the inpatient or partial hospitalization settings.	Source: Expanded from Rhea, Ott, and Shafritz, The Facts On File Dictionary of Health Care Management, New York: Facts On File Publications, 1988.
200000000		,			Source: Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations, Lexikon: Dictionary of
283X00000X	Hospitals	Rehabilitation Hospital		A hospital or facility that provides health-related, social and/or vocational services to disabled persons to help them attain their maximum functional capacity.	Health Care Terms, Organizations and Acronyms for the Era of Reform, Oakbrook Terrace, IL: 1994, p. 323
283XC2000X	Hospitals	Rehabilitation Hospital	Children	Definition to come	
284300000X	Hospitals	Special Hospital		A designation by the AHA of a hospital whose primary function of the institution is to provide diagnostic and treatment services for patients who have specified medical conditions, both surgical and nonsurgical.	Source: AHA Guide, Registration section, p. A5.
286500000X	Hospitals	Military Hospital		A health care facility operated by the Department of Defense.	
2865C1500X	Hospitals	Military Hospital	Community Health		[1/1/2005: marked inactive]
20051400004	Hospitals	Military Hospital	Military General Acute Care Hospital	A Department of Defense (DoD) health care organization furnishing inpatient care 24 hours per day in "fixed" facilities, primarily for DoD beneficiaries. Entity is Defense Health Program (DHP) funded. A "fixed" facility is a non-temporary, non-deployed facility usuals upused for health care services. It includes mobile specialty units such as Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI) units that may furnish services at the "fixed" facility. It includes those services and institutional costs usually included in a Diagnosis Related Group as well as "base-through" items.	11/1/2005 title modified, definition addedl
2865M2000X	riospitais	ivilital y Hospital	Williamy General Acute Care Hospital	related Group as well as pass-tillough items.	[177/2003: title modified, definition added]
2865X1600X	Hospitals	Military Hospital	Military General Acute Care Hospital. Operational (Transportable)	A Department of Defense (DoD) health care organization furnishing inpatient care 24 hours per day in "non-fixed" or deployed facilities. Entitly is not Defense Health Program funded. Services are primarily intended for DoD active duty though some services may be furnished for non-DoD active duty. "Non-fixed" facilities are generally deployed DoD health care activities, not providing services on or in association with a DoD fort or base. "Non-fixed" facilities include hospital ships.	[1/1/2005: title modified. definition added]
		Christian Science			
287300000X	Hospitals	Sanitorium Military Clinical Medical		Inactive, use 282,000000X A Department of Defense (DoD) medical clinical reference laboratory not associated with a DoD Hospital or DoD Clinic. An	[7/1/2009: marked inactive]
291900000X	Laboratories	Laboratory		example is the Armed Forces Institute of Pathology.	[1/1/2005: new]
291U00000X	Laboratories	Clinical Medical Laboratory		(1) A clinical laboratory is a facility for the biological, microbiological, serological, chemical, immunchematological, hematological, biophysical, cytological, pathological, order examination of materials derived from the human body for the purpose of providing information for the diagnosis, prevention, or treatment of any disease or impairment of, human beings. These examinations also include procedures to determine, measure, or otherwise describe the presence or absence of various substances or organisms in the body. Facilities only collecting or preparing specimens (or both) or only serving as a mailing service and not performing testing are not considered clinical laboratories. (2) Any facility that examines materials from the human body for purposes of providing information for the diagnosis, prevention, or treatment of any disease or impairment of, or the assessment of, the health of human beings. Typical divisions of a clinical laboratory include hematology, cytology, bacteriology, histology, biochemistry, medical aborology, and serology.	Source: (1) Code of Federal Regulations #42, Public Health, Section 493.2. (2)) Lewkon: Dictionary of Health Care Terms, Organizations and Acronyms for the Era of Reform, The Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations, Oakbrook Terrace, Illinois: 1994, p. 188.
				A commercial laboratory specializing in the construction of dental appliances that conform to a dentist's specifications including	Source: Lexikon: Dictionary of Health Care Terms, Organizations and Acronyms for the Era of Reform, The Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations, Oakbrook
292200000X	Laboratories	Dental Laboratory		the construction of dentures (complete or partial), orthodontic appliances, bridgework, crowns, and inlays.	Terrace, Illinois: 1994, p. 1245.
293D00000X	Laboratories	Physiological Laboratory		A laboratory that operates independently of a hospital and physician's office to furnish physiological diagnostic services (e.g. EEG's, EKG's, scans, etc.). Facilities offering ONLY physiological services are not certified as independent laboratories. If an independent laboratory offers physiological services IN ADDITION to clinical laboratory services, they are surveyed only for compliance with the clinical laboratory regulations because there are no health and safety regulations for physiological services.	Source: Paraphrased from the Medicare Carrier Manual, Section 2070.5.
302F00000X	Managed Care Organizations	Exclusive Provider Organization		(1) An EPO is a form of PPO, in which patients must visit a caregiver that is specified on its panel of providers (is a participating provider). If a visit to an outside(not participating) provider is made the EPO offers very limited or no coverage for the medical service; (2) While similar to a PPO in that an EPO allows patients to go outside the network for care, if they do so in an EPO, they are required to pay the entire cost of care. An EPO differs from an HMO in that EPO physicians do not receive capitation but instead are reimbursed only for actual services provided; (3) An organization identical to a preferred provider organization except that persons enrolled in the plan are eligible to receive benefits only when they use the services of the contracting providers. No benefits are available when non-contracting providers are used, except in certain emergency situations.	Source: (1) Medical Interface: Managed Care A thru Z- Managed Care Terms published by Medicom International, Bronxville, New York Telephone (914) 337-5023, p. 15; (2) "Glossary of terms used in managed care Neveloped by the Managed Care Assembly (MCA) of Medical Group Management Association (McMA), McM Journal, September/October 1995, p. 58; (3) Rhea, Ott, and Shaffitz, The Facts On File Dictionary of Health Care Management, New York: Facts On File Publications, 1988.
302R00000X	Managed Care Organizations	Health Maintenance Organization		(1) A form of health insurance in which its members prepay a premium for the HMO's health services which generally include inpatient and ambulatory care. For the patient, an HMO means reduced out-of-pocket costs (i.e. no deductible), no paperwork (i.e. insurance forms), and only a small copyament for each office visit to cover the paperwork handled by the HMO' (2) A organization of health care personnel and facilities that provides a comprehensive range of health services to an enrolled population for a fixed sum of money paid in advance for a specified period of time. These health services to an enrolled population for a fixed sum of money paid in advance for a specified period of time. These health services to take variety of medical treatments and consults, inpatient and outpatient hospitalization, home health service, ambulance service, and sometimes dental and pharmacy services. The HMO may be organized as a group model, an individual practice association (IPA), an etwork model or a staff model. A group of physicians and/or hospitals who contract with an employer to provide services to their employees. In a PPO, the patient may got to the physician of hisher choice, even if that physician does not participate in the PPO, but the patient receives	Source: (1) Medical Interface: Managed Care A thru Z- Managed Care Terms published by Medicom International, Bronxville, New York Telephone (914) 337-5023, p. 20; (2) 'Glossary of terms used in managed care' Developed by the Managed Care Assembly (MCA) of Medical Group Management Association (MGMA), MGM Journal, September/October 1995, p. 58 Source: 'Glossary of terms used in managed care' Developed by the Managed Care Assembly (MCA) of Medical Group Management Association (MGMA), MGM Journal, September (MCA) of Medical Group Management Association (MGMA), MGM Journal, September (MCA) of Medical Group Management Association (MGMA), MGM Journal, September (MCA) of Medical Group Management Association (MGMA), MGM JOURNAL (MGA)
305R00000X	Managed Care Organizations	Organization		care at a lower benefit level.	October 1995, p. 62
3055000000	Managed Care Organizations	Point of Service		This product may also be called an open-ended HIMO and offers a transition product incorporating features of both HIMOs and PPOs. Beneficiaries are enrolled in an HIMO but have the option to go outside the networks for an additional cost.	Source: "Glossary of terms used in managed care" Developed by the Managed Care Assembly (MCA) of Medical Group Management Association (MGMA), MGM Journal, September/October 1995, p. 62
305S00000X	Managed Care Organizations			A facility providing supportive services to individuals who can function independently in most areas of activity, but need	
310400000X	Nursing & Custodial Care Facilities	Assisted Living Facility		assistance and/or monitoring to assure safety and well being.	[7/1/2003: new]
				A facility providing supportive services to individuals who can function independently in most areas of activity, but need special guidance, assistance and/or monitoring as the result of a psychiatric problem. This type of facility requires a staff with special	
3104A0625X	Nursing & Custodial Care Facilities	Assisted Living Facility	Assisted Living, Mental Illness	training in mental health training and dealing with psychiatric emergencies.	[7/1/2003: new]
			-	A facility providing supportive services to individuals who can function independently in most areas of activity, but exhibit	
3104A0630X	Nursing & Custodial Care Facilities	Assisted Living Facility	Assisted Living, Behavioral Disturbances	abnormal behavioral responses and habits and therefore need special guidance, assistance and/or monitoring to assure safety and well being. This type of facility requires a staff with special training in dealing with and redirecting negative, violent or destructive behaviors.	[7/1/2003: new]
		Intermediate Care		A pursing facility that provides an intermediate level of pursing come in individual where for all the individual where it is in its individual where it is	
310500000X	Nursing & Custodial Care Facilities	Intermediate Care Facility, Mental Illness		A nursing facility that provides an intermediate level of nursing care to individuals whose functional abilities are significantly compromise by mental illness.	[7/1/2003: new]

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				A freestanding facility or special care unit of a long term care facility focusing on patient care of individuals diagnosed with	
				dementia or Alzheimer's Disease or their related diseases. Six elements of the facility/unit set it apart from other (the rest of the)	
				facilities(y): Admission of residents with dementia (including those with Alzheimer's disease); Staff who are specially selected,	
				trained, and supervised; Activities that are specifically designed for the cognitively impaired; A marketing of a special care unit	
311500000X	Nursing & Custodial Care Facilities	Alzheimer Center (Dementia Center)		in brochures; A high level of family involvement; and A physical environment designed to keep residents safe and segregated from other populations.	
311300000X	Training & Capitalia Care Fabrilla	(Domonau Contor)		A facility providing care that serves to assist an individual in the activities of daily living, such as assistance in walking, getting in	
				and out of bed, bathing, dressing, feeding, and using the toilet, preparation of special diets, and supervision of medication that	
				usually can be self-administered. Custodial care essentially is personal care that does not require the continuing attention of	
311Z00000X	Nursing & Custodial Care Facilities	Custodial Care Facility		trained medical or paramedical personnel. A custodial care facility providing supportive and personal care services to disabled and/or elderly individuals who cannot	Source: Paraphrased from Section 3159 A3 of the Medicare Intermediary Manual.
				function independently in most areas of activity and need assistance and monitoring to enable them to remain in a home like	
311ZA0620X	Nursing & Custodial Care Facilities	Custodial Care Facility	Adult Care Home	environment.	[7/1/2003: new]
				An institution (or a distinct part of an institution) which- (1) is primarily engaged in providing to residents- (A) skilled nursing care	
				and related services for residents who require medical or nursing care, (B) rehabilitation services for the rehabilitation of injured, disabled, or sick persons, or, on a regular basis, health-related care and services to individuals who because of their mental or	
		Nursing		physical condition require care and services (above the level of room and board) which can be made available to them only	
0404000000	Number 9 Control Con Facilities	Facility/Intermediate		through institutional facilities, and is not primarily for the care and treatment of mental diseases; (2) has in effect a transfer	Course Boundary of force Continue 4040 (a) of the Continue Course And
313M00000X	Nursing & Custodial Care Facilities	Care Facility		agreement with one or more hospitals.	Source: Paraphrased from Section 1919 (a) of the Social Security Act.
				(1) A skilled nursing facility is a facility or distinct part of an institution whose primary function is to provide medical, continuous	
				nursing, and other health and social services to patients who are not in an acute phase of illness requiring services in a hospital,	
				but who require primary restorative or skilled nursing services on an inpatient basis above the level of intermediate or custodial	
				care in order to reach a degree of body functioning to permit self care in essential daily living. It meets any licensing or certification standards et forth by the jurisdiction where it is located. A skilled nursing facility may be a freestanding facility or	
				part of a hospital that has been certified by Medicare to admit patients requiring subacute care and rehabilitation; (2) Provides	Source: (1) "Glossary of terms used in managed care" Developed by the Managed Care
				non-acute medical and skilled nursing care services, therapy and social services under the supervision of a licensed registered	Assembly (MCA) of Medical Group Management Association (MGMA), MGM Journal,
314000000X	Nursing & Custodial Care Facilities	Skilled Nursing Facility		nurse on a 24-hour basis.	September/October 1995, p. 64; (2) AHA Guide, 1996 Annual Survey.
				A nursing care facility designed and staffed for the provision of nursing care and appropriate educational and habilitative/rehabilitative services to children with multiple, complex or profound disabilities that can not be cared for in a less	
3140N1450X	Nursing & Custodial Care Facilities	Skilled Nursing Facility	Nursing Care, Pediatric	restrictive environment.	[7/1/2003: new]
				A provider organization, or distinct part of the organization, which renders an interdisciplinary program providing palliative care, chiefly medical relief of pain and supporting services, which addresses the emotional, social, financial, and legal needs of	
315D00000X	Nursing & Custodial Care Facilities	Hospice, Inpatient		terminally ill patients and their families where an institutional care environment is required for the patient.	Source: AHA Guide, American Hospital Association.
	3				Sources: (1) Lexikon: Dictionary of Health Care Terms, Organizations and Acronyms for the
		Intermediate Care		(1) A public institution for care of the mentally retarded or people with related conditions. (2) An institution giving active	Era of Reform, Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations, Oakbrook
315P00000X	Nursing & Custodial Care Facilities	Facility, Mentally Retarded		treatment to mentally retarded or developmentally disabled persons or persons with related conditions. The primary purpose of the institution is to provide health or rehabilitative services to such individuals.	Terrace, IL: 1994, p. 403 (2) Paraphrased from Code of Federal Regulations #42, Public Health, Section 440.150(c).
313F00000X	Indianing & Custodian Care Facilities	Christian Science		are institution is to provide health or renabilitative services to such individuals.	1 Icalul, Occion 440. 100(c).
317400000X	Nursing & Custodial Care Facilities	Facility		Inactive, use 282J00000X	[7/1/2009: marked inactive]
		Residential Treatment Facility, Mental			
		Retardation and/or			
		Developmental		A residential facility that provides habilitation services and other care and treatment to adults or children diagnosed with	
320600000X	Residential Treatment Facilities	Disabilities Residential Treatment		developmental disabilities and/or mental retardation and are not able to live independently.	[7/1/2003: new]
		Facility, Physical		A residential facility that provides habilitation services and other care and treatment to adults or children diagnosed with	
320700000X	Residential Treatment Facilities	Disabilities		developmental disabilities and/or mental retardation and are not able to live independently.	[7/1/2003: new]
		Community Based Residential Treatment		A home-like residential facility providing psychiatric treatment and psycho/social rehabilitative services to individuals diagnosed	
320800000X	Residential Treatment Facilities	Facility, Mental Illness		with mental illness.	[7/1/2003: new]
		Community Based Residential Treatment			
		Residential Treatment, Mental Retardation			
		and/or Developmental		A home-like residential facility providing habilitation, support and monitoring services to individuals diagnosed with mental	
320900000X	Residential Treatment Facilities	Disabilities		retardation and/or developmental disabilities.	[7/1/2003: new]
		1		A provider facility or distinct part of the organization which renders an interdisciplinary program of mental health treatment to individuals under 21 years of age who have persistent dysfunction in major life areas. The dysfunction is of an extent and	
		1		pervasiveness that requires a protected and highly structured therapeutic environment. These organizations, or distinct part of	
		Residential Treatment		organizations, exclude those that provide acute psychiatric care, partial hospitalization, group living, therapeutic schooling,	
322D00000X	Residential Treatment Facilities	Facility, Emotionally Disturbed Children		primary diagnosis substance abuse disorder treatment, or primary diagnosis mental retardation or developmental disability treatment.	Source: U.S. Department of Defense Regulation 6010.8-R, Chapter 6.
CLLDOGGOOK					
		1			
		1		A residential treatment facility (RTF) is a facility or distinct part of a facility that provides to children and adolescents, a total,	
1		1		twenty-four hour, therapeutically planned group living and learning situation where distinct and individualized psychotherapeutic	
		1		interventions can take place. Residential treatment is a specific level of care to be differentiated from acute, intermediate, and long-term hospital care, when the least restrictive environment is maintained to allow for normalization of the patient's	
		1		surroundings. The RTF must be both physically and programmatically distinct if it is a part or subunit of a larger treatment	
		1		program. An RTF is organized and professionally staffed to provide residential treatment of mental disorders to children and	
		Psychiatric Residential		adolescents who have sufficient intellectual potential to respond to active treatment (that is, for whom it can reasonably be assumed that treatment of the mental disorder will result in an improved ability to function outside the RTF) for whom outpatient	Source: Champus Policy manual, Volume II, p. 6010.47M dated 9/12/94. Revision: Definition
323P00000X	Residential Treatment Facilities	Treatment Facility		treatment, partial hospitalization or protected and structured environment is medically or psychologically necessary	title revised 7/1/03
324500000X	Residential Treatment Facilities	Substance Abuse Rehabilitation Facility		A facility or distinct part of a facility that provides a 24 hr therapeutically planned living and rehabilitative intervention environment for the treatment of individuals with disorders in the abuse of drugs, alcohol, and other substances.	[7/1/2003: modified title, modified definition]
				A facility or distinct part of a facility that provides a 24 hr therapeutically planned living and rehabilitative intervention environment	,
3245S0500X		Substance Abuse		for the treatment of children with disorders in the use of drugs, alcohol, and other substances. Medical and supportive	<u></u>
13245S0500Y	Residential Treatment Facilities	Rehabilitation Facility	Substance Abuse Treatment, Children	counseling services and education services are included.	[7/1/2003: new]

				An institution (organization or distinct part thereof) that performs, or is responsible for the performance of, the collection, processing, storage and/or issuance of human blood and blood components, intended for transfusion. The institution may also collect, process, and/or distribute human tissue, including home marrow and peripheral blood progenitor cells, intended for	Source: American Association of Blood Banks, Standards for Blood Banks and Tranfusion, 17th
331L00000X	Suppliers	Blood Bank		transplantation.	ed.
332000000X	Suppliers	Military/U.S. Coast Guard Pharmacy		A Department of Defense (DoD) or U.S. Coast Guard entity whose primary function is to store, prepare and dispense pharmaceuticals and other associated items to Uniformed Services beneficiaries. These pharmacies may be associated with a DoD or U.S. Coast Guard clinic, DoD Hospital or freestanding. Usually associated with outplatient services.	Source: TRICARE Management Activity Uniform Business Office User's Guide [1/1/2005: new, 7/1/2006: modified title, modified definition]
332100000X	Suppliers	Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) Pharmacy		Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) Pharmacy means any place under VA jurisdiction where drugs are dispensed and Pharmaceutical Care is provided to enrolled Veterans, by licensed pharmacists. The Pharmacy is reviewed by JCAHO, utilizes the VA hospital's DEA number, and has a designated NCPDP number. VA facility pharmacies include Inpatient (Institutional), Outpatient, Denosidiated Mall Outpatient Pharmacies (CMDPs), Research, Addiction Treatment Centers, Long Term Care and Community Based Outpatient Clinics Pharmacies. The VHA Pharmacy Benefits Management – Strategic Healthcare Group has oversight for professional and practice activities of VA Pharmacies. Each pharmacy is under the direct supervision of a U.S. or U.S. territory (Ionesed pharmacist, and has staffing to meet its designated scope of service.	
332800000X	Suppliers	Indian Health Service/Tribal/Urban Indian Health (I/T/U) Pharmacy		An Indian Health Service/Tribal/Urban Indian Health (I/T/U) Pharmacy means a pharmacy operated by the Indian Health Service, an Indian tribe or tribal organization, or an urban Indian organization, all of which are defined in Section 4 of the Indian Health Care Improvement Act, 25 U.S.C. 1603.	Source: The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement and Modernization Act of 2003 [1/1/2006: new]
332900000X	Suppliers	Non-Pharmacy Dispensing Site		A site other than a pharmacy that dispenses medicinal preparations under the supervision of a physician to patients for self-administration. (e.g. physician offices, ER, Urgent Care Centers, Rural Health Facilities, etc.)	Source: Developed by National Council for Prescription Drug Programs (NCPDP), National Home Influsion Association (NHIA), and Pharmacist Services Technical Advisory Coalition (PSTAC) [11/1/2006: new]
332B00000X	Suppliers	Durable Medical Equipment & Medical Supplies		A supplier of medical equipment such as respirators, wheelchairs, home dialysis systems, or monitoring systems, that are prescribed by a physician for a patient's use in the home and that are usable for an extended period of time.	
332BC3200X	Suppliers	Durable Medical Equipment & Medical Supplies	Customized Equipment	Definition to come	
332BD1200X	Suppliers	Durable Medical Equipment & Medical Supplies	Dialysis Equipment & Supplies	Definition to come	
332BD 1200X	Оцирната	Durable Medical Equipment & Medical		Delimbot to Corto	
332BN1400X	Suppliers	Supplies Durable Medical Equipment & Medical	Nursing Facility Supplies	Definition to come	
332BP3500X	Suppliers	Supplies Durable Medical	Parenteral & Enteral Nutrition	Definition to come	
332BX2000X	Suppliers	Equipment & Medical Supplies	Oxygen Equipment & Supplies	Definition to come	
332G00000X	Suppliers	Eye Bank		An eye bank procures and distributes eyes for transplant, education and research. To promote patient safety, donated eyes and donor medial histories are evaluated based on strict Eye Bank Association of America Medical Standards	
332H00000X	Suppliers	Eyewear Supplier (Equipment, not the service)		An organization that provides spectacles, contact lenses, and other vision enhancement devices prescribed by an optometrist or ophthalmologist.	
332S00000X	Suppliers	Hearing Aid Equipment		The manufacture and/or sale of electronic hearing aids, their component parts, and related products and services on a national basis.	
332U00000X	Suppliers	Home Delivered Meals		Home-delivered meals are those services or activities designed to prepare and deliver one or more meals a day to an individual's residence in order to prevent institutionalization, mainutrition, and feelings of isolation. Component services or activities may include the cost of personnel, equipment, and food, assessment of nutritional and dietary needs; nutritional education and counseline; oscilization services and information and referral.	Source: Code of Federal Regulations #45, Part 96, Appendix A, Uniform Definition of Services.
332000000	оприсса .			A supplier of a personal emergency response system (PERS), which is an electronic device that enables a patient to receive emergency assistance when needed. The PERS is one of two different methodologies of notification: (1) where the patient	Course Code or readers regulations ##0, 1 at 30, Appendix A, Uniform Delimitor or Out tibes.
333300000X	Suppliers	Emergency Response System Companies		summons emergency assistance themselves directly through the device or (2) emergency assistance is summoned through secure activation by the caretaker/guardian, which sends the device location to emergency responders. A facility used by pharmacists for the compounding and dispensing of medicinal preparations and other associated professional	Source: National Uniform Claim Committee, 2010 [7/1/2010: modified]
333600000X	Suppliers	Pharmacy		and administrative services. A pharmacy is a facility whose primary function is to store, prepare and legally dispense prescription drugs under the professional supervision of a licensed pharmacist. It meets any licensing or certification standards set forth by the jurisdiction where it is located.	Source: Developed by National Council for Prescription Drug Programs (NCPDP). National Home Influsion Association (NHIA), and Pharmacist Services Technical Advisory Coalition (PSTAC) [11/1206: added definition]
				A pharmacy in a clinic, emergency room or hospital (outpatient) that dispenses medications to patients for self-administration	Source: Developed by National Council for Prescription Drug Programs (NCPDP), National Home Infusion Association (NHIA), and Pharmacist Services Technical Advisory Coalition
3336C0002X	Suppliers	Pharmacy	Clinic Pharmacy	under the supervision of a pharmacist. A pharmacy where pharmacists store, prepare, and dispense medicinal preparations and/or prescriptions for a local patient population in accordance with federal and state law, counsel patients and caregivers (sometimes independent of the dispensing process), administer vaccinations; and provide other professional services associated with pharmaceutical care such as health screenings, consultative services with other health care providers, collaborative practice, disease state management, and	(PSTAC) [1/1/2006: new] Source: Developed by National Council for Prescription Drug Programs (NCPDP), National Home Infusion Association (NHIA), and Pharmacist Services Technical Advisory Coalition
3336C0003X	Suppliers	Pharmacy	Community/Retail Pharmacy	education classes.	(PSTAC) [1/1/2006: new]
3336C0004X	Suppliers	Pharmacy	Compounding Pharmacy	A pharmacy that specializes in the preparation of components into a drug preparation as the result of a Practitioner's Prescription Drug Order or initiative based on the Practitioner/Patient/Pharmacist relationship in the course of professional practice. A compounding pharmacy utilizes specialized equipment and specially designed facilities necessary to meet the legal and quality requirements of its scope of compounding practice.	Sources: NABP Model Practice Act, Appendix C - Good Compounding Practice, USP <795> and <797>, and Pharmacy Compounding Accreditation Board [7/1/2006: new]
				Pharmacy-based, decentralized patient care organization with expertise in USP 797-compliant sterile drug compounding that provides care to patients with acute or chronic conditions generally pertaining to parenteral administration of drugs, biologics and nutritional formulae administered through catheters and/or needles in home and alternate sites. Extensive professional pharmacy services, care coordination, influsion nursing services, supplies and equipment are provided to optimize efficacy and	
3336H0001X	Suppliers	Pharmacy	Home Infusion Therapy Pharmacy	compliance.	Source: National Home Infusion Association [1/1/2006: new]

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				A pharmacy in a hospital (inpatient) or institution used by pharmacists for the compounding and delivery of medicinal	
				preparations to be administered to the patient by nursing or other authorized personnel. Institutional Pharmacies also counsel	
					Source: Developed by National Council for Prescription Drug Programs (NCPDP), National
				such as health screenings, consultative services with other health care providers, collaborative practice, disease state	Home Infusion Association (NHIA), and Pharmacist Services Technical Advisory Coalition
3336I0012X	Suppliers	Pharmacy	Institutional Pharmacy	management, and education classes.	(PSTAC) [1/1/2006: new]
				A pharmacy that dispenses medicinal preparations delivered to patients residing within an intermediate or skilled nursing facility,	Source: Developed by National Council for Prescription Drug Programs (NCPDP), National
				including intermediate care facilities for mentally retarded, hospice, assisted living facilities, group homes, and other forms of	Home Infusion Association (NHIA), and Pharmacist Services Technical Advisory Coalition
3336L0003X	Suppliers	Pharmacy	Long Term Care Pharmacy	congregate living arrangements.	(PSTAC) [1/1/2006: new]
				A pharmacy where pharmacists compound or dispense prescriptions or other medications in accordance with federal and state	
				law, using common carriers to deliver the medications to patient or their caregivers. Mail order pharmacies counsel patients and	
				caregivers (sometimes independent of the dispensing process) through telephone or email contact and provide other professional services associated with pharmaceutical care appropriate to the setting. Mail order pharmacies are licensed as a	Source: Developed by National Council for Prescription Drug Programs (NCPDP), National
				Mail Order Pharmacy in the state where they are located and may also be licensed or registered as nonresident pharmacies in	Home Infusion Association (NHIA), and Pharmacist Services Technical Advisory Coalition
3336M0002X	Suppliers	Pharmacy	Mail Order Pharmacy	other states.	(PSTAC) [1/1/2006: new]
					Source: Developed by National Council for Prescription Drug Programs (NCPDP), National
				A pharmacy owned by a managed care organization (MCO) used by pharmacists for the compounding and dispensing of	Home Infusion Association (NHIA), and Pharmacist Services Technical Advisory Coalition
3336M0003X	Suppliers	Pharmacy	Managed Care Organization Pharmacy	medicinal preparations to that MCO's covered members only.	(PSTAC) [1/1/2006: new]
					Source: Developed by National Council for Prescription Drug Programs (NCPDP), National
2226100077	Suppliers	Pharmacy	Nuclear Pharmacy	A pharmacy dedicated to the compounding and dispensing of radioactive materials for use in nuclear imaging and nuclear medical procedures.	Home Infusion Association (NHIA), and Pharmacist Services Technical Advisory Coalition (PSTAC) [1/1/2006: new]
3336N0007X	Зирріна з	Filalillacy	Nuclear Filannacy	'	Source: Developed by National Council for Prescription Drug Programs (NCPDP), National
				A pharmacy that dispenses generally low volume and high cost medicinal preparations to patients who are undergoing intensive therapies for illnesses that are generally chronic, complex and potentially life threatening. Often these therapies require	Home Infusion Association (NHIA), and Pharmacist Services Technical Advisory Coalition
3336S0011X	Suppliers	Pharmacy	Specialty Pharmacy	specialized delivery and administration.	(PSTAC) [1/1/2006: new]
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					Source: American Board for Certification in Orthotics, Prosthetics, and Pedorthics, Inc.
				An organization that provides prosthetic and orthotic care which may include, but is not limited to, patient evaluation, prosthesis	[7/1/2010: modified, 7/1/2013: modified] Additional Resources: American Board for
		Prosthetic/Orthotic		or orthosis design, fabrication, fitting and modification to treat limb loss for purposes of restoring physiological function and/or	Certification in Orthotics, Prosthetics and Pedorthics, Inc., www.abcop.org and Board of
335E00000X	Suppliers	Supplier		cosmesis or to treat a neuromusculoskeletal disorder or acquired condition.	Certification/Accreditation, International, www.bocusa.org.
				A supplier of special replacement foods for clients with errors of metabolism that prohibit them from eating a regular diet.	
335G00000X	Suppliers	Medical Foods Supplier		Medical foods are lacking in the compounds which cause complications of the metabolic disorder, and are not generally available in grocery stores, health food stores, or pharmacies.	Source: The Children with Special Healthcare Needs (CSHCN) Services Program, a program of the Texas Department of State Health Services
335G00000X	Зирріна з	Ivieuicai roous Suppliei	+	available in grocery stores, nealth root stores, or pharmacies.	of the Texas Department of State Health Services
		Organ Procurement		A federally designated organization that works with hospital personnel in retrieval of organs for transplantation. The federal	
335U00000X	Suppliers	Organization		government designates an OPO's service area and the hospitals with which an OPO is to establish working relationships.	
		T*			
		Portable X-ray and/or		A supplier that provides one or more of the following portable services, including but not limited to, x-ray, electrocardiogram	
		Other Portable		(EKG), long-term EKG (Holter Monitor), bone densitometry, sonography, and other imaging services in accordance with all state	
		Diagnostic Imaging		and federal requirements, under the general supervision of a qualified physician. All necessary resources are transported to the	
335V00000X	Suppliers	Supplier		patient's location where the services are performed.	Source: National Uniform Claim Committee, 2015 [1/1/2016: title and definition modified]
				L	Source: Lexikon: Dictionary of Health Care Terms, Organizations and Acronyms for the Era of
341600000X	Transportation Services	Ambulance		An emergency vehicle used for transporting patients to a health care facility after injury or illness. Types of ambulances used in the United States include ground (surface) ambulance, rotor-wing (helicopter), and fixed-wing aircraft (airplane).	Reform, The Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations, Oakbrook Terrace, Illinois: 1994, p. 37.
341600000X 3416A0800X	Transportation Services Transportation Services	Ambulance	Air Transport	Definition to come	[1/1/2005: title modified]
3416L0300X	Transportation Services	Ambulance	Land Transport	Definition to come	[1/1/2005: title modified]
3416S0300X	Transportation Services	Ambulance	Water Transport	Definition to come	[1/1/2005: title modified]
		Military/U.S. Coast	· ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
341800000X	Transportation Services	Guard Transport		Definition to come	[1/1/2005: new; 7/1/2006 title modified]
		Military/U.S. Coast	Military or U.S. Coast Guard Ambulance,	Vehicle and staff for patient emergency or non-emergency ground transport. Includes traditional ambulances as well as	Source: TRICARE Management Activity Uniform Business Office User's Guide [1/1/2005:
3418M1110X	Transportation Services	Guard Transport	Ground Transport	ambulance buses.	new; 7/1/2006 modified title, added source]
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3418M1120X		Military/U.S. Coast	Military or U.S. Coast Guard Ambulance, Air	have a second control of the second control	Source: TRICARE Management Activity Uniform Business Office User's Guide [1/1/2005:
	Transportation Services	Guard Transport	Transport	Vehicle and staff for patient emergency or non-emergency air transport.	new; 7/1/2006 modified title, added source]
	·	Guard Transport Military/U.S. Coast	Transport Military or U.S. Coast Guard Ambulance,		new; 7/1/2006 modified title, added source] Source: TRICARE Management Activity Uniform Business Office User's Guide [1/1/2005:
3418M1130X	Transportation Services Transportation Services	Guard Transport	Transport	Vehicle and staff for patient emergency or non-emergency sea/water transport	new; 7/1/2006 modified title, added source]
	·	Guard Transport Military/U.S. Coast	Transport Military or U.S. Coast Guard Ambulance,	Vehicle and staff for patient emergency or non-emergency seal/water transport A public or privately owned transportation service with vehicles, specially equipped to provide enhanced safety, security and	new; 7/1/2006 modified title, added source] Source: TRICARE Management Activity Uniform Business Office User's Guide [1/1/2005:
	·	Guard Transport Military/U.S. Coast Guard Transport	Transport Military or U.S. Coast Guard Ambulance,	Vehicle and staff for patient emergency or non-emergency sea/water transport	new; 7/1/2006 modified title, added source] Source: TRICARE Management Activity Uniform Business Office User's Guide [1/1/2005:
3418M1130X	Transportation Services	Guard Transport Military/U.S. Coast Guard Transport Secured Medical Transport (VAN) Non-emergency	Transport Military or U.S. Coast Guard Ambulance,	Vehicle and staff for patient emergency or non-emergency seal/water transport A public or privately owned transportation service with vehicles, specially equipped to provide enhanced safety, security and passenger restraint, and staffed by one or more individuals trained to work with patients in crisis situations resulting from mental or emotional illness and/or substance abuse.	new; 7/1/2006 modified title, added source] Source: TRICARE Management Activity Uniform Business Office User's Guide [1/1/2005:
3418M1130X 343800000X	Transportation Services Transportation Services	Guard Transport Military/U.S. Coast Guard Transport Secured Medical Transport (VAN) Non-emergency Medical Transport	Transport Military or U.S. Coast Guard Ambulance,	Vehicle and staff for patient emergency or non-emergency seal/water transport A public or privately owned transportation service with vehicles, specially equipped to provide enhanced safety, security and passenger restraint, and staffed by one or more individuals trained to work with patients in crisis situations resulting from mental or emotional liness and/or substance abuse. A land vehicle with a capacity to meet special height, clearance, access, and seating, for the conveyance of persons in non-	new; 7/1/2006 modified title, added source] Source: TRICARE Management Activity Uniform Business Office User's Guide [1/1/2005:
3418M1130X	Transportation Services	Guard Transport Military/U.S. Coast Guard Transport Secured Medical Transport (VAN) Non-emergency	Transport Military or U.S. Coast Guard Ambulance,	Vehicle and staff for patient emergency or non-emergency seal/water transport A public or privately owned transportation service with vehicles, specially equipped to provide enhanced safety, security and passenger restraint, and staffed by one or more individuals trained to work with patients in crisis situations resulting from mental or emotional illness and/or substance abuse. A land vehicle with a capacity to meet special height, clearance, access, and seating, for the conveyance of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle may or may not be required to meet local county or state regulations.	new; 7/1/2006 modified title, added source] Source: TRICARE Management Activity Uniform Business Office User's Guide [1/1/2005:
3418M1130X 343800000X 343900000X	Transportation Services Transportation Services Transportation Services	Guard Transport Military/U.S. Coast Guard Transport Secured Medical Transport (VAN) Non-emergency Medical Transport (VAN)	Transport Military or U.S. Coast Guard Ambulance,	Vehicle and staff for patient emergency or non-emergency seal/water transport A public or privately owned transportation service with vehicles, specially equipped to provide enhanced safety, security and passerager restraint, and staffed by one or more individuals trained to work with patients in crisis situations resulting from mental or emotional liness and/or substance abuse. A land vehicle with a capacity to meet special height, clearance, access, and seating, for the conveyance of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle may or may not be required to meet local county or state regulations. A land commercial vehicle used for the transporting of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle meets local, county or	new; 7/1/2006 modified title, added source] Source: TRICARE Management Activity Uniform Business Office User's Guide [1/1/2005:
3418M1130X 343800000X	Transportation Services Transportation Services	Guard Transport Military/U.S. Coast Guard Transport Secured Medical Transport (VAN) Non-emergency Medical Transport	Transport Military or U.S. Coast Guard Ambulance,	Vehicle and staff for patient emergency or non-emergency seal/water transport A public or privately owned transportation service with vehicles, specially equipped to provide enhanced safety, security and passenger restraint, and staffed by one or more individuals trained to work with patients in crisis situations resulting from mental or emotional illness and/or substance abuse. A land vehicle with a capacity to meet special height, clearance, access, and seating, for the conveyance of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle may or may not be required to meet local county or state regulations. A land commercial vehicle used for the transporting of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle meets local, county or state regulations set forth by the jurisdictions where it is located.	new; 7/1/2006 modified title, added source] Source: TRICARE Management Activity Uniform Business Office User's Guide [1/1/2005:
3418M1130X 343800000X 343900000X	Transportation Services Transportation Services Transportation Services	Guard Transport Military/U.S. Coast Guard Transport Secured Medical Transport (VAN) Non-emergency Medical Transport (VAN)	Transport Military or U.S. Coast Guard Ambulance,	Vehicle and staff for patient emergency or non-emergency seal/water transport A public or privately owned transportation service with vehicles, specially equipped to provide enhanced safety, security and passenger restraint, and staffed by one or more individuals trained to work with patients in crisis situations resulting from mental or emotional illness and/or substance abuse. A land vehicle with a capacity to meet special height, clearance, access, and seating, for the conveyance of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle may or may not be required to meet local county or state regulations. A land commercial vehicle used for the transporting of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle meets local, county or state regulations set for the transporting of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle meets local, county or state regulations set for the transporting of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle meets local, county or state regulations set for the transporting of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle meets local, county or state regulations set for the transporting of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle meets local, county or state regulations set for the transporting of persons in non-emergency situations.	new, 71/12006 modified title, added source] Source: TRICARE Management Activity Uniform Business Office User's Guide [1/1/2005: new; 77/1/2006 modified title, added source]
3418M1130X 343800000X 343900000X	Transportation Services Transportation Services Transportation Services	Guard Transport Military/U.S. Coast Guard Transport Secured Medical Transport (VAN) Non-emergency Medical Transport (VAN)	Transport Military or U.S. Coast Guard Ambulance,	Vehicle and staff for patient emergency or non-emergency seal/water transport A public or privately owned transportation service with vehicles, specially equipped to provide enhanced safety, security and passenger restraint, and staffed by one or more individuals trained to work with patients in crisis situations resulting from mental or emotional illness and/or substance abuse. A land vehicle with a capacity to meet special height, clearance, access, and seating, for the conveyance of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle may or may not be required to meet local county or state regulations. A land commercial vehicle used for the transporting of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle meets local, county or state regulations set forth by the jurisdictions where it is located. An air company that the Federal Aviation Administration, the certificate-holding district office (CHDO), regional Flight Standards Division (RFSD) offices, and AFS-900 has verified that the company is capable of operating safely and that it compless with the	new, 71/12006 modified title, added source] Source: TRICARE Management Activity Uniform Business Office User's Guide [1/1/2005: new, 771/2006 modified title, added source]
3418M1130X 343800000X 343900000X 344600000X	Transportation Services Transportation Services Transportation Services Transportation Services	Guard Transport Military/U.S. Coast Guard Transport Secured Medical Transport (VAN) Non-emergency Medical Transport (VAN) Taxi	Transport Military or U.S. Coast Guard Ambulance,	Vehicle and staff for patient emergency or non-emergency seal/water transport A public or privately owned transportation service with vehicles, specially equipped to provide enhanced safety, security and passenger restraint, and staffed by one or more individuals trained to work with patients in crisis situations resulting from mental or emotional illness and/or substance abuse. A land vehicle with a capacity to meet special height, clearance, access, and seating, for the conveyance of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle may or may not be required to meet local county or state regulations. A land commercial vehicle used for the transporting of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle meets local, county or state regulations set for the transporting of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle meets local, county or state regulations set for the transporting of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle meets local, county or state regulations set for the transporting of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle meets local, county or state regulations set for the transporting of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle meets local, county or state regulations set for the transporting of persons in non-emergency situations.	new, 71/12006 modified title, added source] Source: TRICARE Management Activity Uniform Business Office User's Guide [1/1/2005: new; 77/1/2006 modified title, added source]
3418M1130X 343800000X 343900000X 344600000X	Transportation Services Transportation Services Transportation Services Transportation Services Transportation Services	Guard Transport Military(U.S. Coast Guard Transport Secured Medical Transport (VAN) Non-emergency Medical Transport (VAN) Taxi Air Carrier	Transport Military or U.S. Coast Guard Ambulance,	Vehicle and staff for patient emergency or non-emergency seal/water transport A public or privately owned transportation service with vehicles, specially equipped to provide enhanced safety, security and passenger restraint, and staffed by one or more individuals trained to work with patients in crisis situations resulting from mental or emotional illness and/or substance abuse. A land vehicle with a capacity to meet special height, clearance, access, and seating, for the conveyance of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle may or may not be required to meet local county or state regulations. A land commercial vehicle used for the transporting of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle meets local, county or state regulations set forth by the jurisdictions where it is located. An air company that the Federal Aviation Administration, the certificate-holding district office (CHDO), regional Flight Standards Division (RFSD) offices, and AFS-900 has verified that the company is capable of operating safety and that it compless with the regulations and standards prescribed by the Administrator.	new, 71/12006 modified title, added source] Source: TRICARE Management Activity Uniform Business Office User's Guide [1/1/2005: new, 771/2006 modified title, added source]
3418M1130X 343800000X 343900000X 344800000X 344800000X 347B00000X 347C00000X	Transportation Services	Guard Transport Military/U.S. Cast Guard Transport Secured Medical Transport (VAN) Non-emergency Medical Transport (VAN) Taxi Air Carrier Bus Private Vehicle	Transport Military or U.S. Coast Guard Ambulance,	Vehicle and staff for patient emergency or non-emergency sea/water transport A public or privately owned transportation service with vehicles, specially equipped to provide enhanced safety, security and passenger restraint, and staffed by one or more individuals trained to work with patients in crisis situations resulting from mental or emotional literals and/or substance abuse. A land vehicle with a capacity to meet special height, clearance, access, and seating, for the conveyance of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle may or may not be required to meet local county or state regulations. A land commercial vehicle used for the transporting of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle meets local, county or state regulations set forth by the jurisdictions where it is located. An air company that the Federal Aviation Administration, the certificate-holding district office (CHDO), regional Flight Standards Division (RFSD) offices, and AFS-900 has verified that the company is capable of operating safely and that it complies with the regulations and standards prescribed by the Administrator. A public or private organization or business licenseated to provide bus services. An individual paid to provide non-emergency transportation using their privately owned/leased vehicle.	new, 71/12006 modified title, added source] Source: TRICARE Management Activity Uniform Business Office User's Guide [1/1/2005: new, 771/2006 modified title, added source]
3418M1130X 343800000X 343900000X 344600000X 344800000X	Transportation Services	Guard Transport Military/U.S. Coast Guard Transport Secured Medical Transport (VAN) Non-emergency Medical Transport (VAN) Taxi Air Carrier Bus	Transport Military or U.S. Coast Guard Ambulance,	Vehicle and staff for patient emergency or non-emergency seal/water transport A public or privately owned transportation service with vehicles, specially equipped to provide enhanced safety, security and passenger restraint, and staffed by one or more individuals trained to work with patients in crisis situations resulting from mental or emotional illness and/or substance abuse. A land vehicle with a capacity to meet special height, clearance, access, and seating, for the conveyance of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle may or may not be required to meet local county or state regulations. A land commercial vehicle used for the transporting of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle meets local, county or state regulations set forth by the jurisdictions where it is located. An air company that Federal Aviation Administration, the certificate-holding district office (CHDO), regional Flight Standards Division (RFSD) offices, and AFS-900 has verified that the company is capable of operating safely and that it complies with the regulations and standards prescribed by the Administrator. A public or private organization or business licensed to provide bus services. An individual paid to provide non-emergency transportation using their privately owned/leased vehicle. An organization or business licensed to provide passenger train service, including light rail, subway, and traditional services.	new, 71/12006 modified title, added source] Source: TRICARE Management Activity Uniform Business Office User's Guide [1/1/2005: new, 771/2006 modified title, added source]
3418M1130X 343800000X 343900000X 344600000X 344600000X 347500000X 347D00000X	Transportation Services	Guard Transport Military/U.S. Cast Guard Transport Secured Medical Transport (VAN) Non-emergency Medical Transport (VAN) Taxi Air Carrier Bus Private Vehicle Train	Transport Military or U.S. Coast Guard Ambulance,	Vehicle and staff for patient emergency or non-emergency sea/water transport A public or privately owned transportation service with vehicles, specially equipped to provide enhanced safety, security and passenger restraint, and staffed by one or more individuals trained to work with patients in crisis situations resulting from mental or emotional littless and/or substance abuse. A land vehicle with a capacity to meet special height, clearance, access, and seating, for the conveyance of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle may or may not be required to meet local county or state regulations. A land commercial vehicle used for the transporting of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle meets local, county or state regulations set forth by the jurisdictions where it is located. An air company that the Federal Aviation Administration, the certificate-holding district office (CHDO), regional Flight Standards Division (RFSD) offices, and AFS-900 has verified that the company is capable of operating safely and that it complies with the regulations and standards prescribed by the Administrator. A public or private organization or business licensed to provide bus services. An individual paid to provide non-emergency transportation using their privately owned/leased vehicle. An organization or business licensed to provide passenger train service, including light rail, subway, and traditional services. A public or private organization or business contracted to arrange non-emergency medical transportation services, including	new, 71/12006 modified title, added source] Source: TRICARE Management Activity Uniform Business Office User's Guide [1/1/2005: new, 771/2006 modified title, added source]
3418M1130X 343800000X 343900000X 344800000X 344800000X 347B00000X 347C00000X	Transportation Services	Guard Transport Military/U.S. Cast Guard Transport Secured Medical Transport (VAN) Non-emergency Medical Transport (VAN) Taxi Air Carrier Bus Private Vehicle	Transport Military or U.S. Coast Guard Ambulance,	Vehicle and staff for patient emergency or non-emergency seal/water transport A public or privately owned transportation service with vehicles, specially equipped to provide enhanced safety, security and passenger restraint, and staffed by one or more individuals trained to work with patients in crisis situations resulting from mental or emotional illness and/or substance abuse. A land vehicle with a capacity to meet special height, clearance, access, and seating, for the conveyance of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle may or may not be required to meet local county or state regulations. A land commercial vehicle used for the transporting of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle meets local, county or state regulations set forth by the jurisdictions where it is located. An air company that Federal Aviation Administration, the certificate-holding district office (CHDO), regional Flight Standards Division (RFSD) offices, and AFS-900 has verified that the company is capable of operating safely and that it complies with the regulations and standards prescribed by the Administrator. A public or private organization or business licensed to provide bus services. An individual paid to provide non-emergency transportation using their privately owned/leased vehicle. An organization or business licensed to provide passenger train service, including light rail, subway, and traditional services.	new, 71/12006 modified title, added source] Source: TRICARE Management Activity Uniform Business Office User's Guide [1/1/2005: new, 771/2006 modified title, added source]
3418M1130X 343800000X 343900000X 344600000X 344600000X 347500000X 347D00000X	Transportation Services	Guard Transport Military/U.S. Cast Guard Transport Secured Medical Transport (VAN) Non-emergency Medical Transport (VAN) Taxi Air Carrier Bus Private Vehicle Train	Transport Military or U.S. Coast Guard Ambulance,	Vehicle and staff for patient emergency or non-emergency seal/water transport A public or privately owned transportation service with vehicles, specially equipped to provide enhanced safety, security and passenger restraint, and staffed by one or more individuals trained to work with patients in crisis situations resulting from mental or emotional illness and/or substance abuse. A land vehicle with a capacity to meet special height, clearance, access, and seating, for the conveyance of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle may or may not be required to meet local county or state regulations. A land commercial vehicle used for the transporting of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle meets local, county or state regulations set forth by the jurisdictions where it is located. An air company that Pederal Aviation Administration, the certificate-holding district office (CHDO), regional Flight Standards Division (RFSD) offices, and AFS-900 has verified that the company is capable of operating safety and that it complies with the regulations and standards prescribed by the Administrator. A public or private organization or business licensed to provide bus services. An organization or business licensed to provide bus services, including light rail, subway, and traditional services, including appropriate ancillary services, e.g., lodging.	new, 71/12006 modified title, added source] Source: TRICARE Management Activity Uniform Business Office User's Guide [1/1/2005: new, 771/2006 modified title, added source]
3418M1130X 343800000X 343900000X 344800000X 344800000X 347500000X 347D00000X	Transportation Services	Guard Transport Military/U.S. Cast Guard Transport Secured Medical Transport (VAN) Non-emergency Medical Transport (VAN) Taxi Air Carrier Bus Private Vehicle Train	Transport Military or U.S. Coast Guard Ambulance,	Vehicle and staff for patient emergency or non-emergency sea/water transport A public or privately owned transportation service with vehicles, specially equipped to provide enhanced safety, security and passenger restraint, and staffed by one or more individuals trained to work with patients in crisis situations resulting from mental or emotional liness and/or substance abuse. A land vehicle with a capacity to meet special height, clearance, access, and seating, for the conveyance of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle may or may not be required to meet local county or state regulations. A land commercial vehicle used for the transporting of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle meets local, county or state regulations set forth by the jurisdictions where it is located. An air company that the Federal Aviation Administration, the certificate-holding district office (CHDO), regional Flight Standards Division (RFSD) offices, and AFS-900 has verified that the company is capable of operating safely and that it complies with the regulations and standards prescribed by the Administrator. A public or private organization or business licensed to provide bus services. An individual paid to provide non-emergency transportation using their privately owned/leased vehicle. An organization or business licensed to provide passenger train service, including light rail, subway, and traditional services. A public or private organization or business contracted to arrange non-emergency medical transportation services, including appropriate ancillary services, e.g., lodging. A physician assistant is a person who has successfully completed an accredited education program for physician assistant, is	new, 71/12006 modified title, added source] Source: TRICARE Management Activity Uniform Business Office User's Guide [1/1/2005: new, 77/1/2006 modified title, added source]
3418M1130X 343800000X 343900000X 344800000X 344800000X 347500000X 347D00000X	Transportation Services	Guard Transport Military/U.S. Cast Guard Transport Secured Medical Transport (VAN) Non-emergency Medical Transport (VAN) Taxi Air Carrier Bus Private Vehicle Train	Transport Military or U.S. Coast Guard Ambulance,	Vehicle and staff for patient emergency or non-emergency seal/water transport A public or privately owned transportation service with vehicles, specially equipped to provide enhanced safety, security and passenger restraint, and staffed by one or more individuals trained to work with patients in crisis situations resulting from mental or emotional illness and/or substance abuse. A land vehicle with a capacity to meet special height, clearance, access, and seating, for the conveyance of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle may or may not be required to meet local county or state regulations. A land commercial vehicle used for the transporting of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle meets local, county or state regulations set forth by the jurisdictions where it is located. An air company that the Federal Aviation Administration, the certificate-holding district office (CHDO), regional Flight Standards Division (RFSD) offices, and AFS-900 has verified that the company is capable of operating safely and that it complies with the regulations and standards prescribed by the Administrator. A public or private organization or business licensed to provide bus services. An individual paid to provide non-emergency transportation using their privately ownedfleased vehicle. An organization or business licensed to provide bus services, including light rail, subway, and traditional services, including appropriate ancillary services, e.g., lodging. A physician assistant is a person who has successfully completed an accredited education program for physician assistant, is licensed by the state and is practicing within the scope of that license. Physician assistants are formally trained to perform many	new, 71/12006 modified title, added source] Source: TRICARE Management Activity Uniform Business Office User's Guide [1/1/2005: new, 77/1/2006 modified title, added source]
3418M1130X 343800000X 343900000X 344600000X 344600000X 347500000X 347D00000X	Transportation Services	Guard Transport Military/U.S. Cast Guard Transport Secured Medical Transport (VAN) Non-emergency Medical Transport (VAN) Taxi Air Carrier Bus Private Vehicle Train	Transport Military or U.S. Coast Guard Ambulance,	Vehicle and staff for patient emergency or non-emergency sea/water transport A public or privately owned transportation service with vehicles, specially equipped to provide enhanced safety, security and passenger restraint, and staffed by one or more individuals trained to work with patients in crisis situations resulting from mental or emotional literature abuse. A land vehicle with a capacity to meet special height, clearance, access, and seating, for the conveyance of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle may or may not be required to meet local county or state regulations. A land commercial vehicle used for the transporting of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle meets local, county or state regulations set forth by the jurisdictions where it is located. An air company that the Federal Aviation Administration, the certificate-holding district office (CHDO), regional Flight Standards Division (RFSD) offices, and AFS-900 has verified that the company is capable of operating safely and that it complies with the regulations and standards prescribed by the Administrator. A public or private organization or business licensed to provide bus services. An individual paid to provide non-emergency transportation using their privately owned/leased vehicle. An organization or business licensed to provide passenger train service, including light rail, subway, and traditional services. A public or private organization or business contracted to arrange non-emergency medical transportation services, including appropriate ancillary services, e.g., lodging. A physician assistant is a person who has successfully completed an accredited education program for physician assistant, is licensed by the state and is practicing within the scope of that license. Physician assistants are formally trained to perform many of the routine, time-consuming tasks aphysician and on in some states, they may prescribe medications. They take medical	new, 71/12006 modified title, added source] Source: TRICARE Management Activity Uniform Business Office User's Guide [1/1/2005: new, 77/1/2006 modified title, added source]
3418M1130X 343800000X 343900000X 344600000X 344600000X 347500000X 347D00000X	Transportation Services	Guard Transport Military/U.S. Cast Guard Transport Secured Medical Transport (VAN) Non-emergency Medical Transport (VAN) Taxi Air Carrier Bus Private Vehicle Train	Transport Military or U.S. Coast Guard Ambulance,	Vehicle and staff for patient emergency or non-emergency seal/water transport A public or privately owned transportation service with vehicles, specially equipped to provide enhanced safety, security and passenger restraint, and staffed by one or more individuals trained to work with patients in crisis situations resulting from mental or emotional illness and/or substance abuse. A land vehicle with a capacity to meet special height, clearance, access, and seating, for the conveyance of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle may or may not be required to meet local county or state regulations. A land commercial vehicle used for the transporting of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle meets local, county or state regulations set forth by the jurisdictions where it is located. An air company that the Federal Aviation Administration, the certificate-holding district office (CHDO), regional Flight Standards Division (RFSD) offices, and AFS-900 has verified that the company is capable of operating safely and that it complies with the regulations and standards prescribed by the Administrator. A public or private organization or business licensed to provide bus services. An individual paid to provide non-emergency transportation using their privately ownedfleased vehicle. An organization or business licensed to provide bus services, including light rail, subway, and traditional services, including appropriate ancillary services, e.g., lodging. A physician assistant is a person who has successfully completed an accredited education program for physician assistant, is licensed by the state and is practicing within the scope of that license. Physician assistants are formally trained to perform many	new, 71/12006 modified title, added source] Source: TRICARE Management Activity Uniform Business Office User's Guide [1/1/2005: new, 771/2006 modified title, added source]
3418M1130X 34380000X 34390000X 34460000X 34460000X 347C0000X 347C0000X 347C0000X 347D0000X	Transportation Services	Guard Transport Military/U.S. Coast Guard Transport Secured Medical Transport (VAN) Non-emergency Medical Transport (VAN) Taxi Air Carrier Bus Transportation Broker Physician Assistant	Transport Military or U.S. Coast Guard Ambulance, Water Transport	Vehicle and staff for patient emergency or non-emergency sea/water transport A public or privately owned transportation service with vehicles, specially equipped to provide enhanced safety, security and passenger restraint, and staffed by one or more individuals trained to work with patients in crisis situations resulting from mental or emotional liness and/or substance abuse. A land vehicle with a capacity to meet special height, clearance, access, and seating, for the conveyance of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle may or may not be required to meet local county or state regulations. A land commercial vehicle used for the transporting of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle may or may not be required to meet local county or state regulations. An air company that the Federal Aviation Administration, the certificate-holding district office (CHDO), regional Flight Standards Division (RFSD) offices, and AFs-900 has verified that the company is capable of operating safely and that it complies with the regulations and standards prescribed by the Administrator. A public or private organization or business iloensed to provide bus services. An individual paid to provide non-emergency transportation using their privately owned/leased vehicle. An organization or business licensed to provide passenger train service, including light rail, subway, and traditional services. A public or private organization or business contracted to arrange non-emergency medical transportation services, including appropriate ancillary services, e.g., lodging. A physician assistant is a person who has successfully completed an accredited education program for physician assistant, is ilcensed by the state and is practicing within the scope of that license. Physician assistants are formally trained to perform many of the routine, time-consuming tasks a physician can do. In some states, they may prescribe medications. They take medical histories, perform physical exams, order lab tests and x-rays, and give ino	new, 71/12006 modified title, added source] Source: TRICARE Management Activity Uniform Business Office User's Guide [1/1/2005: new, 771/2006 modified title, added source]
3418M1130X 343800000X 343900000X 344600000X 344600000X 347E00000X 347E00000X	Transportation Services Praysician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Guard Transport Military/U.S. Coast Guard Transport Secured Medical Transport (VAN) Non-emergency Medical Transport (VAN) Taxi Air Carrier Bus Private Vehicle Transportation Broker	Transport Military or U.S. Coast Guard Ambulance,	Vehicle and staff for patient emergency or non-emergency sea/water transport A public or privately owned transportation service with vehicles, specially equipped to provide enhanced safety, security and passenger restraint, and staffed by one or more individuals trained to work with patients in crisis situations resulting from mental or emotional illness and/or substance abuse. A land vehicle with a capacity to meet special height, clearance, access, and seating, for the conveyance of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle may or may not be required to meet local county or state regulations. A land commercial vehicle used for the transporting of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle meets local, county or state regulations set forth by the jurisdictions where it is located. An air company that the Federal Aviation Administration, the certificate-holding district office (CHDO), regional Flight Standards Division (RFSD) offices, and AFS-900 has verified that the company is capable of operating safely and that it complies with the regulations and standards prescribed by the Administrator. A public or private organization or business ilicensed to provide bus services. An individual paid to provide non-emergency transportation using their privately owned/leased vehicle. An organization or business licensed to provide passenger train service, including light rail, subway, and traditional services. A public or private organization or business contracted to arrange non-emergency medical transportation services, including appropriate ancillary services, e.g., lodging. A physician assistant is a person who has successfully completed an accredited education program for physician assistant, is licensed by the state and is practicing within the scope of that license. Physician assistants are formally trained to perform many of the routine, time-consuming tasks a physician can do. In some states, they may prescribe medications. They take medical histories, perforting physicial avergive that they	new, 71/12006 modified title, added source] Source: TRICARE Management Activity Uniform Business Office User's Guide [1/1/2005: new, 771/2006 modified title, added source]
3418M1130X 34380000X 34390000X 34460000X 34460000X 34700000X 34700000X 34700000X 34700000X 34700000X	Transportation Services Transportation Services	Guard Transport Military/U.S. Cast Guard Transport Secured Medical Transport (VAN) Non-emergency Medical Transport (VAN) Taxi Air Carrier Bus Private Vehicle Train Transportation Broker	Transport Military or U.S. Ceast Guard Ambulance, Water Transport Medical	Vehicle and staff for patient emergency or non-emergency sea/water transport A public or privately owned transportation service with vehicles, specially equipped to provide enhanced safety, security and passenger restraint, and staffed by one or more individuals trained to work with patients in crisis situations resulting from mental or emotional liness and/or substance abuse. A land vehicle with a capacity to meet special height, clearance, access, and seating, for the conveyance of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle may or may not be required to meet local county or state regulations. A land commercial whicle used for the transporting of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle may or may not be required to meet local county or state regulations. An air company that the Federal Aviation Administration, the certificate-holding district office (CHDO), regional Flight Standards Division (RFSD) offices, and AFS-900 has verified that the company is capable of operating safely and that it complies with the regulations and standards prescribed by the Administrator. A public or private organization or business licensed to provide bus services. An individual paid to provide non-emergency transportation using their privately owned/leased vehicle. An organization or business licensed to provide passenger train service, including light rail, subway, and traditional services. A public or private organization or business contracted to arrange non-emergency medical transportation services, including appropriate anollary services, e.g., lodging. A physician assistant is a person who has successfully completed an accredited education program for physician assistant, is licensed by the state and is practicing within the scope of that license. Physician assistants are formally trained to perform many of the routine, time-consuming tasks a physician and lon is some states, they may prescribe medications. They take medical histories, perform physicial exams, order lab tests and x-rays, and give inoc	new, 71/12006 modified title, added source] Source: TRICARE Management Activity Uniform Business Office User's Guide [1/1/2005: new, 771/2006 modified title, added source]
3418M1130X 343800000X 343900000X 344600000X 344600000X 347E00000X 347E00000X 347E00000X 347E00000X	Transportation Services Praysician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Guard Transport Military/U.S. Coast Guard Transport Secured Medical Transport (VAN) Non-emergency Medical Transport (VAN) Taxi Air Carrier Bus Transportation Broker Physician Assistant	Transport Military or U.S. Coast Guard Ambulance, Water Transport	Vehicle and staff for patient emergency or non-emergency sea/water transport A public or privately owned transportation service with vehicles, specially equipped to provide enhanced safety, security and passenger restraint, and staffed by one or more individuals trained to work with patients in crisis situations resulting from mental or emotional liness and/or substance abuse. A land vehicle with a capacity to meet special height, clearance, access, and seating, for the conveyance of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle may or may not be required to meet local county or state regulations. A land commercial vehicle used for the transporting of persons in non-emergency situations. The vehicle may or may not be required to meet local county or state regulations. An air company that the Federal Aviation Administration, the certificate-holding district office (CHDO), regional Flight Standards Division (RFSD) offices, and AFs-900 has verified that the company is capable of operating safely and that it complies with the regulations and standards prescribed by the Administrator. A public or private organization or business iloensed to provide bus services. An individual paid to provide non-emergency transportation using their privately owned/leased vehicle. An organization or business licensed to provide passenger train service, including light rail, subway, and traditional services. A public or private organization or business contracted to arrange non-emergency medical transportation services, including appropriate ancillary services, e.g., lodging. A physician assistant is a person who has successfully completed an accredited education program for physician assistant, is ilcensed by the state and is practicing within the scope of that license. Physician assistants are formally trained to perform many of the routine, time-consuming tasks a physician can do. In some states, they may prescribe medications. They take medical histories, perform physical exams, order lab tests and x-rays, and give ino	new. 71/1/2006 modified title, added source] Source: TRICARE Management Activity Uniform Business Office User's Guide [1/1/2005: new. 77/1/2006 modified title, added source]

363L00000X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Nurse Practitioner		(I) A registered nurse provider with a graduate degree in nursing prepared for advanced practice involving independent and interdependent decision making and direct accountability for clinical judgment across the health care continuum or in a certified specialty. (2) A registered nurse who has completed additional training beyond basic nursing education and who provides primary health care services in accordance with state nurse practice laws or statutes. Tasks performed by nurse practitioners vary with practice requirements mandated by geographic, political, economic, and social factors. Nurse practitioner specialists include, but are not limited to, family nurse practitioners, gerontological nurse practitioners, pediatric nurse practitioners, obstetric-gynecologic nurse practitioners, and social factors.	Source: (1) American Nurses' Association, American Nurses Credentialing Center, 1996 Certification Catalogue. (2)) Lexikon: Dictionary of Health Care Terms, Organizations and Acronyms for the Era of Reform, The Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations, Oakbrook Terrace, llinois: 1994, p. 549.
363LA2100X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Nurse Practitioner	Acute Care	Definition to come	
363LA2200X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Nurse Practitioner	Adult Health	Definition to come	
363LC0200X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Nurse Practitioner	Critical Care Medicine	Definition to come	
363LC1500X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Nurse Practitioner	Community Health	Definition to come	
363LF0000X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Nurse Practitioner	Family	Definition to come	
363LG0600X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Nurse Practitioner	Gerontology	Definition to come	
363LN0000X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Nurse Practitioner	Neonatal	Definition to come	
363LN0005X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Nurse Practitioner	Neonatal, Critical Care	Definition to come	
363LP0200X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Nurse Practitioner	Pediatrics	Definition to come	
363LP0222X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Nurse Practitioner	Pediatrics, Critical Care	Definition to come	
363LP0808X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Nurse Practitioner	Psych/Mental Health	Definition to come	
363LP1700X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Nurse Practitioner	Perinatal	Definition to come	
363LP2300X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Nurse Practitioner	Primary Care	Definition to come	
363LS0200X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Nurse Practitioner	School	Definition to come	
363LW0102X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Nurse Practitioner	Women's Health	Definition to come	
363LX0001X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Nurse Practitioner	Obstetrics & Gynecology	Definition to come	
363LX0106X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Nurse Practitioner	Occupational Health	Definition to come	
	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing	Clinical Nurse		A registered nurse who, through a graduate degree program in nursing, or through a formal post-basic education program or continuing education courses and clinical experience, is expert in a specialty area of nursing practice within one or more of the	Sources: American Nurses Association, American Nurses Credentialing Center, 1996
364S00000X	Providers	Specialist		components of direct patient/client care, consultation, education, research and administration.	
364S00000X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing	Clinical Nurse	Acute Care	components of direct patient/client care, consultation, education, research and administration.	Certification Catalogue and The Interagency Conference on Nursing Statistics.
364SA2100X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing	Clinical Nurse Specialist Clinical Nurse	Acute Care Adult Health	Definition to come	
364SA2100X 364SA2200X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Clinical Nurse Specialist Clinical Nurse Specialist Clinical Nurse		Definition to come Definition to come	
364SA2100X 364SA2200X 364SC0200X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing	Clinical Nurse Specialist Clinical Nurse Specialist Clinical Nurse Specialist Clinical Nurse	Adult Health Critical Care Medicine	Definition to come Definition to come	
364SA2100X 364SA2200X 364SC0200X 364SC1501X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing	Clinical Nurse Specialist Clinical Nurse Clinical Nurse	Adult Health Critical Care Medicine Community Health/Public Health	Definition to come Definition to come Definition to come	
364SA2100X 364SA2200X 364SC0200X 364SC1501X 364SC2300X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Clinical Nurse Specialist Clinical Nurse Clinical Nurse Clinical Nurse Clinical Nurse	Adult Health Critical Care Medicine Community Health/Public Health Chronic Care	Definition to come	
364SA2100X 364SA2200X 364SC0200X 364SC1501X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Clinical Nurse Specialist	Adult Health Critical Care Medicine Community Health/Public Health	Definition to come Definition to come Definition to come	
364SA2100X 364SA2200X 364SC0200X 364SC1501X 364SC2300X 364SE0003X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers Providers Providers Providers Providers Providers Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing	Clinical Nurse Specialist	Adult Health Critical Care Medicine Community Health/Public Health Chronic Care Emergency	Definition to come	
364SA2200X 364SA2200X 364SC0200X 364SC1501X 364SC2300X 364SE0003X 364SE1400X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing	Clinical Nurse Specialist	Adult Health Critical Care Medicine Community Health/Public Health Chronic Care Emergency Ethics	Definition to come	
364SA2100X 364SA2200X 364SC0200X 364SC0200X 364SC1501X 364SC2300X 364SE0003X 364SE1400X 364SF0001X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Clinical Nurse Specialist	Adult Health Critical Care Medicine Community Health/Public Health Chronic Care Emergency Ethics Family Health	Definition to come	
364SA2200X 364SA2200X 364SC0200X 364SC1501X 364SC2300X 364SE0003X 364SE1400X 364SF0001X 364SG0600X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Clinical Nurse Specialist	Adult Health Critical Care Medicine Community Health/Public Health Chronic Care Emergency Ethics Family Health Gerontology	Definition to come	
364SA2200X 364SA2200X 364SC0200X 364SC1501X 364SC2300X 364SE0003X 364SE0003X 364SF0001X 364SF0001X 364SF0000X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Clinical Nurse Specialist	Adult Health Critical Care Medicine Community Health/Public Health Chronic Care Emergency Ethics Family Health Gerontology Home Health	Definition to come	
364SA2200X 364SA2200X 364SC0200X 364SC0200X 364SC1501X 364SC2300X 364SE0003X 364SE0003X 364SF0001X 364SF0001X 364SF0001X 364SH0200X 364SH1100X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Clinical Nurse Specialist	Adult Health Critical Care Medicine Community Health/Public Health Chronic Care Emergency Ethics Family Health Gerontology Home Health Holistic	Definition to come	
364SA2200X 364SA2200X 364SC0200X 364SC1501X 364SC2300X 364SC0003X 364SE0003X 364SE0001X 364SF0001X 364SF0001X 364SH0200X 364SH1000X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Clinical Nurse Specialist	Adult Health Critical Care Medicine Community Health/Public Health Chronic Care Emergency Ethics Family Health Gerontology Home Health Holistic Informatics	Definition to come	
364SA2200X 364SA2200X 364SC0200X 364SC1501X 364SC2300X 364SC2300X 364SE0003X 364SE0003X 364SE0001X 364SE0000X 364SH0200X 364SH0200X 364SH0200X 364SL0600X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Clinical Nurse Specialist	Adult Health Critical Care Medicine Community Health/Public Health Chronic Care Emergency Ethics Family Health Gerontology Home Health Holistic Informatics Long-Term Care	Definition to come	
364SA2100X 364SA2200X 364SC0200X 364SC0200X 364SC0200X 364SC0200X 364SC0003X 364SE0003X 364SE1400X 364SE0001X 364SF0001X 364SH0200X 364SH0200X 364SH0200X 364SH0200X 364SH0200X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Clinical Nurse Specialist	Adult Health Critical Care Medicine Community Health/Public Health Chronic Care Emergency Ethics Family Health Gerontology Home Health Holistic Informatics Long-Term Care Medical-Surgical	Definition to come	
364SA2100X 364SA2200X 364SC0200X 364SC0200X 364SC1501X 364SC0003X 364SE1400X 364SE1400X 364SF0001X 364SF0001X 364SH0200X 364SH0200X 364SH0200X 364SH0200X 364SH0200X 364SH0200X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Clinical Nurse Specialist	Adult Health Critical Care Medicine Community Health/Public Health Chronic Care Emergency Ethics Family Health Gerontology Home Health Holistic Informatics Long-Term Care Medical-Surgical Neonatal	Definition to come	
364SA2200X 364SC200X 364SC200X 364SC200X 364SC1501X 364SC2300X 364SC2300X 364SC2300X 364SE1400X 364SE1400X 364SF0001X 364SF0001X 364SH0200X 364SH0200X 364SH0200X 364SH0200X 364SH0500X 364SH0705X 364SH0705X 364SH0705X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Clinical Nurse Specialist	Adult Health Critical Care Medicine Community Health/Public Health Chronic Care Emergency Ethics Family Health Gerontology Home Health Holistic Informatics Long-Term Care Medical-Surgical Neonatal Neuroscience	Definition to come	
364SA2200X 364SC0200X 364SC0200X 364SC1501X 364SC1501X 364SC2300X 364SE0003X 364SE1400X 364SF0001X 364SF0001X 364SF0001X 364SF000X 364SH0200X 364SH0200X 364SH0200X 364SH0200X 364SH0800X 364SH0800X 364SH0800X 364SH0800X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Clinical Nurse Specialist	Adult Health Critical Care Medicine Community Health/Public Health Chronic Care Emergency Ethics Family Health Gerontology Home Health Holistic Informatics Long-Term Care Medical-Surgical Neonatal Neuroscience Pediatrics	Definition to come	
364SA2100X 364SA2200X 364SA2200X 364SC200X 364SC200X 364SC1501X 364SC2300X 364SE0003X 364SE0003X 364SF0001X 364SF0001X 364SF000X 364SH0200X 364SH0200X 364SH0200X 364SH0000X 364SH0000X 364SH0000X 364SH0000X 364SH0000X 364SH0000X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Clinical Nurse Specialist	Adult Health Critical Care Medicine Community Health/Public Health Chronic Care Emergency Ethics Family Health Gerontology Home Health Holistic Informatics Long-Term Care Medical-Surgical Neonatal Neuroscience Pediatrics Psych/Mental Health, Child & Adolescent	Definition to come	

	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing	Clinical Nurse			
364SP0810X	Providers Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing	Specialist Clinical Nurse	Psych/Mental Health, Child & Family	Definition to come	
364SP0811X	Providers	Specialist	Psych/Mental Health, Chronically III	Definition to come	
364SP0812X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Clinical Nurse Specialist	Psych/Mental Health, Community	Definition to come	
364SP0813X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Clinical Nurse Specialist	Psych/Mental Health, Geropsychiatric	Definition to come	
	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing	Clinical Nurse			
364SP1700X	Providers Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing	Specialist Clinical Nurse	Perinatal	Definition to come	
364SP2800X	Providers	Specialist	Perioperative	Definition to come	
364SR0400X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Clinical Nurse Specialist	Rehabilitation	Definition to come	
364SS0200X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Clinical Nurse Specialist	School	Definition to come	
364ST0500X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Clinical Nurse Specialist	Transplantation	Definition to come	
364SW0102X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Clinical Nurse Specialist	Women's Health	Definition to come	
	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Clinical Nurse	Occupational Health	Definition to come	
364SX0106X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing	Clinical Nurse			
364SX0200X	Providers Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing	Specialist Clinical Nurse	Oncology	Definition to come	
364SX0204X	Providers	Specialist	Oncology, Pediatrics	Definition to come	
367500000X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Nurse Anesthetist, Certified Registered		(1) A licensed registered nurse with advanced specialty education in anesthesia who, in collaboration with appropriate health care professionals, provides preoperative, intraoperative, and postoperative care to patients and assists in management and resuscitation of critical patients in intensive care, coronary care, and emergency situations. Nurse anesthetists are certified following successful completion of credentials and state licensure review and a national examination dierted by the Council on Certification of Nurse Anesthetists. (2) A registered nurse who is qualified by special training to administer anesthesia in collaboration with a physician or dentist and who can assist in the care of patients who are in critical condition.	Sources: (1) Council on Certification of Nurse Anesthetists, Park Ridge, IL, and Rhea, Ott, and Shafritz, The Facts On File Dictionary of Health Care Management, New York: Facts On File Publications, 1988. (2) Lexikon: Dictionary of Health Care Terms, Organizations and Acronyms for the Era of Reform, The Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations, Oakbrook Terrace, Illinois: 1994, p. 548.
367A00000X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Advanced Practice Midwife		Midwifery practice as conducted by certified nurse-midwives (CNMs) and certified midwives (CMs) is the independent management of women's health care, focusing particularly on pregnancy, childbirth, the post partum period, care of the newborn, and the family planning and gynecologic needs of women. The CNM and CM practice within a health care system that provides for consultation, collaborative management, or referral, as indicated by the health status of the client. CNMs and CMs practice in accord with the Standards for the Practice of Midwifery, as defined by the American College of Nurse-Midwives (ACNM).	Source: American College of Nurse-Midwives, 2008 [7/1/2008: title changed, definition changed, source changed] Additional Resources: American College of Nurse-Midwives www.acmm.org. The American Midwifery Certification Board, Inc. [AMCB, formerly the ACNM Certification Council, Inc. (ACC)] opened its national certification exam to non-nurse graduates of midwifery education programs and issued the first certified midwife (CM) credential in 1997. Certified midwives are educated to meet the same high standards that certified nurse-midwies must meet. These are the standards that every state in the U.S. has recognized as the legal basis for nurse-midwifery practice. All education programs for CMN, like CNMs, award a post-baccalaureate certificate or higher degree. CMs take the same AMCB certification exam as CNMs and study side by side with nurse-midwifery students in some education programs. As an organization, ACNM supports efforts to legally recognize CMs as qualified midwifery practitioners granted the same rights and responsibilities as CNMs.
367H00000X	Physician Assistants & Advanced Practice Nursing Providers	Anesthesiologist Assistant		An individual certified by the state to perform anesthesia services under the direct supervision of an anesthesiologist. Anesthesiologist Assistants are required to have a bachelor's degree with a premed curriculum prior to entering a two-year anesthesiology assistant program, which is focused upon the delivery and maintenance of anesthesia care as well as advanced patient monitoring techniques. An Anesthesiologist Assistant must work as a member of the anesthesia care team under the direction of a qualified Anesthesiologist.	
3071100000X	T TONGGO	/ toolocalic		An individual who provides home maintenance services required to sustain a safe, sanitary living environment for individuals	
				who because of age or disabilities is unable to perform the activities. These services include heavy household chores such as washing floors, windows, and walls; tacking down loose rugs and tiles; and moving heavy items of furniture in order to provide	
372500000X	Nursing Service Related Providers	Chore Provider		safe access and egress.	[7/1/2003: new]
				An individual who provides supervision, socialization, and non-medical care to a functionally impaired adult. Companions may assist or supervise the individual with such tasks as meal preparation, laundry and shopping, but do not perform these activities	
372600000X	Nursing Service Related Providers	Adult Companion		as discrete services. These services are provided in accordance with a therapeutic goal in the plan of care.	[7/1/2003: new]
		Day Training/Habilitation		Individuals experienced or trained in working with developmentally disabled individuals who need assistance in acquiring and	
373H00000X	Nursing Service Related Providers	Specialist		maintaining life skills that enable them to cope more effectively with the demands of independent living.	
374700000X	Nursing Service Related Providers	Technician		(1) A person with specialized training in a narrow field of expertise whose occupation requires training and is skilled in specific technical processes and procedures. (2) An individual having special skill or practical knowledge in an area, such as operation and maintenance of equipment or performance of laboratory procedures involving biochemical analyses. Special technical qualifications are normally required, though an increasing number or technicians also possess university degrees in science, and occasionally doctorate degrees. The distinction between technician and technologist in the health care field is not always clear.	Sources: (1) Rhea, Ott, and Shafritz, The Facts on File Dictionary of Health Care Management, New York: Facts on File Publications, 1988; Dorland's Illustrated Medical Dictionary, 26th Edition, Philadelphia: W.B. Saudners Company, 1981 and Webster's Il New Riverside University Dictionary, Boston: Riverside Publishing Company, 1984. (2)) Lexikon: Dictionary of Health Care Terms, Organizations and Acronyms for the Era of Reform, The Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations, Oaktorok Terrace, Illinois: 1994, p. 776.
				An individual who provides hands-on care, of both a supportive and health related nature, specific to the needs of a medically	
		1		stable, physically handicapped individual. Supportive services are those that substitute for the absence, loss, diminution, or impairment of a physical or cognitive function. This service may include skilled or nursing care to the extent permitted by state	
3747A0650X	Nursing Service Related Providers	Technician	Attendant Care Provider	law.	[7/1/2003: new]
3747P1801X	Nursing Service Related Providers	Technician	Personal Care Attendant	An individual who provides assistance with eating, bathing, dressing, personal hygiene, activities of daily living as specified in the plan of care. Services which are incidental to the care furnished, or essential to the health and welfare of the individual may also be provided. Personal care providers must meet state defined training and certification standards	[7/1/2003: definition added]
374J00000X	Nursing Service Related Providers	Doula		Doulas work in a variety of settings and have been trained to provide physical, emotional, and informational support to a mother before, during, and just after birth and/or provide emotional and practical support to a mother during the postpartum period.	Source: National Uniform Claim Committee, 2009 [7/1/2009: definition added]
		Poligious Name di			
374K00000X	Nursing Service Related Providers	Religious Nonmedical Practitioner		A religious nonmedical practitioner offers spiritually-based care. Services may be rendered in an office, home, or care facility or by phone, email, or written correspondence.	Source: National Uniform Claim Committee , 2009 [7/1/2009: definition added]

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374T00000X	Nursing Service Related Providers Nursing Service Related Providers	Religious Nonmedical Nursing Personnel Home Health Aide		Religious nonmedical nursing personnel are experienced in caring for the physical needs of nonmedical patients. For example, caring for the physical needs such as assistance with activities of daily living; assistance with moving, positioning, and ambulation; nutritional needs; and comfort and support measures. A person trained to assist public health nurses, home health nurses, and other health professionals in the bedside care of patients in their homes.	Source: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services [7/1/2009: title modified, definition modified] Additional Resources; www.cms.hhs.gow/Certificationand/Complianc/19_RNHCls.asp 2005 Code of Federal Regulations, Title 42, Chapter IV, Part 403, Subpart G, 403.702 Definitions and Terms Source: Rhea, Ott, and Shafritz, The Facts On File Dictionary of Health Care Management, New York: Facts On File Publications, 1988.
376G00000X	Nursing Service Related Providers	Nursing Home Administrator		An individual, often licensed by the state, who is responsible for the management of a nursing home.	Source: Lexikon: Dictionary of Health Care Terms, Organizations, and Acronyms for the Era of Reform, Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations, Oakbrook Terrace, IL, 1994, p. 55.
376J00000X	Nursing Service Related Providers	Homemaker		An individual who provides general household activities such as meal preparation, laundry, and light housekeeping, when the individual regularly responsible for these activities is temporarily absent or unable to provide for himself. Homemakers must meet the state defined training standards.	[7/1/2003: definition added]
376K00000X	Nursing Service Related Providers Respite Care Facility	Nurse's Aide Resoite Care		(1) An unlicensed individual who is trained to function in an assistive role to the licensed nurse in the provision of patient/client activities as delegated by the nurse; (2) An individual trained (either on-the-job or through a formal course generally of less than one year) and experienced in performing patient or client-care nursing tasks that do not require the skills of a specialist, technician, or professional. Examples of tasks performed by nurses aides include changing clothes, diapers, and beds; assisting patients to perform exercises or personal hygiene tasks, and supporting communication or social interaction. Specific education and credentials are not required for this work. Definition to come	Source: (1) American Nurses Association, Registered Professional Nurses and Unificensed Personnel, 2nd ed., 1996; (2) Rhea, Ott, and Shafritz, The Facts On File Dictionary of Health Care Management, New York: Facts On File Publications, 1988.
385H00000X	Respite Care Facility	Respite Care			
385HR2050X	Respite Care Facility	Respite Care	Respite Care Camp	A camping facility that provides specialized respite care to individuals requiring enhanced services to enable them to remain in the community, (e.g., those with developmental delays, mental retardation, mental/behavioral disorders). The staff must have training in working with the target populations and dealing with emergency situations which might be related to or exacerbate the individual's condition.	[7/1/2003: new]
				A facility or distinct part of a facility that provides short term, residential care to children, diagnosed with mental illness, as	
385HR2055X	Respite Care Facility	Respite Care	Respite Care, Mental Illness, Child	respite for the regular caregivers.	[7/1/2003: new]
			Respite Care, Mental Retardation and/or	A facility or distinct part of a facility that provides short term, residential care to children, diagnosed with mental retardation	
385HR2060X	Respite Care Facility	Respite Care	Developmental Disabilities, Child	and/or developmental disabilities as respite for the regular caregivers.	[7/1/2003: new]
385HR2065X	Respite Care Facility	Respite Care	Respite Care, Physical Disabilities, Child	A facility or distinct part of a facility that providers short term, residential care to children, diagnosed with complex or profound disabilities as respite for the regular caregivers.	[7/1/2003: new]
390200000X	Student, Health Care	Student in an Organized Health Care Education/Training Program		An individual who is enrolled in an organized health care education/training program leading to a degree, certification, registration, and/or licensure to provide health care.	[1/1/2005: new]
405300000X	Other Service Providers	Prevention Professional		Prevention Professionals work in programs aimed to address specific patient needs, such as suicide prevention, violence prevention, alcohol avoidance, drug avoidance, and tobacco prevention. The goal of the program is to reduce the risk of relapse, injury, or re-injury of the patient. Prevention Professionals work in a variety of settings and provide appropriate case management, mediation, referral, and mentorship services. Individuals complete prevention professionals training for the population of patients with whom they work.	Source: National Uniform Claim Committee, 2015 [1/1/2016: new]